

八年级上册重点词句过关（背诵版）

Unit 1

一、Finish the following words :

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1.任何人 pron. <u>anyone</u> | 17.建筑物;房子 n. <u>building</u> |
| 2.在任何地方 adv. <u>anywhere</u> | 18.商人 n. <u>trader</u> |
| 3.精彩的;绝妙的 adj. <u>wonderful</u> | 19.想知道,琢磨 v. <u>wonder</u> |
| 4.每人;人人;所有人 pron. <u>everyone</u> | 20.差别,差异 n. <u>difference</u> |
| 5.你们自己 <u>yourselves</u> | 21.顶部 n. <u>top</u> |
| 6.母鸡 n. <u>hen</u> | 22.雨伞 n. <u>umbrella</u> |
| 7.猪 n. <u>pig</u> | 23.等待 v. <u>wait</u> |
| 8.好像;似乎 v. <u>seem</u> | 24.湿的;下雨的 adj. <u>wet</u> |
| 9.厌倦的 adj. <u>bored</u> | 25.足够的(地) adj. & adv. <u>enough</u> |
| 10.某人 pron. <u>someone</u> | 26.饥饿的 adj. <u>hungry</u> |
| 11.活动 n. <u>activity</u> | 27.……样;如同 adv. <u>as</u> |
| 12.令人愉快的 adj. <u>enjoyable</u> | 28.小山;山丘 n. <u>hill</u> |
| 13.决定 v. <u>decide</u> | 29.鸭 n. <u>duck</u> |
| 14.努力,尝试 v. <u>try</u> | 30.厌恶(的事物) v.&n. <u>dislike</u> |
| 15.鸟 n. <u>bird</u> | 31.厌倦的, 烦闷的 adj. <u>bored</u> |
| 16.自行车 n. <u>bicycle</u> | |

二、Finish the following phrases :

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1.去度假 <u>go on vacation</u> | 5.大多数时间 <u>most of the time</u> |
| 2.待在家 <u>stay at home</u> | 6.尝起来很好吃 <u>taste good</u> |
| 3.去夏令营 <u>go to summer camp</u> | 7.玩得高兴 <u>have a good time</u> |
| 4.备考 <u>study for tests</u> | 8.当然;自然 <u>of course</u> |

9.任何特殊的事情 anything special

10.写日记 keep a diary

11.到达 arrive in/at

12.尝试滑翔伞运动 try paragliding

13.给....的感觉;感受到 feel like

14.四处走走 walk around

15.一碗 a bowl of

16.决定做某事 decide to do sth.

17.相当多 quite a few

18.太多 too many/much

19.沿路 along the way

20.因为,由于 because of

三、Finish the following sentences:

1.我们在那里拍了好多照片。 We took quite a few photos there.

2.我给父母买了一些东西,但是没给自己 买什么。

I bought something for my parents, but nothing for myself.

3.唯一的问题是晚上这里除了读书没有什 么事可做。

The only problem was that there was nothing much to do in the evening but read.

4.我想知道过去这里的生活是什么样的。

I wonder what life was like here in the past.

5.我们想步行到山顶, 但是接着开始下小 雨了,所以我们决定去乘火车。

We wanted to walk up to the top, but then it started raining a little so we decided to take the train.

6.因为糟糕的天气, 底下的东西我们什么 都看不到。

Because of the bad weather, we couldn't see anything below.

7.我的同班同学告诉我坚持往前走,所以我就继续前进了。

My classmates told me to keep going, so I went on.

8.20 分钟后,太阳升起来了。

Twenty minutes later, the sun started to come up.

9.它是那么美丽以至于我们忘记了过去的 5 小时。

It was so beautiful that we forgot about the last five hours.

10.我们等了很长时间的火车,而且因为忘记带雨伞我们又湿又冷。

We waited a long time for the train, and we were wet and cold because we forgot to bring an umbrella.

11.好久不见。 Long time no see.

