

河南省 2023 年中考英语模拟试卷及答案汇总二

一、阅读理解

阅读理解

Stop wasting food!Activity update

The activity to reduce food waste has just entered its third week, and we're already seeing some great results.We'd like every student and teacher to join in the activity at school and at home, so if you haven't started yet, read on and join in!

Stop wasting food at school

According to school lunch director Marge Kaplan, "the children are making a big effort to think in a sensible way about the food they put on their plates.We now have about 15%less waste and we think this percentage will grow as more children join in the activity." The school canteen now offers two sizes for all main meals: small and large.This week they'll replace single bread rolls with slices of bread.You can take as many slices as you want, but one at a time to save waste.

Stop wasting food at home

Every year, we waste about a third of our food.A lot of this waste is cereals, fruit and vegetables.In the UK, more than 97%of waste ends up in a landfill site.That's a lot!Come to a special meeting with supermarket owner Carlos Rodriguez to learn how we can save food and money at home!Activity meeting!

How to save food and money at home

When: Friday 12 May, 5-6 p.m.

Where: School hall

Who: Carlos Rodriguez

What: Top tips on how to store food, measure sensible portion sizes and cook tasty meals from leftovers

Students and families welcome!

1. How long has the activity lasted? ____

A. For three weeks.

B. For two weeks.

- C. It has just started. D. We don't know.
2. What does the underlined word "sensible" mean in the article? ____
- A. 可感觉的 B. 过量的 C. 明智的 D. 有意识的
3. What does Marge Kaplan think of the result of the activity? ____
- A. It's disappointing. B. It's embarrassing.
C. It's satisfying. D. It's perfect.
4. What will NOT be talked about in the meeting? ____
- A. What to choose-bread rolls or slices of bread.
B. How to keep food.
C. The way to measure the sizes of food we need.
D. How to use leftovers to make delicious food.
5. Where is the text probably from? ____
- A. A fashion magazine. B. A school website.
C. A local guide book. D. A newspaper about food.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

"Class, this is John Evans," Mrs. Parmele announced, trying to sound enthusiastic. We saw a boy in worn-out clothes and shoes with holes and patches. John looked around and smiled, hoping somebody would smile back. Nobody did. He kept on smiling anyway.

I held my breath, hoping Mrs. Parmele wouldn't notice the empty desk next to mine. She did, and pointed him in that direction. He looked over at me as he sat down, but I looked away.

By the end of his first week, John was at the bottom of our school's social ladder. "It's his own fault," I told my mother one evening at dinner. "He hardly even knows how to count."

As I ate lunch with him the next day and listened to him, however, I realized that John was actually pleasant to be around. After lunch, I decided that I would be John's friend.

One night, as Mother came into my bedroom, I said, "Mom, tomorrow is John's birthday, and he's not

going to get anything.Nobody even cares.""Don't worry, "Mom said as she kissed me goodnight."I'm sure everything will be fine."

I wished John a happy birthday the first thing in the morning, and he was glad I had remembered.In the afternoon, as Mrs.Parmele was writing on the blackboard, I heard a familiar voice singing the birthday song.Moments later, Mother came through the door with a tray (托盘) of cakes.She was also taking a present in her hand.Mrs.Parmele joined in.Mother found John looking like a deer in the headlights.She put the cakes and the gift on his desk and said, "Happy birthday, John."John kindly shared his cakes with the class, taking the tray from desk to desk.I caught Mother watching me.She smiled and winked (眨眼) .

6. Why didn't the class smile back at John at the beginning? ____

- A. Probably because he couldn't count.
- B. Probably because they didn't know him.
- C. Probably because he looked unfriendly.
- D. Probably because he looked poor.

7. What can we infer (推断) from the text? ____

- A. John became popular soon.
- B. John didn't have many friends in the class.
- C. Mother asked me to be friendly to John.
- D. "I"learned a lot from John.

8. How might John feel when he looked like a deer in the headlights? ____

- A. Surprised and proud.
- B. Upset and anxious.
- C. Surprised and unable to speak.
- D. Frightened and angry.

9. What was Mother like? ____

- A. Humorous and easygoing.
- B. Strict and serious.

C. Quiet and outgoing.

D. Kind and warm-hearted.

10. What is the best title of the story? ____

A. How I met John

B. The new student

C. Special friend

D. Happy birthday, John.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

How long does a year last? Children might say that a year lasts forever. But your parents might say that a whole year can pass " in the blink of an eye". Why does time seem to pass faster as we get older?

According to scientists from Duke University, US, our brains degrade (退化) and change over time. This physical change causes the rate at which we take in and deal with new information to fall down.

Babies, for example, move their eyes much more often than grown-ups because they're dealing with images at a faster rate, Adrian Bejan from the university told the Daily Mail. They take in a lot of information and do many things in a single day. This makes them feel like a single day lasts for a long time.

However, as people's brains degrade over time, fewer images are dealt with in the same amount of time. Therefore, older people receive less information during a day than younger people. This causes things to seem as if they're happening more quickly.

