

专题 6 语法填空之谓语动词

距离高考还有一段时间，不少有经验的老师都会提醒考生，愈是临近高考，能否咬紧牙关、学会自我调节，态度是否主动积极，安排是否科学合理，能不能保持良好的心态、以饱满的情绪迎接挑战，其效果往往大不一样。以下是本人从事 10 多年教学经验总结出的以下学习资料，希望可以帮助大家提高答题的正确率，希望对你有所帮助，有志者事竟成！

养成良好的答题习惯，是决定高考英语成败的决定性因素之一。做题前，要认真阅读题目要求、题干和选项，并对答案内容作出合理预测；答题时，切忌跟着感觉走，最好按照题目序号来做，不会的或存在疑问的，要做好标记，要善于发现，找到题目的题眼所在，规范答题，书写工整；答题完毕时，要认真检查，查漏补缺，纠正错误。总之，在最后的复习阶段，学生们不要加大练习量。在这个时候，学生要尽快找到适合自己的答题方式，最重要的是以平常心去面对考试。英语最后的复习要树立信心，考试的时候遇到难题要想“别人也难”，遇到容易的则要想“细心审题”。越到最后，考生越要回归基础，单词最好再梳理一遍，这样有利于提高阅读理解的效率。另附高考复习方法和考前 30 天冲刺复习方法。

一. 高考真题

1. (2022 新高考 I 卷) The plan will extend protection to a significant number of areas that _____ (be) previously unprotected,

2. (2022 新高考 I 卷) After a three-year pilot period, the GPNP will be officially set up next year. The GPNP _____ (design) to reflect the guiding principle of “protecting the authenticity and integrity(完整性) of natural ecosystems, preserving biological diversity, protecting ecological buffer zones, and leaving behind precious natural assets(资产) for future generations”.

3. (2022 全国甲卷) In the last five years, Cao _____ (walk) through 34 countries in six continents

4. (2022 全国乙卷) The chairman of the China Culture Promotion Society _____ (address) the opening ceremony.

5 (2022 年浙江卷 1 月) Travelling to conferences, lectures, workshops, and the like frequently by plane _____ (view) as important for scientists to get together and exchange information.

6 (2022 年浙江卷 1 月) But Cobb and others _____ (be) now questioning that idea pushing conferences to provide more chances to participate remotely, and _____ (change) their personal behavior to do their part in dealing with the climate change crisis.

7 (2022 年浙江卷 1 月) On a website called No Fly Climate Sci, for example, roughly 200 academics — many of them climate scientists _____ (promise) to fly as little as possible since the effort started two years ago.

8 (2021 新课标 I 卷) You can't help wondering how hard it _____ (be) for the people then to put all those rocks into place.

9 (2021 新课标 II 卷) Whenever I heard of businesses using plastic, I'd send an email. One of the biggest companies I wrote to _____ (be) Alaska Airlines Paris.

10 (2021 全国甲卷) The Xi'an City Wall is the most complete city wall that has survived China's long history. It _____ (build) originally to protect the city in the Tang dynasty and has now been completely restored (修复).

11 (2021 全国甲卷) We _____ (hire) our bikes from the rental place at the South Gate.

12 (2021 年浙江卷) It doesn't impress like George Washington's plantation on the Potomac, but Lincoln's home in downtown Springfield, Illinois, _____ (prove) irresistible to visitors since it opened to the public.

13 (2021 年浙江卷) _____ (paint) white. It was sweet and fresh. Mary loved it.

14 (2021 年浙江卷) After Lincoln was elected President of the US in 1861, they rented the house and _____ (sell) most of their furniture.

15 (2021 年浙江卷 1 月) It is calculated by dividing a person's weight in kg by their height in meters squared, and a BMI of between 19 and 25 _____ (consider) healthy.

16 (2021 年浙江卷 1 月) The study found that between 1985 and 2017, average rural BMI increased by 2.1 in women and men. In cities, however, the gain _____ 41 _____ (be) 1.3 in women and 1.6 in men.

17 (2021 年北京卷) As it _____ (connect) things, your brain turns them into a story, and you get a dream.

18 (2021 年北京卷) There _____(be) a dramatic rise in the number of extreme weather events over the past 20 years, causing largely by rising global temperatures, according to a new report from the United Nations.

19 (2020 新课标 I 卷) The unmanned Chang'e-4 probe (探测器) —the name was inspired by an ancient Chinese moon goddess— _____ (touch) down last week in the South Pole-Aitken basin.

20(2020 新课标 I 卷)“This really excites scientists,” Carle Pieters, a scientist at Brown University, says, “because it _____ (mean) we have the chance to obtain information about how the moon _____ (construct)”.

