

**琼海市嘉积中学 2023-2024 学年度第二学期高一期末考试**  
**英语科试题**

（时间：120 分钟 满分：150 分）

欢迎参加本次测试，请计划好时间，祝你取得好成绩！

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）**

**第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）**

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. At a library.                      B. At home.                              C. At a restaurant.
2. What does the man ask the woman to do?  
A. Put on a coat.                      B. Drink some hot water.              C. Close the window.
3. What are the speakers mainly talking about?  
A. The air.                              B. The trees.                              C. Some factories.
4. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Guide and tourist.                  B. Teacher and student.                C. Interviewer and interviewee.
5. When does the man suggest leaving?  
A. At 4: 30 pm.                      B. At 5: 30 pm.                              C. At 6: 30 pm.

**第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）**

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟，听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why doesn't the woman open the window?  
A. It is still broken.                      B. She was too busy to notice.              C. She likes keeping it closed.
7. What does the man say about his room?  
A. It is clean.                              B. It is small.                              C. It is dark.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What can't the man stand?  
A. The messy room.                      B. The rules of smoking.                      C. The long meeting.
9. How does the man feel about the working plan?  
A. Worried.                              B. Satisfied.                              C. Bored.
10. What does the woman suggest doing?  
A. Having a discussion.                  B. Drinking some coffee.                  C. Smoking.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Why did the woman buy lots of foods?  
A. They were on sale.                      B. They were fresh.                              C. She got a raise.
12. How does the woman ask the man to go back?  
A. By train.                              B. By taxi.                              C. By bus.
13. Where are the speakers?  
A. In an office.                              B. In a bookstore.                              C. In a supermarket.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. What is the man?  
A. A student.                              B. A professor.                              C. A reporter.
15. What is the man's hobby?  
A. Studying space.                      B. Reading books.                              C. Collecting coins.

16. How does the man usually get his coins?

- A. He buys them from others.
- B. He receives them from his uncle.
- C. He gets them from the bank.

听第 10 段独白，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Which restaurant is on the third floor?

- A. The Tokyo Restaurant.
- B. The Noodle House.
- C. The Golden Dragon.

18. What are the waiters in the Roma House like?

- A. They are humorous.
- B. They are very kind.
- C. They are a little serious.

19. On which floor can you enjoy the Beijing Duck in the shopping center?

- A. The fifth.
- B. The fourth.
- C. The third.

20. What is the speaker doing?

- A. Doing a research.
- B. Calling for support.
- C. Introducing places to eat.

## 第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，共 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

### A

Here are some wonderful festivals around the world that happen in spring. If you want to know more about them, please click here or visit <http://www.buddhanet.net/festival.htm>

#### **Songkran—Thailand**

Dates: 13 th-15th, April

In Thailand, people celebrate a festival called Songkran, when people head out to the streets with water guns to spray ( 喷洒 ) everyone who walks past. It's a very important traditional celebration in the country.

#### **Naghol—Vanuatu**

Dates: Every Saturday from April to May

Every year, villagers come together to celebrate the harvest of yams ( 甘薯 ), an important part in the people's diet in Vanuatu. The festival is most famous for its "land diving ( 潜水 ) ceremony". During the ceremony men and boys dive to the ground from high wooden towers with only two thin vines ( 藤 ) tied to their feet.

#### **Cherry Blossom Viewing—Japan**

Dates: The cherry blossom season is different from year to year depending on the weather.

The festival is well-known. The Japanese celebrate the days when the flowers finally blossom. Only a few days later, the petals ( 花瓣 ) fall to the ground, like pink snowflakes. That means the traditional festival only lasts for several days. In Japan, almost everyone has picnics in the parks to view the flowers.

#### **Sinhalese New Year—Sri Lanka**

Dates: 13th or 14th, April

Just like in many other countries in South East Asia, this is the time when people celebrate the traditional New Year, an ancient celebration which marks the end of the harvest season and is one of two times of the year when the sun is straight above Sri Lanka. There are a lot of delicious foods during the celebration.

21. What might happen to a tourist during SongKran?

- A. He will get wet.
- B. He will hurt his feet.
- C. He will be treated to delicious foods.
- D. He will see some petal falling.

22. Which festival is celebrated at a different time each year?

- A. Songkran
- B. Naghol
- C. Cherry Blossom Viewing
- D. Sinhalese New Year

23. Where is the text probably taken from?

- A. On TV.      B. In a report.      C. On the Internet.      D. In the newspaper.