What's more, people may also "feel" time differently due to psychological (心理的) reasons. People may measure time by the number of memorable events that can be recalled within a certain period.

Have you ever noticed that when you recall your firsts (first day of school, first family vacation, etc.), they seem to be in slow motion! That's because when something is a "first", there are many exciting things to remember. Recalling these memories makes you feel like they took forever, according to David Eagleman of the Baylor College of Medicine in the US.

For many grown-ups, life is made up of daily things. When they look back they might feel like there are not many interesting things to remember. Therefore, time seems to be moving faster to them.

11. What does the phrase "in the blink of an eye" mean in the first paragraph? ____

A. Quickly.

B. Slowly.

C. Unexpectedly.

D. Directly.

12. What does the underlined word "they" refer to? ____

A. Brains.

B. Images.

C. Younger people

D. Things.

13. What does the writer mainly try to tell us in Paragraph 6? ____

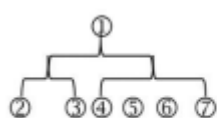
A. We should value our memories about the firsts.

B. How the firsts affect our senses about time.

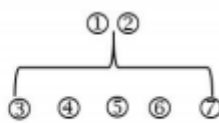
C. The firsts are full of exciting and memorable things.

D. David Eagleman found out secrets about our memories.

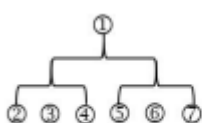
14. What is the structure of this article? ____



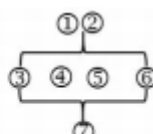
A.



B.



C.



D.

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

15. What is the purpose of this article? ____

A. To ask people to value the time.

B. To explain why people feel time differently at different ages.

C. To explain why younger people receive more information.

D. To advise people to value their experiences.

任务型阅读

There are some popular family videos that are being posted on Chinese social media these days. ____

16. _____ The parent enters the room smiling, turns around and calls out to their own parent; the grandparent then enters smiling and calls out to their parent-the great-grandparent.

The format (形式) of these videos is being described as the "four-generation challenge". It started on Chinese short-video platform and has since spread to social media in other countries. 17. _____

"I have to give that to China. Family devotion is usually a strong value," wrote one Facebook user Antonie Yupud. The "four-generation" videos have not only touched foreign viewers, but also given them a deeper look into Chinese family values.

In most East Asian cultures, it is common for many generations of a single family to live together under one roof. 18. In most Western countries, most families are nuclear families (小家庭), or families that are made up of just children and their parents.

In Western culture, privacy and independence are highly valued. 19. Many of them apply for loans and work part-time jobs in order to pay for college and rent. If they choose to continue living with their parents after becoming an adult, it can be seen as a sign of immaturity (不成熟) or failure.

20. That might be why the "four-generation" videos have won so many hearts around the world.

- A. Kids usually move out of the house after they turn 18.
- B. This is called an extended family.
- C. In these videos, a young child calls out to their mother or father.
- D. Although family structures in the East and West may differ, the love between family members is common.
- E. People from all over the world have commented on them.

二、完形填空

完形填空

A teacher decided to let her class play a game. The teacher told each child in the class to bring a plastic bag with a few 21. . Each potato will be given a name of a person that the child 22. . So the number of potatoes would depend on 23. people he/ she cannot forgive (宽恕) .

The next day, every child brought some potatoes 24. the name of the people he or she hated. Some had just one or two potatoes 25. others had as many as five or six. The teacher then told the children that they would have to carry their potatoes with them wherever they went for 26.

Several days 27. . Some children started to complain, as their potatoes began to rot (腐烂) and 28. bad. Those children 29. carried more potatoes also complained about how 30. their bags were.

After one week, the game was over. The teacher simply smiled and said: "This is 31. what it's like to carry hatred in your heart. You have to carry it with you wherever you go. The burden (负担) of hatred will 32. your heart and you will 33. carrying an unnecessary burden with you. If you cannot tolerate

the smell of rotten potatoes for just one week, can you 34. what a burden it would be to have the hatred in your heart for your lifetime? "

It can be 35. to carry hatred in your heart for a whole lifetime. Forgive others and move on with your life.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. candies | B. books | C. games | D. potatoes |
| 22. A. admired | B. disliked | C. liked | D. trusted |
| 23. A. the number of | B. a number of | | |
| C. numbers of | D. plenty of | | |
| 24. A. for | B. on | C. with | D. above |
| 25. A. when | B. while | C. as | D. because |
| 26. A. one day | B. several days | | |
| C. one month | D. one week | | |
| 27. A. dropped by | B. went off | C. took off | D. passed by |
| 28. A. smelled | B. looked | C. tasted | D. felt |
| 29. A. what | B. which | C. who | D. those |
| 30. A. many | B. much | C. heavy | D. large |
| 31. A. especially | B. exactly | C. finally | D. unexpectedly |
| 32. A. pollute | B. fill | C. amaze | D. weigh |
| 33. A. give up | B. take up | C. end up | D. stay up |
| 34. A. believe | B. imagine | C. agree | D. wonder |
| 35. A. sad | B. crazy | C. angry | D. tiring |

选词填空

please; down; sense; offer; give; in; such; tired; what; difficult
--

Albert Einstein was regarded to be a genius. This story about him shows that he not only was smart but also

had a 36. of humour.