21 (2020 新课标 II 卷) This is why decorating with plants, fruits and flowers _____ (carry) special significance.

22 (2020 新课标 III 卷) The artist was sure he would _____(choose), but when he presented his masterpiece to the emperor's chief minister, the old man laughed.

23 (2020 新课标 III 卷) When he asked the villagers on the banks of the river where he could find the legendary (传奇的) artist, they smiled and _____ (point) down the river.

24 (2020 山东卷) The 80,000 objects collected by Sir Hans Sloane, for example, _____ (form) the core collection of the British Museum which opened in 1759.

25 (2020 山东卷) The parts of a museum open to the public _____ (call) galleries or rooms.

26 (2020 山东卷) Often, only a small part of a museum's collection _____ (be) on display. Most of it is stored away or used for research.

27 (2020 北京卷) Oliver is a host of a TV programme on food. He says food _____ (play) a big role in his life.

28 (2020 北京卷) Single-use plastic bags are used at most a few times before they _____ (throw) away.

29 (2020 北京卷) The Neanderthals _____ (live) alongside human ancestors in Europe for tens of thousands of years, before dying out about 40,000 years ago.

30 (2020 浙江卷) And, as more children were born, more food _____ (need).

31 (2020 浙江卷) By about 6000 BC, people _____ (discover)the best crops to grow and animals to raise.

32 (2020 浙江卷) This style of farming lasted for quite a long time. Then, with the rise of science, changes began. New methods _____ (mean)that fewer people worked in farming.

33 (2020 浙江卷 1 月) Something significant is happening to the world population—it is aging. The median(中位数的)age of an American in 1950 _____(be)30—today it is 41 and is expected to increase to 42 by 2050.

34 (2020 浙江卷 1 月) However, greater attention should _____(place)on longevity(长寿).

35 (2019 新课标 I 卷) In recent years some Inuit people in Nunavut _____(report) increases in bear sightings around human settlements

36 (2019 新课标 I 卷) Of the nineteen recognized polar bear subpopulations, three are declining, six _____(be) stable, one is increasing, and nine lack enough data.

37 (2019 新课标 II 卷) _____, proud Irene _____(declare) she had no plans to retire from her 36-year-old business.

38 (2019 新课标 II 卷) I love coming here and seeing my family and all the friends I _____(make) over the years.

39 (2019 新课标 III 卷) Our hosts shared many of their experiences and _____(recommend) wonderful places to eat, shop, and visit.

40 (2019 新课标 III 卷) On the last day of our week-long stay, we _____(invite) to attend a private concert on a beautiful farm on the North Shore under the stars

41 (2019 浙江卷) When every pupil in the school wears the uniform, nobody _____(have) to worry about fashion(时尚).

42 (2019 浙江卷) When the children are walking or _____(cycle) to school on dark mornings, car drivers can easily see them.

43 (2019 浙江卷) One study in America found that students' grades _____(improve) a little after the school introduced uniforms.

44 (2019 北京卷) On the first day of my first grade, I stood by the door with butterflies in my stomach. I _____(voice) my biggest concern to my mother.

45 (2019 北京卷) Does the name of the college you attend really matter? Research on the question _____(suggest) that, for most students, it doesn't.

46 (2018 新课标 I 卷) While running regularly can't make you live forever, the review says it _____(be) more effective at lengthening life than walking, cycling or swimming.

47 (2018 新课标 II 卷) Since 2011, the country _____(grow) more corn than rice.

48 (2018 新课标 II 卷) The Chinese Ministry of Agriculture finds that between 2005—when the government _____(start) a soil-testing program that gives specific fertilizer recommendations to farmers—and 2011, fertilizer use dropped by 7.7 million tons.

49 (2018 新课标 III 卷) True to a gorilla's unaggressive nature, the huge animal _____ (mean) me no real harm.

50 (2018 浙江卷) I still remember visiting a friend who'd lived here for five years and I _____ (shock) when I learnt she hadn't cooked once in all that time.

51 (2018 浙江卷) While regularly eating out seems to _____ (become) common for many young people in recent years, it's not without a cost.

二. 名校模拟真题

(2022·山东·山东省实验中学学校考三模) 阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Nowadays feeling stressed from time to time is extremely common in society. On many occasions your doctor said he could not find anything wrong with you. Perhaps you were advised to go to the hospital again and again, but all the fancy equipment there still ___ 1 ___ (show) there was nothing wrong with you and you were often puzzled at the conclusion. Then probably you might be in a state of sub-health. Sub-health, also ___ 2 ___ (call) the third state or the grey state, is referred to ___ 3 ___ a borderline between health and disease. The reason why people catch such kind of disease is not that clear.

