

2022 年统招专升本英语考试真题及答案

一、单选题

1、I'll accept any job I don't have to get up early ()

A . even if

B . as long as

C . in case

D . even though

2、 of the two authors thinks that the danger of a nuclear war is increasing ()

A . None

B . Either

C . Both

D . Neither

3、 I walked too much yesterday and are still aching now ()

A . my leg's muscles

B . my leg muscles

C . my muscles of leg

D . my legs'muscles

4、 In some countries, is called equality does not really mean equal rights for all people ()

A . which

B . that

C . what

D . this

5、 we have finished the course, we shall start revision and
prepare for the final exams ()

A . By now

B . Now that

C . For now

D . ver since

6、 The bridge was named the hero who had given his life to
save a child ()

A . after

B . by

C . with

D . from

7、 There is no in insisting on the impossible ()

A . mind

B . meaning

C . help

D . sense

8、 The Internet of the fourth generation is now in the

experimental stage. The time will come when it possible for ordinary people to use it in their daily life ()

- A . is
- B . will be
- C . must be
- D . may be

9、 The shopping mall built a few months ago is in the south of the city ()

- A . located
- B . lied
- C . laid
- D . placed

10、 It may be five to ten years we can test this medicine on human patients ()

- A . since
- B . after
- C . before
- D . when

11、 Bob, Dick and Tom are 6 , 8 and 10 years old ()

- A . respectively
- B . respectably
- C . respectedly

D . respectfully

12、 Children who are over-protected by their parents may become ()

A . hurt

B . spoiled

C . damaged

D . harmed

13、 Your explanation is still not easy enough to understand.
Could you give any examples ()

A . specific

B . special

C . specialist

D . spare

14、 Her duties include cleaning the desks and mopping the floor. But she also needs to do many other things ()

A . continuous

B . routine

C . initial

D . constant

15、 Robert Owen's ideas were farthe age in which he lived ()

A . in front of

- B . advanced in
- C . advancing in
- D . in advance of

16、Rural communities are usually morein their child-rearing methods, while in the town there is more variety ()

- A . uniform
- B . like
- C . similar
- D . same

17 、 John Smith Community College is an educational institutionto providing higher education for all residents in the community ()

- A . contributed
- B . committed
- C . combined
- D . assigned

18、Mark often attempts to escapewhenever he breaks traffic rules ()

- A . having been fined
- B . to have been fined
- C . to be fined
- D . being fined

19、 The police were accused of failing to the people about the threat of the terrorists ()

A . speak

B . tell

C . talk

D . say

20、 Radio, television and press are of conveying news and information ()

A . the most three common means

B . the three most common means

C . the most common three means

D . three the most common means

21、 Backward technologically we are for the moment, we have perfect faith in our ability to catch up with the developed countries in time ()

A . as

B . if

C . so

D . that

22、 We don't need air conditioning ()

A . and neither can we afford it

B . neither can we afford it

C . and nor we can afford it

D . we can afford it neither

23、 The Internet allows businessmen to their goods by showing which items are being sold and how fast they are moving ()

A . keep track of

B . keep pace with

C . keep in touch with

D . keep company with

24、 That field a good crop of potatoes last year ()

A . planted

B . grew

C . raised

D . yielded

25、 The destruction of these cultural relics was a loss that no amount of money could ()

A . stand up to

B . make up for

C . come up with

D . put up with

26、 When people do not to acceptable standards of behavior , they are bound to offend other people ()

A . confirm

B . conform

C . confine

D . inform

27、 It was such a big challenge. Luckily, the student was just about to the questions when he suddenly found the answer ()

A . arrive at

B . work out

C . work on

D . give up

28、 Once he starts talking about ancient China ()

A . there is no stopping of him

B . he is not stopped

C . there is no stopping him

D . it is no stopping him

29、 They decided to chase the cow away it did more damage to the crops ()

