

2022—2023 学年北京市中国人民大学附属中学

八年级上学期期中英语

考生须知

1. 本试卷共 8 页，共九道大题 57 道小题，满分 100 分。考试时间 90 分钟。
2. 请在答题纸上粘贴条形码，在密封线内正确填写个人信息。
3. 请将答案按题目顺序填涂或填写在答题纸上，请在答题区域内作答。
4. 选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其它试卷用黑色字迹签字笔作答。

听力理解（共 25 分）

一、听后选择（共 12 分，每小题 1.5 分）

听对话或独白，根据对话或独白的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 1 至第 2 小题。

1. Where is Jim going for summer vacation?

A. Japan. B. Hong Kong. C. Hainan Island.

2. How long does Jim plan to stay there?

A. Three days. B. Six days C. Seven days.

请听一段对话，完成第 3 至第 4 小题。

3. What does Peter often do in his free time?

A. He plays computers. B. He plays football. C. He reads books.

4. When does the girl listen to music?

A. Before she sleeps. B. Before she gets up C. After she sleeps.

请听一段对话，完成第 5 至第 6 小题。

5. When did the woman move to the United States?

A. At the age of five. B. At the age of ten. C. At the age of thirteen.

6. Why did the man move a lot?

A. Because he always changed his job

B. Because he really liked traveling.

C. Because his father worked for the army.

请听一段独白，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。

7. What can you learn from the talk?

A. Jimmy will fly to England next week.

B. The speaker's town is big and beautiful.

C. The speaker’s house is on the left side of Birch Drive.

8. What’s the purpose of the speaker?

A. To introduce his town and his house.

B. To help Jimmy get to his house quickly.

C. To attract people to visit his hometown.

二、听后回答（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

听对话，根据对话内容，笔头回答问题。每段对话你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 9 小题。

9. Why is Mary going to meet her friends?

请听一段对话，完成第 10 小题。

10. How was the weather in Mount Tai?

请听一段对话，完成第 11 小题。

11. When did Jane see the accident?

请听一段对话，完成第 12 小题。

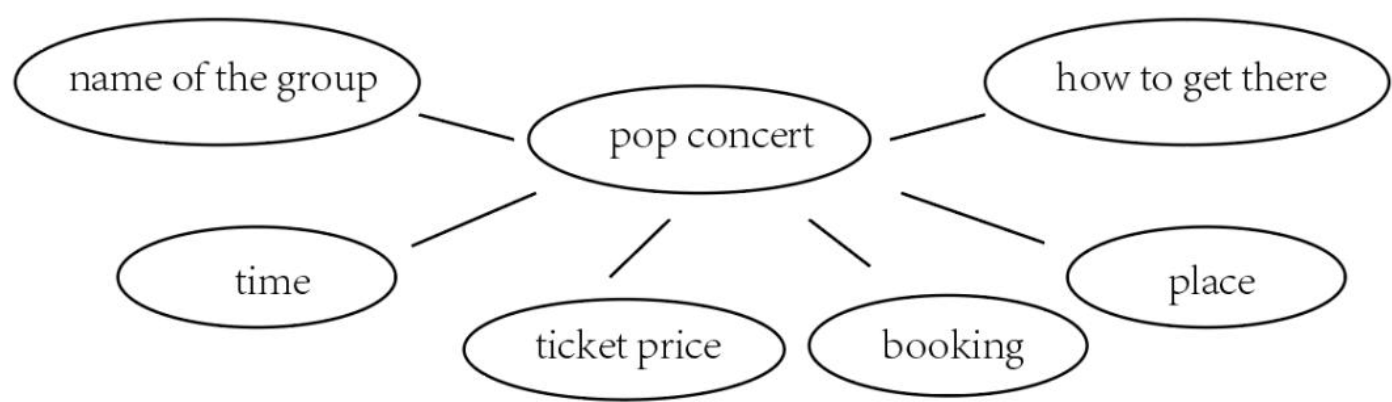
12.How many classes are there in the evening?

请听一段对话，完成第 13 小题。

13.What is Tony’s favorite hobby?

三、听后转写（共 3 分）

请听一段短文，根据所听到的短文内容和提示信息。短文你将听两遍。短文的开头和结尾已经给出。



Here is some information about a pop concert The group is called _____ Hope to see you there.

知识运用（共 29 分）

四、单项选择（共 9 分，每小题 1 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. —_____ do students do sports these days?

—Almost every day.

A. How long B. How often C. How much D. How soon

2. Lisa likes Frozen and she thinks it's _____ of all cartoons.

A. more interesting B. interesting C. the most interesting D. most interesting

3. Many Beijingers _____ their National Holiday in the city parks and museums last year.

A. spent B. spend C. are spending D. will spend

4. — That book I lent to you yesterday is _____ than this one.

