

2024年西师新版必修3英语上册阶段测试试卷含答案

考试试卷

考试范围：全部知识点；考试时间：120分钟

学校：_____ 姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 考号：_____

总分栏

题号	一	二	三	四	五	总分
得分						

评卷人	得分

一、选择题(共7题，共14分)

- 1、(2016·北京)_____ over a week ago, the books are expected to arrive any time now.
A. Ordering
B. To order
C. Having ordered
D. Ordered
- 2、_____ in painting, John didn't notice evening approaching.
A. To absorb
B. To be absorbed
C. Absorbed
D. Absorbing
- 3、First _____ in 1926, the opera Turandot still attracts audience from all over the world.
A. perform
B. performing
C. to perform
D. performed
- 4、At college, Barack Obama didn't know that he _____ the first black president of the United States of America.
A. was to become
B. becomes
C. is to become
D. became
- 5、_____ in thought, he didn't notice his teacher coming into the classroom at all.
A. Losing
B. Having lost
C. Lost
D. To lose

6、_____ for the NBA in 2009, Stephen joined the Golden State Warriors.

- A. Selected
- B. To select
- C. Having selected
- D. Selecting

7、 When the old man got home, he found his window open, but he didn't find any _____ of being stolen.

- A. sight
- B. sign
- C. scene
- D. notice

评卷人	得分

二、完成句子(共7题，共14分)

8、 This river is _____ that one.

这条河是那条河的两倍长。

9、与音乐和绘画这些艺术形式相比；广受欢迎的电影的历史相对短一些。

_____ such art forms as music and paintings, film, _____ enjoys great popularity, has a much shorter history.

10、在强烈的探险欲和游历欲的驱使下；他二十几岁便离家周游，足迹几乎遍及海内。

_____ adventure and travel, Li Bai left home and started to travel around in his early twenties.

11、 _____ ,he has no time to relax.

由于专心于科学研究事业，他没有时间放松。

12、约翰；坐在我能看见你的地方。

John, sit _____. (where引导的地点状语从句)

13、约翰；坐在我能看见你的地方。

John, sit _____. (where引导的地点状语从句)

14、约翰；坐在我能看见你的地方。

John, sit _____. (where引导的地点状语从句)

评卷人	得分

三、其他(共7题，共14分)

15、

Live with roommates? Have friends and family around you? Chances are that if you're looking to live a more sustainable lifestyle, not everyone around you will be ready to_____.

I experienced this when I started switching to a zero waste lifestyle five years ago, as I was living with my parents, and I continue to experience this with my husband, as he is not completely zero waste like me. I've learned a few things along the way though, which I hope you'll find encouraging if you're doing your best to figure out how you can make the change in a not-always-supportive household.

Zero waste was a radical lifestyle movement a few years back. I remember showing my parents a video of Bea Johnson, sharing how cool I thought it would be to buy groceries with jars, and have so little trash! A few days later, I came back with my first jars of zero waste groceries, and my dad commented on how silly it was for me to carry jars everywhere. It came off as a bit discouraging.

Yet as the months of reducing waste continued, I did what I could that was within my own reach. I had my own bedroom, so I worked on removing things I didn't need. Since I had my own toiletries (洗漱用品), I was able to start personalising my routine to be more sustainable. I also offered to cook every so often, so I portioned out a bit of the cupboard for my own zero waste groceries. Perhaps your household won't entirely make the switch, but you may have some control over your own personal spaces to make the changes you desire.

As you make your lifestyle changes, you may find yourself wanting to speak up for yourself if others comment on what you're doing, which can turn itself into a whole household debate. If you have individuals who are not on board, your words probably won't do much and can often leave you feeling more discouraged.

So here is my advice: Lead by action.

What is the text mainly about?。

- A. How to get on well with other family members.
- B. How to have one's own personal space at home.
- C. How to live a zero-waste lifestyle in a household.
- D. How to control the budget when buying groceries.

16、

King Canute couldn't stop the ocean's tide from rolling in — can Africa hold back the desert? That's certainly what the continent is trying to do with its proposed "Great Green Wall", 800km (almost 500 miles) worth of trees that officials hope will stop the advancement of the Sahara Desert, which has been rapidly expanding southward.

The idea was introduced in the 1970s when the once-rich region turned barren (贫瘠的) due to climate change and intensive land use. But it's not a new idea; China has its own desert vegetation project to hold back the Gobi Desert! Thanks to the Chinese plan, the African project aims to plant 100 million hectares of trees by 2030 across the entire Africa. The initiative is a decade in, and around 15% completed, and there have already been benefits for many communities and wildlife. It's bringing life back to the continent's degraded landscapes at an unprecedented scale, providing not only food security and jobs but a reason to stay for the millions who live along its path.

The creators of the wall hope it will bring an urgently needed solution to the threats facing the African continent, creating 10 million jobs in rural areas, as well as preventing 250 million tons of carbon. The initiative is Africa-driven, which for those on the continent, is vital, and may hold the key to success. "The Great Green Wall is about ownership, and that has been the failure of development aid because people were never identified with it," said Elvis Paul Tangam, African Union Commissioner for the Sahara and Sahel Great Green Wall Initiative. "But this time they identify. This is the very thing of ____!"

