

1.Charles Babbage is generally considered \_\_\_\_\_ the first computer.

- A. to invent    B. inventing    C. to have invented    D. having invented

答案：A. 由 consider to do sth. 排除 B、D。此句只说明发明这一个事实，不定式后用原形即可。而 C 为现在完成时，发明为点动词一般不用完成时，且此处也不强调对现在的影响，因此不选 C。

2.The chair looks rather hard, but in fact it is very comfortable to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. sit    B. sit on    C. be seat    D. be sat on

答案：B. 如果不定式为不及物动词，其后应有必要的介词。当动词与介词连用时，常位于形容词+动词不定式结构的末尾。

3.—I usually go there by train.

—Why not \_\_\_\_\_ by boat for a change?

- A. to try going    B. trying to go    C. to try and go    D. try going

答案：D. why not 后面接不带 to 的不定式，因此选 D。

4. Paul doesn't have to be made \_\_\_\_\_. He always works hard.

- A. learn    B. to learn    C. learned    D. learning

答案：B. make 后接不带 to 的动词不定式，当其用于被动时，to 不可省略。

5.Tell him \_\_\_\_\_ the window.

- A. to shut not    B. not to shut    C. to not shut  
D. not shut

答案：B. tell sb to do sth 的否定形式为 tell sb not to do sth.

6.She pretended \_\_\_\_\_ me when I passed by.

- A. not to see    B. not seeing    C. to not see  
D. having not seen

答案：A. pretend 后应接不定式。其否定形式为 pretend not to do sth. 。

7.Mrs. Smith warned her daughter \_\_\_\_\_ after drinking.

A. never to drive    B. to never driver

C. never driving    D. never drive

答案：A。warn sb to do sth. 的否定形式为 warn sb not to do sth. 此处用的是否定词 never.

8.The boy wanted to ride his bicycle in the street    , but his mother told him \_\_\_\_.

A. not to    B. not to do    C. not do it

D. do not to

答案：A。not to 为 not to do it 的省略形式。可以只用 to 这个词，而不必重复整个不定式词组。及物动词 do 后应有名词、代词等，否则不对，因此 B，D 不对。

9.The patient was warned \_\_\_\_ oily food after the operation.

A. to eat no    B. eating not    C. not to eat

D. not eating

答案：C。warn 一词要求后用不定式，此处为不定式的被动，否定形式为 be warned not to do 。

10.---- The light in the office is still on.

---- Oh , I forgot \_\_\_\_.

A. turning it off    B. turn it off    C. to turn it off    D. having turned

it off

答案：C。由 the light is still on 可知灯亮着，即关灯的动作没有发生，因此用 forget to do sth.

而 forget doing sth 表示灯已经关上了，而自己忘记了这一事实。此处不符合题意。

11.---You were brave enough to raise objections at the meeting.

---Well, now I regret \_\_\_\_ that.

A. to do    B. to be doing    C. to have done    D. having done

答案：D。regret having done sth. 对已发生的事感到遗憾。regret to do sth.

对将要做的事感到遗憾。本题为对已说的话感到后悔，因此选 D。

12.They knew her very well. They had seen her \_\_\_\_ up from childhood.

