2023~2024学年度山东名校高一期中大联考英语精品试题 考试时间 120 分钟, 满分 150 分

注意事项:

- 1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考场号、座位号、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
- 2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
- 3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分听力(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共5小题,每小题1.5分,共7.5分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- 1. What color sweater does the boy wear?
- A. Red. B. Black. C. White.
- 2. What will the woman do?
- A. Have fast food. B. Cook breakfast. C. Pick up her brother.
- 3. Whom is the woman talking to?
- A. A salesman. B. A painter. C. A house agent.
- 4. What does the man advise the woman to do?
- A. Ask the conductor. B. Get off immediately. C. Check the map.
- 5. Where does the conversation take place?
- A. In a hospital. B. In an office. C. At the man's house.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第6和第7两个小题。

- 6. How many students are there in the school?
- A. 700. B. 500. C. 200.

- 7. What is the woman's problem?
- A. She isn't sure whether she will be employed.
- B. She can't find a foreign teacher for the school.
- C. She doesn't know how to put an ad on newspapers.

听下面一段对话,回答第8至第10三个小题。

- 8. What happens to the woman's watch?
- A. It goes ten minutes fast every day.
- B. It goes ten minutes slow every day.
- C. It goes one minute slow every hour.
- 9. How does the man deal with his watch?
- A. By putting it back ten minutes every day.
- B. By putting it ahead ten minutes every hour.
- C. By having it mended every week.
- 10. What will the woman probably do with her watch?
- A. Do as the man asks her to.
- B. Set it by the radio every morning.
- C. Throw it away and buy a new one.

听下面一段对话,回答第11至第13三个小题。

- 11. Why does the man come here?
- A. To make an appointment. B. To keep an appointment.
- C. To cancel an appointment.
- 12. What information does the woman need to get from the man?
- A. His health insurance number. B. His home address.
- C. His identify card.
- 13. What's wrong with the man?
- A. He has a backache. B. He has a stomachache. C. He has a toothache.

听下面一段对话,回答第14至第16三个小题。

- 14. How long has the man been in the US?
- A. About two weeks. B. About three weeks. C. About six weeks.
- 15. Where is the Sears Tower?
- A. In Chicago. B. In New York. C. In Mexico.
- 16. What places does the man advise the woman to visit?

A. The museums. B. The Mayan ruins. C. The theaters.

听下面一段独白,回答第17至第20四个小题。

17. At what time does the sports center close?

A. 9: 00p.m. B. 7:30 p.m. C. 5:00p.m.

18. What can the listeners do from 5:00 p.m. to 7:30 p.m.?

A. Do special exercises. B. Play basketball. C. Do fitness training.

19. Which of the following is open all day?

A. The swimming pool. B. The gym. C. The badminton courts.

20. What will the speaker do next?

A. Show the listeners around.

B. Answer some questions.

C. Help the listeners use the equipment.

第二部分阅读理解(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 $A \times B \times C$ 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Explore Central Park, one of the largest city parks in the world and one of the most famous symbols of New York. Let's have a look at its main sights.

Central Park, with an area of 843 acres, is home to man-made lakes, waterfalls, grass and wooded areas. You will also find the Central Park Zoo in this green space of New York.

Central Park is also a favorite spot for many New Yorkers. It is perfect for sunbathing, going for walks or doing any outdoor sports. Something that you find surprising is seeing so many people running with their babies in prams(婴儿车).

On Foot or by Bicycle

To get to know some of the wildest parts of Central Park, we suggest walking. However, to get a general feel of the whole park, the best thing to do is rent a bicycle and enjoy the scenery.

If you decide to rent a bike, you will find lots of bike rental stores around Central Park that are not very expensive.

Open Time

From 7:00 am to 10:00 pm on weekends.

From 6:00 am to 8:30 pm on weekdays.

Price

Entry to the park is free. But if you visit some parts like Central Park Zoo, you need to buy a ticket.

Transport

Subway: Line 5, 6, 7, A, B, C and D.

Bus: Line M1, M2, M3, M4 and M10.

Nearby places

Metropolian Museum of Art(447m)

American Museum of Natural History(688m)

Whitney Museum of American Art(1km)

The Frick Collection(1.3km)

1. What can visitors do in Central Park?

A. Go fishing by natural lakes. B. Rent bicycles for free.

C. Do some outdoor sports.

D. Take a bath in the river.

2. Which place is the closest to Central Park?

A. The Frick Collection.

B. Metropolian Museum of Art.

C. Whitney Museum of American Art. D. American Museum of Natural History.

3. Where can we find this text?

A. In a science report.

B. In a geography book.

C. In a fashion magazine. D. In a travel guide.

B

Not all heroes wear capes(斗篷) and Steve Montelongo proved the statement. While he doesn't consider himself a hero, he has saved the lives of three people during the last two decades.

