

宁夏 2020 年中考英语试卷

学校：_____ 姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 考号：_____

“Everybody, it’s time for our group project. Let’s get to work!” says Ms. White.

Amy is the leader of one group. She is not 1 forward to working with her group because a boy named Ray is always absent from the group meetings. He doesn’t follow the rules, and he 2 to do any work. This slows the whole group down.

Amy considers telling Ms. White about these problems, but she doesn’t want to get Ray in trouble. 3, she decides to talk to him and find out what the 4 is. She says, “Everyone is working hard on our project. But so far, you haven’t done anything. Is there something wrong?”

Ray thinks 5 for a few seconds, and finally says, “It’s not that I don’t want to be in the 6. Sometimes, I don’t really understand the things we’re learning. I know it’s not fair, but I don’t want to say something stupid, so I do 7.”

Now Amy understands. Ray isn’t 8 he just needs help! “From now on,” she says, “I will do my best to help you feel more confident(自信的). Then you can do your share, and it will be 9 for everyone. “Thank you! I’ll try hard to do my part.” says Ray.

Amy feels happy. She realizes that 10 about problems is better than keeping them as secrets.

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. A. putting | B. looking | C. carrying | D. taking |
| 2. A. likes | B. wants | C. agrees | D. refuses |

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 3. A. Instead | B. Also | C. Although | D. And |
| 4. A. advice | B. purpose | C. problem | D. suggestion |
| 5. A. quietly | B. happily | C. strangely | D. surprisingly |
| 6. A. class | B. group | C. school | D. work |
| 7. A. everything | B. something | C. nothing | D. anything |
| 8. A. friendly | B. honest | C. brave | D. lazy |
| 9. A. fair | B. unfair | C. lucky | D. unlucky |
| 10. A. caring | B. talking | C. thinking | D. dealing |

三、阅读理解阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项.

Hi Karin,

Thanks so much for your support this week. Things have been really difficult with all the revision and everything! Really appreciate(感激)all your help. Let's get together after the exams!

Yours,

John

Dear grandma,

Thank you very much for the bag you sent me for my birthday. It was really nice of you. I'm going on holiday next month, so I'm planning to take it while I'm away! I hope you're well.

Love,

Cindy

Dear Mr. Green,

I am writing to say thank you for letting us stay in your house in Australia last month. We were very happy with everything and we thought

the house was beautiful.

We had a lovey holiday in Sydeny. We really enjoyed exploring (探索) the town and the local area. We will use the "Love A Flat" website again to find a house to live in when we plan our next holiday.

Thank you again!

Yours,

Costa

11. Which note above is for a friend?

A. John's note. B. Cindy's note. C. Costa's note. D. Mr. Green's note.

12. Who has sent a bag to Cindy for her birthday?

A. Her father. B. Her mother. C. Her grandma. D. Her grandpa.

13. What did Costa think of Mr. Green's house?

A. Bad. B. Large. C. Small. D. Good.

14. Costa used the _____ to find Mr. Green's house according to the passage.

A. telephone B. email C. website D. TV

When I was in the middle school, I seldom raised my hands to answer questions in class. And I found lots of my classmates were just like me. When the teacher asked a question, I always lowered my head because I was afraid that the teacher saw me.

One day, in a foreign language class, Mr. Black gave us a lesson. He wanted us to be active in class, so he asked us some questions, but no one answered. "At the beginning of the class, let me tell you a story." He said.

"When I came to the United States to study, the university often invited famous people to make speeches. Before the beginning of every speech, I found an interesting thing. The students around me always took a cardboard folded(折叠)in half, wrote their names in bold(粗体) with the most eye-catching color, and then placed the cardboard on the seat. So when the speaker needed the answers from the students, he could see and call a listener's name directly."

"I couldn't understand that. My classmates told me the speakers were all top people who meant chances. When your answer was to their surprise, it meant they might give you more chances. In fact, I really saw a few students got great chances because of that."

After listening to the story, I understood that the chance will not find you itself. You must show yourself all the time so that you can find a chance and then catch it.

15. When the writer's classmates were asked questions, most of them.

- A. raised their hands
- B. shook their heads
- C. closed their eyes
- D. lowered their heads

16. Why did Mr. Black tell his students a story at the beginning of his foreign language class?

- A. Because he wanted the students to do homework.
- B. Because he wanted the students to take notes carefully.
- C. Because he wanted the students to be active in class.
- D. Because he wanted the students to be quiet in class.

17. A speaker at the university got to know the students' names from.

- A. the computer
- B. the cardboards on the students' seats
- C. Mr. Black
- D. the name list on the teacher's desk

18. What can we learn from this passage?

- A. Being active in class is interesting.
- B. Doing as others do is necessary.
- C. Answering questions bravely is easy.
- D. Showing yourself bravely can win chances.

Every Saturday evening, many people come to an open square in a small town in Xi' an. They want to watch Chen Kun and his friends put on a play. During the play, the audience(观众)can hear them, but they can not see them. That is because they are putting on a shadow puppet play(皮影戏).