According to ___ 4 ___ investigation by the National Health Organization, over 45 percent of sub-healthy people are middle-aged or elderly. The percentage among people ___ 5 ___ work in important management positions is even ___ 6 ___ (high) than that of the students around the exam time, due to ___ 7 ___ (they) heightened exposure to stress. The key to preventing and ___ 8 ___ (recover) from sub-health, according to some medical experts, is to form good habits, alternate work with rest, exercise ___ 9 ___ (regular) and take an active part in open-air activities. As for meals, they should eat more fresh vegetables, fruits and fish which are rich in nutritional ___ 10 ___ (element)—that are significant to the body.

三. 语篇填空

Test 1

Chopsticks play an important role in Chinese food culture. Chinese chopsticks are round on the eating end which symbolizes heaven, while the other end is square which symbolizes earth. This is because keeping enough food is 1. _____ (great) concern than anything else.

It is important to note that chopsticks are used in many different cultures and there is no single standard for the use of chopsticks. Here are some customs 2. _____ (associate) with chopsticks in China. Playing with chopsticks 3. _____ (consider) bad manners. And chopsticks should not be placed 4. _____ (vertical) in a bowl of rice or other food.

Any sticklike object pointing upward 5. _____ (resemble) the incense(香) sticks that people use 6. _____ offerings to their dead family members. It is also bad manners to tap chopsticks on 7. _____ edge of one's bowl, because in ancient China beggars often made this noise 8. _____ (attract) attention.

In Chinese, “chopsticks” reads “kuai zi”, which means “to have sons soon”, so a newlymarried couple will be very happy to accept chopsticks as 9. _____ (they) wedding gift.

10. _____ has already been found out is that using chopsticks improves one's memory, increases finger dexterity(灵巧) and can be useful in learning and improving skills such as Chinese character printing and brush painting.

Test 2

When the winter approaches, tanghulu, a traditional Chinese snack can be found on the street corner in northern China. Since ancient times, it 1. _____ (be) very popular with natives, especially children.

Tanghulu is 2. _____ (common) made of haws (山楂果), which are rich in vitamin C and are known 3. _____ (have) traditional Chinese medicinal properties. According to a legend, in Song Dynasty, one of the emperor's 4. _____ (wife) was sick and had 5. _____ poor appetite. The doctor suggested that she eat five to ten haws 6. _____ (boil) with sugar before each meal. She recovered within half a month. Later, the prescription was passed on 7. _____ ordinary people.

People put haws on a stick, dipped them in hot sugar syrup(糖浆) and dried. The syrup finally turned into a solid coating, like the crystal on the surface of haws. That is 8. _____ they are also called bingtanghulu. 9. _____ origin story says that the very first tanghulu only had two haws—a small one on the top and a big one below, making it resemble a hulu, a bringer of good luck.

With sour haws and sweet sugar, the taste of tanghulu is a combination of flavors, which often 10. _____ (remind) people of their happy childhoods.

答案

一. 高考真题

1. 答案: were

解析: 考查时态和主谓一致。句意: 该计划将把保护范围扩大到大量以前未受保护的地区, 将许多现有的大熊猫保护区纳入一个管理机构, 以提高效率, 减少管理上的不一致性。设空处在 that 引导的限制性定语从句中作谓语, 先行词为 a significant

number of areas, 先行词在从句中作主语, 根据“previously (之前地)”可知从句的时态应为一般过去时, 根据主谓一致, 从句主语复数, 从句谓语复数形式。故填 were。

2. 答案: is designed

解析: 考查时态语态和主谓一致。句意: GPNP 旨在体现“保护自然生态系统的真实性和完整性, 保护生物多样性, 保护生态缓冲区, 为子孙后代留下宝贵的自然资产”的指导原则。设空处在句中作谓语, 和句子的主语 The GPNP 之间为被动关系; 叙述客观事实, 应用一般现在时。故设空处应为一般现在时的被动语态, 主语单数, 谓语单数形式。故填 is designed。

3. 答案: has walked

解析: 考查动词时态。句意: 在过去五年中, 曹操穿越了六大洲的 34 个国家, 2016 年, 他到达了乞力马扎罗山顶, 这是非洲最高的山峰。根据时间状语 in the last five years 可知, 此处应用现在完成时, 主语 Cao 为第三人称单数, 助动词用 has。故填 has walked。

