UNIT3FOOD AND CULTURE

Learning About Language



过去完成时及其被动语态







Part1

过去完成时

Translate the following sentences and pay attention to The Past Perfect Tense

Before he returned to England, My friend, Andrew, had lived in a foreign country for many years. Also, he had dreamed of retiring in England and had planned to settle down in the countryside.

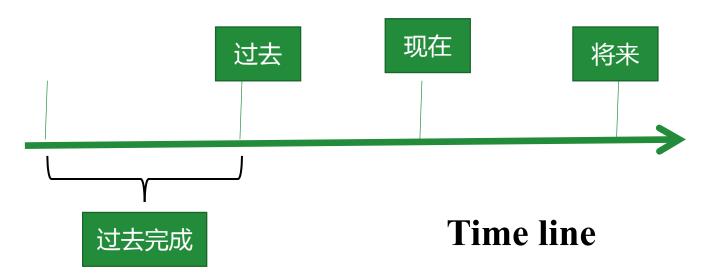
在回到英国之前,我朋友安德鲁,已在国外生活了多年,他也梦想着退休以后到英国,并计划在乡村定居下来。

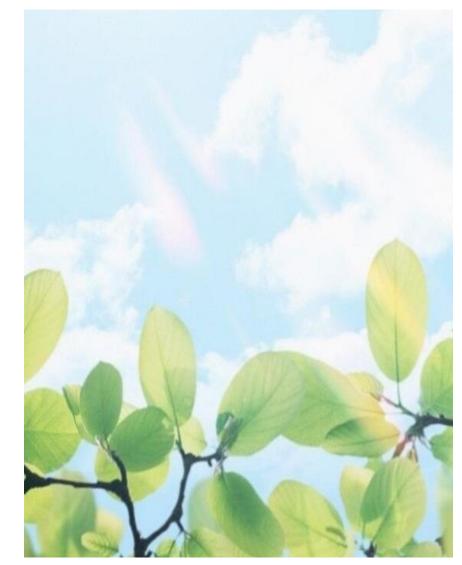
had lived had dreamed had planned



returned

过去完成时 had+过去分词 表示过去的过去

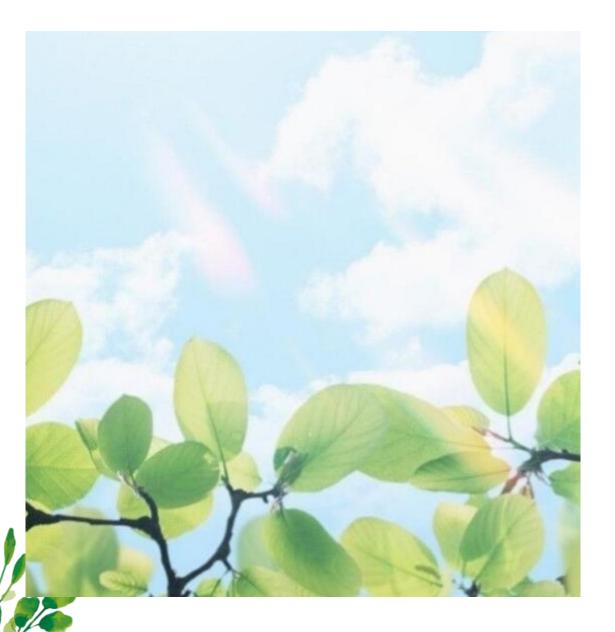






Shehad learned English before she came to Britain. 她在来英国以前已学过英语了。 By the end of last mnonth, we had finished half of the projed 到上个月底为止,我们已经完成了一半的工程。 How many English words had you learnt by the end of last term? 到上学期末你学了多少个英语单词? How long had Mr. Brown lived in the south before he came here? 来这儿以前布朗先生在南方住了多久? Mark was disappointed that when he got the station the train had already <u>left</u>. 马克非常失望,当他到达车站时,火车已经开走了。 Tom <u>ran</u> away because he <u>had broken</u> the window. 汤姆跑了,因为他打破了窗户。

conclusion1



1. 表示在过去某一时间之前已经完成的动作

过去完成时可以表示在过去某一时间或动作之的已完成的动作。 这个过去的时间常用by介词短语或before引导的时间状语从句来表示,也可以从一个表示过去的动作或下文中得到提示。

Translation



She had worked for twelve hours by 8:00 p.m.

到晚上8点钟,她已经工作12个小时了。

My elder sister had worked in the company for ten years before she changed her job.

