

江苏 2024 年小升初英语模拟测试卷含答案

一、语音和词汇。第 1-2 题从括号中选出划线部分读音与句中例词相同的单词，第 3 题选择正确的语调。(每小题 2 分)

读一读，选出正确的一项。

1. lesson

A.  

B.  

2. subway

A.  

B.  

3.

A. It's near the door.

B. It's near the door.

4.

A. I come on foot.

B. I come on foot.

5.

A. Come and have a look.

B. Come and have a look.

二、语音和词汇。根据句意和首字母提示，写出正确的单词，每空填一词。(每小题 2 分)

按要求写出单词的正确形式。

6. we(宾格)_____

7. get on(反义短语)_____

8. come(ing 形式)_____

9. let's(完全形式)_____

10. many(同义词)_____

11. right(对应词)_____

12. bus(复数形式)_____

13. come(第三人称单数形式)_____

14. you are(缩写)_____

15. watch(第三人称单数形式)_____

从框中圈出正确单词抄写在横线上，并判断与汉语意思是否相符。

16. euflytijgw _____ 跳跃
17. fgltaketyx _____ 带, 拿
18. ggreatbckl _____ 太好了, 好极了
19. aebwhyseiw _____ 怎么样
20. tupicnicbm _____ 风筝

单词拼写

21. 飞机 _____
22. 轮船 _____
23. 火车 _____
24. 骑车 _____
25. 给.....看 _____
26. 年幼的 _____
27. 篮子 _____
28. 酷 _____
29. 轮子 _____
30. 运输 _____

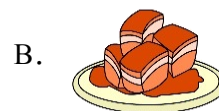
三、语音和词汇, 根据句意, 用括号中所给单词的正确形式填空, 每空填一词。(每小题 2 分)

31. Look! The bird are _____ (fly) in the sky.
32. He _____ (like) cars. He wants to be a _____ (drive).
33. I like _____ (watch) these TV shows very much.

四、选择填空。从 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

34. —What do they eat?

—Tigers eat meat.



35. My aunt has two children. They are my _____.

A. cousins

B. brothers

C. sisters

36. —_____ the weather like today?

—It's rainy.

A. What

B. What's

C. When's

37. We ____ a party yesterday.

A. have

B. had

C. having

38. Please _____. The library closes at 4:30.

A. show your card

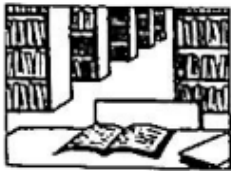
B. hurry

C. don't cross

单项选择。看图，读句子或对话，选答案。

39. —Do you have a_____?

—Yes, we can read books there.

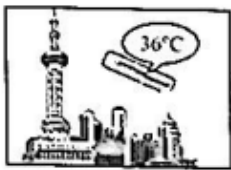


A. playground

B. music room

C. library

40. It's 36°C. It's_____ in Shanghai.



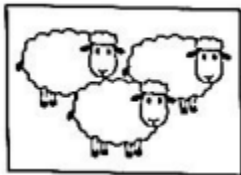
A. hot

B. warm

C. cool

41. —What are these?

—They're_____.



A. sheep

B. goats

C. horses

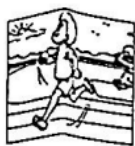
42. —Look at that shirt in the window. It's nice.

—Oh! It's 1,799 yuan. That's too_____. I can't take it.



- A. cheap B. expensive C. cute

43. It's time for . Let's jump and run.



- A. English class B. art class C. PE class

44. —What do you _____ the U.K.?

—I know the capital city of the U.K. is London.

- A. like to B. know about C. inside of



45. My brother is a _____.

- A. cook B. farmer C. driver

46. —I can't play football. — I can help you.

- A. No problem B. Wonderful C. Sure

五、翻译句子。根据所给中文，完成下列句子翻译。(共 4 小题；每小题 2 分，共 8 分)

Translate the following sentences into English.