4. 答案: addressed

解析: 考查时态。句意: 中国文化促进会会长在开幕式上致辞。陈述过去事情, 用一般过去时。故填 addressed。

5 答案: is viewed 或 has been viewed

解析: 考查被动语态。句意: 对科学家而言, 旅行去参加会议、讲座、工作室之类的地方来相聚并交流信息这件事被视为是重要的。描述人们普遍认知的事情用一般现在时, 此处也可以表示强调人们从过去到现在的认知, 动名词作主语与主谓之间存在被动关系, 故填 is viewed 或 has been viewed。

6 答案: are; changing

解析: 考查时态和主谓一致。句意: 但是现在 Cobb 和其他人正在质疑那个想法, 推动会议提供更多远程参加的机会以及为了尽自己的能力来应对气候变化危机, 他们正在改变他们的个人行为。第一空: 根据句意可知, 此处也应使用现在进行时, 主语为复数, 故填 are。第二空: 分析句子结构可知, 此处 and 连接并列的动词 questioning 和 change, 故填 changing。

7 答案: have promised

解析: 考查时态。句意: 例如, 在一个叫“无飞行科学家”的网站上, 自从两年前成立以来, 大约有 200 个学者, 他们中很多人承诺尽可能少飞行。根据时间状语“since+过去时间”可知主句应使用现在完成时, 故填 have promised。

8 答案: was

解析: 句意为: 你不禁要问, 当时的人们要把这些石头放好有多难, 根据时间状语 then, 可知描述过去的事情, 所以用一般过去时态, 主语为 it, 故填 was。

9 答案: was

解析：考查时态和主谓一致。句意：我给写信的最大的公司之一是巴黎阿拉斯加航空公司。根据定语从句的谓语动词“wrote”可知这里描述发生在过去的事情，用一般过去时；one of+形容词最高级+可数名词复数结构中，谓语动词用单数，所以填 was。

10 答案：was built

解析：考查被动语态。句意：它最初是为了保护唐代的城市而建造的，现在已经完全修复了。分析句子可知，空格处为谓语，动词 build 和主语之间是被动关系，应用被动语态（be done），根据句意和时间状语 the Tang dynasty 可知，用一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式，主语 it 为第三人称单数，主谓一致，故填 was built。

11 答案：hired

解析：考查时态。句意：我们从南门的租赁处租了自行车。分析句子可知，此处为谓语动词，根据上下文可知，此处描述过去发生的事情，用一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式。故填 hired。

12 答案：has proved

解析：考查动词。句意：它不像乔治华盛顿在波托马克河畔的种植园那样给人留下深刻印象，但林肯在伊利诺伊州斯普林菲尔德市中心的家，自从向公众开放以来，就被证明对游客来说是不可抗拒的。分析句子成分可知，设空处作谓语动词，Lincoln's home in downtown Springfield Illinois 作主语；结合句意及设空处后的时间状语从句 since it opened to the public 可知，此处指过去发生的事情对现在造成的影响，符合现在完成时概念，故设空处用现在完成时；现在完成时结构是 has/have +过去分词；主语 Lincoln's home in downtown Springfield Illinois 是第三人称单数，所以助动词用 has，提示词 prove 的过去分词形式是 proved 或 proven。故填 has proved/ has proven。

13 答案：was painted

解析：考查被动语态。句意：这个小房子被漆成了白色。分析句子结构可知，设空处作谓语动词，The little home 作主语。结合句意及常识可知，房子是“被漆”的，主语和谓语动词之间是被动关系，所以要用被动语态；根据上文的 was built 可知，此处为一般过去时态；一般过去时的被动语态结构是 was/were+过去分词；主语 The little home 是单数第三人称，所以要用 was，提示词 paint 的过去分词形式是 painted。故填 was painted。

14 答案：sold

解析：考查动词。句意：1861 年林肯当选美国总统后，他们租了房子，卖掉了大部分家具。分析句子成分可知，设空处和前面的动词 rented 一起做并列谓语；根据时间状语 1861 可知，此处用一般过去时态，提示词 sell 的过去式形式是 sold。故填 sold。

15 答案：is considered

解析：考查动词被动语态。句意：它的计算方法是用一个人的体重(公斤)除以身高(米)的平方，BMI 在 19 到 25 之间被认为是健康的。分析句子结构可知，句子缺少谓语，主语 (a BMI) 是单数，时态是一般现在时，且主语和 **consider** 是表被动关系，故填 **is considered**。

16 答案：was

解析：考查主谓一致和动词时态。句意：然而，在城市中，女性增加了 1.3，男性增加了 1.6。分析句子结构可知，句子缺少谓语，主语 (**gain**) 是单数，时态是一般过去时，故填 **was**。

