

2024年山西省初中学业水平考试

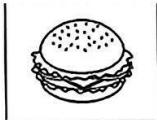
英 语

听力部分 (共 20 分)

一、情景反应 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共有五个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话。请从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中, 选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

(A) 1. A.



B.



C.



(C) 2. A.



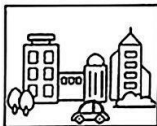
B.



C.



(B) 3. A.



B.



C.



(A) 4. A.



B.



C.



(B) 5. A.



B.



C.



二、对话理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共有五个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

() 6. A. Amy.

B. Tom.

C. Bill.

() 7. A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Five.

() 8. A. Sunny.

B. Rainy.

C. Windy.

() 9. A. Classmates.

B. Neighbors.

C. Strangers.

() 10. A. She encourages the boy to keep on. B. She can teach the boy to play the piano.

C. She wants the boy to do something easier.

三、语篇理解(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分) 本题你将听到一个语篇, 请根据所听内容和所提出的五个问题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

- () 11. What was Sam like?
 A. He loved to win. B. He cared for his grandpa.
 C. He was good with people.
- () 12. How did Sam feel after the first two races?
 A. Nervous. B. Happy. C. Surprised.
- () 13. Who competed with Sam in the third race?
 A. Some young boys. B. Some strong men.
 C. An old lady and a blind man.
- () 14. How did Sam run the third race?
 A. He ran much faster than he was expected.
 B. He made special efforts and finished first again.
 C. He took the other runners to finish the race together.
- () 15. What can we learn from the story?
 A. Competing helps develop the sports spirit.
 B. Having a good habit makes a big difference.
 C. Showing love is more important than winning.

四、听力填空(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分) 本题你将听到一个语篇, 请根据所听内容, 完成下面的句子, 并将获取的信息写在答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

Ancient Yellow River Crossings (渡口)

The Yellow River has run through Shanxi for over 16. 900 kilometers, leaving some ancient crossings.

Past:

- People built crossings for their boats to 17. stop.
- They became important to the trade.
- They carried memories and 18. feelings of the local people.

Present:

- Shanxi has worked 19. hard to protect these ancient crossings.
- They have become popular places of interest and got 20. new chances to develop.

笔试部分 (共 100 分)

五、补全对话(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

请根据下面的对话内容, 在空白处填上一个适当的句子, 使对话的意思连贯、完整, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Yingying

Hello!

Hi! 21

I'm fine. Thank you.

Do you have any ideas for the summer vacation?

22

Could you please give me some advice?

23 The 2024 Paris Olympics is coming. Why not watch the games?

Sounds great. 24

It will start on July 26th.

We can cheer for our Chinese players.

25

I hope so. Let's wait and see.

21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____
25. _____

请阅读下面语篇，理解其大意，然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Marco and Kim left the school and walked towards home.

“I wish we could play basketball at our neighborhood park.” said Kim.

“But the basketball hoop at the park is 26,” said Marco. “It has n’ t been fixed yet.”

Marco and Kim walked past the town’s recycling station. 27 Marco saw many recyclable plastic, paper and metal objects, he thought of an idea—Maybe we could reuse something to make a basketball hoop. As he looked around the

station, an old plastic laundry basket(洗衣篮) caught his 28. “We can use this.” he held it up and said to Kim.

Kim 29, “It looks useless.”

Marco smiled and said, “It won’ t look so bad. I could make a fine hoop with it.”

At home, Marco made a post and a backboard with some waste wood. Then he 30 the bottom of the basket, stuck the basket to the backboard, and the backboard to the post. After that, he went to the park, dug a hole, and put the post in the 31.

The next day, Kim saw the recycled hoop. He tried and scored a goal. He said 32, “I was wrong. It is a lot better than I thought.”

“When we reuse things, we make waste 33 again.”

“Wonderful! Now we can play basketball whenever we want!” Kim shouted and scored another goal.

- | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| () 26. A. old | B. dirty | C. broken |
| () 27. A. If | B. When | C. Though |
| () 28. A. eye | B. ear | C. nose |
| () 29. A. doubted | B. explained | C. suggested |
| () 30. A. cut off | B. played with | C. looked for |
| () 31. A. lake | B. street | C. ground |
| () 32. A. clearly | B. patiently | C. excitedly |
| () 33. A. tidy | B. useful | C. fresh |

七、阅读理解 (本题共有五个语篇，每篇后有五个小题，34~57 每小题 2 分，58 题 4 分，共 52 分)

(A)

请阅读下面语篇，根据每段内容，从方框内所给的选项中选出适当的小标题，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Dogs and cats are the most popular pets in the world. Some people think dogs are our finest friends. Others believe cats are our best pals. Let’s see who is perfect.



- | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| A. Who is smarter? | B. Who talks more? | C. Who senses better? |
| D. Who is more social? | E. Who has more sports talent? | |

34. _____

Cats don’t use words, but they make a lot of sounds to tell what they’re thinking about. So do dogs. They use different sounds to “say” what’s on their minds, and “chat” with other dogs or their owners.

35. _____

Cats are great climbers. They love to stay in trees and even on the top of houses. They can jump long and almost always land on their feet. Still, when it comes to traveling far, dogs are hard to beat. Some of them can run or work all day.

36. _____

Dogs’ noses know better. They smell the air and get a lot more information than cats, for they have twice as many scent cells(细胞) as cats. But cats’ hearing is king. They can hear many sounds that dogs would never notice.

- A. So make use of these different temperatures.
- B. The freezer temperature should be below -18°C .
- C. It's necessary to know where to put your fridge.
- D. Bottom shelves are the coldest part of the fridge.
- E. The tips above can help you keep your food fresh.
- F. Let's learn how to store food correctly in the fridge.

(E)

请阅读下面语篇，根据其内容回答问题，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

If you have a chance to learn by yourself, what might you do? Perhaps you choose to practice football skills; you would prefer to discuss something together; and you might just read. This is the most important thing of "unschooling". It is also known as "natural learning" or "independent learning".

For this kind of educational practice, people think differently. Here are their comments (意见).

Agree

Independent learning teaches children to be responsible for themselves. With no teacher around, children must manage themselves, and this is a really important skill for later life.

Unschooling allows children to learn what they are really interested in. If learning is enjoyable, it's more successful.

Very young children learn in a natural way. Without being taught, they know colors and voices, they learn smiling and walking. Why shouldn't people continue to learn like this?

Unschooling gives children more time for sports, volunteering and museum or park visits. They may meet different people who share their interests.

Know More

Schooling is education that children receive at school.

Home schooling is the practice of educating that children learn at home with a parent or a tutor.

Unschooling is an educational practice that allows children to decide how,

Disagree

Unschooling requires parents' support and attention. They need to create a learning space that excites children and remind them of their daily routines.

Teachers can push children to learn what they don't enjoy but can be important

Unschooling sounds too good to be true. It can be helpful when children are very young. But it puts too much pressure on children because they can learn difficult subjects easily only with teachers' help.

Unschooling happens at home, so children could have less contact with others at their age. This means they could end up becoming shy.

When deciding how you are going to learn, it's necessary to think about which works. Choose what is suitable for you and what can have a positive influence on your growth.

54. What is the most important thing of unschooling?

55. Whose support and attention do children need when they experience unschooling?

56. How can children become successful in learning?

57. Why are children under too much pressure from unschooling?

58. If possible, what kind of educational practice would you like to choose? Why?

八、词语运用 (本题共有两个语篇, A 篇有五个小题, B 篇有十个小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

(A)

请阅读下面语篇, 根据其内容, 在空白处填入适当的单词, 使其通顺、连贯, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

As the saying goes, "Life is like a box of chocolates, you never know what you will get."