Shadow puppets are made of hard leather(皮革). The leather is cut out in the shape of a person, an animal or an object. Each puppet is painted in bright colours and put on a stick. Some puppets have movable arms and legs.

During a shadow puppet play, Chen stands behind a white screen with lights behind it. The audience sit in front of the screen. Chen and his friends hold the puppets very close to the screen so the audience can see the puppets' shadows clearly. Then they move the puppets around and do the voices of the different characters.

Shadow puppet plays are a traditional Chinese art. Now with TV and films, shadow puppet plays are not as popular as before. To encourage more young people to learn the skills of shadow puppet plays, Chen provides training courses for students to teach them how to make shadow puppets.

Chen and his friends often work very hard for little money, but they do not mind. They want to keep this traditional art form alive.

19. Why cannot the audience see Chen Kun and his friends during the play?

- A. Because there is no light in front of the screen.
- B. Because the audience sit too far to see them.
- C. Because Chen Kun and his friends are watching a play.
- D. Because Chen Kun and his friends are putting on a shadow puppet play behind the screen.

20. According to the passage, what are shadow puppets made of?

- A. Leather.
- B. Sticks.
- C. Plastic.
- D. Paper.

21. The underlined word "it" refers to(指) in the passage.

- A. a white screen
- B. a light
- C. a shadow puppet
- D. Chen Kun

22. Chen Kun and his friends put on shadow puppet plays because.

- A. they want to enjoy themselves
- B. they want to make as much money as they can
- C. they want to keep this traditional art form alive
- D. shadow puppet plays are more popular than before

Amy wanted a mobile phone as her birthday gift, because most of her classmates had one, but she knew her parents couldn't afford it.

One day, when she woke up, she found a new mobile phone on her desk. How excited she was! This was the phone that had appeared in fashion magazines.

She played with the phone on the way to school. And the teacher was

already there when she arrived at school. Amy was very embarrassed (尴尬的). She looked at her new mobile phone and whispered (低语), "I didn't want to be late ..."

Everything changed with her thought. She went to school on time with her new mobile phone.

She was surprised at that. She turned on the phone and found there was a sentence on the screen, "Every dream will come true." Since then, she always asks the phone for help. As a result, she has become lazier and lazier. Her teachers and parents were very disappointed with her and her classmates didn't like her any more.

When the term exams came, Amy asked the mobile phone for help again, but things turned bad. She got the lowest mark in the class. She wanted to throw it away, but when she did, the phone would come back into her hand. Amy was so scared (恐惧的) that she cried out, "I don't want the mobile phone any more."

She woke up to find that the terrible experience had been just a dream.

23. What was Amy's dream before her birthday?

- A. To pass the exam.
- B. To have a mobile phone.
- C. To be praised by her teacher.
- D. To be popular with her classmates.

24. In the exams, why did Amy get the lowest mark in the class?

- A. Because she stayed up late to play the mobile phone.
- B. Because she was always late for school.
- C. Because it took her too much time to read fashion magazines.

D. Because she always asked the mobile phone for help.

25. From the passage we can infer (推断) that_

A. Amy got mobile phone at last

B. Amy's parents were rich enough to buy her a mobile phone

C. Amy didn't want the mobile phone any more after the dream

D. Amy became better and better with the help of the mobile phone

26. The best title of this passage may be".

A. A Birthday Gift

B. An Embarrassing Experience

C. A Useful Mobile Phone

D. A Terrible Dream about a Mobile Phone

Mostly, inventions happen because someone works to solve a problem. Kids are natural inventors. They often create amazing things from simple ideas. Here are a few examples that might make you wonder, "Why didn't I think of that?"

Popsicles

Popsicles were invented by 11-year-old Frank Epperson in 1905. He forgot a drink of juice and left it with a stir(搅拌)stick in it outside on a cold night. The next day it was ice. Because of this he couldn't drink it any more, but he could eat it. It tasted good! These ice sticks became popular among kids at school in summer because they were delicious and helped them stay cool. More than a hundred years later, popsicles are still one of the best summer treats!

Crayon Holders

When 11-year-old Cassidy Goldstein needed crayons for a school project, she had a hard time because there were so many small or broken ones. She found some small clear plastic tubes(管子)at home. Although the tiny tubes were usually filled with water to keep flowers fresh, she found that they fit tightly(紧紧地)around the crayons. She was now able to hold them easily. This is how she invented Crayon Holders.

Wristies

When snow gets in kids' gloves and their hands get wet, they feel uncomfortable. 10-year-old Kathryn Gregory decided to do something about it. She created the wristies as she wanted to keep her wrists(手腕)warm and dry. Wristies are long gloves with no fingers and they are worn under your coat. They help you when you work in the cold because your hands stay warm while you use your fingers. With her parents' help, Kathryn also opened a small shop where she sold her wristies. And she still runs it today.

All these inventions have one thing in common—the kids were trying to solve problems in their lives. When you meet problems, what would you do? If the kids can do it, you can do it, too!