A . unless

B . before

C . until

D . although

30、 The sight of blood always makes him feel sick ()

A . sight

- B . look
- C . view
- D . glance

31、 In Britain , the best time for sightseeing is spring and early summer ()

- A . later
- B . latter
- C . last
- D . late

32、 I should like to rent a house which is modern, comfortable and , in a quiet neighborhood ()

- A . in all
- B . after all
- C . above all
- D . over all

33、 When Mr. Jones gets old, he will over his business to his son ()

- A . take
- B . think
- C . hand
- D . get

34、 I've already told you that I'm going to buy it ()

- . however much it costs
- B . however does it costs much
- C . how much does it cost
- D . no matter how it costs

35、 Free medical treatment in this country covers illness of all kinds for all the citizens ()

- A . normal
- B . average
- C . regular
- D . ordinary

二、阅读理解

1、 Passage 1

Tom arrived at the bus station quite early for a Paris bus. The bus for Paris would not leave until five to twelve. He saw a lot of people waiting in the station. Some were standing in line, and others were walking around. There was a group of schoolgirls. Their teacher was trying to keep them in line. Tom looked around but there was no place for him to sit.

He walked into the station cafe (咖啡馆). He looked up at the clock there. It was only twenty to twelve. He found a seat and sat down before a large mirror on the wall. Just then, Mike, one of Tom's workmates came in and sat with Tom.

There's plenty of time yet , answered Tom.

Well, I'll get you some more tea then , said Mike.

They talked while drinking. Then Tom looked at the clock again.

Oh! It's going backward! he cried. A few minutes ago it was

twenty to twelve and now it's half past eleven. He was puzzled on that.

You're looking at the clock in the mirror. said Mike. Tom was so sorry for that. The next bus was not to leave for another hour. Since then Tom has never liked mirrors

Tom went into the station cafe because ()

- A . Mike asked him to have a cup of tea
- B . there was a group of schoolgirls there
- C . it was quite early and he could find a seat there
- D . he wanted to have a drink with his workmate there

2、 What time was it in fact when Tom looked at the clock in the mirror ()

- A . Half past twelve
- B . Twenty to twelve
- C . Half past eleven
- D . Five to twelve

3、 From the story we know that when we look at a clock in a

()

- A . it's going forward
- B . it's going slower
- C . it's going backward
- D . it's going faster

4、 Which of the following is true ()

- A . Tom arrived in Paris on time
- B . The next bus left after half an hour
- C . After that Tom didn't like clocks any longer
- D . Tom looked at the clock in the mirror only once

5、 Which of the following is the best title of the story

()

- A . Missing a Bus
- B . A Careless Man
- C . The Clock in the Mirror
- D . The Mirror of the Station

6、 Passage 2

Baths have long been considered of medical importance to man.

In Greece there are the ruins of a water system for baths built over 3000 years ago. The Romans had warm public baths. In some baths, as many as 3000 persons could bathe at the same time.

Treating disease by taking baths has been popular for centuries.

medical baths first became popular in Europe and by the late 1700s bathing had also become popular in the United States. For many years frequent bathing was believed to be bad for one's health. Ordinary bathing just to keep clean was avoided, and perfume was often used to cover up body smells!

By the 1700s doctors began to say that soap and water were good for health. They believed that it was good for people to be clean. Slowly, people began to bathe more frequently. During the Victorian Age of the late 19th century, taking a bath on Saturday night became common.

In the United States ordinary bathing was slow to become popular. During the 18th and early 19th centuries, many Americans were known as The Great Unwashed! In one American city, for example, a person was only allowed to take a bath every thirty days! That was a law!

Frequency of bathing today is partly a matter of habit. People know that bathing for cleanliness is important to health. Doctors know that dirty bodies increase the chance of diseases. As a result, in the United States, people generally bathe often. Some people bathe once a day at least. They consider a daily bath necessary to good health

A water system for baths was built by over 3000 years ago ()

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