During our preparation for zhongkao, we might get the bitter(苦的) chocolate. The bitterness comes from many things, 59. like/including getting up early, doing all kinds of exercises and so on.

But when we taste the bitterness carefully, we will be surprised to discover some sweetness in it. The sweetness comes from the 60. people/persons who love us. The first must be our parents. They helped us to tidy up our rooms and prepare delicious meals. Besides, we want to express thanks to our teachers. They 61. helped us to bring out the best in ourselves. Also, we shouldn't get our classmates. They helped us to keep moving when we wanted to give 62. up. With the help of all of them, we could achieve so much in our life.

And life is the same. Bitterness is just the outside, 63. but the sweetness is the inside. When we think life is not what we expect, we can look to the bright side and will find something nice.

(B)

请阅读下面语篇, 根据其内容, 用方框中所给词的正确形式填空, 使其通顺、连贯, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

be	ask	wise	only	relax	proud
you	that	hide	much	learn	quarter

"You must be Alex." said a girl, offering her hand.

Surprised, Alex quickly put the folded paper behind his back.

The girl continued, "I'm Sophia. I 64. was in Smart Start Group for a year. You're welcome."

"Glad to meet you." Alex tried to put himself at ease.

"Could you tell me a little 65. about yourself? What do you like to do? What would you love to do here?"

"I want 66. nothing anything but math!" Alex replied.

"Well, I guess that's why you're here," Sophia said with a laugh. "I used to hate math, too."

Alex realized that Sophia was trying to make him feel 67. good. "What made you start to like it?" he asked politely.

"Things in our life are all about math. Hey, may I have a look at what you 68. are? What is it?" she joked.

"It's nothing yet, but soon it will be," Alex explained. Then, he folded and creased(压褶). "A crane!" he said, showing his work 69. to.

"That's cool!" Sophia said, giving attention to the folds. "Do you mind if I take it apart?"

Alex showed that he didn't care. Sophia unfolded each step of the paper crane.

"Don't you see? What you have here is math, right in front of 70. me!" Sophia spread the paper with her hands.

"Do your first fold," she ordered, and Alex did what he 71. was to do. "You began with a square, and created two rectangles. And you have a fraction(分数), too: one half! Fold it again... and now you have four 72. quarters." Sophia pointed to the top fold. "What fraction does this piece stand for?"

"One quarter?"

"Right! Get out some more paper, and let's do some geometry(几何)."

It would be a thing 73. that was expected to happen if math study was going to be paper-folding, Alex thought. He hoped it could be a Smart Start.



九、书面表达 (共 15 分) 请将发言稿写在答题卡相应的位置上。

随着全球互联互通, 青少年之间的交流日益增加。一个主题为 “Youth is a time for fighting” 的国际青少年交流沙龙将要在线上进行, 你作为中国青少年代表将进行发言。请用英语写一篇发言稿。

内容包括:

- your idea about what young people should be like
- one of your stories about fighting
- the meaning of fighting

要求:
















1. 词数不少于 80 词;
2. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名。

英语答案解析

听力部分 (共 20 分)

一、情景反应 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

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1. A.		B.		C.	
2. A.		B.		C.	
3. A.		B.		C.	
4. A.		B.		C.	
5. A.		B.		C.	

二、对话理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共有五个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

6. A. Amy. B. Tom. C. Bill.
7. A. Two. B. Three. C. Five.
8. A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Windy.
9. A. Classmates. B. Neighbors. C. Strangers.

10. A. She encourages the boy to keep on. B. She can teach the boy to play the piano.
C. She wants the boy to do something easier.