The wall may seem like a moonshot, but all the best ideas usually are. As Thomas Sankara, former president of Burkina Faso said in 1985, "You cannot carry out fundamental change without a certain degree of madness. The courage to turn your back on the old formulas, the courage to invent the future."

What does "us" underlined in Paragraph 3 refer to?。

- A. African Unions. B. All advocates. C. Land owners. D. All Africans.

17、

For one week in May, more than 100,000 people in the UK carefully counted their plastic waste at home in a national investigation into plastic use and recycling. It was called the Big Plastic Count, run by organizations Greenpeace and Everyday Plastic.

So how did they get on, and what did they discover about their dependency on a material that has become a part of our everyday lives?

Jules, 41, and her family threw away 124 pieces of plastic during their week of counting. The packaging in party bags and sticker packs for her daughter's sixth birthday was the most upsetting, she says. She had thought her household was quite low plastic and so was "shocked" by how much they used. "It's the hidden stuff that isn't recyclable—like pizza wrappers—that gets you," Jules explains.

"Every single sheet for the stickers in the party bags came individually wrapped in its own unrecyclable bag, and then they were packed together in a bigger bag," she says.

Her children are passionate about protecting the environment but Jules says she finds it very hard as a consumer to make the right choices.

"We can only do so much. It's in the manufacturer's hands. The whole thing is such a juggle (杂耍)." Taylor, a 25-year-old scheduler, says of the 70 pieces of plastic he counted, it was the cucumber packaging that upset him the most. He has family who live abroad where he says it's easy to buy fruits and vegetables without any plastic. He'd also like to see more local produce in shops direct from farmers, which would reduce the need for excessive packaging used to transport goods long distances.

"I get progressively more upset with the fact that supermarkets sell so much plastic," he says. Even if he could find plastic-free alternatives, he says the cost is _____. "The price of everything is going up, but things that are better for the environment are much more expensive," he says.

What does the underlined word "exorbitant" in the last paragraph mean?。

- A. Flexible B. Reasonable. C. Low D. Sky-high.

18、

The yogurt that's past its sell-by date. The banana in your lunch that turned brown. The leftovers in the fridge that you forgot to eat. For most people, all that food goes right into the garbage can.

Eight to ten percent of global greenhouse gas emissions (放) are related to food waste, according to a report by the U. N.'s Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. "When you throw away an egg or a sandwich," says Yvette Cabrera, food waste vice director at the Natural Resources Defense Council (N. R. D. C.), "you're also throwing away all the resources that went into producing those things."

_____ includes not only all the water, land, and fertilizer (化肥) that went into producing that food, but also the massive amounts of fossil fuels used to power the farms, transport the food, and create the packaging.

Then there's the issue of what happens to food after it's thrown out. More food ends up in U.S. landfills than any other type of trash. Food rotting in landfills produces methane (甲烷), a greenhouse gas that's roughly 25 times more powerful at trapping heat in the atmosphere than carbon dioxide, which is produced by burning fossil fuels.

What does the author intend to do in Paragraph 4?。

- A. Provide a persuasive example. B. Add more background information.
C. Discuss a more serious consequence. D. Summarize the previous paragraphs.

19、

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【小题1】What does Africa’s “Great Green Wall” aim for?。

- A. Offering more jobs for locals.
- B. Stopping the expansion of desert.
- C. Creating a harmonious society.
- D. Improving African landscapes.

【小题2】Where did Africa get the inspiration?。

- A. From their practices of planting trees.
- B. From the process of stopping flooding.
- C. From China’s success in desert control.
- D. From Africans’ wisdom and hard work.

20、

Besides, 10% of rich countries greenhouse gas emissions come from food that was grown and never eaten. Food waste not only contributes to climate change, but also food insecurity and extreme poverty. As stated above, in the greatest food wasting countries, there are laws that ____ produce from being donated to people in need.

What does the underlined word “confine” in paragraph 3 probably mean?。

- A. Refuse.
- B. Restrict.
- C. Contact.
- D. Protect.

评卷人	得分

四、开放性作文(共1题，共10分)

21、为迎接外国姐妹学校来访师生，学校准备选拔“文化交流小使者”（Young Ambassador for Culture Exchange）；你打算参加。请写一篇英语竞选演讲稿，内容包括：

- 1. 自我介绍。
- 2. 竞选理由。

注意：词数应为80左右；

Good morning, dear judge. I’m Candidate No.1

评卷人	得分

五、提纲类作文(共3题，共6分)

22、人们之间的沟通除了通过语言外；还可以借助身势语。在英语课上，老师让你根据下列要点用英语写一篇关于身势语对人们交流的帮助的短文。

学会使用身势语的好处：

- 1.帮助传递信息；
- 2.借此了解一个国家的文化；
- 3.

