

单元综合测评

选择题部分

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Which country does the man want to know about?

A. Australia.

B. America.

C. Canada.

2. Which color jacket does the man think is best?

A. Pink.

B. Blue.

C. Yellow.

3. What suggestion does the man give to the woman?

A. Finding the owner by using the phone.

B. Handing in the phone to the security office.

C. Taking the phone to the teaching building.

4. What will the man do next?

A. Go to the lecture.

B. Wait for his friend.

C. Talk with his roommate.

5. What sport does the woman like?

A. Golf.

B. Tennis.

C. Badminton.

第二节(共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

请听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6.What does the man want to do?

A.Change his seat.

B.Have some drinks.

C.Go to the non-smoking area.

7.Where does the conversation take place?

A.On a flight.

B.In a restaurant.

C.In an office.

请听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8.What does the man teach at college?

A.English.

B.French.

C.Chinese.

9.Why does the woman come to China?

A.To go to college.

B.To visit some friends.

C.To go for a trip.

请听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10.Where did the man probably lose the key?

A.In the restaurant.

B.In the taxi.

C.At the market.

11.What is in the man's safe?

A.His passport.

B.A photo.

C.His ID card.

12.Who left the safe to the man?

A.His mother.

B.His sister.

C.The woman.

请听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13.Why does the man want to buy flowers for his girlfriend?

A.She loves flowers.

B.Her birthday is coming.

C.There is a discount on flowers.

14.What kinds of flowers does the man buy for his girlfriend?

A.Roses.

B.Lilies.

C.Tea roses.

15.How much does the man pay for the flowers?

A.90 yuan.

B.98 yuan.

C.100 yuan.

16.When is the man's girlfriend's birthday?

A.Next Monday.

B.Next Thursday.

C.Next Saturday.

请听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17.Where did the lady come across the parrot?

A.In a pet store.

B.On her way to school.

C.Outside a pet store.

18.How was the lady's mood after listening to the parrot's words?

A.She was angry.

B.She was happy.

C.She was confused.

19.What did the lady want to do to the bird?

A.She wanted to buy it.

B.She wanted to fly it.

C.She wanted to kill it.

20.How many times did the parrot talk to the lady?

A.Four times.

B.Three times.

C.Six times.

听力原文

Text 1

M: Hi, Linda, I want to know something about Canada.I heard that you once lived there.

W: Oh, I once lived in Australia and America when I was young, but not in Canada.

Text 2

W: Which color jacket do you prefer , blue or yellow?

M: I think the pink one looks best.

Text 3

W: I found a mobile phone in the playground yesterday afternoon.

M: If I were you, I would hand it in to the security office, which is near the teaching

building.

Text 4

W: When are you going to the lecture?

M: I'm not sure when the lecture begins. I'll ask my roommate about it.

Text 5

M: So, Susan, do you want to play tennis this weekend?

W: Oh, I'm not interested in tennis and badminton. But I like playing golf; it is really an enjoyable sport.

Text 6

W: Excuse me, sir, you are not supposed to smoke here. This is the non-smoking area of the flight.

M: Oh, sorry. Can I change my seat?

W: Okay. I'll try to find a seat in the smoking section. One moment, please. Would you like some drinks first?

M: I've just had some, thank you.

Text 7

M: Excuse me, can I sit here?

W: Sure, please sit down. You look like a student.

M: Oh, I'm a teacher. Where are you from?

W: America. Where and what do you teach? You look very young to be a teacher.

M: I teach French at Beijing University.

W: Oh, that's a very famous university. I'm very impressed!

M: Thank you. So, why did you come to China?

W: I came here on a tour. I am very interested in Chinese history and culture. I have made some good Chinese friends during this trip.

Text 8

W: Tom, I'm sorry to hear that you lost the key to your safe. Where do you think you lost it? Outside the hotel?

M: I am afraid so. I'm sure I saw it when I left for the restaurant. And then I went to the market to buy some drinks. When I took a taxi to the hotel, I found the key was missing. Perhaps I lost it in the market while I was buying drinks.

W: You' re so careless! What' s in your safe?

M: First I put my passport, ID card and a photo in it. But when we checked into the hotel, I took the passport and ID card out.

W: Well, I hope this won' t cause much inconvenience.

M: To tell you the truth, this safe was left by my mother. My sister also wants it, but it belongs to me, and I cherish it very much. So I really regret that I' ve lost the key to it.

W: Well, no wonder you always keep it on you. Don' t worry; we' ll find it.

Text 9

W: Hello. What can I do for you?

M: Hello. I' d like to buy some flowers, but I don' t know which type I should choose.

W: Oh, who do you want to send the flowers to?

M: My girlfriend. It' s her birthday soon.

W: Okay, I suggest you buy some roses and lilies. Most girls really like them.

M: What about tea roses? My girlfriend loves them.

W: They are also very good. The tea rose means love for ever.

M: How much are they?