三、语篇理解（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

本题你将听到一个语篇，请根据所听内容和所提出的五个问题，从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

11. What was Sam like?
A. He loved to win. B. He cared for his grandpa.
C. He was good with people.
12. How did Sam feel after the first two races?
A. Nervous. B. Happy. C. Surprised.
13. Who competed with Sam in the third race?
A. Some young boys. B. Some strong men. C. An old lady and a blind man.
14. How did Sam run the third race?
A. He ran much faster than he was expected.
B. He made special efforts and finished first again.
C. He took the other runners to finish the race together.
15. What can we learn from the story?
A. Competing helps develop the sports spirit.
B. Having a good habit makes a big difference.
C. Showing love is more important than winning.

四、听力填空（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

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Ancient Yellow River Crossings (渡口)

The Yellow River has run through Shanxi for over 16. _____ kilometers, leaving some ancient crossings.

Past:

- People built crossings for their boats to 17. _____
- They became important to the trade.
- They carried memories and 18. _____ of the local people.

Present:


- Shanxi has worked 19. _____ to protect these ancient crossings.
- They have become popular places of interest and got 20. _____ chances to develop.


笔试部分（共 100 分）


五、补全对话（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）


请根据下面的对话内容，在空白处填上一个适当的句子，使对话的意思连贯、完整，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。


Yingying


 Hello!


 Hi! _____ 1 _____


 I' m fine. Thank you.


 Do you have any ideas for the summer vacation?


_____ 2 


Could you please give me some advice? 


 _____ 3 _____ The 2024 Paris Olympics is coming. Why not watch the games?

Sounds great. _____ 4 

 It will start on July 26th.

We can cheer for our Chinese players. 

 _____ 5 _____

I hope so. Let' s wait and see. 

【答案】1. How are you?

2. No, I don' t. /No.

3. OK. /Sure. /Of course. /Certainly. /No problem. /With pleasure. /All right. /Yes, I can. /Yes. /...

4. When will it start? /When is it going to start? /When is it? /...

5. I hope they will win honor for our country /can win a victory /will win the first place /can win as many gold medals as possible /will win the games /can make their dreams come true. /...

【解析】

【导语】本文是一个聊天对话框，两人讨论了暑假的计划和打算。

【1题详解】

根据“I' m fine. Thank you.”可知，此处表示问候。故“你好吗？”符合语境。故填How are you?

【2题详解】

根据“Do you have any ideas for the summer vacation?”可知，询问对方有没有关于暑假的一些想法。结合“Could you please give me some advice?”可知，此处应为否定回答，表示没有想法。故“不，我没有。/不。”符合语境。故填No, I don' t. /No.

【3题详解】

根据“Could you please give me some advice?”可知，此处指向对方请求给出一些建议。结合“The 2024 Paris Olympics is coming. Why not watch the games?”可知，此处表同意给出建议。故“好的。/当然。/没问题。/我

的荣幸。/好吧/是的，我可以。/是的。”符合语境。故填OK. /Sure. /Of course. /Certainly. /No problem. /With pleasure. /All right. /Yes, I can. /Yes. /...

【4题详解】

根据 “It will start on July 26th.” 可知，此处询问时间，应用 when 提问，时态是一般将来时。故填 **when** will it start?/When is it going to start?/When is it?/...

【5题详解】

根据 “I hope so. Let’s wait and see.” 可知，此处表达对中国运动员的美好祝愿，希望他们赢得比赛或实现梦想等。故填 **I hope they will win honor for our country/can win a victory/will win the first place/can win as many gold medals as possible/will win the games/can make their dreams come true. /...**

六、完形填空（每小题1分，共8分）

请阅读下面语篇，理解其大意，然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Marco and Kim left the school and walked towards home.

“I wish we could play basketball at our neighborhood park.” said Kim.

“But the basketball hoop at the park is 6,” said Marco. “It hasn’t been fixed yet.”

Marco and Kim walked past the town’s recycling station. 7 Marco saw many recyclable plastic, paper and metal objects, he thought of an idea—Maybe we could reuse something to make a basketball hoop. As he looked around the station, an old plastic laundry basket (洗衣篮) caught his 8. “We can use this.” he held it up and said to Kim.