12.那是我第一次去那里。 It was my first time there.

13.你买了什么特别的东西吗? Did you buy anything special?

14.任然没有人看起来无聊。 Still no one seemed bored.

15.一天的差异多么大呀! What a difference a day makes!

四、Complete the conversation:

A:Hi,Helen.Long time no see.

B:Hi,Rick.I was on vacation last month.

A:Oh, 1.where did you go on vacation?

B:I went to Sanya.

A:2.Who did you go with?

B:I went with my parents.

A:3.Did you buy anything special?

B:Yes, I bought something for my cousins.

A:4.How did you like Sanya?

B:It was great. Everything was really interesting.

A:5.How was the weather there?

B:It was warm and sunny. I had a great time swimming in the sea.



Unit 2

一、Finish the following words:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. 家务劳动;家务事 n. <u>housework</u> | 13. 得分;点 n. <u>point</u> |
| 2. 节目 n. <u>program</u> | 14. 作家 n. <u>writer</u> |
| 3. 忙的;满的;充满的 adj. <u>full</u> | 15. 牙科医生 n. <u>dentist</u> |
| 4. 大概;或许;可能 adv. <u>maybe</u> | 16. 杂志;期刊 n. <u>magazine</u> |
| 5. 咖啡 n. <u>coffee</u> | 17. 然而;不过 adv. <u>however</u> |
| 6. 健康的 adj. <u>healthy</u> | 18. 几乎;差不多 adv. <u>almost</u> |
| 7. 结果;后果 n. <u>result</u> | 19. 没有一个;毫无 pron. <u>none</u> |
| 8. 电视节目;电视机 n. <u>television</u> | 20. 死亡 v. <u>die</u> 死 |
| 9. 以;凭借;穿过 prep. <u>through</u> | 21. 一次 num. <u>once</u> |
| 10. 头脑;心智 n. <u>mind</u> | 22. 两次, 两倍 adv. <u>twice</u> |
| 11. 这样的;类似的 adj. & pron. <u>such</u> | 23. 较少, 较小 adv. <u>Less</u> |
| 12. 在一起;共同 adv. <u>together</u> | 24. 最小, 最少 adv. <u>least</u> |

二、Finish the following phrases :

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. 在周末 <u>on weekends</u> | 3. 每周一次 <u>once a week</u> |
| 2. 几乎从不 <u>hardly ever</u> | 4. 每月两次 <u>twice a month</u> |



- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 5.一周四到六次 <u>four to six times a week</u> | 13.上网 <u>go online</u> |
| 6.帮助做家务 <u>help with housework</u> | 14.垃圾食品 <u>junk food</u> |
| 7. 去看电影 <u>go to the movies</u> | 15.快餐 <u>fast food</u> |
| 8.做运动 <u>play/do sports</u> | 16.在某人的业余时间 <u>in one's free time</u> |
| 9.去野营 <u>go camping</u> | 17.至少 <u>at least</u> |
| 10.摇摆舞 <u>swing dance</u> | 18.多于 <u>more than</u> |
| 11.深夜不睡;熬夜 <u>stay up late</u> | 19.少于 <u>less than</u> |
| 12.早点睡觉 <u>go to bed early</u> | 20.购物中心 <u>shopping center</u> |

三、Finish the following sentences:

- 1.但是我妈妈想要我喝它。

But my mother wants me to drink it.

1. 她从不去牙医那里清洗牙齿。

She never goes to the dentist for teeth cleaning.

- 3.上个月我们询问了学生们关于他们业余 活动的情况。

Last month we asked our students about their free time activities.

- 4.对我们提出的有关看电视的问题的回答 也颇有意思

The answers to our questions about watching TV were also interesting.

- 5.并且 20%的学生根本不锻炼!

And twenty percent of the students do not exercise at all!

- 6.虽然许多学生喜欢观看体育节目,但游 戏类节目却是最受欢迎的。

Although many students like to watch sports, game shows are the most popular.