A. grow B. grew C. was growing D. to grow

答案：A。因题意为，他们看着她长大，因此强调的是成长的过程，而非正在长的动作，因此用 see sb do sth 的句型。

13. The missing boy was last seen \_\_\_\_ near the river.

A. playing B. to be playing C. play D. to play

答案 A。本题强调其动作，正在河边玩，应此用 see sb. doing sth 句型。

1. The teacher told them \_\_\_\_\_ make so much noise.

A. don't B. not C. will not D. not to

2. Our master often told us \_\_\_\_\_ things for granted.

A. not to have B. not to take C. didn't take D. not to make

3. Tell him \_\_\_\_\_ the window.

A. to shut not B. not to shut C. to not shut D. not shut

4. The boy wanted to ride his bicycle in the street, but his mother told him \_\_\_\_\_.

A. not to B. not to do C. not do it D. do not to

5. Mrs Smith warned her daughter \_\_\_\_\_ after drinking.

A. never to drive B. to never drive

C. never driving D. never drive

6. The patient was warned \_\_\_\_\_ oily food after the operation.

A. to eat not B. eating not C. not to eat D. not eating

7. The workers want us \_\_\_\_\_ together with them.

A. work B. working C. to work D. worked

8. They would not allow him \_\_\_\_\_ across the enemy line.

A. to risk going B. risking to go C. for risk to go D. risk going

9. I saw him \_\_\_\_\_ out of the room.

A. go B. had gone C. has gone D. goes

10. They knew her very well. They had seen her \_\_\_\_\_ up from childhood.

A. grow B. grew C. was growing D. to grow

11. I've heard him \_\_\_\_\_ about you often.

A. spoke B. speaks C. speak

12. Though he had often made his little sister \_\_\_\_\_, today he was made \_\_\_\_\_ by his little sister.

A. cry; to cry B. crying; crying C. cry; cry D. to cry; cry

13. He was made \_\_\_\_\_.

A. go B. gone C. going D. to go

14. John was made \_\_\_\_\_ the truck for a week as a punishment.

A. to wash B. washing C. wash D. to be washing

15. Paul doesn't have to be made \_\_\_\_\_. He always works hard.

A. learn B. to learn C. learned D. learning

16. There're so many kinds of tape recorders on sale that I can't make up my mind \_\_\_\_\_ to buy.

A. what B. which C. how D. where

17. There isn't any difference between the two. I really don't know \_\_\_\_\_.

A. where to choose B. which to choose

C. to choose what D. to choose which

18. "Have you decided when \_\_\_\_\_?" "Yes, tomorrow morning."

A. to leave B. to be leaving C. will you leave D. are you leaving

19. Last summer I took a course on \_\_\_\_\_.

A. how to make dresses B. how dresses be made

C. how to be made dresses D. how dresses to be made

20. He doesn't know \_\_\_\_\_ to stay or not.  
A. whether    B. if    C. either    D. if he will
21. She pretended \_\_\_\_\_ me when I passed by.  
A. not to see    B. not seeing    C. to not see    D. having not seen
22. --- The light in the office is still on.    --- Oh, I forgot \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. turning it off    B. turn it off  
C. to turn it off    D. having turned it off
23. We agreed \_\_\_\_\_ here but so far she hasn't turned up yet.  
A. having met    B. meeting    C. to meet    D. to have met
24. Little Jim should love \_\_\_\_\_ to the theatre this evening.  
A. to be taken    B. to take    C. being taken    D. taking
25. I would love \_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night but I had to work extra hours to finish a report.  
A. to go    B. to have gone    C. going    D. having gone
26. Frank is the kind of person who people like to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. make friend with    B. make friends of  
C. make friends    D. make friends with
27. Go on \_\_\_\_\_ the other exercise after you have finished this one.  
A. to do    B. doing    C. with    D. to be doing
28. She reached the top of the hill and stopped \_\_\_\_\_ on a big rock by the side of the path.  
A. to have rested    B. resting    C. to rest    D. rest
29. Tom kept quiet about the accident \_\_\_\_\_ lose his job.  
A. so not as to    B. so as not to  
C. so as to not    D. not so as to
30. I need a day or two \_\_\_\_\_.

A. to think it over    B. to think over    C. of thinking

31. He was too excited \_\_\_\_\_.

A. speak    B. to speak    C. not to speak    D. speaking

32. Charles Babbage is generally considered \_\_\_\_\_ the first computer.

A. to invent    B. inventing

C. to have invented    D. having invented

33. He said he would rather not \_\_\_\_\_ it right now.

A. doing    B. to do    C. do    D. to be doing

34. Rather than \_\_\_\_\_ on a crowded bus, he always prefers \_\_\_\_\_ a bicycle.

A. ride ;    ride    B. riding ;    ride

C. ride ;    to ride    D. to ride ;    riding

35. It's freezing outside. You \_\_\_\_\_ put on your overcoat.

A. had better to    B. had better

C. would better    D. would better to

36. The chair looks rather hard, but in fact it is very comfortable to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. sit    B. sit on    C. be sit    D. be sat on

37. I'm hungry. Get me something \_\_\_\_\_.

A. eat    B. to eat    C. eating    D. for eating

38. --- I usually go there by train.

--- Why not \_\_\_\_\_ by boat for a change?

A. to try going    B. trying to go

C. to try and go    D. try going

39. She did nothing \_\_\_\_\_ at the photo.

A. except look    B. but to look

C. except to look      D. but looking

40. I asked him to \_\_\_\_\_ me a few minutes so that we could go over all the problems.

A. spend    B. spare    C. save    D. share

41. They won't let their teacher \_\_\_\_\_ in that way.

A. to be treated      B. being treated      C. treated      D. be treated

42. John, you must get your room \_\_\_\_\_ after breakfast.

A. to be cleaned      B. to clean

C. cleaning      D. cleaned

43. The problem \_\_\_\_\_ at tomorrow's meeting is a very difficult one.

A. being discussed    B. discussed    C. to be discussed    D. to discuss

44. He reached the station \_\_\_\_\_ only \_\_\_\_\_ that the train had just left.

A. tired ;    learned      B. tiring ;    learning

C. to tire ;    to learn      D. tired ;    to learn

45. --- Did that book give the information you needed?

--- Yes, but \_\_\_\_\_, we had to read it almost entirely.

