



week.”可知此处询问打篮球的频率，应用 how often。故选 B。

3. —Mom, when shall we set out to the amusement park?

—As long as your task \_\_\_\_\_.

A. will finish

B. will be finished

C. is finished

【答案】 C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——妈妈，我们什么时候出发去游乐园？——只要你的任务完成。

考查条件状语从句。根据“As long as your task”可知，这是条件状语从句，从句应该使用一般现在时，主语是“your task”，与“finish”之间存在被动关系，因此填一般现在时的被动语态。故选 C。

4. —Must I study medicine and be a doctor like you, Dad?

—No, you \_\_\_\_\_, son. You're free to make your own decision.

A. can't

B. mustn't

C. needn't

【答案】 C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——爸爸，我必须学习医学，成为一名像你一样的医生吗？——不，你不必，儿子。你可以自由地做出自己的决定。

考查情态动词。can't 不能；mustn't 禁止；needn't 不必。根据“Must I...”可知其否定回答是 No, you needn't。故选 C。

5. —Is this eraser \_\_\_\_\_, Bob?

—No, I don't have such an eraser. It belongs to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. your; Tom's

B. yours; Tom

C. his; Tom's

【答案】 B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——Bob，这块橡皮是你的吗？——不，我没有这样的橡皮。它属于 Tom。

考查代词辨析。your 你的，形容词性物主代词；yours 你的，名词性物主代词，his 他的，形容词性物主代词或名词性物主代词。根据“I don't have such an eraser.”可知，询问 Bob“是你的橡皮吗”，且空格后没有名词，故用名词性物主代词 yours；belong to sb“属于某人”，故第二空是 Tom。故选 B。

6. The speed of a maglev (磁悬浮) train is \_\_\_\_\_ higher than that of a traditional one.

A. a lot

B. more

C. quite

【答案】 A

【解析】

【详解】句意：磁悬浮列车的速度比传统列车的速度快得多。

考查比较级的修饰词。a lot 可以修饰比较级；more 后加原级构成比较级；quite 修饰原级。由 higher 可知此处是比较级的修饰词，用 a lot 表示“……得多”。故选 A。

7. —Mr. Wang, I'm sad that I didn't pass the test.

—Keep trying. Success \_\_\_\_\_ hard work.

A. sticks to

B. leads to

C. depends on

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——王先生，我很难过我没有通过考试。——继续尝试。成功取决于努力工作。

考查动词短语。sticks to 坚持；leads to 导致；depends on 取决于。根据“Success...hard work”可知成功取决于努力工作。故选 C。

8. —Eating too much junk food can harm your body, especially \_\_\_\_\_ you're teenagers.

—Yes. Junk food has a bad influence on our ability to think, learn and remember.

A. if

B. unless

C. although

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——吃太多垃圾食品会伤害你的身体，尤其如果你还是青少年的话。——对。垃圾食品对我们的思考、学习和记忆能力有不良影响。

考查连词辨析。if 如果；unless 除非；although 尽管。根据“Eating too much junk food can harm your body, especially ... you're teenagers.”可知，如果你是青少年，吃太多垃圾食品尤其会伤害你的身体。故选 A。

9. —I really don't know how to get on well with other people.

—The most important rule \_\_\_\_\_ you should follow is to communicate.

A. who

B. which

C. that

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——我真的不知道怎样和别人相处好。——你应该遵循的最重要的规则是沟通。

考查定语从句。who 为关系代词，指代人；which 为关系代词，指代物；that 为关系代词，指代物。该句是定语从句，根据“you should follow”可知，先行词 rule 在从句中作宾语，指代物，且先行词被“The most important”修饰，只能用 that 修饰。故选 C。

10. —Excuse me, I wonder \_\_\_\_\_.

—Yes, it's near the bookshop.

- A. where we will go for the holiday
- B. if there is a lost and found office
- C. when she will give me a call

【答案】 B

【解析】

【详解】 句意：——打扰一下，我想知道是否有失物招领处。——是的，它在书店附近。

考查宾语从句。where we will go for the holiday 我们将去哪里度假；if there is a lost and found office 是否有失物招领处；when she will give me a call 她什么时候会给我打电话。根据“Yes, it’s near the bookshop.”可知，宾语从句的引导词只能用 if/whether“是否”，B 选项符合语境。故选 B。

## 二、完形填空(本题共 10 分，每小题 1 分)

It was the last day of our final exam. On the steps of one building, a group of engineering (工程学) students were 11 their exam, which would begin in a few minutes. There was 12 on their faces. This was their last exam—then on to graduation and jobs. After four years of college, they felt 13 to see the world.

