

2023 年天津市初中学业水平考试试卷

英语

本试卷分为第 I 卷（选择题）、第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。第 I 卷为第 1 页至第 8 页，第 II 卷为第 9 页至第 12 页。试卷满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟。

答卷前，请务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考点校、考场号、座位号填写在“答题卡”上，并在规定位置粘贴考试用条形码。答题时，务必将答案涂写在“答题卡”上，答案答在试卷上无效。考试结束后，将本试卷和“答题卡”一并交回。

祝你考试顺利！

第 I 卷

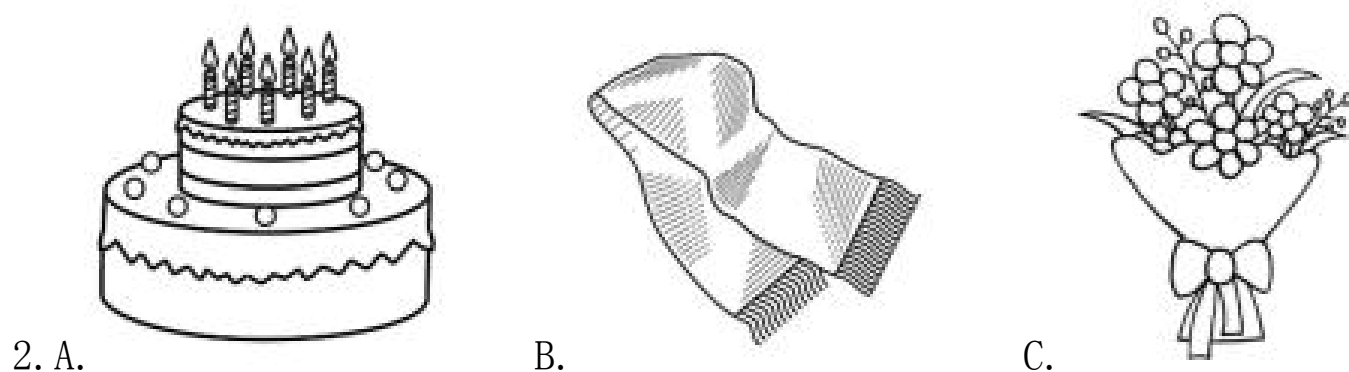
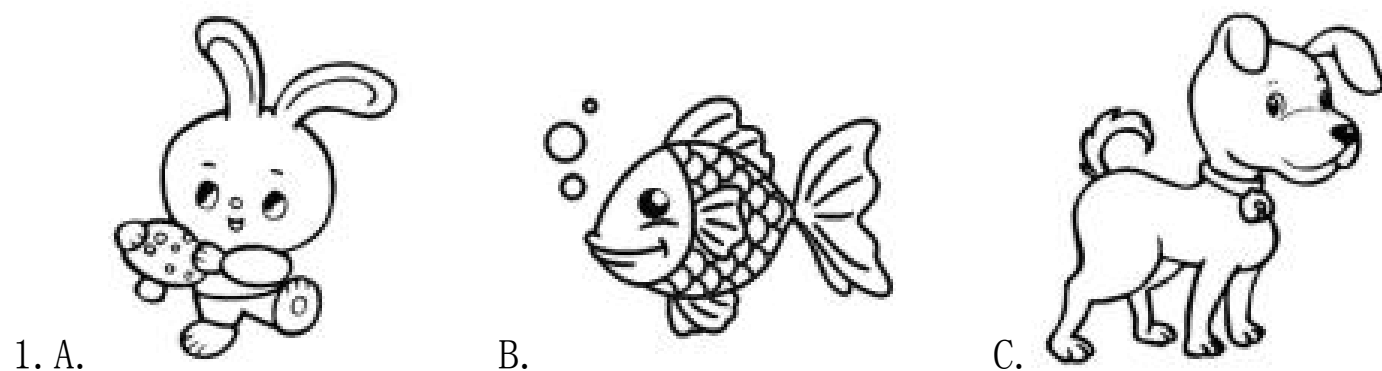
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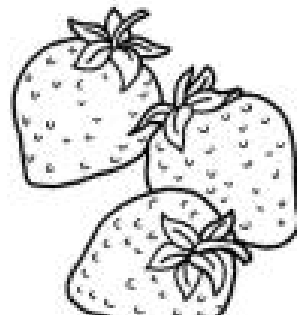
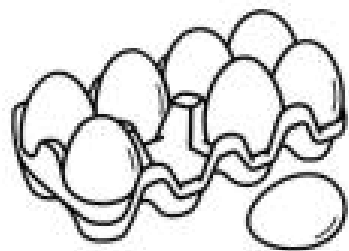
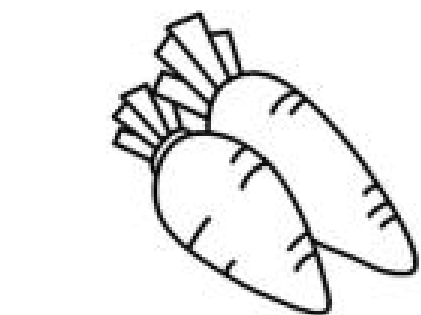
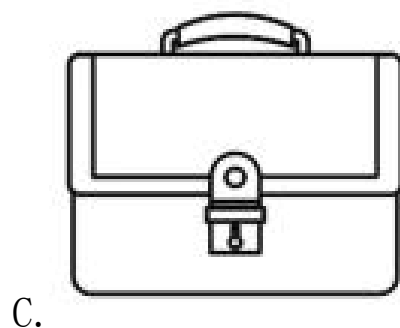
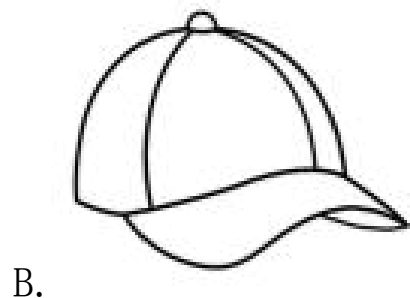
1. 每题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把“答题卡”上对应题目的答案标号的信息点涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号的信息点。