A. for finding it      B. to find it

C. finding it      D. by finding it

46. I'm sorry I forgot \_\_\_\_\_ your dictionary. Let's borrow one from Li Ming.

A. to take    B. taking    C. to bring    D. bringing

47. She couldn't decide which restaurant \_\_\_\_\_.

A. to have lunch      B. to eat

C. to eat at      D. eating at

48. This problem is said \_\_\_\_\_ three times.

A. to have been talked      B. to have discussed

C. having been discussed                      D. to have been talked about

49. Everybody believed the man \_\_\_\_\_ away the diamond ring.

A. be taken    B. taking    C. to take    D. to have taken

50. I prefer \_\_\_\_\_ rather than \_\_\_\_\_.

A. read ; watch    B. to read ; watch    C. reading ; to watch    D. to read ; to watch

答案：

1-5 DBBAA    6-10 CCAAA    11-15 CADAB    16-20 BBAAA

21-25 ACCAB    26-30 DACBA    31-35 BCCCB    36-40 BBDAB

41-45 DDCDB    46-50 CCDDDB

解析：

1. tell sb. not to do sth 告诉某人不做某事

2. take sth for granted 把某事想当然”，是一个固定词组。Eg. You shouldn't take it for granted that everyone should help you. 你不要认为每个人都理应帮助你。

4. 不定式的省略要保留到 to, 否则就完整地表达， 如:...but his mother told him not to do so.

5. warn sb not to do sth. 此处用 never 替代 not.

8. allow sb to do sth 允许某人做某事； risk doing sth 冒险做某事

9. see sb do sth 看见某人做某事

12. make sb do 让某人做某事， 但用于被动结构后， 则要用不定式符号 to 连接。

16. which 用于有范围中的“哪一个”， 此处作 buy 的宾语。

18. when +to do 做 decide 的宾语， 若用 when 引导宾语从句， 用陈述句语序。

21. pretend to do 假装做某事。

22. forget to do sth 忘记（要）做某事。
24. should love to be taken to ... 愿意被带去……
25. 因为状语是 last night，用不定式的完成式表示本想……
27. go on to do sth. 继续做（与原来不相同的）事。此句可以从 the other exercise 断定。
28. stop to do sth. 停下来（去）做……
32. 被动语态后用不定式连接，根据句意用完成式。
33. would rather not do sth. 宁愿不做某事。
34. prefer to do sth. rather than do sth. 宁愿做……不愿做……
37. to eat 此处作 something 的定语。for+doing 多表用途。
38. why not do sth...“为什么不……”； try doing sth 试一试
39. Do nothing but do sth, 此处用 except 替代 but
40. spare sb. sth 匀出、腾出……， 宾语为 sb.； share 分享， 宾语为 sth.
41. let sb do, 此处用的是被动语态
42. get sth. done 让某事被做
44. tired 此处是过去分词， 表示主语的状态。only to learn... 此处的不定式表结果。
45. 此处的 to find it, 表示目的
47. to eat at the restaurant, 介词 at 不能丢
48. 此处使用的是不定式的完成被动式。 表示“曾经被讨论过三次”。

1. Don't forget \_\_\_\_\_ the letter.

- A. to send      B. send      C. sending      D. being sent

2. The chair looks very old , but in fact it is very comfortable to \_\_\_\_\_.

B. sit on      C. be sat      D. be sat on

3. Is \_\_\_\_\_ necessary to return the book tomorrow ?

A. this      B. that      C. it      D. which

4.

A. to smoke      B. smoking      C. smokes      D. smoke

5. Mother told me \_\_\_\_\_ the water before I drank it.

A. boiling      B. boiled      C. boil      D. to boil

6. On my way home , I stopped \_\_\_\_\_ some food.

A. buy      B. to buy      C. buying      D. bought

7. John was made \_\_\_\_\_ the car for a week as a punishment.

A. to wash      B. washing      C. wash      D. to be washing

8. The sitting-room needs \_\_\_\_\_ , but it'll have to wait until Saturday.

B. to be cleaned      C. clean      D. being cleaned

9. The first thing I want to do is \_\_\_\_\_.

A. visit to him    B. to visit him    C. visiting him    D. visited him

10. Li Yang advised me \_\_\_\_\_ too much , otherwise I would have been drunk.

A. not to drink    B. to drink    C. not drinking    D. drinking

参考答案

1. A.    forget to do sth .    忘记去做某事。 forget doing sth .    忘记做过某事。

2. B.    sit on the chair ,    其中 on 不能少。

3. C.    it 为形式主语。

4. A.    allow sb to do

5. D.    tell sb ,    to do

stop to do 停下去做另一件事。stop doing 停止做某事。

7. A. make sb do 在被动语态中为 be made to do .

8. B. need to be done 与 need doing 皆为 “需要被做”之意。

9. B. 不定式结构作表语。

10. A. 不定式的否定式：advise sb not to do

#### 动词不定式专题练习

1. This company was the first \_\_\_\_\_ portable radios as well as cassette tape recorders in the world.

A. producing    B. to produce    C. having produced    D. produced

2. The purpose of new technology is to make life easier, \_\_\_\_\_ it more difficult.

A. not making    B. not make    C. not to make    D. nor to make

3. Helen had to shout \_\_\_\_\_ above the sound of the music .

A. making herself hear    B. to make herself hear

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