在换工作之前,我姐姐已经在那家公司工作了10年。

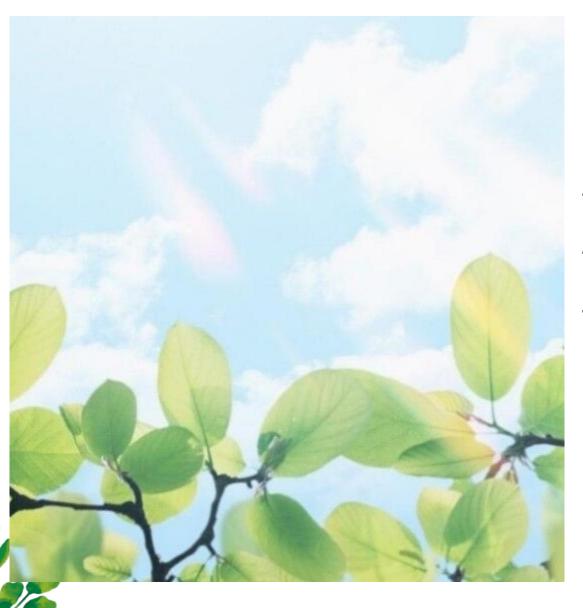
He had been ill for a week when he was sent to hospital.

当他被送进医院就医时,他已经病了一个星期了。

I had worked in a car factory for two years <u>before</u> I came her 我来这儿之前已在一家汽车厂工作了两年。



conclusion2



2. 表示动作一直持续到过去某一时间

过去完成时可以表示<u>从过去某一时间</u> 开始一直延续到过去另一时间的动作 或状态。主句中常含有for引出的"时 间段"状语。 They <u>had wanted</u> to help but could not get here in time. 他们本想来帮忙,但未及时赶到。

I <u>had intended</u> to come over to see you, but was prevented from doing so. 我原打算过来看你,但受阻未成。

I had hoped to see her again, but I couldn't.

我本希望再见她一面,但我没能做到。

Monica had meant to have a birthday party but no one came.

莫尼卡本想举办生日聚会,但是没有人来。

They had planned to go on an outing yesterday, but it was raining.

他们本计划昨天去远足,可是一直下雨。

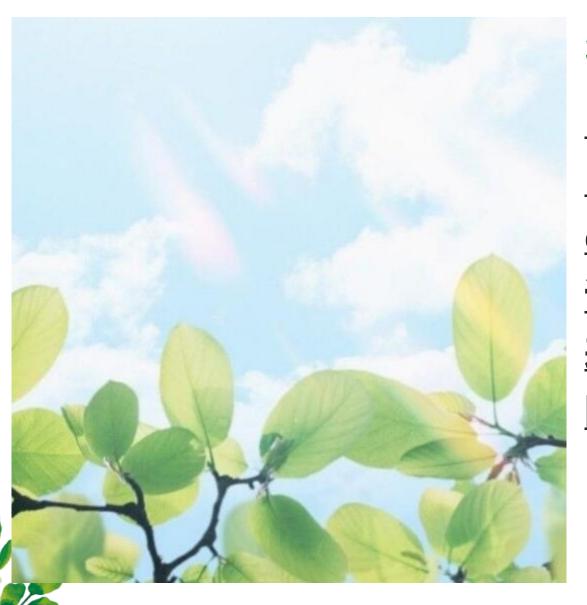
He had thought to send for a doctor.

他本想派人去请医生。

I had expected to speak but time didn't permit.

我本想发言,但是时间不允许。

conclusion3



3. 用来表示未曾实现的愿望或打算

hope,wish,plan,want,mean, intend,attempt,suppose think, expect等表示"打算、计划、希望、 试图、认为"等的词后,用过去完成时 表示过去未曾实现的愿望、打算或意 图等。指后面不定式的动作未曾实现。

过去完成时的特殊用法





4.特殊句式 hardly / scarcely / just...when..., no sooner... than..., 表示"white it is a sooner...", 主句用过去完成时,从句用一般过去时。当否定副词 hardly , scarcely , no sooner位于句首时,主句采用部分倒装。

I had hardly left the room when the telephone rang.

He had just gone to sleep when the phone rang.

Scarcely had the sick baby seen the nurse when she began to cry.

No sooner had she arrived than she devoted herself to her research.

5.It/That/This was the first/second/third time that + 过去完成时

这个句式用来表达在过去某一个时间之前某人的经历。主句用一般过去时(was), that从句用过去完成时。

It was the first time that little Franz had listened so attentively. 那是小弗朗士第一次如此用心地听讲。



6.过去完成时还经常用于定语从句中,说明定语从句的动作或状态早于主句发生

He apologized to the people who had been affected. 他向受到影响的人道歉了。

Nancy, who had been thoughtful for some time, suddenly spoke.南希沉思了一会儿,突然开口说话了。

The temple which had lain at the top of the hill disappeared. 曾经位于山顶的那座庙不见了。

It was a question that had fascinated him since he was a boy. 这是他自幼就着迷的问题。





Part2

过去完成时的被动语态





01/

肯定句式:主语 + had been + 过去分词.

The room had been painted twice before she lived. 这个房间在她住之前已经被油漆过两次。

02/

否定句式:主语 + had not been + 过去分词.

The room had not been painted before she lived. 这个房间在她住之前没有被油漆过。

03/

一般疑问句式:Had + 主语 + been + 过去分词?

Had the room been painted before she lived? 这个房间在她住之前被油漆过吗?



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