Kim 9, “It looks useless.”

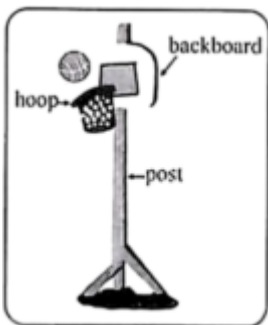
Marco smiled and said, “It won’t look so bad. I could make a fine hoop with it.”

At home, Marco made a post and a backboard with some waste wood. Then he 10 the bottom of the basket, stuck the basket to the backboard, and the backboard to the post. After that, he went to the park, dug a hole, and put the post in the 11.

The next day, Kim saw the recycled hoop. He tried and scored a goal. He said 12, “I was wrong. It is a lot better than I thought.”

“When we reuse things, we make waste 13 again.”

“Wonderful! Now we can play basketball whenever we want!” Kim shouted and scored another goal.



- | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 6. A. old | B. dirty | C. broken |
| 7. A. If | B. When | C. Though |
| 8. A. eye | B. ear | C. nose |

9. A. doubted B. explained C. suggested
 10. A. cut off B. played with C. looked for
 11. A. lake B. street C. ground
 12. A. clearly B. patiently C. excitedly
 13. A. tidy B. useful C. fresh

【答案】6. C 7. B 8. A 9. A 10. A 11. C 12. C 13. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文，讲述了马克利用废旧物品制作篮球架的故事。

【6题详解】

句意：“但是公园里的篮框坏了，”马可说。

old 旧的；dirty 脏的；broken 坏的。根据 “It hasn’ t been fixed yet.” 可知，篮框坏了，还没修好。故选 C。

【7题详解】

句意：当马可看到许多可回收的塑料、纸张和金属制品时，他想到了一个主意——也许我们可以重复使用一些东西来制作篮框。

If 如果；When 当……时；Though 尽管。根据 “…Marco saw many recyclable plastic, paper and metal objects, he thought of an idea…” 可知，当马克看到很多废旧物品时，他想到了一个主意，用 When 引导时间状语从句。故选 B。

【8题详解】

句意：当他环顾回收站时，一个旧的塑料洗衣篮引起了他的注意。

eye 眼睛；ear 耳朵；nose 鼻子。根据 “an old plastic laundry basket (洗衣篮) caught his…” 可知，一个旧塑料洗衣篮引起了马克的注意。catch one’ s eye “引起某人的注意”。故选 A。

【9题详解】

句意：金怀疑道：“看起来没用。”

doubted 怀疑；explained 解释；suggested 建议。根据 “It looks useless.” 可知，马克想要用旧的塑料洗衣篮制作篮框，金表示怀疑，认为看起来没有用。故选 A。

【10题详解】

句意：然后他切掉了篮框的底部，把篮框粘在篮板上，把篮板粘在柱子上。

cut off 切割；played with 和……玩耍；looked for 寻找。根据 “Then he… the bottom of the basket, stuck the basket to the backboard” 可知，马克切掉篮框底部，把篮框粘到篮板上。故选 A。

【11题详解】

句意：之后，他去了公园，挖了一个洞，把柱子埋在地里。

lake 湖；street 街道；ground 地面。根据 “After that, he went to the park, dug a hole, and put the post in the…” 可知，马克把篮球架放置在地面上挖的洞里。故选 C。

【12题详解】

句意：他兴奋地说：“我错了。这比我想象的要好得多。”

clearly 清楚地；patiently 耐心地；excitedly 兴奋地。根据 “He tried and scored a goal.” 及 “I was

wrong. It is a lot better than I thought.”可知，金试了一下，进了一个球，非常兴奋，认为这个篮球架远比自己想象的好。故选 C。