The 80-year-old man was in the right place at the right time, when he pulled a man out of his sinking car after he had accidentally driven into a river. Montelongo jumped to the man's help without any hesitation(犹豫) or regard to his own health.

The accident happened while the elderly man was taking his granddaughter home after a dentist's appointment. They had stopped at a traffic light when the girl saw the car fall into the river. Montelongo got out of his car to check out the scene and instantly noticed that water

had begun rushing into the vehicle of the trapped driver. He walked into the river and managed to open the automobile's back door, which fortunately was unlocked. As the water began to rush into the car faster, the 80-year-old managed to pull the 62-year-old Jack Swarts from the car by his shirt.

He later said in an interview—"I don't consider myself a hero. I was just a man that got put in the right place at the right time"—words from a genuine modern-day good person.

This, however, wasn't Montelongo's only act of heroism. Nearly 20 years ago, he helped two of his neighbors get to safety as their house was caught in a fire. He was 62 years old at the time and had to kick open his neighbor's front door to pull out 80-year-old Kathirne Mattox and 79-year-old Wayne Maxwell. During the rescue, Montelongo suffered chest pains and had to be hospitalized but made a quick recovery (恢复). He was awarded the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission medal for this bravery and act of heroism.

- 4. What does the underlined part in paragraph 1 mean?
- A. Heroes like special clothes.
- B. Everyone wants to be a hero.
- C. Heroes deserve to be praised.
- D. Ordinary people can be heroes.
- 5. How did Montelongo save Jack Swarts?
- A. By managing to start the car.
- B. By pulling him out of the car.
- C. By clearing the car of water.
- D. By giving him first aid treatment.
- 6. What can we infer about Montelongo from his words in the interview?
- A. He is modest.

B. He is brave.

C. He is responsible.

- D. He is clever.
- 7. What can we learn from Montelongo's story?
- A. A hero is a man of confidence.
- B. Care is an important part of courage.
- C. For what they ought to do, such a person is brave.
- D. The most terrible enemy is the lack of strong faith.

C

Lectures on happiness are becoming increasingly popular in Harvard University. I went to one of them, which left a lasting impression on me. While we were listening with close attention, the speaker suddenly stopped and started a game, giving each person a balloon. Each one was asked to write their name on it using a pen. Then the 100 students from 25

schools were divided into two groups.

Now the two groups were in different rooms with their balloons flying in it. The first group of 50 students were asked to find the balloon with their name on it within 5 minutes. Everyone was hurriedly searching for their own name, pushing and running into each other, and there was lots of noise. At the end of 5 minutes, none of them could find their own balloon.

The second half, on the other hand, was asked to randomly (随机地) collect a balloon and give it to the person whose name was written on it. Within minutes everyone had their own balloon.

This is exactly happening in our lives. Everyone is hurriedly looking for happiness all around, not knowing where it is. Our happiness lies in the happiness of other people. Give them their happiness, and you will get your own happiness. And this is the purpose of human life.

- 8. What happened to the first group?
- A. None made any noise at all.
- B. None found their balloon
- C. Everyone found their friends.
- D. Everyone helped one another.
- 9. How many students found their own balloons in the game?
- A. 5.
- B. 25.
- C. 50.
- D. 100.
- 10. According to the text, which of the following is TRUE?
- A. Everyone pushed each other in the two groups.
- B. Students in the game come from the same school.
- C. Our happiness comes from the happiness of others.
- D. Students learned nothing about happiness in the game.
- 11. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?
- A. Finding Happiness

B. Having Lectures

C. Collecting Balloons

D. Playing Games

D

Languages have been coming and going for thousands of years, but in recent times there has been less coming and a lot more going. When the world was still populated by hunter-gatherers, small, tightly knit(联系)groups developed their own patterns of speech independent of each other. Some language experts believe that 10,000 years ago, when the

world had just five to ten million people, they spoke perhaps 12,000 languages between them.

Soon afterwards, many of those people started settling down to become farmers, and their languages too became more settled and fewer in number. In recent centuries, trade, industrialization, the development of the nation-state and the spread of universal compulsory education, especially globalization(全球化) and better communications in the past few decades, all have caused many languages to disappear, and powerful languages such as English, Spanish and Chinese are increasingly taking over.