The exam, they knew, would be easy. The professor (教授) said they could bring any books or notes they wanted. They entered the room. The professor 14 the papers. And smiles became bigger as the students saw there were only 15 essay (论文) questions.

Three hours passed. The professor began to collect the papers. The students no longer looked confident. 16 they looked scared. The professor asked “How many of you finished all five questions?” Not a hand was 17.

“How many answered four?” Still no hands. “Three? Two? One; then?” But the class still stayed 18. The professor put down the papers. “That is exactly what I expected,” he said. “I just want to tell you that 19 you have finished four years of college, there are still many things you don’t know. The questions you could not answer are about things you will work with every day.”

Then, smiling, he added, “You will all pass this course, but remember—although you are now college graduates, your education has just started.” Not everyone remembers this professor’s name. But 20 of his students remember his final lesson.

根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

11.

- A. completing
- B. discussing
- C. copying

12.

- A. pressure
- B. worry
- C. confidence

13.

A. nervous

B. ready

C. lucky

14.

A. gave out

B. gave in

C. gave away

15.

A. four

B. five

C. six

16.

A. Besides

B. Also

C. Instead

17.

A. raised

B. risen

C. lifted

18.

A. lively

B. quiet

C. noisy

19.

A. as if

B. so that

C. even though

20.

A. all

B. neither

C. none

**【答案】** 11. B 12. C 13. B 14. A 15. B 16. C 17. A 18. B 19. C 20. A

**【解析】**

**【导语】** 本文讲述了教授用大学毕业的最后一场考试给学生们上了一堂课，告诉他们：即使他们大学已经毕业，但是教育其实才刚刚开始。

**【11 题详解】**

句意：在一栋大楼的台阶上，一群工科学生正在讨论他们的考试。

completing 完成；discussing 讨论；copying 复制。根据“their exam, which would begin in a few minutes”可知他们在谈论一会要进行的考试。故选 B。

**【12 题详解】**

句意：他们脸上充满了自信。

pressure 压力；worry 担心；confidence 自信。根据“The students no longer looked confident”可知学生刚开始很自信。故选 C。

**【13 题详解】**

句意：大学四年后，他们觉得自己已经准备好去看世界了。

nervous 紧张的; ready 准备好的; lucky 幸运的。根据“to see the world.”可知他们很自信, 已经准备好去看世界了。故选 B。

**【14 题详解】**

句意: 教授分发试卷。

gave out 分发; gave in 屈服; gave away 捐赠。根据“the papers”可知是分发试卷。故选 A。

**【15 题详解】**

句意: 当学生们看到只有五道论文题时, 笑容变得更灿烂了。

four 四; five 五; six 六。根据“‘How many of you finished all five questions’”可知是有五个问题。故选 B。

**【16 题详解】**

句意: 相反, 他们看起来很害怕。

Besides 而且; Also 也; Instead 相反。根据“‘The students no longer looked confident...they looked scared.’”可知学生不再自信, 相反他们看起来很害怕。故选 C。

**【17 题详解】**

句意: 没有人举手。

raised 提高; risen 上升; lifted 提高。根据“‘Not a hand was’”可知是举手, raise hands“举手”。故选 A。

**【18 题详解】**

句意: 但全班仍然保持安静。

lively 生机勃勃的; quiet 安静的; noisy 吵闹的。根据“‘Still no hands’”可知班里没有人举手, 所有人都保持安静。故选 B。

**【19 题详解】**

句意: 我只想告诉你, 尽管你已经完成了四年的大学学业, 但仍有很多事情你不知道。

as if 似乎; so that 以便; even though 即使。前后两句是让步关系, 用 even though 引导让步状语从句。故选 C。

**【20 题详解】**

句意: 但他所有的学生都记得他的最后一课。

all 全都; neither 两者都不; none 全都不。根据“‘of his students remember his final lesson.’”可知转折词后表示所有学生都记住了最后一课。故选 A。

三、阅读理解(本题 20 分, 每小题 1 分)





Watching movie is fun. Here is some information about one of the latest popular movies.

Title: Full River Red (满江红)

Language: Chinese

Kind: Comedy

Running Time: 159 minutes

Director: Zhang Yimou

Ticket Price: Adults: 70 yuan each; Students: half price; Children under 6: free

Storyline (故事情节):

During the Shaoxing Period of the Southern Song Dynasty, four years after Yue Fei's death, Qin Hui, the prime minister (played by Lei Jiayin), led his army to hold talks with the Jin State. On the eve of the meeting, the envoy (使者) of Jin died in the prime minister's house, and the secret letter he carried disappeared. A soldier with the name of Zhang Da (played by Shen Teng) and an officer of the camp SunJun (played by Yi Yangqianxi) were ordered to find the murderer (凶手) in an hour.

