# 2023 年淮安市淮阴区中考英语一模试题

## 英 语

(时间 120 分钟 满分 140 分)

## 第I卷(75分)

I、听力测试(共20小题;每小题1分,满分20分) 听对话回答问题。每段对话读两遍。

1. What is Mary's father?



2. Which TV programme does James like better?



3. What did the girl begin to play at six?



A.

4. How much should the woman pay for the shirts?



- 5. What is Jane probably doing now?
- A. She is singing.
- B. She is reading comics.
- C. She is doing housework.

- 6. When should the man reach the airport tomorrow?
- A. Before 8.45. B. After 8.45. C. Between 8.15 and 9.00.
- 7. How will the woman go to the meeting?
- A. By car. B. By bus. C. By taxi.
- 8. Why is the boy still in the library?
- A. Because the book is interesting.
- B. Because he forgets the time.
- C. Because the bad weather prevents him from leaving.
- 9. What is NOT true about the girl?
- A. She liked cooking.
- B. She came back home late.
- C. Her family finished supper earlier than her.
- 10. How long has the woman been here?
- A. For 5 minutes. B. For 20 minutes. C. For 15 minutes.

听第一段对话,回答11-12小题。

- 11. What does the man want to know about the trip?
- A. Where to go. B. When to leave. C. How much to pay.
- 12. What will the man probably do?
- A. He will visit the countryside.
- B. He will go to China for the whole holiday.
- C. He will stay at home for two weeks.

听第二段材料,回答第13~15小题。

Joe Reed's experience				
Education Background	<ul> <li>studied in school for fourteen years</li> <li>already <u>13</u> years old when finished school</li> </ul>			
Father's advice	<ul> <li>go to town and get a good job</li> <li>some clever people are needed to work <u>14</u></li> </ul>			
Hunting for a job	<ul> <li>a man took him into <u>15</u></li> <li>Joe answered the questions quickly</li> </ul>			

- 13. A. eighteen B. sixteen C. seventeen
- 14. A. in a computer company B. in the bank C. in the office
- 15. A. a small room B. a big office C. a small hotel

听第三段材料,回答第16~20小题。

- 16. Why was Father's Day started?
- A. Because there was a Mother's Day.
- B. Because few countries have a Father's Day.
- C. Because people liked their fathers very much.
- 17. Where did Father's Day start?
- A. In China. B. In Australia. C. In America.
- 18. Which of the following is TRUE?
- A. Father's Day has a long history.
- B. Father's Day has a short history.
- C. Mother's Dny has a shorter history than Father's Day.
- 19. What's the writer's idea?
- A. Father's Day is getting popular.
- B. Father's Day is not popular in China.
- C. Fathers work harder than mothers.
- 20. What is the real meaning of Father's Day?
- A. To buy presents for fathers.
- B. To tell children what to do.
- C. To show love for fathers

## Ⅱ、单项选择(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

1. Now the government encourages a couple to have three children, but many young couples don't want to

have \_\_\_\_\_ third child.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

2. The terrible accident happened \_\_\_\_\_\_ a windy and stormy night.

A. in B. on C. at D. to

3. Many people think the COVID-19 has gone away, \_\_\_\_\_, it's still around us.

- A. Instead B. Otherwise C. Moreover D. However
- 4. —What do you think of the two films?

— of them are interesting. I plan to read them again.					
A. Neither	B. Either	C.	Both	D.	All
5. It's comfortable to live i	n this hotel because	they provide	a high level of	_•	
A. service	B. surprise	с.	silence	D.	standards
6 great news yo	ou have brought bac	k! We are loo	king forward to it.		
A. What	B. What a	с.	How	D.	How a
7. The CDs well	. The CDs well and they out in a few days.				
A. are sold; will be sold		В.	will be sold; sell		
C. sell; will be sold		D.	will sell; are sold		
8. I like the present	you bought for	me.			
A. what	B. which	С.	who	D.	when
9. —Are you sure	_?				
—Yes, of course.					
A. if she has a sister		В.	that he can do it on his	own	
C. whether we will do it		D.	• when they arrived		
10. —Why didn't you answer my phone?					
—I when my tele	phone				
A. drove; rang		В.	drove; was ringing		
C. was driving; was ringing	g	D.	was driving; rang		
III、完形填空(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)					