47. 这家旅馆给顾客提供早餐。(provide)

48. 今天早上当我在操场，上散步时，我看到他在打篮球。(see)

49. —你明天打算做什么?

——我打算去上美术课。

50. —他怎么去上班?

——他骑自行车去上班。

51. 明天我要去买一些漫画书。(中译英)

六、口语运用。(共 2 小节; A 节每小题 1 分, B 节每空格 1 分, 共 13 分)

选内容补全对话/短文

- A. How old is she?
- B. He's my uncle.
- C. He is a driver.
- D. No, I don't have any sisters.
- E. How many cousins do you have?
- F. Yes, I have one sister.
- G. How are you?

Peter: Hello, Danny. Is this your family photo?

Danny: Yes. It's a photo of my family.

Peter: Who is the man?

Danny: 52.

Peter: What does your uncle do?

Danny: 53.

Peter: Do you have any sisters?

Danny: 54.

Peter: 55.

Danny: She is eight.

Peter: Is this your sister?

Danny: No, this is my cousin.

Peter: 56.

Danny: Three. Two girls and one boy.

选择合适的句子补全对话

- A. Great!
- B. What time is it?
- C. It's hot and sunny.
- D. No,you can't.
- E. Yes,you can.

Kitty: Hi, Dad. 57.

Dad:It's 11 o'clock.

Kitty: Can I go swimming now?

Dad: 58. It's rainy today.

Kitty: OK! Can I watch the weather report on TV?

Dad: 59. What's the weather like tomorrow(明天)?

Kitty: 60.

Dad: You can go swimming tomorrow.

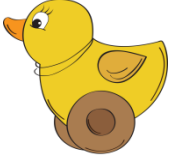
Kitty: 61.

七、阅读理解。(共3小节;每小题1分,共17分)

阅读理解。

Hello, I'm Lele. I have many animal toys. Look. I have a toy dog. It's brown. It has big ears. This is a toy duck. It's cute. And this is a toy cat. It's yellow. It has big eyes. And I have a toy panda. It's white and black. It has a big head. I love the toy monkey very much. It's too funny.

62. 找出 Lele 的动物玩具, 在对应图片括号内打"√"。

A.  () B.  () C.  () D.

 ()

E.  () F.  () G.  () H.

 ()

63. Lele has many ____.

- A. books B. toys C. birds

64. Lele's toy cat has big ____.

- A. eyes B. ears C. head

65. Lele's toy dog is ____.

C. Colours can't change our feelings.

阅读短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案。

First Man is a picture book. It tells the story of Yang Liwei and his trip to space.

As we all know, Yang Liwei is China's first astronaut to fly into space. Yang was born (出生) on June 21st, 1965 in the city of Huludao, Liaoning province. When he was 38 years old, he took Shenzhou-5 spaceship to space.

To help people get to know the Chinese space hero well and learn about his trip to space, the picture book was born. It is from Yang's autobiography (自传) *Long March to space*.

With great pictures and simple (简单的) words, the book tells an exciting story in an interesting way. From the book, we know that it is really hard for people to live in space. There is no gravity (重力) in space, so people don't feel comfortable (舒服的).

Wu Xiaoxi from the BSTP had the idea of writing such a picture book. "There is a surprise (惊喜) in the book for readers—a picture of a rabbit looking at the moon," Wu says. "China will send people to the moon by 2030. We hope to write nice picture books at that time."



73. The second paragraph (段) tells the ____ of Yang Liwei.

- ① job ② family ③ friends ④ hobbies ⑤ birthday ⑥

hometown

- A. ①②⑥ B. ①④⑤ C. ①⑤⑥ D. ②③⑥

74. The word "hard" in paragraph 4 means " ____ "

- A. easy B. useful C. exciting D. difficult

75. What is **NOT** right about *First Man*?

- A. It is a picture book.
B. It is from *Long March to space*.
C. It has great pictures and simple words.
D. Yang Liwei drew the pictures of this book.