要求：1.词数100左右；2.可以适当增加细节；以使行文连贯。

参考词汇：身势语 body language

23、假设你是红星中学高一学生李华，你的英国朋友George要来北京；期间他想参加中国传统文化方面的课程，来信希望你能推荐一个课程。请你给他回信，内容包括：

- 1.你推荐的课程；2.该课程的内容；3.推荐该课程的理由。

注意：1.词数100左右；2.可以适当增加细节；以使行文连贯。

24、假设你是红星中学高一学生李华。你的英国笔友 Peter 对科学研究感兴趣；他来信请你介绍一位中国的科学家及其研究成果。请你给他回信，内容包括：

- 1.科学家的姓名；
- 2.科学家的研究成果；
- 3.该研究成果的意义。

注意：1. 词数不少于 50；
2. 开头和结尾已给出；不计入总词数。

Dear Peter,

参考答案

一、选择题(共7题，共14分)

1、D

【分析】

【详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：(因为)那些书是一周多之前订的，现在随时有可能送到。books和order是动宾关系，即order the books/the books are ordered，故用过去分词表示被动和完成，在此相当于原因状语从句because they were ordered...；故选D。

【点睛】

分词作状语。

1. 分词作时间状语相当于when引导的时间状语从句；on doing sth. ="as" soon as sb. does sth.。
2. 分词作原因状语相当于as, since, because引导的原因状语从句。
3. 分词作方式或伴随状语不能用状语从句替换；但是可以改写成并列句。
4. 分词作条件状语相当于if, unless等引导的从句。常见的可表示条件的分词有given, supposing, considering, provided, compared with等。
5. 分词作结果状语相当于so that引导的结果状语从句。分词前常有副词thus, thereby; only等。
6. 分词作让步状语相当于though或者even if等引导的让步状语从句。

2、C

【分析】

【详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：全神贯注于绘画中，约翰没有注意到晚上到了。短语be absorbed in全神贯注于，在句中作状语，省略be动词；故选C。

【点睛】

本题考查的非谓语动词为高中重点语法之一。在分析题目的时候，首先要抓住非谓语动词所对应的逻辑主语，确定逻辑主语之后，再分析非谓语动词和逻辑主语在搭配使用时是主动还是被动关系，最后根据句意选择正确的答案。

3、D

【分析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查过去分词。句意：Turandot这部歌剧在1926首先被上演，它仍然吸引着来自全世界的观众。分析句子，由于句子已经出现了谓语动词attracts，故空格的词只能充当非谓语动词；在此处，由于主语是the opera

Turandot，与perform之间是被动关系。故用过去分词作状语，表被动与完成。故选D项。

4、A

【分析】

【详解】

考查时态。句意：在大学的时候；奥巴马不知道他将成为美国第一个黑人总统。用过去将来时表示过去某个时间将要发生的事情，所以选A。

【点睛】

英语中的时态主要由动词的形式决定，因此在学习英语时态时，要注意分析动词形式及具体语境，想象在那个特定的时间动作所发生的背景，这个动作是经常性动作、一般性动作、进行性动作、完成性动作还是将要发生的动作。这题的解题关键是didn't know。

5、C

【分析】

【详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：陷入沉思中，他完全没注意到老师走进了教室。分析句子结构可知，已有谓语动词didn't notice，空处需填非谓语动词作状语，“陷入沉思”表达为be lost in thought，故此空用过去分词作状语。故选C。

6、A

【分析】

【详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：斯蒂芬2009年入选NBA，加盟金州勇士队。分析句子结构可知，此处应是非谓语动词短语作状语，select与其逻辑主语Stephen之间为动宾关系，应用过去分词，表被动、完成。故选A项。

7、B

【分析】

【详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：当这位老人回到家时，他发现窗子开着，但没发现被偷的迹象。A.

sight景象；B. sign迹象；C. scene现场；场面；D.

notice通知；启事。根据语义可知，虽然老人发现窗子开着，但没发现被偷的迹象，所以用名词sign符合语境。故选B项。

二、完成句子(共7题，共14分)

8、略

【分析】

【详解】

考查倍数表达法。根据倍数表达法：主语A+谓语+倍数+as+形容词或副词的原级+as+比较对象B；主语A+谓语+倍数+the size (length, height) of +比较对象B，表示“A是B的几倍”，以及句意可知，此处使用twice as long as或twice the length of。故填twice the length of或as long as。

【解析】

twice the length of/as long as

9、略

【分析】

【详解】

考查非谓语动词和定语从句。结合句意表示“与 相比”可知，短语为be compared to，此处省略be动词，用过去分词作状语，句首单词首字母要大写；第二空为非限制性定语从句修饰先行词film，先行词在从句中作主语，指物，应用关系代词which引导。故填①Compared；②to；③which。

【解析】

Compared to which

10、略

【分析】

【详解】

考查非谓语动词和固定短语。结合句意表示“在 的驱使下”应用过去分词短语driven by，作原因状语；表示“ 的强烈的欲望”可知短语为a burning desire for。句首单词首字母要大写。故填Driven by a burning desire for。

【解析】

Driven by a burning desire for

11、略

【分析】

【详解】

考查非谓语动词和固定短语。表示“专心于”可知短语为be absorbed in，省略be动词，过去分词作状语；表示“科学研究”短语为science research。句首单词首字母要大写。故填Absorbed in his science research。

【解析】

Absorbed in his science research

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