# 2022年中国银行总行招聘考试笔试试题及答案

第一部分:英语能力测试

一、阅读理解

Passage 1

The angry woman stood on the station platform (月台). "The railway should pay me £14," she said to Tony Jenks, the man in the booking office. "My ticket was for June 26th, and there was no ship from Jersey that night. My daughter and I had to stay in a hotel. It cost me £14." Tony was worried. He remembered selling the woman a return ticket. "Come into the office, madam," he said politely. "I' 11 just check the Jersey timetable for June 26th." The woman and her little girl followed him inside. She was quite right, as Tony soon discovered. There was no ship sailing on June 26th. How had he made such a careless mistake? Not knowing what to do, he smiled at the child. "You look sunburned (晒黑的)," he said to "Did you have a nice holiday in Jersey?" "Yes," she answered shyly. "The her. beach was lovely. And I could swim too!" "That's fine," said Tony. "My little girl can't swim a bit yet. Of course, she's only three ..... "I'm four," the child said proudly. "I' 11 soon be four and a half." Tony turned to the mother. "I remember your ticket, madam," he said. "But you didn't get one for your daughter, did you?" "Er, well....." the woman looked at the child, "I mean she hasn't started school yet. She's only four." "A four-year-old child must have a ticket, madam. A child's return ticket to Jersey costs - let me see -

 $\pm 15.50$ . So if you want the railway to pay  $\pm 14$  for your hotel, you will have to

pay the railway £15.50 first. The law is the law, but since the fault was mine....."

The woman stood up, took the child's hand and left the office.

- 1. A return ticket is a ticket that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. allows a passenger to travel to a place
  - B. one buys when one returns
  - C. must be returned if one wants to get his money back

D. allows a passenger to travel to a place and return later

- 2. The man in the booking office mentioned the child's ticket in order to
  - A. send the woman away
  - B. get back £15.50
  - C. say sorry to the woman
  - D. make clear the importance of the law
- 3. According to the railway law, a child \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - A. must have a ticket just like a grown-up
  - B. can not travel without a ticket
  - C. below the age of four can travel without a ticket
  - D. can travel with grown-ups without a ticket
- 4. At last the woman got \_\_\_\_\_\_ from the railway booking office.
  - A. £15.50
  - B. £1.50
  - C. £14
  - D. nothing
- 5. According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE?
  - A. After checking the timetable Tony found there was a ship from Jersey on June

26th.

B. Tony said sorry to the woman and paid her  $\pm 14$ .

C. The woman did not travel at all to Jersey with her daughter to spend her holiday.

D. It was clear that the woman was not honest.

答案: DACDD

#### Passage 2

Throughout history, people had dreamed about joining England and France together. Even Napoleon had a plan to dig a tunnel (隧道) and reach England. One of the first people who tried to dig a tunnel under the Channel was a French engineer called Albert Mathieu. His tunnel failed.

In 1881, Colonel Beamont and Captain English from Britain also tried to dig a tunnel. Their tunnel went six kilometers into the Channel. Queen Victoria stopped them and said it was dangerous to connect with France. It was a very good tunnel, and it is still there today.

The new tunnel (ready in 1993) is, in fact, three tunnels-two for trains and a "service tunnel" for fresh air to go in and for men who take care of the tunnels. The tunnels are fifty kilometers long, forty meters under water. Forty kilometers of tunnel are under the sea itself. They are the longest undersea tunnels in the world. Trains travel through the tunnels at 160 km/h. People drive their cars onto trains and the trains take them through the tunnel. Each train takes 1,500 people and there are trains every ten minutes.

A special radio station called Channel Channel has started, because it is impossible to receive normal radio signals (信号) when you are under the sea. The station sends news to keep people up-to-date with the "world outside" while they are in the tunnel.

### 6. What was people's dream about England and France?

B. Napoleon could dig a tunnel for A. Napoleon could reach England.

them.

C. Albert Mathieu would succeed. D. England and France could be joined

together.

- 7. Which is TRUE about the tunnel building in 1881?
  - A. The tunnel went six kilometers from France.
  - B. Tunnel-building was a dangerous job.