76. What's the writer's purpose (目的) of writing this passage?

- A. To show China's space dream.
- B. To share a nice book about space.
- C. To tell the story of Shenzhou spaceship.
- D. To help people know more about Yang Liwei and his trip to space.

八、书面表达。(共 1 题；共 8 分)

77. Look and write. 根据图片提示，写单词或词组，将下列句子补充完整。



There are twenty students in my class.

We can do many things.

Eight students can

Twelve students can

Four students can

All students can

答案解析部分

【答案】1. A

2. B

3. B

4. A

5. B

【答案】6. us

7. get off

8. coming

9. let us

10. much

11. left

12. buses

13. comes

14. you're

15. watches

【答案】16. fly, 不相符

17. take, 相符

18. great, 相符

19. why, 不相符

20. picnic, 不相

【答案】21. plane

22. ship

23. train

24. ride

25. show

26. young

27. basket

28. cool

29. wheel

30. transport

31. 【答案】 flying

32. 【答案】 likes; driver

33. 【答案】 watching/to watch

34. 【答案】 B

35. 【答案】 A

36. 【答案】 B

37. 【答案】 B

38. 【答案】 B

【答案】 39. C

40. A

41. A

42. B

43. C

44. 【答案】 B

45. 【答案】 C

46. 【答案】 A

【答案】 47. This hotel provides breakfast for customers.

48. When I walked on the playground, I saw him playing basketball.

49. 【答案】 ——What are you going to do tomorrow?

——I am going to have an art class.

50. 【答案】 —How does he go to work?—He goes to work by bike.

51. 【答案】 I'm going to buy some comic book tomorrow.

【答案】 52. B; 53. C; 54. F; 55. A; 56. E

【答案】 57. B; 58. D; 59. E; 60. C; 61. A

【答案】 62. E C D G F

63. B

64. A

65. C

66. A

67. C

【答案】68. C

69. B

70. C

71. C

72. A

【答案】73. C

74. D

75. C

76. B

77. 【答案】Eight students can play the pipa.

Twelve students can draw cartoons/pictures.

Four students can dance.

All students can play football.

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一、语音和词汇。第 1-2 题从括号中选出划线部分读音与句中例词相同的单词，第 3 题选择正确的语调。（每小题 2 分）

读一读，选出正确的一项。

1. lesson

A. 

B. 

2. subway

A. 

B. 

3.

A. It's near the door.

B. It's near the door.

4.

A. I come on foot.

B. I come on foot.

5.

A. Come and have a look.

B. Come and have a look.

二、语音和词汇。根据句意和首字母提示，写出正确的单词，每空填一词。(每小题 2 分)

6. My mom _____ me a _____ dress.(妈妈送给我一件漂亮的连衣裙)

从框中圈出正确单词抄写在横线上，并判断与汉语意思是否相符。

7. e u f l y t i j g w _____ 跳跃

8. f g l t a k e t y x _____ 带, 拿

9. g g r e a t b c k l _____ 太好了, 好极了

10. a e b w h y s e i w _____ 怎么样

11. t u p i c n i c b m _____ 风筝

Read and write. 奇奇和妙妙正在了解其他同学们小报上的计划。根据图片和首字母提示，补全大家的活动安排。

12. Congcong is going to buy a d _____ this afternoon.



13. Jack and Peter are going to v _____ their friend on Sunday.



14. Alice wants to look for some beautiful p _____ from the post office.



15. Tiantian must do homework t _____ because she is busy tomorrow.



16. Lily has lots of c _____ b _____ about space. She likes reading them.



三、语音和词汇，根据句意，用括号中所给单词的正确形式填空，每空填一词。
(每小题 2 分)

17. Look! The bird are _____(fly) in the sky.
18. He _____(like) cars. He wants to be a _____(drive).
19. I like _____ a horse. Last winter holiday, I _____ a horse on the farm.(ride)

四、选择填空。从 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

20. —How about _____ a rest now? What would you like?
—OK. I'd like two _____ of _____.
- A. to have; glass; juices
- B. having; bottles; juice
- C. having; glasses; juices
21. What is at the southwest corner of Third Street and Market Street?