At present, the world has about 6,800 languages. The distribution of these languages is hugely uneven. The general rule is that mild zones have relatively few languages. The median number (中位数) of speakers is a mere 6,000, which means that half the worlds languages are spoken by fewer people than that.

Already well over 400 of the total of 6,800 languages are close to extinction (消亡), with only a few elderly speakers left. Pick, at random, Busuu in Cameroon(eight remaining speakers), Chiapaneco in Mexico(150). Lipan Apache in the United States(two or three)or Wadjigu in Australia(one, with a question-mark): none of these seems to have much chance of survival.

- 12. What can we infer about languages in hunter-gatherer times?
- A. They developed very fast.
- B. They were large in number.
- C. They had similar patterns.
- D. They were closely connected
- 13. Which of the following languages is not a powerful language?
- A. English.
- B. Spanish.
- C. Latin.
- D. Chinese.
- 14. How many languages are spoken by less than 6,000 people at present?
- A. About 6,800.
- B. About 3,400
- C. About 2,400
- D. About 1,200.

- 15. What is the main idea of the text?
- A. New languages will be created.
- B. Peoples lifestyles are reflected in languages.
- C. Human development results in fewer languages.
- D. Geography determines language change.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

根据短文内容,从短文中的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有

两项为多余选项。

Why play sports? You might say "to get exercise" and you would be right. To have fun? That's true, too. But there's more. ___16__ According to the Women's Sports Foundation, girls who play sports get a lot more than just fit.



Girls who play sports do better in school. You might think that athletics will take up all your study time. ___17__ Exercise improves learning, memory, and concentration, which can give active girls an advantage in the classroom.

Girls who play sports learn teamwork and goal-setting skills. <u>18</u> When working with coaches, trainers, and teammates to win games and achieve goals, you're learning how to be successful. Those skills will serve you well at work and in family life.

Sports are good for a girl's health. In addition to being fit and keeping a healthy weight, girls who play sports are also less likely to smoke. And later in life, girls who exercise are less likely to get breast cancer or osteoporosis(骨质疏松症).

Playing sports improves self-confidence. ____19___ Why? It builds confidence when you know you can practice, improve, and achieve your goals. Sports are also a feel-good activity because they help girls get in shape, keep a healthy weight, and make new friends.

- A. Exercise cuts the pressure.
- B. Sports teach valuable life skills.
- C. Regular exercise increases quality of life.
- D. In fact, there are at least five more reasons.
- E. Girls who play sports feel better about themselves.
- F. Playing sports offers children more than just physical benefits.
- G. But research shows that girls who play sports do better in school than those who don't.

第三部分:语言知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 $A \times B \times C$ 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

填入空白处的最佳	选项。		
America's holida	y shopping season is the	e busiest shopping day of	f the year. After some
shopping in a store, my	y family and I were going	ng to have a meal in one	of the food area where
fast food is sold. It's_	21 to find a seat.	People were standing wa	aiting for 22 to
free up.			
When we found o	one, I sat down watching	g a waiter23	clearing and cleaning
tables as soon as they	became V	What's more, he was not	a <u>25</u> man,
probably in his late fift	ties and a bit fat, but	of that slowed h	im down a little.
27 I wate	ched I was disappointed	with people who didn't	clean up the rubbish
themselves. They wou	ld just28 their	spilled (溢出) drinks, l	bread and some other
rubbish on the table	29 the waiter nev	er 30 smiling ar	nd saying "Enjoy your
day!" to everyone he n	net. I was almost moved	d to tears.	
After my family 31 our meals, we cleaned up the table so he would have			
things to do. On the way out, I 33 his hand and said, "Thank you for how			
hard you work." When I tried to give him a \$10 bill, he said, "No, I can't 34 this.			
It's my job." I said I w	rasn't35 it to	him for payment or for a	tip. I was giving it to
him because I knew he	e had a good heart —an	d it can be hard to find th	ese days! The man's
eyes turned red, said th	nank you, and went righ	t back to clear and clean	tables.
It was a great day	and he was a great per	son that I had ever met.	
21. A. necessary	B. fast	C. hard	D. easy
22. A. tables	B. time	C. drinks	D. food
23. A. carelessly	B. slowly.	C. angrily	D. quickly
24. A. busy	B. dirty	C. full	D. free
25. A. good	B. young	C. hardworking	D. clever
26. A. all	B. some	C. none	D. any
27. A. Though	B. Before	C. Since	D. As
28. A. leave	B. bring	C. carry	D. have
29. A. And	B. So	C. Besides	D. But
30. A. kept	B. minded	C. stopped	D. enjoyed

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