W: Five yuan each. There is a discount every Monday, so you can get 10% off today.

M: Thanks. I' ll take 20.

W: Do you want to take them now?

M: No, please wrap them up and send them to her company, Room 401, Building 5, No.46, Nanjing Road, next Thursday.

W: No problem.

Text 10

A lady was walking down the street to work. She passed by a pet store. A parrot stood on the side-walk outside a pet store.

The parrot said to her, "Hey lady, you are really fat." Well, the lady is very angry! She hurried past the store to her work.

On the way home she saw the same parrot and it said to her again, "Hey lady, you are really fat."

She was very angry now.The next day the same parrot again said to her, “Hey lady, you are really fat.”

The lady couldn’ t stand any more so she went into the store and told the store manager she would kill the bird.The store manager replied, “That’ s not good, ” and promised the parrot would not call her fat again.

When the lady walked past the store that day after work the parrot called to her, “Hey lady.”

She looked at the bird and said , “Yes? ”

The bird said, “You know.”

答案 1.C 2.A 3.B 4.C 5.A 6.A 7.A 8.B

9.C 10.C 11.B 12.A 13.B 14.C 15.A 16.B

17.C 18.A 19.C 20.A

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节(共 10 小题; 每小题 2.5分, 满分 25 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

For those who may not be familiar, there is no such thing as a bicycle grants(补助金).As a matter of fact, there are a number of organizations and programs offering bicycle grants to bicyclers all over the world.Now of course, you can ’ t simply receive money, because you want to buy a new mountain bike.Usually, those awarded grants are working on improving the quality of life.People are excited about the bicycle grants.This type of influence and achievement is gaining the attention of various companies that want to help by providing the necessary funding.

Eastman Kodak Company

Kodak has developed a fund called the “Kodak American Greenways Awards”. They are cooperating with the National geographic Society and the Conservation fund.Each year, they present grants as high as \$2, 500.The “seed” grant award is awarded to organizations that focus on improving blue ways, greenways, natural areas, and trails.

US Government

The government has developed their only program for bicycle riders, called “The US Department of transportation’ s Recreational Trails Program”. The government’ s

program is primarily focused on funding trail projects. The benefits of the fund is recreation, which includes bicycling, hiking, in-line skating, snowmobiling, all-terrain(地面) vehicle riding, and so forth. The great addition to the fund is that they distribute the funding to all the states. This means that everybody has the opportunity of receiving bicycle grants.

Bikes Belong Coalition

Bikes Belong Coalition makes putting more people on bicycles their priority. They advocate for a better environment, recreation, sports, and better health, by way of bicycling. At the same time, they provide funding for supporting projects and bicycle facilities. Some of the projects they accept are paved lanes and bike paths. Applications for their grants can be submitted by either a facility class or a supporting class. Also, Bikes Belong Coalition are not quick to award bicycle grants to those who have been awarded in the past 3 years. This is partially due to their limited amount of funding.

【语篇解读】 本文是说明文。文章介绍了全世界的许多组织和项目活动为自行车爱好者提供自行车补助金以鼓励健康的生活方式。

21. What's the main purpose of the bicycle grants?

- A. To encourage a healthy lifestyle.
- B. To make bicycles more popular.
- C. To advertise their companies.
- D. To give money to bicyclers directly.

答案 A [细节理解题。根据第一段 “Usually, those awarded grants are working on improving the quality of life.” 可知, 通过对自行车骑行者提供基金支持, 目的是为了改善生活, 鼓励健康的生活方式。故选 A。]

22. Who can receive grants offered by the US government?

- A. Organizations.
- B. Riders.
- C. States.
- D. Supporters.

答案 B [细节理解题。根据 US Government 部分可知, 美国政府把资金分配给所有的州, 这意味着每个人都有机会获得自行车补助。故该项基金的受益者是骑自行车的人, 故选 B。]

23.What' s the primary purpose of the passage?

A.To explain the reason for the latest bicycle grants.

B.To attract more bicycle riders around the country.

C.To organize a big event of bicycling across the country.

D.To introduce some organizations of the bicycle grants.

答案 D [主旨大意题。通读全文可知，第一段和其他各段落为总分关系，这篇文章举例介绍了世界上几个为自行车爱好者提供自行车补助金的组织，故选 D。]

B

More than 10 million Chinese cultural relics have been lost overseas, most of which were stolen and illegally shipped out of China during the times of war before 1949.About 1.67 million pieces are housed in more than 200 museums in 47 countries, which accounts for 10 percent of all lost Chinese cultural relics, and the rest are in the hands of private collectors.

Most of these treasures are owned by museums or private collectors in the United States, Europe, Japan and Southeast Asian countries.There are more than 23, 000 pieces in the British Museum, most of which were stolen or bought for pennies more than 100 years ago.

The major method to recover these national treasures was to buy them back.In some cases, private collectors donated the relics to the government.Also the government can turn to official channels (渠道) to demand the return of relics.