7. 大部分学生使用它是为了娱乐而不是作业。

Most students use it for fun and not for homework.

- 8.通过使用网络或者看游戏类节目来放松是不错的,但是我们认为最好的放松方 式是通过锻炼。

It is good to relax by using the Internet or watching game shows, but we think the best way to relax

is through exercise.

9.像体育运动这样的锻炼是有趣的，并且当和亲朋好友一起运动时，你们可以共度时光。

Exercise such as playing sports is fun, and you can spend time with your friends and family as you play together.

10.所以赶快锻炼起来，不要等到来不及了!

So start exercising before it's too late !

11.怎么会呢? How come?

12.你每晚睡几个小时? How many hours do you sleep every night?

13.下周我很忙。 Next week is quite full for me.

14.旧习难改。 Old habits die hard.

15.它有益于身心健康。 It's healthy for the mind and the body.

四. Write a composition:

Hello! I am Linda. Today,I want to tell you something about my habits.

I have lots of good habits. I exercise every day, because I think it is good to keep healthy. I like reading very much, so I read books three times a week. I believe that reading books can help me learn a lot. However I also have bad habits. I sometimes eat junk food and watch TV for a long time. I hardly ever help with housework. I know they are bad for me, but "old habits die hard". All in all, I think I have a healthy life.



Unit 3

一、Finish the following words:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1.爱交际的;外向的 adj. <u>outgoing</u> | 13.应该;应当 <u>should</u> |
| 2.两个;两个都 <u>both</u> | 14.谚语;格言;警 n. <u>saying</u> |
| 3.更好的(地) <u>better</u> | 15.伸手;到达 v. <u>reach</u> |
| 4.喧闹地;大声地 adv. <u>loudly</u> | 16.感动;触摸 v. <u>touch</u> |
| 5.安静地 adv. <u>quietly</u> | 17.分享;共用;分摊 v. <u>share</u> |
| 6.极好的 adj. <u>fantastic</u> | 18.响亮的;大声的 adj. <u>loud</u> |
| 7.清楚地;明白地 adv. <u>clearly</u> | 19.最初的;最早的 adj. <u>primary</u> |
| 8.→有才能的 adj. <u>talented</u> | 20.信息;消息 n. <u>information</u> |
| 9.真正;确实 adv. <u>truly</u> | 21.优胜者 n. <u>winner</u> |
| 10.小孩;年轻人 n. <u>kid</u> | 22.在意, 担心 v. <u>care</u> |
| 11.必需的;必要的 adj. <u>necessary</u> | 23.比赛, 竞争 n. <u>competition</u> |
| 12.成绩等级 n. <u>grade</u> | 24.(使)破裂, 损坏 v. <u>break</u> |

二.Finish the following phrases :

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1.敲鼓 <u>play the drums</u> | 4.最重要的事情 <u>the most important thing</u> |
| 2.努力工作 <u>work hard</u> | 5.学一些新东西 <u>learn something new</u> |
| 3.歌咏比赛 <u>the singing competition</u> | 6.玩得开心 <u>have fun/have a good time</u> |

- 7.在....方面有才能 be talented in
8. 与.....相同 the same as
- 9.擅长..... be good at
- 10.逗某人笑 make sb. Laugh
- 11.认真倾听的人 a good listener
- 12.交朋友 make friends
- 13.只要;既然 as long as
- 14.与.....不同 be different from
- 15.使显现;使表现出 bring out
- 16.摔断(某人的)胳膊 break one's arm
- 17.取得好成绩 get good grades
- 18.与.....相像的、类似的 be similar to
- 19.对....有办法 be good with
- 20.小学 primary school

三、Finish the following sentences:

