

## 专题 04 动词短语和介词短语

### 一 真题感悟

1. (2021 高考全国甲卷改错) Who will you go in times of trouble?

【答案】 go 后面加 to

【解析】 考查动词短语 go to, 此处表示在遇到困难的时候你会去找谁?

2. (2020·全国卷 II) Orange trees are more \_\_\_\_\_ decoration; they are a symbol of good fortune and wealth.

【答案】 than

【解析】 考查介语短语。 此处意为“橘子树不仅仅是装饰品”, more than“不仅仅, 不只是”。故填 than。

3. (2020·全国卷 III) The artist was finally humbled (谦卑) by the greatest artist \_\_\_\_\_ earth, Mother Nature.

【答案】 on

【解析】 句意: 这位艺术家最终被世界上最伟大的艺术家--大自然母亲所折服。 on earth“在世界上”, 故填 on。

4. (2020·江苏高考) This actor often has the first two tricks planned before performing, and then goes for \_\_\_\_\_ (what).

【答案】 whatever

【解析】 句意: 这个演员通常在表演前就已经计划好了前两个技巧, 然后全力以赴。此处作 goes for 的宾语, 指代“任何事情”, whatever 符合语境。

5. (2020·浙江高考) Some time after 10,000 BC, people made the first real attempt to control the world they lived \_\_\_\_\_, through agriculture.

【答案】 in

【解析】 句意: 公元前 10,000 年以后, 人们第一次真正尝试通过农业来控制他们所居住的世界。“they lived \_\_\_\_\_”为定语从句, 修饰先行词 the world, 先行词在从句中作宾语, 即 they lived in the world。live in+名词, 意为“居住在某地”。

6. (2019·浙江高考) The answer \_\_\_\_\_ this question is not clear.

【答案】 to

【解析】 句意: 这个问题的答案尚不明确。the answer is to.....“.....的答案”, 为固定搭配。

7. (2019·全国卷 III) In their cages the monkeys were provided \_\_\_\_\_ touch screens.

【答案】 with

【解析】 此处考查动词短语。 provide sb with sth“供应某人某物”, 故填 with。

8.(2018·全国卷III) Wang Shu,a 49-year old Chinese architect, won the 2012 Pritzker Architecture Prize-- which is often referred\_\_\_\_\_as the Nobel Prize in architecture-on February 28.

【答案】 to

【解析】：句意:在 2 月 28 日，49 岁的中国建筑师王澍获得了 2012 年普利兹克建筑奖，该奖项被誉为“建筑界的诺贝尔奖”。refer to...(as..)"提到;谈及;说起"。

9. (2018·北京高考)-Good morning,Mr Lee's office.

-Good morning. I'd like to make an appointment\_\_\_\_\_ next Wednesday afternoon.

【答案】 for

【解析】此处表示“我”想预约下个星期三下午(的时,间)。make an appointment for 后接时间,意为“约定于.....”。故此处用介词 for。

10.(2018·天津高考)The people in the hall seemed very nosy(爱窥探的),keeping their eyes on me \_\_\_\_\_curiosity.

【答案】 with

【解析】句意:客厅的人们很爱窥探似的,好奇地一直盯着我。with curiosity“好奇地;带着好奇心”。

10. (2018·江苏高考)Developing the Yangtze River Economic Belt is a systematic project which calls\_\_\_\_\_ a clear road map and timetable.

【答案】 for

【解析】句意:发展长江经济带是一项需要清晰的路线图和时间表的系统工程。Call for 表示“需要”。

11. (2020·山东高考)Museums must compete \_\_\_\_\_ people's spare time and money with other amusements.

【答案】 for

【解析】句意:博物馆必须和其他娱乐活动竞争人们的业余时间和金钱。compete for“为了.....竞争”,为固定短语。

12.(2018·江苏高考)There are solutions that could light a path \_\_\_\_\_a more sustainable and fair farm economy, but farmers can't clumsily put them together before us.

【答案】 towards

【解析】句意:虽然有指引通向可 持续的、公平 的农业经济的解决方案,但是农民们不 把这些方案 展现在我们面前。towards“通向.....”。

13.(2020·全国卷 I 改错)After that I poured oil into a pan and turned off the stove,I waited patiently unless the oil was hot.

【答案】 off→on

【解析】句意:之后我把油倒进一个平底锅,然后开火。根据“I poured oil into a pan”及常识可知,把油倒进锅里后应是打开炉子,所以应使用短语 turn on。故将 off 改为 on。

14. (2020·全国卷 II 改错)I'm glad to know that you've come China to learn kung fu in a school in my hometown.