- C. The old tunnel is still under the sea.
- D. The queen agreed to the digging plan.
- 8. What's the traveling like in the tunnel?
  - A. Trains and cars can travel at 160 km/h.
  - B. People can travel by trains through two tunnels.
  - C. It takes ten minutes to go through the tunnel by train.
  - D. People can drive their cars or take trains through the tunnel.
- 9. Channel Channel has started to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. tell people what the date is B. send news about people in the tunnel

C. tell people news about the outside world D. receive radio signals of the outside world

10. The passage mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

A. the history of the Channel tunnel B. the importance of the Channel tunnel

C. it's hard work to dig an undersea tunnel D. the people who tried to dig the Channel tunnel

答案: D C B C A

#### Passage 3

Opportunities for rewarding work become fewer for both men and women as they grow older. After age 40, job hunting becomes even more difficult. Many workers stay at jobs they are too old for rather than face possible rejection. Our youth-oriented,

throw-away culture sees little value in older people. In writer Lilian Hellman's words, they have "the wisdom that comes with age that we can't make use of." Unemployment and economic need for work is higher among older women, especially minorities, than among younger white women. A national council reports these findings: Though unemployed longer when seeking work, older women job-hunt harder, hold a job longer with less absenteeism (缺勤), perform as well or better, are more reliable, and are more willing to learn than men or younger women. Yet many older women earn poor pay and face a future of poverty in their retirement years. When "sexism meets ageism, poverty is no longer on the doorstep - it moves in," according to Tish Sommers, director of a special study on older women for the National Organization for Women.

Yet a 1981 report on the White House Conference on Aging shows that as a group, older Americans are the "wealthiest, best fed, best housed, healthiest, most self-reliant older population in our history." This statement is small comfort to those living below the poverty line, but it does explode some of the old traditional beliefs and fears. Opportunities for moving in and up in a large company may shrink but many older people begin successful small businesses, volunteer in satisfying activities, and stay active for many years. They have few role models because in previous generations the life span was much shorter and expectations of life were fewer. They are ploughing new ground.

Employers are beginning to recognize that the mature person can bring a great deal of stability and responsibility to a position. One doesn't lose ability and experience on the eve of one's 65th or 70th birthday any more than one grows up instantly at age 21. (348 words)

11. After the age of 40, \_\_\_\_\_.

A. most workers are tired of their present jobs

- B. many workers tend to stick to their present jobs
- C. people find their jobs more rewarding than before
- D. people still wish to hunt for more suitable jobs
- 12. From Hellman's remark, we can see that

A. full use has been made of the wisdom of older people

B. the wisdom of older people is not valued by American society

C. older people are no less intelligent than young people

D. the wisdom of older people is of great value to American society

13. Tish Sommers argues that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. older women find it hard to escape poverty

B. older women usually perform better in their jobs

- C. the major cause of the poverty of older women is sexism
- D. more people have come to believe in sexism and ageism
- 14. According to the third paragraph, it can be seen that older Americans \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. have more job opportunities than young people
- B. live below the poverty line

C. have new opportunities to remain active in society

D. no longer believe in the promise of a happy life upon retirement

15. It can be concluded from the passage that the writer \_\_\_\_\_.

A. calls attention to the living conditions of older Americans

B. believes that the value of older people is gaining increasing recognition

C. attempts to justify the youth-oriented, throw-away culture of the United States

D. argues people should not retire at the age of 65 or 70

答案: BBACB

### 二、完型填空

Mark Twain (马克. 吐温), a famous\_1\_ writer, liked to play jokes on others. But once on him a joke was played. One day Mark Twain\_ 2\_ to give a talk in a small town. At lunch he met a young man, one of his friends. The young man said that he had an uncle with him. He told Mark Twain that his uncle never laughed\_\_3\_\_ smiled and that nobody and \_\_\_\_\_ 4\_\_\_ was able to make his uncle smile or laugh. "You\_\_\_ 5\_\_\_ your uncle to my talk tonight, " said Mark Twain, "I' m sure I can make him laugh." That evening the young man and his uncle sat\_\_\_6\_. Mark Twain began to speak. He told several funny stories. This made everyone in the hall laugh. \_\_\_7\_\_ the old

man never ever smiled. Mark Twain told more funny stories, but the old man still kept quiet. Finally Mark Twain stopped. He was quite\_\_ 8\_\_ . Several days later, Mark Twain told another friend\_\_\_9\_\_ his about what had happened that night. "Oh, " said his friend, "I know about that old man. He\_10\_ deaf for years." (190)