- 1.我比大多数孩子更安静、更稳重。
I'm quieter and more serious than most kids.
- 2.--哪一位是丽莎? --头发短点儿的那个。
--Which one was Lisa? --The one with shorter hair.
- 3.但是, 你可以看得出来丽莎真的很想赢。
You can tell that Lisa really wanted to win, though.
- 4.这便是我喜欢看书而且在班上学习更加努力的原因。
That's why I like reading books and I study harder in class.
- 5.我最好的朋友帮我激发出自己的所能。
My best friend helps to bring out the best in me.
- 6.妈妈告诉我,好朋友就像一面镜子。
My mother told me a good friend is like a mirror.
- 7.事实上, 她比我知道的任何人都有趣。
In fact, she's funnier than anyone I know.
- 8.一个真正的朋友是在需要时给你帮助, 使你感动。
A true friend reaches for your hand, and touches your heart.
- 9.我知道她关心我, 因为她随时都能够听我倾诉。

I know she cares about me because she's always there to listen.

10. 拨打 443-5667 到英语学习中心来获取更多信息。

Call the English Study Center at 443- 5667 for more information.

11. 那是塔拉, 对吗? That's Tara, isn't it?

12. 你和你的妹妹一样友好吗? Are you as friendly as your sister?

13. 没必要一样。 It's not necessary to be the same.

14. 拉里不勤奋得多。 Larry is much less hard-working.

15. 你必须在英语这科取得好成绩。 You must get good grades in English.

四、Write a composition:

假如你是李华, 请根据表格中的信息, 写一篇短文介绍一下你和你的好朋友的情况。要求: 内容完整, 语句通顺连贯, 80 词左右。

相同点	不同点	
	Tom	Li Hua
第 12 中学	15 岁	14 岁
八 (2) 班	擅长数学	擅长英语
喜欢帮助别人	篮球	足球
努力学习	绿色	红色

I'm Li Hua , a student of No. 12 Middle School. I have new a friend. He's an American boy. We are both in the same class. He is 15 years old, one year older than me. We both study hard. I'm good at English, but he's good at math. We often help each other with our lessons. Also, both of us like helping others.

We both like sports very much. Tom enjoys playing basketball. But I am different. I like playing soccer. He likes green but I like red.

Though we different in many ways, we are the best friends.

Unit 4

一、Finish the following words:

1. 座位;坐处(如椅子等)n. seat
2. 银幕;屏幕 n screen
3. (在空间、时间上)接近 adj. close
4. 票;入场券儿 n. ticket
5. 更差(的)worse→最差(的) worst
6. 漂亮地 adv. beautifully
7. 便宜地 adv. cheaply
8. 记者 n. reporter
9. 新鲜的;清新的 adj. fresh
10. 相当;很 adv. 漂亮的 adj. pretty
11. 扮演 v. act
12. 一餐所吃的食物 n. meal
13. 有创造力的 adj. creative
14. 魔术师 n. magician
15. 作用:职能:角色 n. role
16. 获胜者;优胜者 n. winner
17. 奖;奖品;奖金 n. prize
18. 实例;范例 n. example
19. 贫穷的;清贫的 adj. poor
20. 人多的;拥挤的 adj. crowded
21. 选择, 挑选 v. choose
22. 歌曲 n. song
23. 严肃的 adj. serious
24. 严肃地, 严重地 adv. seriously
25. 招待, 服务 v. serve
26. 接待, 服务 n. service

二、Finish the following phrases :

1. 电影院 movie theater
2. 服装店 clothes store
3. 在城镇上 in town
4. 欢迎来到.... welcome to.....

进步就是优秀

5. 熟悉周围的路 know the way around

6. 世界各地;全世界 around the world

7. 擅长于.....be good at

8. 寻找 look for

9. 例如 for example

10. 编造(故事、谎言等) make up

11. 等等 and so on

12. 街头表演者 street performer

13. 散步 take walks/take a walk

14. 一大盘饺子 a big plate of dumplings

15. 体育中心 sports center

16. 最好的音响 the best sound

17. 最短的等待时间 the shortest waiting time

18. 最风趣的演员 the funniest actor

19. 坐得最舒服 sit the most comfortably

20. 选择歌曲最仔细 choose songs the most carefully

三、Finish the following sentences:

1. --从你家到学校有多远? --乘公交车十分钟的酱路程。

--How far is it from your home to the school?-- 10 minutes by bus.