2. 本卷共五大题，共 80 分。

一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

A) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。





B) 下面你将听到十组对话，每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容，从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找到能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. What's the weather like?

A. It's cloudy. B. It's sunny. C. It's snowy.

6. What colour is Bob's watch?

A. Green. B. Yellow. C. Black.

7. What is Kate's favourite sport?

A. Tennis. B. Running. C. Volleyball.

8. Where is the classroom building?

A. Behind the sports hall. B. In front of the library. C. On the right of the gate.

9. What is Martin going to do this weekend?

A. Collect litter. B. Read books. C. Play basketball.

10. What time does the chemistry lesson start?

A. At eight o'clock. B. At nine o'clock. C. At ten o'clock.

11. When does Mike usually go to the park?

A. On Fridays. B. On Saturdays. C. On Sundays.

12. Who will visit from his parents next month?

A. His cousin. B. His aunt. C. His son.

13. How did Lily go to school this morning?

A. By bus. B. By taxi. C. On foot.

14. How many books did the woman buy yesterday?

A. 4. B. 5. C. 6.

C) 听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。

听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。

15. Where is Jim now?

A. In the Summer Palace. B. In the Palace Museum. C. On the Great Wall.

16. What are Jim's classmates doing at the moment?

A. Taking photos. B. Drawing pictures. C. Enjoying the sun.

17. What will Jim buy for his mum?

A. Bags. B. Postcards. C. Stamps.

听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。

18. Where did Li Hua go last Friday?

A. To Tianjin Library. B. To Tianjin Zoo. C. To Tianjin Museum.

19. How long did it take Li Hua to get there?

A. 20 minutes. B. 30 minutes. C. 40 minutes.

20. What did Li Hua learn about?

A. History and geography. B. Animals and plants. C. Art and music.

二、单项填空（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

从下列每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. My mother is making _____ apple pie and I want to try _____ piece.

A. a; an B. a; 不填 C. an; a D. an; 不填

2. _____ teacher talked to _____ about the stories of the Silk Road.

