

精锐教育学科教师辅导讲义

年 级: 高	這三 课时数: 3	辅导科目: 英语		
课 题 重点词汇第一轮梳理 P.Q 开头的单词讲解与测试				
教学目标	掌握高考词汇表中的重要单词含义及相关词组用法,	,并能灵活运用于各种语境中		
教学内容				
Step1: Greetings & Free Talk				

- 1. Talk about the week in school. What news / story / book / movie ... have u got?
- 2. Is there sth important\special\interesting happening this week?

Step2: Assignments checking

The assigned exercises on the previous handout.

Step3: Revision

- I、错题重现
- II、重点知识回顾

Step4: 词汇测试与运用

一、Test25

Section A. Match Column A with Column B and write down the right order below.

Column A Column B



1. 対有耐心	٦,
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- 2. 爱国歌曲
- 3. 为...铺平道路
- 4. 还清债务
- 5. 与...讲和
- 6. 生活在安宁之中
- 7. 维持和平
- 8. 在顶峰
- 9. 某人特有的
- 10. 百分之五的人口是...
- 11. 用铅笔写
- 12. 一段时间
- 13. 允许某人做某事
- 14. 未经允许
- 15. 允许做某事

A be patient with

- B patriotic songs
- C a period of time
- D without permission
- E pave the way for
- F permit sb. to do sth..
- G write in pencil
- H pay off the debts
- I 5 percent of the population are /is.
- J on the peak
- K make peace with
- L be peculiar to sb.
- M live in peace
- N permit doing sth.
- 0 maintain peace

Column A

16. 固定地址

- 17. 机器零件
- 18. 坚持做某事
- 19. 坚持某事
- 20. 说服某人做某事
- 21. 私事
- 22. 分辨出
- 23. 堆起来
- 24. 可怜某人

Column B

- a take the place of
- b a machine part
- e plunge into
- d permanent address
- e to the point
- f persist in doing sth.
- g There is no point in doing sth.
- h have pity on persist in doing sth.
- pile up



25. 代替	k point out				
26. 陷入	1 persuade sb. to do sth.				
27. 做某事没有意义	m No pains, no gains.				
28. 中肯	n personal affairs				
29. 指出	O pick out				
30. 不劳无获					
Section B. Put the following words into Chines	e.				
1. overall 1	1. passion				
2. ox	12. patriotic				
3. oxygen	13. pavement				
4. panic	14. peak				
5. pants	15. peal				
6. parade	16. peculiar				
7. parallel	7. petrol				
8. parcel1	8. philosophy				
9. parrot 1	9. photographic				
10. partner	O. plantation				
Section C. Choose the right word from the table to fill in the blank of each sentence with correct forms.					
pain, pain, parent, participate, participate, pat	ient, pay, peace, percent,				
perform, permanent, permission, persevere, per	sist, person				
1. I becameaware of his physical disability					



2. Greathave (has) been taken to ensure the safety of the passengers.			
3. Children who lackcare tend to be rude to others when they grow up.			
4. All thein the debate had an opportunity to speak.			
5. Union (工会) leaders called for the activeof all members in the day of the strike.			
6. After three hours of waiting for the train, ourwas finally exhausted.			
7. Personal abuse (责骂) was thehe got for his efforts.			
8. In no case will China first use nuclear weapons; our aim is the			
use of atomic energy.			
9. An increasingof the population own their own houses.			
10. He goes through the wholeof checking of the oil and water every time he drives the car.			
11. Nothing threatens theof the system.			
12. You cannot enter the military base without a _			
13. After months of disappointment, hiswas finally rewarded			
14. The weather report cannot explain theof the heat wave.			
15. She made adonation to the fund.			
Section D. Put the following sentences into English.			
1. 电影散场以后,人群从电影院涌到了街上。(outflow)			
2. 他把自己的成就归功于朋友们的支持。(owe)			
3. 由于缺氧,他昏厥在封闭的小屋里。(lack)			



4.	他每天浏览大量的科技资料为了与最新的发展保持步调一致。(pace)		
5.	在不辞辛苦的将房间粉刷以后,他筋疲力尽了。(pain)		
6.	他指的是与和平街平行的那条大道。(parallel)		
7.	那位科学家只参加了部分研究但是他起的作用很重要。(participate)		
8.	不要挑食,你需要多种维生素。(particular)		
9.	只有用巨大的热情去对待工作,你才能取得成就。(Only; passion)		
10. 正是船长坚持不懈的精神挽救了航船和船上所有的人。(It; perseverance)			

	eys: ection A.		
1-5			
16	-20 d b f i I 21-25 n o j h a 26-30 c g e k m		



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Section	C.