2. 菜单上只有 10 种菜,并且服务一点都不好!

The menu had only 10 dishes and the service was not good at all.

3. 看别人展示才艺总是有趣的。

It's always interesting to watch other people show their talents.

4. 所有的这些节目都有一个共同之处。

All these shows have one thing in common.

5. 各种各样的人参加这些节日。

All kinds of people join these shows.

6. 人们看这样的节目时,通常承担着评判优胜者的角色。

When people watch the show, they usually play a role in deciding the winner.

7. 然而,并不是所有人都喜欢看这些节目。

However, not everyone enjoys watching these shows.

8. 但是如果你不把这些节目太当回事,它们还是有看头的。

自信 · 自强 · 自立 · 自律

However, if you don't take these shows too seriously, they are fun to watch.

9.关于它们很重要的一点是，它们给人们提供了一种实现梦想的方式。

One great thing about them is that they give people a way to make their dreams come true.

10.在绿木公园每个人都可以找到适合自己的东西。

There is something for everyone at Greenwood Park.

11.它离家最近。 It's the closest to home.

12.到目前为止，你认为它怎么样? How do you like it so far?

13.--谢谢你告诉我。--不客气。

--Thanks for telling me.---No problem/You're welcome.

14.那由你自己来决定。 That's up to you to decide.

15.选秀节目正变得越来越流行。 Talent shows are getting more and more popular.

四、Write a composition:

Last week we did a survey about good places in our city. And this what we learned. Most of the high schools are good, and **No.1 High School** is the best in our city. It has the best teachers and it's the most beautiful. **People's Hospital** is the best of all. It has the most comfortable beds and the friendliest service. **Modern Cinema** has the biggest screens. As for the best clothing store is **Xiwang Clothing Store**. It has the best quality and it's much popular.

Unit 5

一、Finish the following words:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1.情景喜剧 n. <u>sitcom</u> | 12 毫无意义的 adj. <u>meaningless</u> |
| 2.新闻节目;新闻 n. <u>news</u> | 13.出现 v. <u>appear</u> |
| 3.介意;对(某事)烦恼 v. <u>mind</u> | 14 富有的 adj. <u>rich</u> |
| 4.忍受;站立 v. <u>stand</u> | 15.获得成功的 adj. <u>successful</u> |
| 5.有教育意义的 adj. <u>educational</u> | 16.主要的 adv. <u>mainly</u> |
| 6.打算;计划 v. &n. <u>plan</u> | 17.普通的;常见的 adj. <u>common</u> |
| 7.希望 v.&n. <u>hope</u> | 18.不幸的;不吉利的 adj. <u>unlucky</u> |
| 8.讨论;商量 n. <u>discussion</u> | 19.失去;丢失 v. <u>lose</u> |
| 9.预料;期待 v. <u>expect</u> | 20.思意的:准备好的 adj. <u>ready</u> |
| 10 笑话;玩笑 n. <u>joke</u> | 21.文化, 文明 n. <u>culture</u> |
| 11.喜剧;喜剧片 n. <u>comedy</u> | 22.简单的 adj. <u>simple</u> |

二、Finish the following phrases :

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1.认为 <u>think of</u> | 7.查明:弄清 <u>find out</u> |
| 2.肥皂剧 <u>soap opera</u> | 8.发生 <u>go on</u> |
| 3.游戏节目 <u>game show</u> | 9.世界各地 <u>around the world</u> |
| 4.脱口秀;谈话节目 <u>talk show</u> | 10.出版:发行 <u>come out</u> |
| 5.动作电影 <u>action movie</u> | 11.主要原因 <u>main reason</u> |
| 6.恐怖电影 <u>scary movie</u> | 12 面对危险 <u>face danger</u> |

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