【答案】 come 后加 to

【解析】此处 come 为不及物动词,后接宾语需要加相应介词。Come to 意为“来到”,是固定短语。故在 come 和 China 之间加 to。

15.(2018 全国卷 III)They arrive at the class at low spirits and they leave with a smile.

【答案】 第二个 at 改为 in

【解析】考查介词短语。In low spirits 表示“情绪低落”,为固定短语。

## 二 实战模拟

1. Your goals are likely to have the biggest impact \_\_\_\_\_how you allocate(分配)your savings.

【答案】 on

【解析】 have an impact on..为固定用法,表示“对...有影响”。故填 on。

2.Critics say the IB program is not suitable \_\_\_\_\_every student, or every community.

【答案】 for

【解析】 be suitable for...为固定用法,表示“适合.....”。故填 for。

3.In the fight\_\_\_\_\_the COVID-19 epidemic, many exemplary ind individuals appeared. 【答案】 against

【解析】 the fight against...为固定用法,表示“与.....的对抗”。

4.These competitors are expected to push their own boundaries and set sights \_\_\_\_\_world levels.

【答案】 on

【解析】 set sights on...为固定用法,意为“以.....为奋斗目标;决心做到.....”。故填 on。

5.They are vulnerable(脆弱的)\_\_\_\_\_the disease.

【答案】 to

【解析】 be vulnerable to....为固定用法,表示“易受...的伤害”。故填 to。

6.Beyond the light you're exposing yourself\_\_\_\_\_, there's also the simple truth that it's easy to get caught up in what you're reading or watching.

【答案】 to

【解析】 expose oneself to...表示“使自己面临,使自己遭受(危险或不快)”。故填 to。

7. But according to sleep doctors, it's a smart idea to \_\_\_\_\_least give it a try.

【答案】 at

【解析】 at least 为固定用法,表示“至少”。故填 at。

8. Even if it takes a few tries to overcome failure and get it right, it's worth it to create something brilliant\_\_\_\_\_the end.

【答案】 in

【解析】 in the end 为固定用法,表示“最后,最终”。故填 in。

9. Instead\_\_\_\_\_burning carbs for energy, your body now starts burning stored fat for energy.

【答案】 of

【解析】 instead of 为固定用法,表示“取代……,而不是……”。故填 of。

10. \_\_\_\_\_a general rule, try eating two to three meals per day.

【答案】 as

【解析】 as a general rule 为固定用法,表示“一般说来故填 As。

11 Does everyone know what to do if a fire \_\_\_\_\_ out?

【答案】 breaks

【解析】 由语境可知,本句意为“如果发生火灾,大家知道做什么吗?”。break out 意为(不愉快之事)爆发;突然发生” 引导的条件状语从句应用一般现在时。故填 break。

12. There was no one to \_\_\_\_\_ to, so I felt very sad and helpless.

【答案】 turn

【解析】 由后句句意“我感到很伤感、无助”可知前句表示的是“没人可以求助”。turn to 意为“向……求助”,符合语境。

13. My friend doesn't know which university to choose; she can't\_\_\_\_\_ up her mind about her future.

【答案】 make

【解析】 由前一分句的句意“我的朋友不知道该选择哪所大学”可推知,后句应表达的是“对于她的未来她还没有拿定主意”。make up one's mind 意为“下定决心”,且 cant 后应接动词原形,故填 make。

14. You said you were looking after your sister. Is that the best excuse that you can \_\_\_\_\_up with?

【答案】 come

【解析】 根据语境可知,后句表达的是想出的最好的理由。come up with 意为“想出”,符合语境。

15. I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ advantage of this tour to explore the his tory of the castle.

【答案】 take

【解析】 根据 to explore the history of the castle 可知“我”将利用这次旅行来探索这座城堡的历史。take advantage of 是固定搭配,意为“利用”。

16. The thing that is not whether you fail or not, but whether you try or not\_\_\_\_\_.

【答案】 matters

【解析】由句意可知,此处表达的是“重要的不是你是否失败,而是你是否尝试过”,故填 matters。

17.To everybody's surprise, the fashionable young lady \_\_\_\_\_ out to be a thief.

【答案】 turned

【解析】由 to everybody's surprise 可知,后半句表达的是“结果这位时尚的年轻女士是一个小偷”。turn out to be 意为“结果是……”。

18. Ling Feng won the first prize in the national English competition and I'm glad that her efforts at last \_\_\_\_\_ off.