A. Our; us B. Our; we C. Ours; us D. Ours; we

3. People all over the world love pandas, and the panda has become a _____ of China.

A. festival B. poem C. guest D. symbol

4. —Would you like to visit Tianjin University tomorrow?

—Sorry, I'm afraid _____. I work as a volunteer in my community.

A. can B. can't C. must D. mustn't

5. The grapes are very _____ and they also taste good.

A. easy B. lazy C. boring D. fresh

6. Sam did _____ in his studies this year than last year.

A. well B. better C. best D. the best

7. To keep healthy, Daming's grandparents _____ in a park every day.
- A. exercise B. cough C. sleep D. wait
8. David learnt _____ when he was five.
- A. swim B. swims C. swam D. to swim
9. While we _____ an English song, some visitors came to our class.
- A. sing B. will sing C. were singing D. are singing
10. If I don't talk _____, my old grandmother can't hear me.
- A. quickly B. loudly C. suddenly D. quietly
11. Lisa is a popular monitor. She _____ her classmate and teachers.
- A. takes part in B. gets on well with
- C. gets into trouble with D. keeps clear of
12. Some photos of the moon _____ in the Space Club next week.
- A. shows B. is showing C. were shown D. will be shown
13. You should turn off the lights _____ you leave the room.
- A. until B. before C. although D. so
14. —Do you remember _____?
- Sure. On the evening of May Day.
- A. how we got to the Jiefang Bridge B. how did we get to the Jiefang Bridge
- C. when the Jiefang Bridge opened itself D. when did the Jiefang Bridge open itself
15. —Oh, no! My mobile phone is missing!
- _____. Go to the lost and found office. They might have it.
- A. Don't worry B. Thanks a lot C. It sounds great D. That's cool

三、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Tom had a bad toothache. His mother wanted to take him to the dentist's (牙科诊所), but he 16. He was afraid of the 17 when the dentist had to extract (拔出) his tooth. Tom's mother told him that if he did not visit the dentist, the pain would get 18. At last, Tom had to agree.

There were not many people at the dentist's 19, it was Tom's turn. He walked nervously into the room and sat down. The dentist looked 20 and said hello to him with a smile. He asked Tom to 21 his mouth. And then he told Tom that he had to extract the bad tooth. The dentist gave Tom an injection (注射) and 22 him that he would not feel any pain.

Tom really 23 didn't feel any pain. Then the dentist advised Tom to brush his teeth twice a day and taught him the 24 way of brushing his teeth. He also told Tom not to eat too many sweet things 25 his teeth would be healthy.

After that Tom 25 how important it was to protect his teeth.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 16. A. relaxed | B. refused | C. nodded | D. joked |
| 17. A. pain | B. trust | C. success | D. training |
| 18. A. nicer | B. smaller | C. warmer | D. worse |
| 19. A. Sometimes | B. Recently | C. Soon | D. Especially |
| 20. A. dangerous | B. friendly | C. noisy | D. careless |
| 21. A. fill | B. shut | C. open | D. cover |
| 22. A. allowed | B. asked | C. warned | D. promised |
| 23. A. right | B. brave | C. weak | D. rich |
| 24. A. but | B. so that | C. or | D. whether |
| 25. A. regretted | B. hoped | C. realised | D. guessed |

四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

阅读下面的材料，从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

In the morning, Daniel and Peter finished their breakfast quickly. They put on their school uniforms (校服), took their school bags and walked quickly to the bus stop. They had to wait for their school bus as usual. They waited for half an hour but the bus didn't come. The two brothers were starting to get worried. They did not want to be late for school.

Just then, Daniel's classmate Ben, came with a football and his bike. They were surprised to see that Ben wasn't in his school uniform.

Ben stopped in front of the two brothers and asked, "Where are you going?"

"To school," replied Peter quickly.

"Why aren't you ready for school Ben?" Daniel asked.

"Have you forgotten that today is a school holiday?" laughed Ben. "We have no lessons today!"

When Daniel and Peter told their mother about it, they all laughed. At last the brother joined Ben in playing football in the field nearby.

What a special morning!