- A. community center
- B. station
- C. forest
- D. museum
22. _____ is the weather in Shenzhen?
- A. How
- B. What
- C. Which
23. He went into the zoo and _____ some monkeys in the tree.

A. see

B. seeing

C. sees

D. saw

24. Let's wait for_____.

A. rainy

B. rainy days

读句子，根据图片情境选择正确的选项。

25. The computer is _____ the desk.

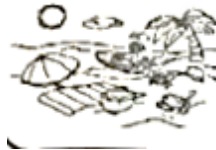


A. in

B. on

C. under

26. _____ is my favourite season.



A. Winter

B. Autumn

C. Summer

27. It's 7:00. It's time to _____.



A. get up

B. go to bed

C. go home

28. The boy is _____ than the girl.



A. heavier

B. shorter

C. thinner

29. The children are in the _____.



A. bedroom

B. living room

C. bathroom

30. I got a _____ from my pen pal.



A. dictionary

B. word book

C. postcard

31. —How do you come to school?

—I live near school, so I often come to school ____.

- A. by foot B. on foot C. by underground

32. *Wild China* belongs to ____.

- A. documentaries B. talk shows C. comedies D. soap operas

33. —He is talking in the library.

— ____

- A. Talk quietly.
B. Keep your desk clean.
C. No eating!

34. —____ my picture? —It's near the blackboard.

- A. What's B. Where's C. Where

五、翻译句子。根据所给中文，完成下列句子翻译。（共 4 小题；每小题 2 分，共 8 分）

35. 对比过去与现在的变化情况：

(1)

以前我很安静。现在我在课堂上很活跃。

(2)

我以前个子小，自行车骑得不好。现在我天天骑车。

36. —你们明天打算在课上做什么？

—我们要到人民公园去画画。

37. 我和我的朋友有不同的暑假计划。

My friends and I have different _____ the summer _____.

38. 迈克将会回伦敦。

六、口语运用。（共 2 小节；A 节每小题 1 分，B 节每空格 1 分，共 13 分）

朋友 Mike 来 Sam 家做客。选择合适的选项补全对话。

Sam: 39. _____

Mike: Thank you. Your home is big and beautiful.

Sam: Let's play with my ball in the living room. Oh, no! 40. _____

Mum: Look in your bedroom.

Sam: No, it's not here.

Mum: 41.

Sam: No, I can not find it here.

Mike: Listen! 42.

Sam: Let me open the door.

Cat: Miaow.

Sam: Oh! 43.

A. My cat is here with the ball.

B. Welcome to my home.

C. Who is in the bathroom?

D. Where is my ball?

E. Is it under the table?

情景交际，读对话，选择正确的选项。

A. Yes, you can.

B. Yes, it is.

C. Have some bread.

D. What's the weather like?

E. What time is it, mum?

Mum: Honey, it's time to get up.

Linda: 44.

Mum: It's 8 o'clock. Hurry up!

Linda: OK! 45.

Mum: It's cool.

Linda: Is it windy?

Mum: 46.

Linda: Can I go outside and fly a kite?

Mum: 47.

Linda: Great!

Mum: Breakfast is ready. 48.

Linda: Yum! Thanks, mum!

七、阅读理解。(共3小节;每小题1分,共17分)

天天发现了一张藏宝图,他找到了什么宝藏呢?阅读故事,完成下列任务。

主题:生活与学习一个人生活

语篇类型:记叙文

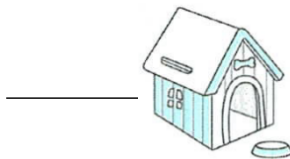
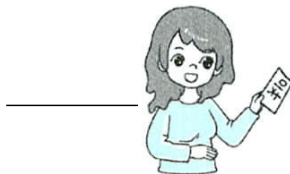
One day, Tiantian has a dream. In the dream, a pirate (海盗) gives him a treasure map (藏宝图). Then he wakes up (醒来) and draws it. He is excited and goes to look for the treasure.