Movie Reviews:

Leo: I think this movie is educational. After watching the movie, I learned more about the history. Besides, Zhang Yimou is my favourite director.

Nick: The story was surprisingly good and I think all the actors performed really well. I'm a fan of comedy movies.

Tina: This movie is so well made. I went to see it with my four classmates. I love the beautiful pictures of the movie best.

Anne: It's a wonderful film. It educates me well to love my home and my country.

For more information, please call us at 89897777.

根据语言材料内容选择最佳答案。

21. The film Full River Red lasts \_\_\_\_\_.

A. nearly two hours

B. over two hours

C. less than one hour

22. A couple with their 12-year-old will pay \_\_\_\_\_ for the movie.

A. 140 yuan

B. 175 yuan

C. 210 yuan

23. We don't know \_\_\_\_\_ from the storyline.

A. when the story happened

B. where the envoy died

C. how the letter disappeared

24. \_\_\_\_\_ thinks Full River Red is educational.

A. Leo and Nick

B. Leo and Anne

C. Nick and Tina

25. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Nick likes to watch comedy movies.

B. All the actors speak English in the movie.

C. Full River Red is a movie about Yue Fei's death.

【答案】 21. B    22. B    23. C    24. B    25. A

【解析】

【导语】 本文介绍了电影《满江红》的票价，内容简介，评价等信息。

【21 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Running Time: 159 minutes”可知，该电影时长 159 分钟，也就是两个多小时。故选 B。

【22 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Ticket Price: Adults: 70 yuan each; Students: half price;”可知，一对夫妇带着一个学生去需要付 175 元。故选 B。

【23 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“During the Shaoxing Period of the Southern Song Dynasty,”以及“the envoy (使者) of Jin died in the prime minister's house,”可知，我们可以得知故事发生的时间和使者死亡的地点，选项 C 中的信息并没有提及，故选 C。

【24 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Leo: I think this movie is educational.”以及“Anne: It's a wonderful film. It educates me well to love my home and my country.”可知，Leo 和 Anne 认为这部电影具有教育意义。故选 B。

【25 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Nick: The story was surprisingly good and I think all the actors performed really well. I'm a fan of comedy movies.”可知，Nick 喜欢看喜剧电影。故选 A。

(B)

A long time ago, there lived an old man. He raised the finest horses in all the land. His family was happy and he was rich in friends, too.

One night, the man's prized horse, a big black horse, was lost. The old man was sad. Friends came to say how



sorry they were. The old man said only, "Why wouldn't this be good luck?"

Months later, the villagers saw the black horse coming back, leading two white horses. The villagers were happy for the return of the old man's horse and the addition (增加) of two more. The old farmer thanked them for their happiness and said quietly for all to hear, "Could this be a disaster (灾祸)?"

The old man's only son loved horses, so it was natural for the old man to give his son the black horse. The old man began to teach his son to ride. Unluckily, the boy fell off the horse and broke his legs. No one knew if he could ever walk again. Everyone was sad, and came to tell the old man how sad they were. The old man just looked at them and said. "Why wouldn't this be a blessing (福气)?"

In a few weeks, the enemies invaded (侵略) the land. The king sent his soldiers to enlist (征募) one young man from each family to fight against the enemies. When they reached the old man's village, they took one son from each home. At the home of the old man, they found the disabled (残疾的) boy, and they did not take him. As a result, the son stayed away from the war and saved his life.

根据短文内容判断正、误。(注意:考生将答题卡相应位置涂黑,正确的涂“A”,错误的涂“B”)

26. The old man had a happy family and a lot of friends.

27. The black horse returned with two white horses after a few years.

28. The old man taught his son to ride the horse because he wanted him to be a good soldier.

29. The old man's son wasn't strong enough to be taken by the king's soldiers.

30. The story tells us that everything has two sides, and good and bad might change each other.

【答案】26. A 27. B

28. B 29. B

30. A

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了“塞翁失马，安知非福”的故事，告诉我们：所有事都有两面性，要以平常心对待自己的所得所失。

【26题详解】

细节理解题。根据“His family was happy and he was rich in friends”可知他的家庭很幸福，他有很多朋友。故答案为 A。

【27题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Months later, the villagers saw the black horse coming back, leading two white horses.”可知黑马几个月后领着两匹白马回来了，而不是几年后。故答案为 B。

