

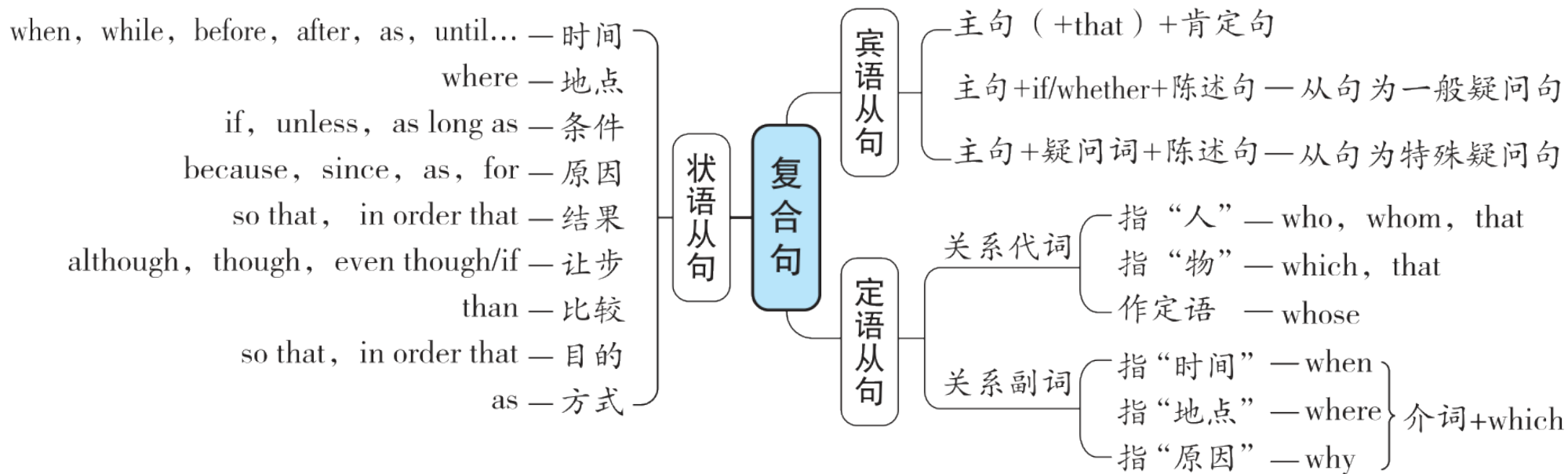
2025 河南中招核心语法系统复习

专项 主从复合句

 **考点精讲**

 **高分分层提优练**

考点精讲



一、定义

主从复合句由一个主句加一个或多个从句构成，从句在复合句中充当一定成分。
初中阶段要求重点掌握宾语从句、状语从句和定语从句的用法。

二、分类

1. 宾语从句：宾语从句是一种名词性从句，在句中作及物动词、介词或形容词的宾语。

要素	用法	例句
引导词	从属连词that本身无词义，在从句中不作成分，只起连接作用，在口语中that可省略	He said (that) he would go to the seaside.他说他要去海边。
	从属连词if或whether意为“是否”，不作句子成分，不可省略，句尾有or not时用whether	He hasn't decided if he'll go on a trip to Zhejiang.他还没决定是否去浙江旅行。

续表

要素	用法	例句
引导词	连接代词（ what/who/whose/whom/which 等）在从句中作一定成分，如：作主语、宾语、定语等	Do you know who he is?你知道他是谁吗?
	连接副词（ where/when/why/how等）在从句中作状语	She asked me where I bought the book.她问我哪里买的这本书。

续表

要素	用法	例句
时态	需要性原则：主句为一般现在时，从句根据实际情况使用所需要的时态	I don't know when he will come back.我不知道他将何时回来。
	呼应性原则：主句为一般过去时，从句相应地用过去的某种时态	The children didn't know who he was.孩子们不知道他是谁。
	特殊性原则：如果宾语从句表示的是客观真理和普遍事实，则不管主句是什么时态，从句都用一般现在时	The teacher said that the earth goes around the sun.老师说地球围绕着太阳转。

续表

要素	用法	例句
语序	陈述句语序，即主语+谓语+其他	Do you know where I can get some postcards?你知道我能从 哪里得到一些明信片吗?

2.状语从句：用来修饰动词和形容词，以表明动作发生或状态存在的时间、地点、原因等的句子叫作状语从句。

分类	连接词	例句
时间状语从句	when ^{2024.54} while/as , before , after , since , until , as soon as	①She always washes hands before she has meals.她总是在饭前洗手。 ②He became a doctor after he graduated.他毕业后成了一名医生。 ③My mother was cooking while I was doing my homework.在我做作业时，我妈妈正在做饭。

分类	连接词	例句
条件状语从句	if, as long as, unless, in case, once	<p>①If it doesn't rain tomorrow, we'll go to the park.如果明天不下雨,我们就去公园。</p> <p>②Unless it rains, the game will be played.除非下雨,否则比赛照常进行。</p> <p>③As long as you work hard, you will make great progress.只要你努力,你就会取得很大的进步。</p> <p>④In case we fail, we won't lose heart.万一我们失败了,我们也不会失去信心。</p> <p>⑤Once he makes up his mind, he will never give it up.他一旦下定决心,就永远不会放弃。</p>

续表

分类	连接词	例句
原因状语从句	because , since , as , for	<p>①I didn't go to your party because my mother was ill.因为我妈妈生病了，所以我没有去参加你的聚会。</p> <p>②Since everyone is here , let's begin our meeting. 既然大家都来了，我们就开始开会吧。</p> <p>③I left a note as you were out.因为你不在，所以我留了一张便条。</p>

续表

分类	连接词	例句
目的 状语 从句	so that , in order that	<p>①You'd better speak louder so that/in order that we can hear you.最好说话大声一些，以便我们都能听到。</p> <p>②He gets up early in order that he can catch the first bus.=He gets up early in order to catch the first bus.他起得很早，以便能赶上第一班公共汽车。</p>
结果 状语 从句	so that , so...that/such...t hat	<p>①He was so tired that he couldn't go any farther.=He was too tired to go any farther.他太累了，不能再走了。</p> <p>②We have so much time that we can finish the work on time.我们有如此多的时间，能让我们按时完成工作。</p>

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