【答案】 paid

【解析】由语境可知,此处是指“我很高兴她的努力带来了好的结果”。pay off 为固定短语,意为“取得成功,带来好结果”。根据 won 可知,时态应用一般过去时。

19.He has been fired and will have to \_\_\_\_\_ over his responsibility tomorrow.

【答案】 hand

【解析】由前半句可知,后半句表达的是“明天他将不得不将移交他的职务”。handover 意为“把(权力或责任)移交给(某人)”。

20. The old houses are being pulled down to \_\_\_\_\_ room for a new office block.

【答案】 make/leave

【解析】由前半句“The old houses are being pulled down”可知,旧房子被推倒,是为了一栋新的办公大楼腾出空间。make/leave room for.....为固定短语,意为“为...腾出空间”。

21.Let's learn to use the problem we are facing \_\_\_\_\_ a stepping-stone to future success.

【答案】 as

【解析】句意:让我们学会把我们所面临的问题作为未来成功的垫脚石。根据句意可知,此处意为“作为”。

22. Parents need to encourage kids to develop their potential \_\_\_\_\_ putting too much pressure on them.

【答案】 without

【解析】句意:父母需要在不给孩子们施加太多压力的情况下鼓励他们发展自己的潜能。without“没有”。

23. Star skater Wu Dajing won China's first gold medal at the 2018 PyeongChang Olympic Winter Games \_\_\_\_\_ breaking world record in short track men's 500m.

【答案】 by

【解析】句意:明星速滑运动员武大靖在 2018 平昌冬季奥运会赢得中国第一枚金牌,打破了男子 500 米短道男子速滑的世界纪录。by doingsth 为固定搭配,意为“凭借/通过做某事”,根据句意可知填 by。

24. Just hang the towel \_\_\_\_\_ the back of the chair so that it will dry soon.

【答案】 over

【解析】句意:把毛巾挂在椅背上,这样它很快就会晾干。over“在上面”。表示椅背上面,故填 over。

25. Although the price has gone up by 5%, it's still  
the limit set by the government.

【答案】 within

【解析】句意:虽然价格已经上涨了 5%,但是仍然在政府设定的限度之内。within“在……之内”,符合句意。

26. In the deaf culture of North America, many listeners show applause not by clapping their hands but by waving them \_\_\_\_\_ the air.

【答案】 by

【解析】答案:in 句意:在北美聋人文化中,许多听众不是通过拍手而是通过在高空中挥动双手以表示鼓掌。in the air“在空中”。

27. Although some people played jokes \_\_\_\_\_ the answers, it didn't take long before they began to figure out the true meanings of happiness.

【答案】 on

【解析】此处意为“尽管有些人对答案开玩笑”。play jokes on“开……的玩笑”,为固定搭配。

28. With so few specimens of panda bears left \_\_\_\_\_ the world.

【答案】 in

【解析】考查介词的固定短语。In the world 为固定短语,意为“在世界上”。故填 in。

29. Chinese calligraphy is an art of \_\_\_\_\_ (turn) Chinese characters into images through pressure and speed variations of the pointed Chinese brush.

【答案】 turning

【解析】考查介词后面的动词非谓语形式。turn...into 把……转变成。

30. It is seen \_\_\_\_\_ the walls of offices, shops, hotels, and houses everywhere.

【答案】 on

【解析】考查介词。此处指“在墙的表面”,应用介词 on(“表示在……表面上”)。

### 三 语法填空组合练 A B C

#### A

体裁: 说明文

主题语境: 人与社会

Many of Van Gogh's paintings were inspired by warm, yellow sunlight because he loved how it could light up the world in different \_\_\_1\_\_\_(way). His painting Sun flowers, for example, \_\_\_2\_\_\_ (fill) with vivid yellows and browns. These colors give the painting a feeling of

\_\_\_3\_\_\_(warm)and well-being. However, the sunflowers are actually dead and dying. The result is a painting that \_\_\_4\_\_\_(combine) the warmth of life with the feelings of sadness. It is a painting that is warm, beautiful and sad at the same time.