27. Popsicles became popular among kids at school in summer because.

- A. they could not only drink them but also eat them
- B. they tasted good and helped them stay cool
- C. the stir sticks were useful in popsicles
- D. it was easy to make them

28. The underlined word "runs" in the passage means""in Chinese.

- A. 经营
- B. 跑步
- C. 行驶

D. 竞赛

29. Where do you think the passage is from?

A. A novel.

B. A guidebook.

C. A science magazine.

D. A poster.

30. What 's the main idea of this passage?

A. Let us run a shop like Kathryn.

B. Everyone can become an inventor by accident.

C. Kids are so clever that they can invent things.

D. When you meet problems, never give up and you can solve them well.

Li Wen is a 15-year-old boy. He works hard and31. (do) well in school. It is hard to believe, that he used to have32. (difficulty) in school. When he was a little boy, he seldom caused any problems, and his family33. (spend) a lot of time together.

34., things began to change a few years ago. His parents moved to the city to work, and they could not be at home to look35. him. So he became less interested in36. (study) and was absent from classes. Then his parents were so worried37. they decided to send him to a boarding school. He found life there difficult. One day he told his teacher that he wanted to leave the school. His teacher advised his parents to talk with38. (they) son in person. This conversation changed his life. He realized that his parents would always love him, and they would be39. (pride) of everything good that he did. Now he is much40. (happy) and more outgoing than he used to be.

It is useful to learn how to make small talk. It is an important social skill. It helps to make people feel41. (放松的) and start a conversation when they meet for the42. (第一) time.

The topics for small talk are different in different countries. But usually the topics are general rather than personal. In the UK, people sometimes talk about the43. (天气) when they make a small talk. "It's a nice day, isn't it?" This44. (种类) of questions helps you begin a conversation because they are general questions that anyone can45. (答复) to. Next time when you want to make small talk, turn a statement to a question. You are sure to get answer and start a conversation.

cut down, on earth, hundred, careful, so, in danger, environment, for, more, kill

Tigers are beautiful animals. They are important to the46.. But they are47. now. It is hard to believe that there are only about one48. South China tigers left in the world—and few live in the wild. Why is the situation49. serious? Some people have caught and killed tigers50. money. Some people have51. a lot of trees. What should we do to protect the tigers? People need to think about these questions52..

To make it easier for the tigers to live, we should protect their home in the wild, and build53. natural places for them. We should also work hard to stop people from54. tigers. If we can do these things well, there will be more tigers55.. Let's start now!

In the forest there lived a rhino(犀牛) and a monkey. The monkey

was not very friendly and he troubled the rhino every day. Sometimes he pulled the rhino's tail. Sometimes he jumped onto the rhino's back. But the rhino didn't get mad. He could stand everything patiently and never complained(抱怨).

Other animals in the forest knew that the monkey always made fun of the rhino. They got angry with the monkey. They even advised the rhino to punish the monkey.

The rhino smiled and said that sometimes the monkey was unfriendly, but he was thankful to him. He thanked the monkey for teaching him to be patient. Other animals just kept silent with their heads down, without saying anything. At that time, the monkey was sitting in the tree and heard the rhino's words. He felt sorry for what he had done.

He came down from the tree immediately. Then he came up to the rhino and said sorry to him. After that, the monkey and the rhino became friends, and they got on well with each other.

56. The rhino didn't get_____when the monkey troubled him every day.

57. Other animals in the forest thought that the rhino should_____the monkey.

58. Although the monkey always made fun of the rhino, the rhino still_____the monkey.

59. After the monkey said sorry to the rhino, they became_____.

60. From the story we can learn that we had better not complain but be_____to others.

61. 假如你是李华,你所在的城市将要举行武术表演活动,你的英国朋友 David 写信咨询询问活动信息. 请你给他回信介绍本次活动并谈谈武术对人身心的益处,内容要点如下:

1. 活动安排：

时间：7 月 31 日(星期五)上午 8 点开始, 12 点结束；

地点：光明体育馆；

内容：欣赏武术表演.

2. 谈谈武术对人身心的益处(至少谈及两点).

注意：

1. 词数 80 左右(开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数)；

2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯.

参考词汇：gymnastics 体育馆 kung fu 武术

Dear David,

I'm glad to receive your letter. You asked me about the kung fu
performance in our
city. _____

Hope you can come!

Yours truly,

Li Hua

参考答案

1. B

2. D

3. A

4. C

5. A

6. B

7. C

8. D

9. A

10. B

【解析】

【分析】

Amy 是小组长,但组员 Ray 总是什么也不做,于是她和 Ray 沟通后,知道了问题,并很好地解决了.从中告诉我们,谈论问题总比保守秘密要好.

1.

句意:她不想和她的小组合作.

非谓语动词辨析.A. putting 放;B. looking 看;C. carrying 携带;D. taking 拿;根据题干, look forward to doing sth. 期待去做某事是固定短语,故选 B.

2.

句意:他不遵守规则,而且拒绝做任何工作.

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