— Really? I'll return it to you as soon as I finish reading it.

A. much expensive B. more expensive

C. as expensive D. too expensive

5. My parents always tell me _____ more vegetables and fruit every day.

A. eat B. eating C. to eat D. ate

6. —Did you win the basketball game yesterday?

—Not really. _____ we all tried our best, we lost it.

A. If B. Though C. Unless D. Because

7. —Did Mike do his homework?

—Yes, and he wrote as _____ as his sister.

A. carefully B. more careful C. more carefully D. careful

8. —Mom, I won the first prize in dancing competition.

—_____.

A. You're welcome B. Well done C. That's right D. Thank you

9. In the latest talk show, his joke made all of us _____.

A. laughed B. to laugh C. laugh D. laughing

五、选词填空，并用所给词的适当形式填空。（共 5 分，每小题 1 分）

选词填空，并用所给词的适当形式填空。

come serious watch just life

Not everyone enjoys 10 talent shows. Some think that the 11 of the performers are made up. For example, some people say they are poor farmers, but in fact they are 12 actors. However, if you don't take these shows too 13, they are fun to watch. And one great thing about them is that they give people a chance to make their dream 14 true.

六、完形填空（共 15 分，每小题 1.5 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

Emily has fought with her weight for a long time. Each time she tried to 15 the extra pounds, it got harder. But this time she made it.

Her youngest child had 16 for college, so she had more time. Then she could pay special attention to her own goal. And she had just 17 at a very important event in her development: turning 50. “I think at this point in life, getting in shape is only going to get harder,” she said.

It was very 18 to have a clear goal. She didn’t miss any chance of a long bike ride or hike (远足). To start to lose weight right away, she cut all the junk food and ate more fruit and vegetables. She lost 5 pounds 19. She was very happy.

To support her weight loss (减肥) and get 20, Emily made a big decision. She increased her 21 by going to the gym, riding with a biking group, hiking and taking the stairs instead of the lift at work.

Visiting her parents’ house was one of Emily’s biggest challenges. “Food is everywhere all the time, on tables, in the fridge – even the second fridge is 22. As long as I didn’t touch any of it, I was OK.” For 23 together, she often brought her own prepared food.

Two years later, Emily has 24 her 30-pound weight loss goal and knows she can keep up her healthy habits for life. People who haven’t seen her for a while say, “You look great!”

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 15. A. care | B. lose | C. mind | D. worry |
| 16. A. left | B. thought | C. waited | D. asked |
| 17. A. pointed | B. arrived | C. looked | D. called |
| 18. A. comfortable | B. enjoyable | C. useful | D. careful |
| 19. A. quickly | B. differently | C. similarly | D. hardly |
| 20. A. funnier | B. smarter | C. friendlier | D. healthier |
| 21. A. information | B. talent | C. activities | D. prizes |
| 22. A. clean | B. full | C. fine | D. open |
| 23. A. meals | B. competitions | C. program | D. classes |
| 24. A. touched | B. chosen | C. tried | D. reached |

阅读理解（共 26 分）

七、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项（共 26 分，每小题 2 分）

(A)

Want to enjoy some exercise home? Here are some online fitness (健身) live courses for you.

	LIU GENGHONG'S SHUTTLECOCK （毽子） EXERCISE Build strong bodies in a fantastic way! Shuttlecock exercise does not require equipment and is perfect for people to perform at home. Liu Genghong helps you to keep going until the last minute, and you can burn your fat fast. Time: 7 p.m—8:30 p.m. on weekdays 9 a.m—10:30 a.m. at weekends
	LATIN DANCE WITH KAREN Have fun and get fit! Do you love dancing and parties? Well Latin dance is for you—it mixes great music and dancing with hard exercise (burn 1,000calories an hour). Karen is an experienced Latin dance trainer and many people like her classes very much. Time: 2 p.m.—4 p.m. on weekdays 9 a.m.—11 a.m. at weekends
	YOGA WITH SARA Exercise your body and mind! Sara's yoga classes are perfect for people who want to improve their strength and shape their bodies. Sara has trained in several different styles of yoga. Time: 3 p.m.—4 p.m. every Monday and Wednesday for beginners 4 p.m.—5 p.m. every Tuesday and Thursday for experienced learners
	JOHN'S SPIN CLASSES Have a lot of fun on a bike! Spin classes are a safe and effective way to work out—it doesn't matter how old you are or how fit you are. John is an excellent spin trainer who'll inspire you to do your best in every class. Time: 7 p.m.—8 p.m. every day

25. If Susan like dancing and don't mind hard exercise, whose course can you take?

- A. Liu Genghong's.
- B. Karen's.
- C. John's.
- D. Sara's.

