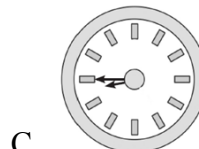
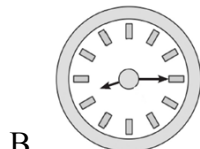
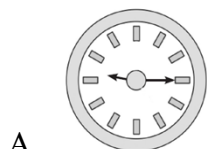


Module 2 综合素质评价

第一部分 听力 (共四大题, 满分20 分)

I. 短对话理解(共5 小题; 每小题1 分, 满分5 分)

() 1. What time does Danny begin his first morning lesson?



() 2. What will the speakers probably do after school?



() 3. What does Jack think of maths?

A. Exciting.

B. Interesting.

C. Easy.

() 4. Which subject is Tom good at?

A. Chinese.

B. English.

C. Maths.

() 5. Where does the dialogue probably happen?

A. At a bookshop.

B. In the main hall.

C. In a library.

II. 长对话理解(共5 小题; 每小题1 分, 满分5 分)

听下面一段对话, 回答第6、7 题。

() 6. Who will the man probably buy books for?

A. His daughter.

B. His wife.

C. His son.

() 7. How much will he pay if he buys two books?

A. 4 dollars.

B. 8 dollars.

C. 16 dollars.

听下面一段对话, 回答第8 至10 题。

() 8. Where are the speakers going?

A. To the drawing room.

B. To the computer room.

C. To the music room.

() 9. What's the girl's favourite subject?

A. It's art. B. It's maths. C. It's music.

() 10. How often does the boy want to practice drawing?

- A. Twice a week.
- B. Three times a week.
- C. Five times a week.

III. 短文理解(共5 小题; 每小题1 分, 满分5 分)

() 11. What does Steven King want to do?

- A. To have a maths teacher.
- B. To have a penfriend.
- C. To have a girlfriend.

() 12. Where does Steven King live?

- A. In a small town in the north of England.
- B. In a big city in the north of England.
- C. In a small village in the north of England.

() 13. How many people are there in Steven King's family?

- A. 4. B. 5. C. 6.

() 14. What does Steven King hate doing?

- A. Doing homework.
- B. Getting up early.
- C. Wearing the tie.

() 15. Which team is Steven King on?

- A. The school football team.
- B. The school chess team.
- C. The school basketball team.

IV. 信息转换(共5 小题, 每小题1 分, 满分5 分)

Come to Our Fantastic Summer Camp	
How long	You will spend 16._____ days with other campers.
What to enjoy	You can 17._____ the beauty of the countryside.

out in 14 countries 39 that even just having a phone nearby can be distracting (使人分心的).

The report suggests that the best way to learn is still to work closely with 40 at school. Working with other classmates also helps students learn. UNESCO says that most schools should spend more money on things like books, classrooms, and teachers.

- () 31. A. common B. strange C. special D. good
- () 32. A. care for B. search for C. pay for D. wait for
- () 33. A. less B. more C. worse D. better
- () 34. A. speech B. magazine C. news D. report
- () 35. A. boring B. interesting C. careful D. possible
- () 36. A. attention B. energy C. time D. interest
- () 37. A. chat B. write C. learn D. play
- () 38. A. exactly B. easily C. nearly D. generally
- () 39. A. left B. showed
C. advised D. encouraged
- () 40. A. families B. friends C. teachers D. classmates

VII. 补全对话, 其中有一项多余(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

A: 41. _____

B: Yes, I think so. What's up?

A: What about going to the movies this weekend?

B: 42. _____

A: Why?

B: I got a C in the last English exam and my parents were very angry with me. 43. _____

A: I think you should practice reading English in the morning every day. And try to listen to English songs and watch English videos.

B: Good idea. 44. _____

A: You can study English by making word cards and asking the teacher for help.

B: That's great. 45. _____ Thank you very much.

A: You're welcome.

A. I don't know what to do.

- C. To help children get a good education.
- D. To help people with serious diseases.

() 48. If you want to get tickets, what can you do?

- A. Go to School's Club.
- B. Call 01484 689996.
- C. Call Hannah Bamforth.
- D. Visit *www.kids4kid.co.uk*.

B

There are over 800 boarding schools in the UK with students from home and foreign countries. Boarding schools started hundreds of years ago in the country. The earliest boarding schools were set up for white, rich boys only.

In the UK, boarding schools have three terms in a school year, with about 13 weeks in each term. Students study and live together. They can't go outside if they are not allowed to. Each student has his or her subject plan. Most boarding schools have a "light out" time. So when it's time to go to bed, all the lights in the bedrooms are turned off. The house-masters can take care of students all the time, especially after school hours.

Nearly all the students at boarding schools wear a school uniform. Boys usually wear a shirt and a tie, and girls wear a white blouse, sometimes also a tie and a skirt. As students get older, the rules become less strict.

In the UK, boarding schools provide students with delicious food. They can choose to have a full English breakfast or simple bread. They can also choose either a meal with no meat or another meal with meat for lunch and dinner. Students can also make themselves something to eat at any time in a kitchen.