**B**

It was New Year time, but I wasn't looking forward to it. That winter, my mother and my stepfather moved our family to Southern California. This would be our first New Year away from Alabama. My little brother, Paul, was delighted at a climate that allowed him to go to the beach whenever he wanted.

I, however, was a fat child with heavy southern accent. On my first day in the new class, I introduced myself in a low voice. The moment I opened my mouth to speak, the whole class burst into laughter, "He talks funny." I was so frustrated that I went to call Granny Smith after school, who was my biggest support. But I didn't get through.

On Sunday evening, the phone rang. It was Granny. She said she'd sent a New Year package. Sure enough, it arrived. We eagerly opened it. The smell of Granny's house filled the room: a combination of fried meat, cakes, and decorations. Her house was small and always filled with tacky holiday decorations and homemade food before New Year. But in my childhood eyes, it was precious and fantastic. In the box, there was a familiar holiday.

Every New Year that we spent in California, the postman would call and said our package had arrived. Over the years, many treasures arrived in the box. For me, it's always been the best part of the holiday.

24. How did the author's brother feel when they were moving to California?

- A. Sad.      B. Joyful.      C. Grateful.      D. Disappointed.

25. Why did the author's classmates laugh at him?

- A. He spoke in a low voice.      B. He made a humorous talk.  
C. He looked overweight.      D. He had a different pronunciation.

26. What does the underlined word "tacky" probably mean?

- A. Suitable.      B. Expensive.      C. Cheap.      D. Attractive.

27. Which of the following can be the best title of the text?

- A. Granny's Care Package      B. An Unforgettable Holiday  
C. Our Move to California      D. A Telephone Call from Granny.

## C

English businessman Richard Branson made history on July 11, 2021 as he and three other crewmates became the world's first space tourists. The flight was made by a spacecraft named VSS Unity that was built by Branson's company, Virgin Galactic. The flight lasted slightly more than an hour, and took Branson and crew to 53.5 miles above the Earth, just a little above the boundary (边界) of space which lies 50 miles above the Earth.

At that height, the atmosphere turns into the black of outer space and the Earth becomes a bent ball of blue. Travelers also exhibit weightlessness as there is no gravity, the force that keeps our bodies walking on the Earth's surface. Therefore, Branson and his fellows were able to float around in VSS Unity while enjoying the views.

On landing back, Branson said, "I have dreamt of this moment since I was a kid but honestly, nothing could prepare you for the view of the Earth from space. It was just magical. I'm just taking it all in, and it's unreal."

July 11's flight is the start of space tourism for one and all. In early 2022, customers who can afford a ticket for a quarter of a million dollars can line up for a seat on a trip to space. And guess what—they will have a choice of spacecraft. Jeff Bezos, who owns a famous company, is all set to launch himself into space on July 20 on board a spacecraft built by his new branch company Blue Origin. Blue Origin will also carry tourists to space.

28. What is Richard Branson famous for?
- A. His success in tourism.
  - B. His company of Virgin Galactic.
  - C. His spaceship named VSS Unity.
  - D. His first commercial space travel in history.
29. What does Branson think of his space travel?
- A. Unbelievable.
  - B. Adventurous.
  - C. Regrettable.
  - D. Worthless.
30. What do space tourists have to do?
- A. Take a spacecraft of Virgin Galactic.
  - B. Pay \$250,000 for the rocket tour.
  - C. Pass the fitness test for astronauts.
  - D. Line up for a position in Blue Origin.
31. What can we infer from the last paragraph?
- A. Humans will move to other livable planets.
  - B. Ordinary people will soon land on the moon.
  - C. Private rocket space travel is growing gradually.
  - D. Some companies give up their previous business.

## D

As much as we like to think about nature embodying balance, the universe is actually filled with imbalance, too. Let's take the supernova (超新星) for example. Two stars orbit each other. One of the stars is older, called a "white dwarf," while the other star is a bit younger. Their mutual gravitational (重力的) interaction pulls material off the younger star and dumps (倾倒) it onto the surface of the white dwarf. If enough material falls onto the dwarf, the stuff dumped on to the white dwarf begins to "burn".

If the conditions are right, you always burn up the same amount of material that gets added. If the donor star is dumping too much material onto the dwarf, the burning runs out of control. It consumes not just the new material on the white dwarf's surface but the whole of the dwarf star itself. So much energy is release so quickly that the star finds itself wildly out of balance. In an instant, it becomes a super-hot ball of unbalanced pressure, BOOM! A supernova is born.