阅读下文,掌握其大意,然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。



I often watched a little girl playing basketball on the playground near my house. She would <u>11</u> shooting over and over again, sometimes until <u>12</u>. One day I asked her <u>13</u> she practiced so hard, she said, "I like basketball. I want to play for the top basketball team. I want to be the <u>14</u>. My daddy told me if the dream is big enough, the facts don't matter."

I watched her <u>15</u> those high school years. One day, I saw her <u>16</u> on the grass, head in her arms. I walked to her and asked what was wrong. "Oh, <u>17</u>." She said, "It's just because of my

height." The coach told her that she was too <u>18</u> to play for a top team. She was very <u>19</u>. I asked her if she had talked to <u>20</u> about it yet. She told me that her father said those coaches were <u>21</u>. They just did not understand the power of a <u>22</u>. He told her that nothing could <u>23</u> her but one thing—her own attitude (态度) <u>24</u> she really wanted to play for a good basketball team. He told her again, if the dream is big enough, the facts don't matter. The next year, she <u>25</u> to join the NCAA (全美大学生体育学会) women's basketball team. It's true: If the dream is big enough, the facts don't matter.

11. A. practice	B. hate	C. mind	D. forget
12. A. past	B. light	C. dark	D. future
13. A. how	B. when	C. where	D. why
14. A. kindest	B. best	C. cleverest	D. tallest
15. A. through	B. by	C. across	D. for
16. A. reading	B. playing	C. sitting	D. smiling
17. A. everything	B. nothing	C. anything	D. something
18. A. thin	B. fat	C. tall	D. short
19. A. proud	B. glad	C. sad	D. lazy
20. A. himself	B. herself	C. her dad	D. her coach
21. A. good	B. wrong	C. strong	D. correct
22. A. dream	B. team	C. pleasure	D. knowledge
23. A. follow	B. choose	C. win	D. stop
24. A. if	B. what	C. as	D. because
25. A. followed	B. wanted	C. was refused	D. was asked

IV.阅读理解(共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下文,从所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

Country	Soviet Union (前苏联)	The USA	China
Date	12 April, 1961	5 May, 1961	15 October, 2003
Astronaut	Yuri Gagarin (加加林)	Alan Shepherd	Yang Liwei
Age	27	38	38
Spaceship	Vostok 1	Mercury 3	Shenzhou 5

А

Time	1 hour 48 minutes	15 minutes	21 hours
Height	327 kilometers	185 kilometers	343 kilometers
Circles around the Earth	1	0	14

26. The form $($ 表格 $)$	above shows us					
A. three journeys into space		Β.	B. daily life of three famous people			
C. differences between three spaceships		D	something about three famous astronauts			
27 went into space first.						
A. China	B. The USA	C.	Soviet Union	D. The UK		
28. The Chinese astronaut stayed in space for						
A. 1 hour 48 minutes	B. only 15 minutes	C.	the shortest time	D. the longest time		
29. The height of Shenzhou 5 is						
A. 343 kilometers		Β.	185 kilometers			
C. 327 kilometers		D	. 389 kilometers			
	B	3				



China has named its first five national parks—Sanjiangyuan (三江源) National Park Wuyi Mountain (武夷山) National Park, Giant Panda National Park, Northeast China Tiger and Leopard National Park and Hainan Tropical Rainforest National Park. They cover a land area of more than 230,000 square kilometers and protect nearly 30 percent of the country's key wildlife species (物种).

Sanjiangyuan area is an important source of freshwater resources in China. More than 60-billion-cubic-meter clean water is sent dowstream each year, and the volume has increased in recent years.