【28题详解】

black horse. The old man began to teach his son to ride”可知老人唯一的儿子喜欢马，所以老人开始教他的儿子骑马，而不是想让他成为一名好士兵。故答案为 B。

【29 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“At the home of the old man, they found the disabled (残疾的) boy, and they did not take him”可知这个人的儿子是残疾的，所以没有被士兵带走，而不是他儿子不够强壮。故答案为 B。

【30 题详解】

主旨大意题。本文讲述了“塞翁失马，安知非福”的故事，告诉我们：所有事都有两面性，要以平常心对待自己的所得所失。故答案为 A。

1. Do you yawn (打哈欠)? There are about 20 reasons that scientists think are possible for yawning after research. They do not know exactly why yawning happens, but they do know many facts about yawning.

2. We know that everyone yawns in the same way. First you open your mouth slowly. Your mouth stays open for about five seconds. You take in a lot of air and then push it out. Then you quickly close your mouth. We also know that yawning is contagious. When you see someone yawn, you yawn, too.

3. Many people say they yawn because they are bored or tired. That might be true. People do often yawn before they sleep and after they wake up. However, we know that people also yawn when they are excited or nervous. Olympic runners, for example, often yawn before a race. Why is that? In 2007, scientists found that a yawn can help a warm brain cool down.

4. Some scientists believe that yawning makes you notice things more quickly. When you are young, you breathe deeply. You also stretch (强化) the muscles (肌肉) in your face, mouth, and neck. Your eardrums (耳膜) stretch, too. Maybe this helps you to be quicker to notice things.

5. In some countries, people think yawning is not nice. People put their hands over their mouths to cover a yawn. In other countries, people think yawning is healthy. They think that opening the mouth very big can let good things in. When they breathe out, they think that bad things go out of the body with the air.

6. Scientists do not spend much time studying yawning. That is probably because yawning does not hurt. It is just something we do.

根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

31. What does the underlined word “contagious” in Paragraph (段落) 2 mean?

A. Able to spread quickly.                      B. Able to sleep quickly.                      C. Able to change easily.

32. Why do Olympic runners often yawn before a race?

- B. A yawn can let good things in.  
 C. A yawn can help a warm brain cool down.

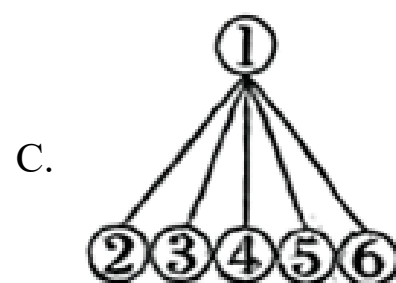
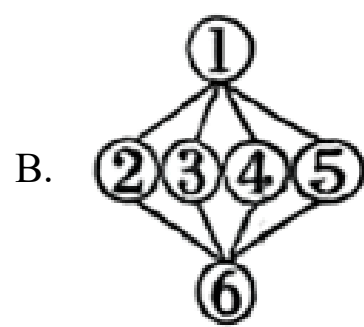
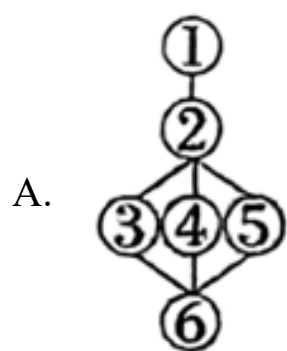
33. What is the main idea of Paragraph 5?

- A. Reasons for yawning.  
 B. Advantages of yawning.  
 C. Different ideas about yawning.

34. What can we probably infer ( ) from the passage?

- A. People use different ways to yawn.  
 B. Some scientists think yawning is good for people.  
 C. Scientists will do further research on yawning.

35. What would be the best structure (结构) of the passage?



【答案】 31. A    32. C    33. C    34. B    35. B

【解析】

【导语】 本文主要介绍了关于打哈欠的事实。

【31 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“We also know that yawning is contagious. When you see someone yawn, you yawn, too.”可知当别人打哈欠时，你也会打哈欠，所以哈欠是会传染的，划线部分单词意为“能够快速传播”。故选 A。

【32 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Why is that? In 2007, scientists found that a yawn can help a warm brain cool down.”可知科学家发现打哈欠可以帮助温暖的大脑冷静下来。故选 C。

【33 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据“In some countries, people think yawning is not nice....In other countries...”以及本段内容可知本文主要介绍了不同国家对于打哈欠的看法。故选 C。

【34 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“In 2007, scientists found that a yawn can help a warm brain cool down.”以及“Maybe this

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/138002030070006107>