26. When did the story happen?

A. In the morning. B. At noon. C. In the afternoon. D. In the evening.

27. How did Daniel and Peter feel when their school bus didn't come?

A. Angry. B. Excited. C. Lonely. D. Worried.

28. Why were the two brothers surprised?

A. Ben was a football fan. B. Ben wasn't in his school uniform.

C. Ben had a bicycle. D. Ben was leaving school.

29. The bus didn't come because _____.

A. the weather was bad

B. the driver was sick

C. it was a school holiday

D. there was something wrong with it

30. What did the two brothers do at last?

A. They went to the cinema.

B. They played football with Ben.

C. They read books at home.

D. They cooked with their mother.

B

About 80% of people do not get enough vitamin (维生素) D every day. But this vitamin is very important for your health.

Vitamin D is really important for our bones (骨骼). When we are young, vitamin D builds up our bones and makes them strong. When we are older, we still need vitamin D to keep our bones strong. Our bodies keep the vitamin D in our bones and teeth. Then we lose vitamin D as we work and exercise during the day. But our bodies can't make vitamin D. So we have to get it from outside of our bodies.

Where can a person get this very important vitamin? Vitamin D is in foods like fish and eggs. Sometimes, vitamin D is added to bread, milk, and orange juice. Food is not the only way our bodies can get vitamin D. The sun also gives us vitamin D. If we want to be healthy, we should spend some time in the sun each day. Too much sun is not good for you, but about 15 minutes a day is usually enough. And we should be sure to eat foods that are rich in vitamin D, too.

31. The writer says that vitamin D _____.

A. makes our bones strong

B. keeps our hair clean

C. is not necessary for our teeth

D. is harmful to our hearts

32. Why do we have to get vitamin D from outside of our bodies?

A. It makes us popular.

B. It helps us eat more food.

C. Our bodies can't make vitamin D.

D. The more vitamin D, the better.

33. According to the writer, people can get vitamin D by _____.

A. eating fish B. watching TV C. working hard D. having a sleep

34. How long are we advised to spend in the sun each day?

A. About 15 minutes. B. About 45 minutes. C. About 1 hour. D. About 2 hours.

35. Paragraph 3 mainly tells us _____.

A. what vitamin D is B. where we can get vitamin D
C. how much vitamin D we need D. why people don't like vitamin D

C

Most people love animals. Many children's books use animals as the main characters. Many people look after animals as pets. The love for animals may be why both children and adults (成年人) enjoy going to zoos.

In the past, zoos were usually started by rich people. The first zoo was started by a queen in Egypt in 1500 BC. Raising animals was a way for people to show they were wealthy and powerful. Sadly, the animals in the early zoos were not treated well. They didn't receive enough attention or care.

Today, zoos still bring people pleasure, but they try to protect animals and teach people as well. Zoos must follow rules. People must provide animals with a clean place to live, food and water, and health care. In this way, the rules help protect the animals.

Some people think the rules are not enough. They want to do more to protect the animals they love. For example, people disapproved of the use of some large animals in shows. They thought the zoos didn't have enough space for the animals to show. They also thought the animals were not treated properly. With so many people against the shows, the zoos decided to make a change.

People see animals in zoos. At the same time, they try to learn about and protect them. Both people and animals can get a lot from each other.

36. Who started the first zoo?

A. A queen in Egypt. B. A king in Egypt. C. A queen in England. D. A king in England.

37. How does the writer feel about the animals in the early zoos?

A. He doesn't care about them. B. He feels sad for them.
C. He is proud of them. D. He is afraid of them.

38. According to the passage, zoos today must _____.

A. train people for shows B. help look after family pets
C. provide health care for tourists D. follow the rules to protect animals

39. The phrase "disapproved of" in Paragraph 4 means "_____".

A. wrote about B. depended on C. were against D. were good at

40. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Large animals in shows.

B. Famous zoos around the world.

C. Animals in the wild.

D. Zoos in the past and today.

五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据对话内容，选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整（选项中有两项是多余的）。

A: Hello, Tony. Lingling and I went to Lao She Teahouse last night.

B: 41

A: It was great. You know, I always wanted to go there.

B: 42

A: We drank tea and watched an opera.

B: 43

A: No, it was difficult to understand the words. But the actor and actresses were excellent.