Wuyi Mountain National Park is known at "the kingdom of snakes", "the world of insects", "the heaven for birds" and "the key to the study of Asian amphibians and reptiles". Wuyi Mountain National Park has 558 kinds of wild vertebrates, 33.27 percent of the types in Fujian province.

Giant Panda National Park protects more than 1600 wild giant pandas. They account for (占) more than 70 percent of the pandas in China.

Northeast China Tiger and Leopard National Park is China's main area where Siberian tigers and Amur leopards live. There are about 40 Siberian tigers and about 50 Amur leopards.

Hainan Tropical Rainforest National Park has the largest tropical forest in China. The park covers nine cities and counties, with a total area of 4,400 square km, or about one seventh of Hainan Islands land area.

In the future, national parks are expected to be natural classrooms for everyone. Different kinds of animals and plants live here. The country is moving fast to protect them.

30. The national parks are helpful to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. provide more wildlife for people B. improve people's working conditions
- C. set up a protected areas system
- 31. Which is known as "the kingdom of snakes"?
- A. Sanjiangyuan National Park.
- C. Giant Panda National Park.
- 32. How many square kilometers does Hainan Tropical Rainforest National Park cover?
- A. 44 B. 440 C. 4,400
- 33. What would be the best title for the text?
- A. The First Five National Parks

B. Development of ChinaD. Going Hiking in the Park

D. give better homes to local people

B. Wuyi Mountain National Park.

D. Hainan Tropical Rainforest National Park.

D. 44,000

C. Animals and Plants

С



So I put on the clothes and practised walking like a girl. "What do you think, Jim?"

"Very good, Huck. Nobody will know you're really a boy! Ha ha ha!"

I took the canoe (独水舟) and paddled across the river to the town. Very soon I met a woman and we started talking. She told me that her husband and another man were looking for a runaway slave (奴隶).

"They're going to Jackson's Island tonight to catch him." she said.

I hurried back to the cave to tell him.

"Jim! They know you're here. They're coming to get you tonight. We must leave now!"

fullines and

We put all our things, including the canoe, on the big raft (木筏) and set off down the river for the town of Cairo, where the Mississippi and the Ohio rivers meet.

We didn't get to Cairo. We ran into a thick fog (37) on the river one night and we couldn't see a yard in front of us. The next day <u>it</u> cleared but there was no sight of a town that looked like Cairo.

(Adapted from The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn by Mark Twain)

34. What did Jim think of Huck? A. Huck is a real girl. B. Huck looks like a boy. C. Hock looks like a girl. D. Huck is not a real boy. 35. Who told Huck the important message "They were looking for a runaway slave"? A. Jim. B. A woman. D. Another man. C. The woman's husband. 36. Where did they decide to set off down the river? B. Ohio. C. Cairo. D. Jackson's Island. A. Mississippi. 37. The underlined word "it" in the passage refers to \_\_\_\_\_. C. the fog A. the river B. the yard D. the town

#### D

All over the world the need for more laptops (笔记本电脑) and computers increases each year. Networks have been part of our life. Probably everyone with a portable device (移动设备) has once logged on to a public WiFi network without paying for it, while they are having a coffee, on a train, in a shopping mall or at a hotel. However, is this kind of public WiFi network safe?

Some networks are better protected than others because encryption (加密) methods are used. Therefore, they are safer than others. But a survey in 2015 showed that more than 950 million records were not protected, including addresses, emails, birth dates, phone numbers, passwords and so on. These open WiFi networks are really not safe, because it is very easy for hackers (黑客) to break into the operating system and get people's private (个人的) information.

Most mobile phones and laptops, by themselves, search and connect to WiFi networks. They usually prefer a network with a connection that has been used before. Hackers' devices are able to record these searches and look like the trusted WiFi networks. When these phones and laptops log on to the networks which are not real, hackers can easily steal their private information.