() 49. Who could study in the earliest boarding schools?

- A. All students.
- B. Foreign students.
- C. White and rich boys.
- D. White and rich girls.

() 50. What should students in the boarding schools do according to Paragraph 2?

- A. Make a subject plan.
- B. Study and live alone.
- C. Look after themselves.

D. Go outside after school.

() 51. What can we learn about the school uniform?

A. Boys hardly follow the rules.

B. Girls only wear a white blouse.

C. Boys never wear a shirt and a tie.

D. Girls sometimes wear a tie and a skirt.

() 52. What does the last paragraph mainly talk about?

A. How to eat.

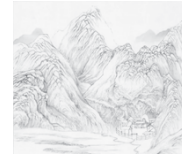
B. What to eat.

C. When to eat.

D. Where to eat.

C

Students from a high school in Changchun, Jilin Province, spent 129 days creating a relief mural (浮雕壁画). Their idea came from the famous painting *A Thousand Miles of Rivers and Mountains* by Wang Ximeng. The mural was created on the wall of Changchun No. 150 High School's art classroom.



It was completed by 21 students from this school under the guidance of their teacher, Duan Yingzi. The mural is nearly 3.5 meters high and 11 meters long. This piece of artwork has amazed a lot of people on the Internet. According to the teacher, creating this mural is part of the school's special lessons. The process of the creation includes drawing an outline (轮廓), making relief, painting base colors, and then finishing the final artwork. Most of the students in this group had no painting experience. Their teacher helped them learn the painting skills and practise painting many times.

The teacher explained that the most difficult part of creating this mural was the color mixing. "It took us over a month to finish the outline and relief work. In the following two to three months, we focused on perfecting the color mixing," she said. After trying again and again, they finally achieved this great goal.

Although there is a difference in color compared with that of Wang Ximeng's painting, the students are still very pleased with the final result. The difference is not so significant (显著的). The work still looks very beautiful.

"In the past, students could only see the artwork in books. And they were unable to fully experience its beauty. By drawing the painting, students can have a deeper understanding of the

ancient Chinese artists' wisdom (智慧)," Duan said.

- () 53. Where can you find the relief mural in this school?
- A. On a poster at the school hall.
 - B. On the classroom's windows.
 - C. On a board at the school library.
 - D. On the art classroom's wall.
- () 54. How large an area does this relief mural take up?
- A. About 38. 5m².
 - B. About 39. 5m².
 - C. About 40. 5m².
 - D. About 41. 5m².
- () 55. Which words can best describe the teacher and students?
- A. Honest and brave.
 - B. Polite and friendly.
 - C. Serious and outgoing.
 - D. Patient and hardworking.
- () 56. What does the writer want to tell us in the last paragraph?
- A. The wisdom of Chinese artists.
 - B. The importance of learning art.
 - C. The value of hands-on experience.
 - D. The beauty of ancient Chinese artwork.

D

Who is the greatest teacher in Chinese history? Many people of Confucius. Although he lived over 2, 000 years ago, people remember and respect him for his contribution (贡献) to the today.



would think
still
education

Confucius lived in the Kingdom of Lu, which lies in Shandong Province. He lived during the Spring and Autumn Period. He had a hard childhood. His father died when he was only three. His mother brought him up. As a child, he had to work to help his mother, but young Confucius didn't give up studying. He visited many famous teachers and learned music, history, poetry and sports.

Later, he became a teacher and started the first public school in Chinese history. At that time,

only children from noble families could go to school, but Confucius believed everyone should go to school if they wanted to learn even though their families couldn't afford it. He had about 3, 000 students in his lifetime.

Today, people still follow Confucius' lessons. He told us that we all have something worthy to be learned. "When I am with several people, one of them must be better than me in some areas. I choose their good qualities and follow them."

He also taught us that thinking is very important in study. "All study but no thinking makes people puzzled. All thinking but no study makes people lazy."

Confucius is not only a great teacher, but also a famous thinker with wise thoughts about the world and society. His most important teachings are about kindness and good manners. "A person should be strict with himself, but be kind to others," he said.

- () 57. Why do people still remember Confucius today?
- A. Because he lived a poor life in his childhood.
 - B. Because he had wise thoughts and great views about education.
 - C. Because he traveled with his students from state to state.
 - D. Because he lived during the Spring and Autumn Period.
- () 58. What does the underlined word "noble" in Paragraph 3 mean?
- A. Poor.
 - B. Bright.
 - C. Rich.
 - D. Small.
- () 59. Which is the correct order of the following facts?
- ① Confucius worked to help his mother as a child.
 - ② Confucius educated about 3, 000 students in his lifetime.
 - ③ Confucius' father passed away.
 - ④ Confucius started the first public school in Chinese history.
- A. ③①④②
 - B. ②③④①
 - C. ①③②④
 - D. ④③①②
- () 60. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?
- A. All study but no thinking makes people puzzled.
 - B. Everyone has something worthy to be learned.

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/087006105061006161>