1. painfully 2. pains 3. parental 4. participants 5. participation

6. patience 7. payment 8. peaceful 9. percentage 10. performance

11. permanence 12. permit 13. perseverance 14. persistence 15. personal

Section D.

1. After the film was over, the crowd overflowed into the street.

- 2. He owed his own achievements to the support of his friends.
- 3. He fainted in the closed small room for lack of oxygen.
- 4. He goes through a large number of scientific materials to keep pace with the latest developments.
- 5. After taking pains to paint the room, he was exhausted.
- 6. What he pointed to was the street which ran parallel to He Ping Street.
- 7. That scientist participated in only part of the research, but he played a very important part in it.
- 8. Don't be particular about food; you need a variety of vitamins.
- 9. Only by working with great passion can you make achievement.
- 10. It was the perseverance of the captain that saved the ship and all the people on board.

二、Test26

Section A. Match Column A with Column B and write down the right order below.

Column A Column B



		1 1
1.	南/1	レポル
II.	1王1/ 刁	LIDX

- 2. 开放政策
- 3. 流行音乐
- 4. 有...人口
- 5. ...有多少人口?
- 6. 人口多/少
- 7. ...的很大一部分
- 8. 在适当的位置
- 9. 尽可能地...
- 10. 把...贴在...上
- 11. 辞去...的职务
- 12. 受...的欢迎
- 13....的邮资是多少?
- 14. 把...延期到
- 15. 把...倾注于

- A the south/ north pole
- B resign the post of
- C the open-door policy
- D, do sth. as... as possible
- E pour... into
- F the pop music
- G. in a suitable position
- H. a large portion of
- 1 have a population of
- J. post... to
- K. be popular with
- L. What is the population of ...?
- M. What is the postage of...?
- N. the population is large/ small
- O. postpone... until

Column A

- 16. 固定地址
- 17. 机器零件
- 18. 坚持做某事
- 19. 坚持某事
- 20. 说服某人做某事
- 21. 私事
- 22. 分辨出
- 23. 堆起来
- 24. 可怜某人

Column B

- a prefer to do sth.
- b live in poverty
- c at present
- d a power station
- e prefer ... to ...
- f come into power
- g be well-preserved
- h powerless to do .., but to do sth.
- i make preparations for



26. 陷入				
28. 中肯 m prefer doing to doing				
29. 指出 n be present				
30. 不劳无获				
Section B. Put the following words into Chinese.				
1. petrol 11. postcode				
2. philosophy 12. productive	12. productive			
3. photographic 13. proceed	13. proceed			
4. pigeon 14. principle	14. principle			
5. pill 15. principal				
6. pine 16. previous				
7. pink 17. prevention				
8. plantation 18. presently				
9. plug 19. pregnant				
10. portable 20. predict				
Section C. Choose the right word from the table to fill in the blank of each sentence with correct forms.				
physical, pity, positive, persuade, poem, plenty, pity, physiology,				
phenomenon, poison, polite, politics, physical, plastic, possess				
1. All theirwas of on uses he would not come.				



2.	Rain and wind are theof nature.			
3.	He is under the care of a			
4.	Ais a scientist who studies the movement of the objects.			
5.	. Digestion is aprocess.			
6.	6. He was really aking who made his people suffered.			
7.	It was aattempt at the translation.			
8.	had found wide application in our daily life.			
9.	The dinner was well cooked and considerably			
10.	In our country, there are many greatof the people.			
11.	Alcoholic drinks aredrinks to children.			
12.	Hisin manners made a deep impression on us.			
13.	We won't believe the boasting of thewho always cheats us.			
14.	He was always popular with the others in his club, because he heldopinions towards everything.			
15.	He was inof a large quantity of property.			
Sec	ction D. Put the following sentences into English.			
1.	这种现象从来没有在我们港口存在过。(Never; phenomenon)			
2.	他学会日语的方法是别人不能模仿的。(pick; follow)			
3.	在很多方面塑料可以代替木材。(take)			



4. 听到了这一噩耗,全国陷入了深深地悲痛之中。(plunge)						
5.	5. 没有必要把那么多的书堆放在书桌上。(point)					
6.	6. 警察把枪对这企图逃跑的囚犯。(point)					
7.	7. 这个城市百分之八十的人口对生活有着积极的态度。(population)					
8.	8. 拥有财富的人不一定拥有幸福。(possess)					
9.	9. 他们在政治上成功的可能性取决于他们对穷人的态度。(possibility)					
10. 汤姆对同学们对他耍花招感到十分愤怒。(annoy; play)						

	Section A.					
1-		CFIL	6-10	NHGDJ	11-15	BKMOE
16-	20 bo	dfhk	21-25	omaei	26-30	Incgj



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