17 答案：connects

解析：考查时态。句意：当它连接事物时，你的大脑将它们变成一个故事，然后你就得到了一个梦。由主句谓语动词 **turns** 可知，空处从句的谓语动词需用一般现在时态，主语是第三人称单数 **it**，所以空处谓语动词需用单数。故填 **connects**。

18 答案：has been

解析：考查动词时态。句意：根据联合国的一份新报告，过去 20 年里，极端天气事件的数量急剧增加，这在很大程度上是由全球气温上升造成的。根据时间状语 **over the past 20 years** 可知，此处使用现在完成时，**a dramatic rise** 是单数概念，助动词应用第三人称单数形式。故填 **has been**。

19 答案：touched

解析：考查时态。句意：无人月球探测器嫦娥四号——名字的灵感来源于古代的中国月亮女神——上周在南极艾特肯盆地着陆。此处是句子的谓语，根据时间状语 **last week** 可知应使用一般过去时，故填 **touched**。

20 答案：means; is constructed

解析：考查时态和主谓一致。句意：“这真的使科学家们激动，”布朗大学的一位科学家 **Carle Pieters** 说：“因为它意味着我们有机会获得月球是如何构造的信息。”根据上文“**This really excites scientists**”可知，此处也使用一般现在时，主语是 **it**，所以空处谓语动词使用第三人称单数形式 **means**，故填 **means**。分析句子可知，此处是宾语从句谓语动词，谓语 **construct** 与主语 **the moon** 之间是被动关系，应使用被动语态，再由上下文可知此处应使用一般现在时，主语 **the moon** 是单数，故填 **is constructed**。

21. 答案：carries

解析：考查时态和主谓一致。句意：这就是为什么用植物、水果和鲜花装饰具有特殊意义的原因。这是一个表语从句，从句主语为动名词短语 **decorating with plants, fruits and flowers**，所以谓语动词用单数形式。故填 **carries**。

22 答案：be chosen

帝的宰相时，这位老人笑了。本句中主语 与谓语动词 **choose** 构成被动关系，且 **would** 后跟动词原形。故填 **be chosen**。

23 答案：**pointed**

解析：考查动词时态。句意：当他问河岸上的村民，他在哪里可以找到这位传奇艺术家时，他们笑着指着河的下游。根据上文 **they smiled and** 可知此处应用一般过去时。故填 **pointed**。

24 答案：**formed**

解析：考查动词时态。句意：例如，汉斯 斯隆爵士的 8 万件藏品构成了 1759 年开馆的大英博物馆的核心藏品。此处是谓语动词，根据时间状语 **in 1759** 可知，应使用一般过去时。故填 **formed**。

25 答案：**are called**

解析：考查动词时态及语态。句意：博物馆对公众开放的部分被称为画廊或展厅。此处描述的是客观使用，应使用一般现在时；主语与 **call** 是逻辑动宾关系，应使用被动语态，且主语是复数概念。故填 **are called**。

26 答案：**is**

解析：考查主谓一致。句意：通常，博物馆只展出一小部分藏品。此处描述的是客观事实，应使用一般现在时，主语 **a small part of a museum's collection** 是单数概念，谓语动词应使用第三人称单数形式，且后面的 **Most of it is stored away or used for research.** 中的 **is** 也是提示。故填 **is**。

27 答案：**plays/has played/is playing/has been playing**

解析：考查时态。句意：他说食物在他的生命中扮演着重要角色。此处表示现在的状态，也可以表示从过去一直到现在延续的状态，所以可以用现在时，现在进行时，现在完成时和现在完成进行时。故填 **plays/has played/is playing/has been playing**。

28 答案：**are thrown**

解析：考查时态语态。句意：一次性塑料袋在扔掉之前最多使用几次。本文讲的是客观事实，应该用一般现在时，主语 **they (Single-use plastic bags)** 和谓语动词 **throw** 之间是被动关系，应用一般现在时的被动语态，且谓语动词用复数形式。故填 **are thrown**。

29 答案：**lived/had lived/had been living**

解析：考查动词的时态和语态。句意：尼安德特人与人类祖先一起在欧洲生活了数万年，直到大约 4 万年前灭绝。设空处在句中作谓语，结合句意，此处是指在灭绝之前一直生活了数万年。设空处的动作发生在灭绝之前，结合时间状语 **for tens of thousands of years**。故应用过去完成时态或者过去完成进行时态；又因动作发生在过去，强调过去发生的动作，也可用一般过去时。故答案为 **lived/had lived/had been living**。

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