【13 题详解】

句意：当我们重复使用东西时，我们会让废物再次变得有用。

tidy 整洁的；useful 有用的；fresh 新鲜的。根据 “When we reuse things, we make waste...again.” 可知，马克利用废旧物制作篮框，使得废旧物品重新变得有用。故选 B。

七、阅读理解（本题共有五个语篇，每篇后有五个小题，34~57 每小题 2 分，58 题 4 分，共 52 分）

(A)

请阅读下面语篇，根据每段内容，从方框内所给的选项中选出适当的小标题，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Dogs and cats are the most popular pets in the world. Some people think dogs are our finest friends. Others believe cats are our best pals. Let's see who is perfect.



14

Cats don't use words, but they make a lot of sounds to tell what they're thinking about. So do dogs. They use different sounds to “say” what's on their minds, and “chat” with other dogs or their owners.

15

Cats are great climbers. They love to stay in trees and even on the top of houses. They can jump long and almost always land on their feet. Still, when it comes to traveling far, dogs are hard to beat. Some of them can run or work all day.

16

Dogs' noses know better. They smell the air and get a lot more information than cats, for they have twice as many scent cells (细胞) as cats. But cats' hearing is king. They can hear many sounds that dogs would never notice.

17

Most dogs like to hang out with other dogs. Most cats prefer to be alone. In order to get along, cats usually have to be raised together. Cats might like to be held in their owners' arms, but they leave the pet parties to the dogs.

18

Dogs can be trained to follow different orders and do all kinds of tasks. They can help search for lost people. They can serve as guide dogs for blind people. Some can even help police officers to catch criminals. Cats can be trained to jump through hoops, catch toys and give high fives.

When a cat curls up on your lap, or a dog rubs your head or licks your face, you'll know who the perfect pet is. Whichever one you own!

A. Who is smarter?

B. Who talks more?

C. Who senses better?

D. Who is more social?

E. Who has more sports talent?

【答案】14. B 15. E 16. C 17. D 18. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，文章从沟通、运动能力、感官、交际能力以及智力方面介绍了狗和猫的不同。

【14题详解】

根据“Cats don't use words, but they make a lot of sounds to tell what they're thinking about. So do dogs.”可知，本段介绍了狗和猫的沟通交流能力。故选项 B “谁说得更多？”可作为本段小标题。故选 B。

【15题详解】

根据“Cats are great climbers. ...Still, when it comes to traveling far, dogs are hard to beat.”可知，本段介绍了狗和猫的运动能力。故选项 E “谁更有运动天赋？”可作为本段小标题。故选 E。

【16题详解】

根据“Dogs' noses know better. ...But cats' hearing is king.”可知，本段介绍了狗和猫的感官能力。故选项 C “谁感觉更好？”可作为本段小标题。故选 C。

【17题详解】

根据“Most dogs like to hang out with other dogs. Most cats prefer to be alone.”可知，本段介绍了狗和猫的社交能力。故选项 D “谁更善于交际？”可作为本段小标题。故选 D。

【18题详解】

根据“Dogs can be trained to follow different orders and do all kinds of tasks. ...Cats can be trained to jump through hoops, catch toys and give high fives.”可知，本段介绍了狗和猫的智力。故选项 A “谁更聪明？”可作为本段小标题。故选 A。

(B)

请阅读下面语篇，从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Technology is the first power!

It is a great joy and a matter of pride to see China's high technology is brightly shining from the sky to the ground.

It is widely known that China has well-developed high-speed railway network (铁路网) in the world. Now, the country is breaking its own speed record with the CR450. The CR450 can travel at a top speed of 453 kilometers an hour. Once put into use, it will take just about 2.5 hours to travel from Beijing to Shanghai, which

The AG60E is China's self-developed lightweight two-seat electric plane. It is 6.9 meters long, 2.6 meters high and 8.6 meters wide. It is mainly designed for pilot training, flight experience, and private travel. It uses an electric power system. Compared with the traditional plane, it doesn't send

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