Closer to home, a similar but different kind of process happens in volcanoes. Volcanoes are born when magma (熔岩) from deep in the Earth makes its way slowly to the surface through cracks in the planet's crust (地壳). The heat from the magma builds up a massive pressure imbalance inside the mountain. It's that imbalance that drives the BOOM, the volcanic eruption that rips a zillion tons of rocks away and sends ash 15 miles into the sky.

But here's the thing: Supernova, volcanoes and all those other explosions in the universe are not just awesome sights. They are all essential players in cosmic evolution (宇宙的进化). Supernova create a lot of the elements in your body that are essential to life. No supernova, no you. And volcanoes are essential to evolution of the planet, including the cycling of greenhouse gases like CO<sub>2</sub> that make Earth habitable. No volcanoes, no you.

32. What does the underlined phrase "the donor star" refer to in paragraph 2?  
A. The younger star.    B. The older star.  
C. The supernova.    D. The white dwarf.
33. What factor leads to both the birth of supernovas and volcanic eruption?  
A. Hot magma.    B. Burning material.  
C. Unbalanced pressure.    D. Gravitational interaction.
34. What can we learn about the explosions in the universe in the last paragraph?  
A. They evolve as players.    B. They create human bodies.  
C. They are awesome sights.    D. They are necessary to life.
35. In which section of a website can you find this passage?

A. Profile. B. Science. C. Health. D. Economy.

## 第二节 阅读七选五 (每题 2.5 分, 共 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文中的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

### How to spend your summer holiday?

After a busy school year, there's nothing wrong with sleeping late and watching TV or playing video games all day—at least for the first week or two of your summer vacation. But summer is also the best time to have loads of fun and prepare yourself for the next school year or the world beyond the classroom. \_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_

Start by learning a new hobby. Is there something you've always wanted to learn, but didn't have time? \_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_ For example, you can try a new art form like photography or knitting (编织).

And signing up to volunteer would make a difference to your summer vacation. \_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_ If you're an animal lover, you might volunteer at a local animal rescue center. If you enjoy spending time with senior citizens, you might volunteer at a local nursing home. Contacting nonprofits in your district is a great way to get started volunteering over the summer. \_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_ You can use your experiences as inspiration for a college admissions paper or other writing task in high school.

\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_ The outlook of college is very exciting, especially if you're a rising junior or senior. Every college has a website, so start by visiting college websites that have majors that interest you. You can also read college review websites to get a sense of things like how much colleges cost and what students think about their schools.

- A. Try to keep a journal of your volunteer experiences.
- B. How can you make full use of your summer vacation?
- C. Then research colleges to find out which one suits you.
- D. Consider asking your parents to take you on campus visits.
- E. How can you gain work experience during summer vacation?
- F. Choose volunteer chances based on the things that matter most to you.
- G. Summer might provide the free time you need to pick up something new.

## 第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

### 第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I was raised in a village where people lived in harmony with the natural environment. Throughout the year we would have numerous 41 where all the villagers would 42 and celebrate. The entire village was like one big 43.

However, within less than a decade my village was no longer the 44 village that I grew up in. Due to rapid modernization, everything 45. The rich cultural traditions that once held the village together were 46. Everyone in the village was 47 in making money and had no time to participate in traditional celebrations. No one favored such a change, but they somehow 48 it as they felt that it was unavoidable.

It made me feel 49 that some ancient traditions had stopped to exist, so I 50 I had to do something. I 51 the Cultural Heritage Studies Program, which enabled me to gain a better understanding of cultural heritage 52.

Then I involved myself in protecting cultural heritage sites in my hometown. With the knowledge I 53 in the Cultural Heritage Studies Program, I was trying my best to help make the process of modernization run more 54 for cultural heritage sites with heritage protection as a focus point.

I would say the success of the preservation work is the most 55 aspect of my job.

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|-----------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|
| 41. A. competitions   | B. festivals  | C. challenges    | D. choices     |
| 42. A. volunteer      | B. travel     | C. return        | D. gather      |
| 43. A. family         | B. city       | C. museum        | D. theater     |
| 44. A. real           | B. typical    | C. same          | D. independent |
| 45. A. mattered       | B. changed    | C. improved      | D. continued   |
| 46. A. growing        | B. spreading  | C. disappearing  | D. working     |
| 47. A. fortunate      | B. successful | C. expert        | D. occupied    |
| 48. A. accepted       | B. enjoyed    | C. believed      | D. noticed     |
| 49. A. confident      | B. excited    | C. guilty        | D. bad         |
| 50. A. pretended      | B. resolved   | C. forgot        | D. doubted     |
| 51. A. looked back on | B. got rid of | C. signed up for | D. put up with |
| 52. A. donation       | B. education  | C. preservation  | D. observation |
| 53. A. acquired       | B. applied    | C. offered       | D. showed      |
| 54. A. privately      | B. smoothly   | C. rapidly       | D. normally    |
| 55. A. interesting    | B. boring     | C. demanding     | D. rewarding   |

第二节 语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Festivals are celebrated all around the world. They have 56\_\_\_\_\_ wide range of origins. Every festival has 57\_\_\_\_\_ (it) different customs and unique charms. However, no matter how different they may seem, all over the world, the spirit of 58\_\_\_\_\_ (share) joy, gratitude, love, or peace is common in all festivals.