26. Which of the following is TRUE according to the material?

- A. Shuttlecock exercise can help people lose weight.
- B. No one likes Karen's Latin dance classes.
- C. Yoga classes on Tuesday are for the beginners.
- D. Spin classes are only fit for young people.

27. Where can you probably read this material?

- A. In a tour guide. B. In a sports website. C. In a news report. D. In a TV magazine.

(B)

I looked at my blank page. All I'd written was the title "What I Want to Be When I Grow Up". The rest of the class were all busy writing.

"You have five minutes to finish." Ms Clark announced.

"I want to be a teacher when I grow up because..." I just wrote a few lines when the bell went. My friend Lisa told me she wanted to be an astronaut. I laughed as I pictured Lisa floating in space. After school, I told my grandpa my real dream. "You promise not to laugh. I didn't write it on the school paper." I said, "I want to be an actor." He didn't laugh. Instead he asked, "Why?"

"I just do, that's all, more than anything in the world. I'd be really good."

"OK. Angela, I once dreamed to be a reporter. We'd better find out if you've got any talent then, hadn't we?" He looked up a number in his phone. "You need drama lessons, and I know just the right person—Jane Rozzi, a friend of mine." "Fantastic!" I couldn't believe my luck. I gave him a big hug.

"I'd better check with your Mum and Dad first to make sure they don't mind their daughter taking Jane Rozzi's acting class."

No problem there. Next evening, sitting in my grandpa's car, my stomach felt tight and my mouth was dry. He was driving me to my first acting lesson. "She is kind and gentle. Don't be nervous."

He was right. I liked Jane immediately. She told me I was talented and my voice was good. Just needed to get louder. After that we did some breathing and voice exercises. I practised day after day...

"You have a natural talent and, with hard work and luck, you will make it." I always bear Jane's words in my mind. Now I am an actor on the stage. Wow! How my life has changed since I first stared at that blank piece of paper!

28. Why didn't Angela write her real dream at school?

- A. Ms Clark didn't like it. B. Her parents wouldn't support it.
C. She was afraid of being laughed at. D. She couldn't decide it when she was at school.

29. How did Angela feel on her way to the acting lesson?

- A. Sad. B. Nervous. C. Proud. D. Interested.

30. Which of the following could best describe Angela?

- A. Skillful and caring. B. Patient and helpful.
C. Talented and hard-working. D. Clever and beautiful.

(C)

If we want to grow as people, we can't just depend on our own evaluation of how we're doing. We also need to know what other people think about our performance. Receiving feedback (反馈) from others can help us see the larger picture

and show us a way forward to success. However, someone has to give that feedback, and sometimes, that someone will be you. How should you deal with this?

First things first — if you notice a situation in which some feedback would be helpful, give it as soon as you can. If you wait until the matter disappears from the person’s mind, they might not understand what you’re trying to tell them. Take the person to a safe, comfortable place and offer your advice in private.

When you’re giving feedback, it’s important to keep in mind that no one likes to be told they’re doing a bad job. Make sure you give an equal (相等的) amount of good feedback to balance out anything bad. Like the saying goes, “A spoonful of sugar helps the medicine go down.”

All good feedback shares something in common. First, it should help achieve a goal. It’s less useful to tell your friends that their dish tastes “interesting” than it is to suggest adding a little salt. Feedback should also look toward the future. You can’t change what’s already happened, but you can prevent it from happening again. Tell your friends they should take more notes in class instead of talking about how they should have studied harder for the big history exam they failed.

Finally, don’t think your suggestion is the only correct way to deal with a situation. You might even end up with some feedback on your feedback. Don’t take it personally — it can only help you give better advice next time.

31. Why is it important to give feedback in time according to Paragraph 2?

- A. You might forget to tell the person later on.
- B. Perhaps the person wants the feedback right away.
- C. Maybe the person needs time to understand your advice
- D. If you wait too long, the person might forget what’s happened.

32. What can we infer from the underlined saying in Paragraph 3?

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. It’s helpful to keep on giving bad feedback. | B. It’s difficult to do a good job all the time. |
| C. It’s better to balance good and bad feedback. | D. It’s important to think twice before giving feedback. |

33. The passage is mainly about _____.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. what characters good feedback includes | B. how people should give feedback properly |
| C. the differences between good and bad feedback | D. the importance of giving and receiving feedback |

(D)

There is much heated discussion today about 5G. Your Internet experience is not pleasant when the net speed is too slow—it takes so long to open a web page and the talk show you’re watching stops every few minutes. But soon it could be a thing of the past, the Chinese government announced that 5G services would be provided around the country.