Van Gogh's\_\_\_5\_\_\_(famous)painting, The Starry! Night, takes this mixture of joy and sadness one step further. This is a picture known by the world. It is full \_\_\_6\_\_\_deep blues and shadows,\_\_\_7\_\_\_represents the sadness that Van Gogh felt as he painted. \_\_\_8\_\_\_, the stars and moon in The Starry Night are \_\_\_9\_\_\_(unusual) bright and the light is swirling(旋动)above the darkening hills. It is a landscape that shows \_\_\_10\_\_\_(warm)in the painting

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_  
6. \_\_\_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_

篇章导读:安介绍著名画家凡·高的作品的艺术特点。

1. 【解析】考查名词。根据 different 可知后面应用名词复数形式，故答案为 ways。

2. 【答案】is filled

【解析】考查动词的时态和语态。本句客观地描述凡·高作品的艺术特点,应用一般现在时;句子的主语为 His painting,且此处构成 sth be filled with.... 故填 is filled。

3. 【答案】warmth

【解析】考查词性转换。由设空前的 of 可知,设空处应用名词形式。故填 warmth。

4. 【答案】combines

【解析】考查动词的时态和主谓一致。句意:结果,这幅画成了将生命的温暖与悲伤的感觉结合在一起的画作。这是对油画《向日葵》的描述,句子用一般现在时;此处 a painting 是先行词,故此处用第三人称单数形式,故答案为 combines。

5. 【答案】most famous

【解析】考查形容词的最高级。句意:凡·高最著名的作品《星夜》,使这种喜悦和悲伤的融合更深一步。结合句意可知,此处用形容词最高级,故答案为 most famous。

6. 【答案】of

【解析】考查固定词组。be full of“充满.....”,故答案为 of。

7. 【答案】which

【解析】考查定语从句的引导词。句意:这幅画充满了深蓝色的阴影,代表凡·高在绘画时所感受到的悲伤。此处是整个主句作先行词,后面用 which 引导的非限制性定语从句来补充说明主句的内容,故答案为 which。

8. 【答案】However

【解析】考查副词。上一句中的“the sadness that Van Gogh felt”和本句中的“bright and light”在描述凡·高《星夜》的画作特点上形成对比和转折关系,应填 However。

9. 【答案】unusually

【解析】考查词性转换。副词修饰形容词 **bright**，结合句意可知，此处表示“异常地明亮”，故答案为 **unusually**。

10. 【答案】 **warmth**

【解析】考查词性转换。**show**(展示)是及物动词，后面应接名词作宾语，故答案为 **warmth**。

## B

体裁:新闻报道      主题语境:人与社会--“云毕业”

A recent survey found that 88.6 percent of new Chinese college graduates celebrated their graduation \_\_\_1\_\_\_ digital form because of the COVID-19 epidemic.

The graduates \_\_\_2\_\_\_ (survey) mainly celebrated their graduation by making graduation \_\_\_3\_\_\_ (video), watching graduation ceremonies and buying academic dresses(学位服)online, according to a report \_\_\_4\_\_\_ was carried by *China Youth Daily*.

“This year's graduation was a special and \_\_\_5\_\_\_ (forget) experience for me.” Zhang Hanqi, a graduate in Beijing, \_\_\_6\_\_\_ (interview) by the newspaper last week.

“\_\_\_7\_\_\_ I couldn't say goodbye to my teachers and classmates in person, and was unable to take \_\_\_8\_\_\_ final tour of the campus as a student, this feeling of regret gave me a greater appreciation for campus life and engraved these youthful memories deep in my heart.”

Around 64.5 percent of the respondents think this year's graduation is of special significance, and 68 percent of them say they know \_\_\_9\_\_\_ to better cherish the people around them as a result.

In order to reduce the risk of infection, since June, colleges across the country \_\_\_10\_\_\_ (adopt) an unprecedented(没有先例的) form of graduation as scheduled. Shu Man, a researcher with East China Jiaotong University, told *China Youth Daily*.

1. \_\_\_\_\_      2. \_\_\_\_\_      3. \_\_\_\_\_      4. \_\_\_\_\_      5. \_\_\_\_\_  
6. \_\_\_\_\_      7. \_\_\_\_\_      8. \_\_\_\_\_      9. \_\_\_\_\_      10. \_\_\_\_\_

语篇导读:由于新冠肺炎疫情,我国大部分大学生以“云毕业”的方式毕业。

1. 【答案】 **in**

【解析】考查介词。**in...form** 为固定用法,意为“以...形式”,**in digital form** 意为“以数字形式”。故填 **in**。

2. 【答案】 **surveyed**

【解析】考查非谓语动词。分析句子可知 **celebrated** 为谓语动词,空处应由非谓语动词作定语,来修饰 **graduates**; **survey** 与其逻辑主语 **The graduates** 是动宾关系,所以用过去分词作定语。故填 **surveyed**。



3. 【答案】 videos

【解析】考查名词的数。video 意为“视频”,为可数名词。由上文的 The graduates 2(survey) mainly celebrated their graduation 可知,此处应用复数形式。