Of all the 59\_\_\_\_\_ (tradition) festivals, the harvest festival, 60\_\_\_\_\_ is an important festival full of joy and charm, can be found in almost every culture. People celebrate to show that they are grateful 61\_\_\_\_\_ the year's supply of food. In ancient Egypt, the harvest festival 62 \_\_\_\_\_ (celebrate) during the springtime — the Egyptian harvest season. It 63\_\_\_\_\_ (feature) a parade and a great feast 64\_\_\_\_\_ music, dancing, and sports. Today, in European countries, people decorate churches and town halls with flowers and fruit. Christmas is the biggest occasion in the West when people greet each other with “Merry Christmas”. On Christmas Eve, it is typical of people 65\_\_\_\_\_ (enjoy) the roast turkeys, puddings, mashed potatoes and pumpkins.

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节：应用文写作（满分 15 分）

假设你是李华，你校英文报正在征稿，拟给中国太空站（Tiangong Space Station）宇航员们写一封信。你准备向学校英文报投稿，要点如下：

1. 对他们为航天事业取得的成就感到骄傲；
2. 询问有关太空站上的生活和工作的情况；
3. 表达关心和祝福。

注意：1. 词数 80 左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Dear astronauts,

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Yours faithfully,

Li Hua



第二节（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

We sometimes think we can take care of things on our own. However, sometimes we need to use the strength of our groups to get things done.

Ray Drake knew this better than anyone, because he was moved to tears when he understood how good it was to have good neighbors when he needed them.

In 1989, Drake lost the use of his legs. The Iowan man did have family, though. His two older sisters were there to help him get his life back on track and deal with his new situation. The plan worked for years, and their love helped him through hard times.

In August 2020, a strong windstorm stopped everything in Iowa. There was terrible damage, and 40% of the crops in the state were lost. People lost their electricity. Businesses were a mess and homes were all broken. So many people had a hard time.

The storm caused Drake to have a specific trouble. There were broken trees all over his yard, and he couldn't move them. His sisters were also too small to clean up the trees. The three people really needed help.

After about a week, Drake's sisters decided to ask for help because the power lines were still down and people were still trying to get their lives back together. They called some of their brother's old high school friends to see if anyone had a chainsaw (链锯) they could bring over to start cutting up the fallen trees.

Doug Applegate, a friend, looked at the damage and realized that just a chainsaw wouldn't be enough to clear the fallen trees from Drake's yard and that the family would need more. He made a call for help in the area to see if anyone there could give a helping hand.

注意：

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Soon, the call for help was answered. \_\_\_\_\_

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The joint effort turned a seemingly impossible task into a manageable one. \_\_\_\_\_

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一、听力听力

1-5 CAABA    6-10 BCBAB    11-15 ABCBC    16-20 ABCAC

Text 1

M: Now take the menu and choose whatever you like. It's on me.

W: Oh, it's very kind of you. But I really don't feel like eating anything now.

Text 2

W: I feel rather cold. Can you give me some hot water and close the window?

M: Are you joking? It's summertime. You can wear a coat if you want to.

Text3

W: The air in the city now is fresher than before. Don't you think so?

M: Yes. There's less dust. People planted more trees around the city. It works quite well. And cars and factories make less pollution.

Text 4

M: What's this then?

W: It's my lab report, sir.

M: But this should have been handed in last Thursday.

W: Yes, I know, sir. I'm sorry.

Text 5

W: What about leaving for the concert at 5: 30 pm?

M: I'm afraid that'll be too late.

W: So when do you think we should leave?

M: Let's leave an hour earlier.

Text 6

M: I don't know how you can sit and do your homework here. It's so hot. Why don't you open the window? Can't it still be opened?

W: Oh, I fixed it yesterday. I just didn't notice. I was too busy working on my computer.

M: Well, I've come to borrow your table lamp. I still haven't got one and my room is really dark.

W: Well, that one won't help you. I knocked it over. It needs repairing.

Text 7

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/075242014012011302>