1,

A. America

- B. American
- C. Americanism
- D. Americana

2,

- A. invited
- B. were invited
- C. was invited
- D. had been invited

# 3,

- A. and
- B. so
- C. but
- D. or

## 4,

- A. anything
- B. nothing
- C. something
- D. everything

5,

A. take

## B. fetch

C. bring

# D. carry

# 6,

A. in a front

## B. in front

## C. in the front of

D. in front of

# 7、

A. Since

B. But

C. While

D. So

# 8,

- A. disappoint
- B. disappointing
- C. disappointment
- D. disappointed

## 9,

A. of

B. from

C. in

D. among

10,

A. be

B. had been

C. has been

D. was

## 答案: BCDBC BBDAC

三、字词理解

1. My roommate lost a lot of weight \_\_\_\_\_ every day.

A. to exercise B. with exercise C. for exercise D. by exercising

答案: D

2. It was Smith who called while I was out.

A. no other but B. no other than

C. no one than D. none other than

答案: D

3. We students should learn to be good citizens. A crime may \_\_\_\_ cause lifelong regret.

A. however B. otherwise C. necessarily D. absolutely 答案: A

4. As it turned out to be a small house party, we so

formally.

A. need not have dressed up B. must not have dressed up

C. did not need to dress up D. must not dress up

#### 答案: A

5. You cannot be \_\_\_\_\_ careful when you drive a car.

A. very B. so C. too D. enough

答案: A

6. Amoebas are small to be seen without a microscope.

A. far too B. far and C. so far D. as far as

答案: A

- 7. The nectarine is a fruit \_\_\_\_\_ like a peach.
- A. as B. much C. and D. to

答案: B

8. \_\_\_\_ kinds of dinosaurs were dying out all through the

Age of Reptiles is true.

A. Some B. Some were C. When some D. That some

答案: D

9. The physicist has made a discovery, \_\_\_\_\_of great

importance to the progress of sci-ence and technology.

A. I think which is B. that I think is

C. which I think is D. which I think it is

答案: B

10. He noticed the helicopter hovering over the field. Then

to his astonishment, he saw a rope ladder\_\_\_\_\_out

and three men climbing down it.

A. throwing B. being thrown

C. having thrown D. having been thrown

答案: B

11. \_\_\_\_\_ this instrument should have put its work permit number on the box.

A. Who checked B. Whoever inspected

C. No matter who examined D. Those who estimates

答案: B

12. \_\_\_\_\_to blame for the many troubles you have encountered.

A. It is notIwhoam B. It is notIthatis

C. It is not me who am D. It is not me that is

答案: A

13. I am sure I can help you find \_\_\_\_\_ bed for your new house, but now I' m heading

for

а

hed and good sleep

答案: B

14. \_\_\_\_\_ the silkworm produces a fluid internally and then

forces it out through tiny holes in its body.

A. It makes silk and B. Having made silk

C. Silk is made by D. To make silk

### 答案: D

15. The drink taste a little \_\_\_\_\_ to me.

A. strong B. strongly C. so strong D. too much strong 答案: D

16. are fed into a tape-recorder, they magnetize the

particles on the tape in varying patterns.

A. When electric waves B. Electric waves

C. Electric waves that D. Because of electric waves

答案: A

17. Time should be made good use \_\_\_\_ our lessons well.

A. of to learn B. of learning C. to learn D. to learning

答案: D

18. Two of the notebooks \_\_\_\_\_ Tom had lost on the bus were returned to the main desk at his dormitory.

> C. who B. which A. what D. whose

#### 答案: B

19. They arrived there at last, \_\_\_\_. C. being tired and hungry A. was tired and hungry C. tired and hungry D. tiredly and hungrily 答案: A 20.--- What was the party like?

---Wonderful . It's years \_\_\_\_ I enjoyed myself so much.

A. before B. after C. when D. since

答案: A

### 第二部分:行政能力测试

一、言语理解与体现

1. 下列各句中没有语病的一句是: ( )

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