In 2003, a priceless bronze pig' s head dating from the Qing Dynasty was returned to its home in Beijing after it was removed by the Anglo-French Allied Army over 140 years ago.Macao entrepreneur(企业家) Stanley Ho donated 6 million yuan to buy it back from a US art collector and then donated it to the Poly Art Museum in Beijing.

Although buying-back is the most feasible way to recover the lost treasures, limited funding is always a big headache.

In recent years, the Chinese government has improved efforts to recover the precious cultural relics lost overseas.It has started a national project on the recovery of the treasures and has set up a database(数据库) collecting relevant information.It has signed several international agreements with many countries on this matter, and is also looking for international cooperation to recover the relics by working closely with several international organizations.

【语篇解读】 本文是说明文。文章介绍了中国文物流失严重，文物回归任重而道远。

24.What is the passage mainly about?

A.How to recover cultural relics.

B.The efforts to recover Chinese cultural relics.

C.Stanley Ho donated a bronze pig' s head to Beijing.

D.Chinese cultural relics were stolen by the Anglo-French Allied Army.

答案 B [主旨大意题。文章前两段主要说的是中国文物的流失情况。后四段主要说的是中国政府和其他团体和个人是如何让流失的文物回归祖国的。]

25.Which of the following statements about the bronze pig' s head is NOT true?

A.It was made in the Qing Dynasty.

B.It is now in the Poly Art Museum in Beijing.

C.It was donated by the French government to China.

D.It was removed by the Anglo-French Allied Army over 140 years ago.

答案 C [推理判断题。根据第四段中对猪兽首文物的介绍，可知它是由澳门企业家，澳门首富何鸿燊 (Stanley Ho)花 6 百万元从美国一位收藏家购得并捐赠给中国北京保利艺术博物馆。故 C 项说法错误。]

26.The underlined word “feasible” in Paragraph 5 can be replaced by “_____”.

A.possible

B.difficult

C.popular

D.careful

答案 A [词义猜测题。根据下文“追回失去的宝藏，有限的资金是一个令人头疼的问题。”，这说明用钱买回流失在国外的中国文物是一个使文物回归的可行的方法。故选 A。]

C

Trees are useful to man in three very important ways: they provide him with wood and other products; they give him shade; and they help to prevent drought (干旱) and floods.

Unfortunately, in many parts of the world, man has not realized that the third of these

has cut them down in large numbers.



Two thousand years ago, a rich and powerful country cut down its trees to build warships, with which to gain itself an empire. It gained the empire but, without its trees, its soil became bare and poor. When the empire fell to pieces, the country found itself faced by floods and starvation.

Even though a government realizes the importance of a plentiful supply of trees, it is difficult sometimes to make the people realize this. They cut down the trees but are too careless to plant and look after new trees. So unless the government has a good system of control, or can educate the people, the forests slowly disappear.

This does not only mean that there will be fewer trees. The results are even more serious for where there are trees, their roots break the soil up, allowing the rain to sink in, and also bind the soil. This prevents the soil from being washed away. But where there are no trees, the rain falls on hard ground and flows away on the surface, and this causes floods and the rain carries away the rich top soil in which crops grow. When all the top soil is gone, nothing remains but worthless desert.

短文从三个方面告诉我们树对人类来说是重要的。

一是树可以为人类提供食物、木材和其他产品；二是树可以给人类提供树荫；三是树木可以防止干旱和洪水。因此我们要多植树，注意保护树木。

27. Trees are useful to man mainly in three ways, the most important of which is that they can _____.

- A. keep him from the hot sunshine
- B. protect him from droughts and floods
- C. make him draw quick profit from them
- D. enable him to build warships

答案 B [推理判断题。答案定位在第一、二段。树对人类的用处主要有三方面，

。]

28.It is a great pity that _____.

A.man hasn't realized the importance of trees to him

B.man is eager to profit from trees

C.man is only interested in building empires

D.man hasn't found out that he has lost all trees

A [细节理解题。答案定位在第二段。很遗憾的是，人类没有意识到树木对他们的重要性，故选 A。]

29.Sooner or later the forests will disappear _____.

A.unless a country has a plenty supply of trees

B.unless people stop cutting down their trees

C.unless the government punishes those who cut trees instead of planting them

D.unless all people are taught the importance of planting trees

答案 D [细节理解题。答案定位在第四段。除非所有人都被教导植树的重要性，否则森林迟早会消失，故选 D。]

30.

A.to wash away

B.to make stay together

C.to make wet

D.to improve

答案 B [词义猜测题。下文 'This prevents the soil from being washed away.' 意思是这可以防止土壤被冲走。由此推断出，上文的意思是因为有树的地方，它们的根会把土壤弄碎，让雨水渗入，也会把土壤凝固在一起。bind 的意思是(使)粘合，凝结，故选 B。]

第二节(共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分)

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Everyone dreams of success in their life, don't they? Even as a teenager, you can achieve success in your life; it really isn't that hard. 31

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