"Let me have a look. I'm here. First, go straight for 80 metres," Tiantian looks at the map and says. Then he goes to a dog's house. The dog barks. He is afraid and he runs fast. "Turn right at the dog's house and go straight. There are six big apple trees. The treasure is under one of them."

Tiantian digs and digs. He finds nothing but a small dog bone. He's tired and sad.

At that time, his mum comes, "Thank you, Tiantian. I just want to plant something. Here's ten yuan for you."

49. (新考法·图文转换) 根据故事的发展顺序,用数字给下列图片排序。



50. The pirate draws a treasure map for Tiantian.

51. Tiantian goes straight for eighty metres and he goes to a dog's house.

52. Turn left at the dog's house and go straight. Tiantian can find six big apple trees.

53. Tiantian finds 10 yuan in a treasure box.

根据短文内容，从每题所给的四个选项中选出正确选项。

When taking an elevator, do you often push the "close" button? You hope by pushing it, the elevator door will close faster. But what if the button was actually fake?

The former director of the National Elevator Industry, Karen Penafiel, said that elevators' "close" buttons are a complete trick, and that doors will not close any faster no matter how hard you push.

In the 1990s, a law called the "Accessibility Act" was passed. It means all elevators have to stay open long enough to allow disabled people to enter. Only firefighters and elevator workers can really use the buttons with special keys.

But the buttons aren't completely useless. According to psychologists, fake buttons can make you feel better. They give you a sense of control that can help reduce stress. That's why some other buttons in our lives are fake, too.

For example, many offices have fake thermostats. People may feel better when they think they can control the temperature in their workspace. You were told that traffic light buttons could help make traffic signals change faster. But they may not really work either.

However, even when people know these little "white lies", they still push fake buttons. As long as the doors finally close, it seems worthwhile.

John Kounios is a psychology professor at a university. He said he always pushes the traffic light buttons. "After all, I've got nothing else to do while waiting. So why not push the button on the off chance that this one will work?"

54. Why do some people push the "close" button in an elevator?

- A. To make the elevator door close faster.
- B. To ensure the doors close on time.
- C. To open the doors for disabled people.
- D. To reduce stress.

55. According to Karen Penafiel, ____.

- A. elevators' "close" buttons don't really work
- B. elevators are of poor quality

- C. using an elevator may not save your time
 - D. the "close" button of an elevator only works when you push it hard
56. Which of the following is NOT true about elevators?
- A. They were mentioned in the Accessibility Act.
 - B. All elevator doors stay open long enough for disabled people to enter.
 - C. Only firefighters and elevator workers can really use the "close" buttons.
 - D. Elevator manufacturers will not put "close" buttons on the elevators.
57. Psychologists think that fake buttons ____.
- A. don't help in our daily lives
 - B. give people a sense of control
 - C. may make people feel unsafe
 - D. can stress people out
58. What do the examples of the traffic light buttons talk about?
- A. It is important to make traffic light buttons work.
 - B. Many fake buttons are useless in our daily lives.
 - C. Fake buttons can help people psychologically.
 - D. Pushing a traffic light button is an exciting activity.

阅读下面短文，选出最佳答案。

Popular Songs Have Become Simpler and More Repetitive Over Time

Popular songs have long had a hook, a brief line or melodic phrase that's catchy and repeated. But recent research shows that over time, song lyrics (歌词), or the words of a song, have become simpler and more repetitive.

Researchers used AI (artificial intelligence) and machine learning to look for patterns in popular music. They examined songs with English lyrics in the following musical genres -- pop, rock, rap, R&B, and country -- that were released (发行) between 1970 and 2020. In March, they said

they had found that lyrics have evolved (演变) over the decades. Older tunes used longer words and a wider range of them, while newer songs repeated lines more often.