Einstein often received invitations to explain his theories at different universities. On these trips, his driver Hans often said to him, "It's a (2) 37. to drive a genius like you, Dr Einstein."

One evening, on their way to a university, Einstein said, "I'm so 38. I wish I could avoid 39. my lecture tonight, Hans, but I don't want to let my audience 40. ." "I know 41. to do, " said Hans. "I can give the lecture for you. I've listened to your lecture so many times that I've learnt it by heart. No one knows you at this university, so they won't find out." So, they changed places. At the university, Hans was guided to the front of the hall. Einstein took a seat, listened to Hans give his lecture without 42. , and joined in the applause at the end. However, before Hans left, a man shouted, "I'd like to ask you a question." He then asked a question so difficult that Hans had no idea what he was talking about. Einstein turned pale. "Oh no!" he thought. "Now we're 43. trouble." But Hans just laughed and said, "That's 44. an easy question that even my driver can answer it. Hans, please..." Einstein stood up and answered the question perfectly.

They left the university, with Einstein driving. A little later, Hans 45. to drive. "No, " laughed Einstein. "It's my honor to drive a genius like you, Hans."

短文填空

Lunar calendars depend on the position of the moon, 46. the date of the new year changes each year. Lunar New Year 47. usually celebrated in January or February.

There are many Lunar New Year traditions. For example, in Vietnam, people believe 48. the first person to enter their home in the new year will decide their luck for the next year. In Korea, families often celebrate this festival 49. playing traditional board games together. In China, many people have firecrackers, 50. burn and make a loud noise. In the streets, dancers dress up as a lion or a dragon. They dance to music and drums.

All the celebrations are about wishing everyone good things for the next year. Happy Lunar New Year!

补全对话

A: Congratulations! You won the first place in this handicraft (手工) competition.

B: Thank you!

A: 51. ? I can't wait to see it!

B: Of course! This is my art piece!

A: It looks so fantastic! I can't believe it was made by a teenager. 52. _____ ?

B: It is made of iron and other materials from old cars.

A: 53. _____ ?

B: It took me about 2 weeks. With the help of my art teacher, I finally made it.

A: You are really creative! Why did you use the old things instead of buying new materials to make it?

B: 54. _____

A: That sounds great! I also want to learn how to make art pieces with the old things. ____
55. _____ ?

B: Sure, I'd like to. I hope more people can take action to recycle and reuse old things.

三、书面表达

56. 回首过往，在生活、学习中你一定经历过一些困难与挑战，然而正是这些经历使你进步、让你成长、促你改变。请选取最难忘的一次往事写一篇文章。

要点：

- (1) 你遇到的困难及感受是什么；
- (2) 你是如何克服这次困难的；
- (3) 这件事使你有什么改变。

要求：

- (1) 文中不得出现真实姓名和学校名称。
- (2) 词数 100 左右。

答案解析部分

【答案】1. B

2. C

3. C

4. A

5. B

【解析】【分析】本文主要讲述了如何在学校和家里停止浪费食物。

【点评】考查阅读理解。本文涉及细节题，推断题，词义猜测题，细节题要注意从文中寻找答案；推断题需要联系上下文，推断出需要的信息，词义猜测题需要根据上下文提炼相关信息锁定词意。

1. 推断题。根据 The activity to reduce food waste has just entered its third week 减少食物浪费的活动刚刚进入第三周，可知活动持续了两周，故选 B。

2. 词义猜测题。根据划线单词所在句子 We now have about 15%less waste and we think this percentage will grow as more children join in the activity 我们现在的浪费减少了约 15%，我们认为随着越来越多的儿童参与这项活动，这一比例还会增加，可知是明智的方式，故 sensible 意思是明智的，故选 C。

3. 推断题。根据 According to school lunch director Marge Kaplan, "the children are making a big effort to think in a sensible way about the food they put on their plates.We now have about 15%less waste and we think this percentage will grow as more children join in the activity 根据学校午餐主管 Marge Kaplan 的说法，"孩子们正在努力以合理的方式思考他们放在盘子里的食物。我们现在的浪费减少了约 15%，我们认为随着越来越多的孩子加入这项活动，这一比例还会增加，可知，Marge Kaplan 认为这次活动的结果令人满意，故选 C。

4. 细节题。根据 What: Top tips on how to store food, measure sensible portion sizes and cook tasty meals from leftovers 内容：关于如何储存食物、测量合理的份量以及用剩菜烹制美味饭菜的最佳技巧，可知会议中不会谈论选择面包卷或面包片，故选 A。

5. 推断题。根据表格中的 Stop wasting food!Activity update.The activity to reduce food waste has just entered its third week, and we're already seeing some great results.We'd like every student and teacher to join in the activity at school and at home, so if you haven't started yet, read on and join in! (停止浪费食物!) Students and families

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/066141101142010110>