5G is the 5th generation network. It is a new network after 1G, 2G, 3G and 4G and it can connect everyone and everything together. 5G speed can be very fast. 5G has very short delay between sending and receiving information. Now, 4G takes about 100 to 200 milliseconds to send and receive data. But 5G will get it down to 1 millisecond or less—this is almost real-time. In the near future, 5G network will cover many cities in China.

This big change will not only make our mobile Internet faster, but also deeply change our lives. For example, 5G will make self-driving cars possible. For safety, self-driving cars need super-fast data transmission (传输) to communicate with their nearby environment. 5G is just what makes self-driving cars achieve this. Even airplanes will become “smart” in the near future. Passengers will be able to use 5G networks in the air to connect to the Internet or order food and drinks.

5G will be a big help for students who take online classes. In the world, many people live in poor areas where there are no schools. But with 5G, this will change. Students all over the world will be able to see places like the Great Wall without leaving their rooms.

In addition 5G will be used in hospitals. It will be easier for doctors to care for patients who live far away by 5G.

However, 5G has its own weaknesses. According to China National Radio, though 5G will make our lives easier, it will not be perfect. For one thing, 5G will not “travel” far. On 4G networks, you can be 10 kilometers away from the nearest transmission center and connect the Internet easily. But 5G will only cover about 300 meters. And in order to use 5G, we will have to buy new products specifically designed for 5G that are expensive at present.

34. The underlined word “delay” in Paragraph 2 most probably refers to “_____”.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. the distance to cover | B. the waiting time |
| C. the connecting time | D. the length to change |

35. What is the main idea of Paragraph 2?

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| A. How 5G will change our lives. | B. What discussion 5G has caused. |
| C. Why 5G is the faster network. | D. What weaknesses 5G has to overcome. |

36. What can you learn from the passage?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. 5G travels faster and farther than 4G. | B. 5G has covered many cities in China. |
| C. 5G will make self-driving less safe. | D. 5G may cost more as a new technology. |

37. What is the purpose of the passage?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. To encourage people to use 5G in their lives. | B. To introduce people to the technology of 5G. |
| C. To explain how 5G has changed people’s lives. | D. To describe the development of 5G in China. |

书面表达（共 20 分）

八、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

In 2007, Barrington Irving became the youngest person to fly alone around the world. He was just 23 years old — and he built the plane himself. How did he achieve this?

Irving’s interest in flying started when he was 15. He was working in his parents’ bookstore in Miami, Florida. One of the customers was a pilot. Gary Robinson. One day, Robinson asked Irving if he was interested in flying. Irving didn’t think he was smart enough. But the next day, Robinson took Irving to an airport. He showed Irving inside the cockpit (驾驶舱) of a Boeing 777. That experience changed Irving’s life.

Irving really wanted to fly, but flight school was expensive. To achieve his dream, he worked different jobs. He washed

airplanes and cleaned swimming pools. At home he practiced flying on a video game. In the end, he got enough money for flight school.

At flight school, Irving achieved his dream of learning how to fly. But he wasn’t finished. Next, he planned to build his own plane and fly alone around the world.

Building the plane was difficult. Irving asked more than 50 companies for airplane parts. Most said no, but he persisted (顽强地坚持) in asking. Three years later, he had parts worth \$300, 000. Columbia, an airplane company, agreed to build a plane using the parts. Soon, his airplane was ready to fly.

On March 23, 2007, Irving began his round-the-world trip. After 97 days-with 145 hours in the air-he landed back in Miami. A crowd of cheering people were there to welcome him.

Irving saw many young people in the crowd , and this had a powerful effect on him. He wanted to use his experience to help other young people achieve their own dreams.

“Everyone told me what I couldn’t do.” says Irving. “They said I was too young, that I didn’t have enough money. But even if no one believes in your dream,” he says, “you have to pursue (追求) it.”

38. When did Irving’s interest in flying start?

39. Why did Irving work different jobs?

40. What did Irving plan to do after he learned how to fly?

41. What did Irving want to use his own experience to do?

42. What made Irving successful in achieving his dream?

九、文段表达（共 10 分）

请从下面两个题目中任选一题。

43. 假如你是李华，Peter 是来自友好学校的交换生。请用英语给 Peter 写一封邮件，给他推荐一处北京的公园。

请结合以下提示词语和问题展开信的内容：

要求：根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

提示词语：

the most beautiful, the nearest, fresh air, do sports, warm clothes, . . .