4. 【答案】 which/that

【解析】考查定语从句。空处引导限制性定语从句,且在句中作主语。先行词 report 指物,故由 which 或者 that 引导该从句。

5. 【答案】 unforgettable

【解析】考查词性转换。空处修饰名词 experience,作定语,应用形容词形式;分析语境可知,此处表示今年的毕业典礼对“我”来说是一次既特殊又难忘的经历。故填 unforgettable。

6. 【答案】 was interviewed

【解析】考查时态、语态及主谓一致。分析句子可知,空处为句子的谓语。主语 Zhang Hanqi 为单数,其与 interview 是动宾关系,且由时间状语 last week 可知,此处应用一般过去时的被动语态。故填 was interviewed。

7. 【答案】 Although/Though/While

【解析】考查状语从句。分析语境可知,虽然“我”无法与老师和同学们当面道别,也无法作为一名学生最后一次参观校园,这种遗憾之感让“我”对校园生活有了更大的感激。主句及从句之间是让步关系,空处引导让步状语从句,表示“虽然,尽管”。故填 Although/Though/While。

8. 【答案】 a

【解析】考查冠词。take a tour of...意为“参观……,游览……”,为固定结构。

9. 【答案】 how

【解析】考查疑问词。分析语境可知,空处表示方式,意为“如何”。进而推知此处表示“如何更好地珍惜他们周围的人”,故填 how。

10. 【答案】 have adopted

【解析】考查时态、语态及主谓一致。由时间状语 since June 可知,此处应用现在完成时,且主语 colleges 为复数形式,其与 adopt 为主谓关系。故填 have adopted 【解析】考查词性转换。空处修饰名词 experience,作定语,应用形容词形式;分析语境可知,此处表示今年的毕业典礼对“我”来说是一次既特殊又难忘的经历。故填 unforgettable。

## C

体裁: 记叙文

主题语境:人与自然----动物保护

With fewer than 2,000 giant pandas left in the wild, the sighting of one of the lovely animals is a cause for \_\_\_1\_\_\_ (celebrate). However, the one recently spotted walking through a bamboo

forest in China's Sichuan Province is even more so, \_\_\_2\_\_\_( consider) that it is the world's first known all-white panda!

It \_\_\_3\_\_\_(spot) by an infrared(红外线的)camera set up to monitor the wildlife in the Wolong National Nature Reserve on May 25,2019, \_\_\_4\_\_\_is also home to China's first giant panda breeding and research center. Wolong officials estimate the panda,whose sex is hard \_\_\_5\_\_\_ (determine) from the photo, is between one and two years old.

\_\_\_6\_\_\_is generally believed that the giant panda's unique black and white coloring allows it to blend in with the snow during winter or to hide in the shade during summer. Some \_\_\_7\_\_\_ (scientist) also believe the dark circles around the eyes help the panda bears recognize each other. \_\_\_8\_\_\_ (lucky) the lack of markings does not seem to have affected the all white panda so far.

The researchers say albino(患白化病的动物)animals are rare in general. That's because it can only happen if both parents carry the gene. With so few specimens of panda bears left \_\_\_9\_\_\_ the world, the possibility of that happening is almost next to impossible. Researchers believe if its offspring can be photographed, it will be \_\_\_10\_\_\_ (value) for further research.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_  
6. \_\_\_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_

1. 【答案】celebration

【解析】考查词性转换。for 为介词,后面应由名词形式作宾语,且 celebration 是不可数名词。

2. 【答案】considering

【解析】考查非谓语动词。分析句子可知, ( consider ) that it is the world's first known all-white panda 作原因状语,且 consider 与其逻辑主语是主谓关系,所以应由现在分词作原因状语。故填 considering。

3. 【答案】was spotted

【解析】考查时态、语态及主谓一致。由时间状语“on May 25,2019”可知,时态为一般过去时,且主语 It 为单数形式,其与 spot 之间是动宾关系,故用一般过去时的被动语态。

4. 【答案】which

【解析】考查定语从句。分析句子可知,空处引导非限制性定语从句,且在句中作主语。先行词 Wolong National Nature Reserve 指物,故由关系代词 which 引导该从句。

5. 【答案】to determine

【解析】考查非谓语动词。此处为“be+形容词+ to do...”结构,意为“做……是……的”。故填 to determine。

6. 【答案】It

【解析】考查代词。分析句子可知,空处作形式主语,that 从句作真正的主语。故填 It。It is said/believed/reported/thought/supposed/hoped/expected that.“据说/据相信/据报道/据认为/推断/希望/预计……”其中 it 为形式主语,that 从句作真正的主语。

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