Why is that? Some think the more musical options available today leaves us wanting songs that are easier to process. Others point out that complexity (复杂) isn't the same thing as

quality, so older songs aren't necessarily better.

59. What is a "hook" in a popular song?

- A. A complex instrument section.
- B. A repeated drumbeat.
- C. The introduction of a song.
- D. A brief catchy line or melodic phrase.

60. What have researchers found about song lyrics over time?

- A. Lyrics have become longer and more complex.
- B. Lyrics have become simpler and more repetitive.
- C. Lyrics have stayed the same over the years.
- D. Lyrics have evolved to use fewer instruments.

61. How did researchers analyze song lyrics in their study?

- A. By using AI and machine learning.
- B. By manually reading all lyrics.
- C. By conducting interviews with songwriters.
- D. By comparing hit songs to understand music.

62. How many musical genres did the researchers examine?

- A. Three.
- B. Five.
- C. Seven.
- D. Nine.

63. What do some scientists argue about the complexity of older songs?

- A. Complexity means better quality.
- B. Simplicity is more creative.
- C. Complexity doesn't necessarily mean better quality.
- D. Older songs are overrated.

八、书面表达。(共 1 题; 共 8 分)

64. Look and write.

请你劳动 John 写一篇上周六的微博。



John 微博数 15 评论 30 粉丝 45

答案解析部分

【答案】1. A

2. B

3. B

4. A

5. B

6. 【答案】 gives; beautiful

【答案】 7. fly, 不相符

8. take, 相符

9. great, 相符

10. why, 不相符

11. picnic, 不相

【答案】 12. dictionary

13. visit

14. postcards

15. tonight

16. comic; books

17. 【答案】 flying

18. 【答案】 likes; driver

19. 【答案】 riding/to ride; rode

20. 【答案】 B

21. 【答案】 D

22. 【答案】 A

23. 【答案】 D

24. 【答案】 B

【答案】 25. B

26. C

27. A

28. A

29. B

30. C

31. 【答案】 B

32. 【答案】 A

33. 【答案】 A

34. 【答案】 B

35. 【答案】 (1) Before I was quiet. Now I am active in class.

(2) Before I was short and couldn't ride a bike well. Now I ride a bike every day.

36. 【答案】 ——What are you going to do in class tomorrow?

——We are going to the People Park to draw pictures.

37. 【答案】 plans; for; holiday

38. 【答案】 Mike will go back to London.

【答案】 39. B; 40. D; 41. E; 42. C; 43. A

【答案】 44. E; 45. D; 46. B; 47. A; 48. C

【答案】 49. 3; 2; 4; 1

50. 错误

51. 正确

52. 错误

53. 错误

【答案】 54. A

55. A

56. D

57. B

58. C

【答案】 59. D

60. B

61. A

62. B

63. C

64. 【答案】 It was Saturday. I didn't go to school, so I did housework at home and went to

outside. I swept the floor in my room. It was clean. Then, I went to swimming in the pool. I also played football with my friend together. It was a happy day.

江苏 2024 年小升初英语模拟测试卷含答案

一、语音和词汇。第 1-2 题从括号中选出划线部分读音与句中例词相同的单词，第 3 题选择正确的语调。(每小题 2 分)

判断下列连读标注是否正确。

1. Don't go at a red light.
2. I have lots of pictures of bikes.
3. You must drive slowly.
4. Look at the blackboard.

二、语音和词汇。根据句意和首字母提示，写出正确的单词，每空填一词。(每小题 2 分)

按要求完成下列各题。

5. get on(反义短语) _____
6. right(反义词) _____
7. next to(近义词) _____
8. light(复数) _____
9. take a bus(近义短语) _____
10. ask(第三人称单数) _____
11. city(复数) _____
12. zoo(复数) _____
13. policeman(复数) _____
14. get(动名词) _____

Choose and write 根据图片选出正确的字母组合成单词，并写在四线三格中。

15.

ch
th

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unk
ink

 → _____
16.

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pl

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ark

 → _____

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