提示问题：

park do you advise Peter to visit? Where is it?

2.Why do you recommend this park?

3.What do you advise Peter to take?

Dear Peter,

How is it going? I’m writing to recommend to you...

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

44. “有朋自远方来，不亦乐乎！”朋友能带给人愉悦，能促使人进步。那么你更愿意与和你相似的人做朋友，还是和你很不同的人做朋友呢？可以说一说你的原因吗？学校论坛以“朋友”（Friends）为话题，征集大家的发言。请结合以下提示内容写一篇英语的论坛发言。

要求：根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

提示词语：

have...in common, have different interests, cheer me up, ...

提示问题：

1. Do you like to make friends with those who are similar to you or different from you? Why?
2. How is your best friend similar to you or different from you?
3. How did he/she help you out when you were in trouble?

提示开头：

I like to make friends with those who are similar to me /those who are different from me /I don’t care whether friends are similar or different.

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四、单项选择（共 9 分，每小题 1 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

—_____ do students do sports these days?

—Almost every day.

A. How long B. How often C. How much D. How soon

【答案】B

【详解】句意：——现在学生多久做一次运动？——几乎每天。

考查特殊疑问句。How long 多长时间；How often 多久一次；How much 多少（钱）；How soon 多久以后。根据“Almost every day.”可知询问做运动的频率，用 How often 提问。故选 B。

2. Lisa likes _____ and she thinks it's _____ of all cartoons.

A. more interesting B. interesting C. the most interesting D. most interesting

【答案】C

【详解】句意：丽萨喜欢《冰雪奇缘》，她认为它是所有动画片中最有趣的。

考查形容词最高级的用法。由句中的“of all cartoons”可知，of 在……之中，范围较大，是三者或三者以上的比较，应用形容词最高级，interesting“有趣的”最高级是“most interesting”，最高级前要加 the，所以应填 the most interesting。故选 C。

3. Many Beijingers _____ their National Holiday in the city parks and museums last year.

A. spent B. spend C. are spending D. will spend

【答案】A

【详解】句意：去年，许多北京人在城市公园和博物馆度过了他们的国庆假期。

考查时态。根据“last year”可知用一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式 spent。故选 A。

4. — That book I lent to you yesterday is _____ than this one.

— Really? I'll return it to you as soon as I finish reading it.

A. much expensive B. more expensive
C. as expensive D. too expensive

【答案】B

【详解】句意：昨天我借给你那本书比这本书更昂贵。

考查形容词比较级。根据句中“than”可知，空格处应填形容词比较级。多音节形容词的比较级加 more，最高级加

5. My parents always tell me _____ more vegetables and fruit every day.

- A. eat B. eating C. to eat D. ate

【答案】C

【详解】句意：我的父母总是告诉我每天要多吃蔬菜和水果。

考查非谓语动词。tell sb to do sth“告诉某人做某事”，使用动词不定式作宾语补足语，故选 C。

6. —Did you win the basketball game yesterday?

—Not really. _____ we all tried our best, we lost it.

- A. If B. Though C. Unless D. Because

【答案】B

【详解】句意：——昨天的篮球赛你们赢了吗？——并没有。尽管我们都尽力了，但还是失败了。

考查连词辨析。if 如果；though 虽然；unless 除非；because 因为。根据“we all tried our best, we lost it”可知前后两句是让步关系，用 though 引导让步状语从句。故选 B。

7. —Did Mike do his homework?

—Yes, and he wrote as _____ as his sister.

- A. carefully B. more careful C. more carefully D. careful

【答案】A

【详解】句意：——迈克做作业了吗？——是的，他写得和他姐姐一样仔细。

考查副词原级。as...as 中间加形容词或副词原级，排除 BC；此处修饰动词 wrote 用副词。故选 A。

8. —Mom, I won the first prize in dancing competition.

—_____.

- A. You're welcome B. Well done C. That's right D. Thank you

【答案】B

【详解】句意：——妈妈，我在舞蹈比赛中得了第一名。——做得好。

考查情景交际。You're welcome 不客气；Well done 做得好；That's right 那是对的；Thank you 谢谢你。根据“Mom, I won the first prize in dancing competition.”可知比赛得了第一名，妈妈会夸奖。故选 B。

9. In the latest talk show, his joke made all of us _____.

- A. laughed B. to laugh C. laugh D. laughing

【答案】C

【详解】句意：在最近的脱口秀节目中，他的笑话把我们都逗笑了。

考查使役动词 make 的用法。make“使，让”，用法是：make sb. do sth.使某人做某事。make all of us laugh 使我们所有人笑。故选 C。

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