B: 44

A: We only planned to watch for an hour, but in the end, we stayed for three hours.

B: Did you enjoy it?

A: Well, it was interesting. 45

B: So do I. I'm also interested in traditional Chinese culture.

A: I've no idea.

B: How was it?

C: Who is Lao She?

D: How long did you stay?

E: Did you understand the opera?

F: I hope to see more operas next time.

G: What did you do in Lao She Teahouse?

第 II 卷

注意事项:

1. 用黑色字迹的签字笔将答案写在“答题卡”上。

2. 本卷共四大题，共 40 分。

六、完成句子（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

根据所给中文意思完成句子，每空限填一词。

46. 早起是一个好习惯。

It's a good habit to _____ early.

47. 让我们一起去湖景。它离这儿并不远。

Let's go to see the lake. It's not _____ here.

48. 海伦拿起一本杂志，开始看起来。

Helen _____ a magazine and began to read.

49. 学生们在学校学习过关于急救的知识。

The students learn about first aid _____.

50. 有一天我会回去看望我的老师们。

One day I will _____ to visit my teachers.

七、任务型阅读（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容完成句子。

It is healthy to live around trees. Trees work as doctors and they keep us healthy.

Many scientists have studied how trees clean the air. For people in large cities, trees can be very important for their health. These days, cities are planting trees not just in parks. They are also planting trees along streets in order to help clean the air.

Some scientists also believe trees help more than just the air. Trees keep our bodies healthy as well. People in hospitals seem to do better when they can see trees from their rooms. People with trees near their homes usually take more exercise.

Scientists have also studied the healthy effects (效果) of trees on our minds. One effect of trees seems to be that they make people feel relaxed. Scientists did some research on city people in an area with few trees. After trees were planted on the street, people walked slower when going home. They said the area was much nicer.

Of course another good effect is that doctors and trees work for free!

51. Trees work as _____ and they keep us healthy.

52. Cities are also _____ along streets to help clean the air.

53. People in hospitals _____ when they can see trees.

54. Scientists have studied _____ on our minds.

55. After trees were planted on the street, _____ when they went home.

八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容及首字母提示，填写所缺单词，使短文意思完整。每空限填一词。

A smile shows that a person is happy. For example, a person may smile when he or she is 56 with some progress in studies. Or a person may smile if a friend tells a funny joke. There are other good reasons 57 to

smile often.

First, it is 58 to smile than to show unhappiness. In fact, it only takes 17 muscles (肌肉) to smile. On the other hand, it takes 43 muscles to show unhappiness. So give the muscles in your face 59 a rest and smile!

Second, smiles are nice. People may try to look 60 nice by exercising or wearing nice clothes. However, people often say a smile is the best thing a person can wear. That is because it is easy to be a 61 someone who is smiling and happy. Almost no one wants to stay with someone who is always unhappy.

Third, smiles have power (感染力). Both smiling and laughing can easily and quickly 62 from one person to another. If one person smiles, people around him or her want to smile, too. Similarly, when a person laughs, people tend (往往会) to laugh with him or her. If a person is 63, the best thing to do is to share a smile or a laugh. It is the easiest way to cheer someone up.

64, smiling and laughing are very good for the body. Even though you are sad, try smiling. You'll find that it will be difficult to stay 65 sad for very long!

九、书面表达（本大题共 15 分）

66. 假如你是李华，请根据以下提示，给你的笔友 Peter 用英文写一封邮件，向他讲述你班同学王亮的一个感人故事。

- (1) 一个下雨天，王亮在路上看到一群人聚在一起。
- (2) 他走过去，看到一位老妇人躺在地上。
- (3) 了解情况后，他蹲下为老人撑伞。
- (4) 救护车到达后，他悄悄地离开了。
- (5) 你认为……

参考词汇：蹲下 crouch down

救护车 ambulance

要求：

- (1) 词数：80~100 个。
- (2) 开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。
- (3) 要点齐全，行文连贯，可适当发挥。

Dear Peter,

How is everything going? I'd like to tell you a story about my classmate Wang Liang.

On a rainy day,

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/247110053155006115>