So next time, when we want to use our laptops or our phones in public places which offer free WiFi networks, please think it twice or take safe measures before using them.

- 38. What has been part of our life?
- A. Laptops. B. Computer. C. Networks. D. Mobile phones.

39. Why do people like to go log on to a public WiFi network?

- A. Because it can provide useful information.
- B. Because the owner of the network is polite.
- C. Because it is free.
- D. Because it is safe.
- 40. We can learn from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. not all the public WiFi networks are safe
- B. none of the public WiFi networks is safe
- C. in 2015 more than 950 million records were protected
- D. there is no way to protect our private information

## 第Ⅱ卷(65分)

### V、单词拼写(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

根据句子意思,从方框中选用恰当的单词或短语填空。

less and less, used to, how to punish, careless, on my way, think twice, makes a difference, yet

- 41. We should \_\_\_\_\_\_ before we make a decision.
- 42. People in the town \_\_\_\_\_ ride bikes to travel around.
- 43. Now space for the wild animals is becoming \_\_\_\_\_ in the world.
- 44. The angry mother didn't know \_\_\_\_\_ her naughty son.
- 45. Reading opens up a whole new world to us and \_\_\_\_\_\_ to our lives.
- 46. Daniel is too \_\_\_\_\_ to pass the exam.
- 47. I'm happy to meet a friend of mine \_\_\_\_\_ home today.
- 48. —Have you seen the film *Wandering Earth II* (流浪地球 2) \_\_\_\_?
- -Yes. I saw it during the Spring Festival.

### 根据句意,用括号中所给单词的正确形式填空。

- 49. Would you mind my \_\_\_\_\_ (sit) beside you?
- 50. It's \_\_\_\_\_ (possible) for him to do so much work in two days.
- 51. The doctor advises me to brush my \_\_\_\_\_ (tooth) three times a day.
- 52. Many parents think their children are the \_\_\_\_\_ (important) in their families.

- 53. We'd better \_\_\_\_\_ (not eat) too much sweet food.
- 54. They decided to keep the secret to \_\_\_\_\_ (they).
- 55. —Mum, could I play football with my friends this afternoon?
- —Of course, if your homework \_\_\_\_\_ (finish).

VI、根据汉语意思,完成句子(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

56. 大卫很乐于助人,他总能在别人需要时伸出援手。

David is \_\_\_\_\_ that he always \_\_\_\_\_ when others are in need.

57. 全世界已有成千上万的人死于这种疾病。

\_\_\_\_\_\_ people \_\_\_\_\_\_ this disease around the world.

58. 赫本扮演了一位公主后,很多人误把她当成了真正的公主。

Hepburn \_\_\_\_\_ a real princess after she \_\_\_\_\_ of a princess.

59. 这部电影值得一看,因为我们可以从中了解许多关于中国的历史。

This film \_\_\_\_\_\_ because we can \_\_\_\_\_\_ about Chinese history from it.

60. 当他们最终到达了山顶,他们简直不敢相信自己的眼睛。

When they finally got to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the mountain, they could hardly \_\_\_\_\_.

VII.任务型阅读(共10题;每小题2分,满分20分)

阅读下面短文,根据要求完成下列问题



Hongcun (宏村), with a history of about 900 years, is an extremely beautiful village in Anhui Province. Located under Mount Huang, the village has kept the major Chinese styles from ancient times. It's also one of UNESCO World Heritage Sites (世界文化遗产).

Walk along the old stone streets and lanes, and you will feel like travelling back in time. All the houses with grey roofs and white walls were built during the Ming and Qing Dynasties. On the front gate of each household is dotted with (点缀着) red Chinese knots and lanterns. All of them are outlined (映出轮廓) against the blue sky and reflected into the clear rivers, lakes and ponds, surrounded (环绕着) by dark green mountains. It's a living water-ink picture.

Step into a tea house to take a rest. A piece of classical music, played by guqin, fills up the house and floats into your hearts, as if you hear birds singing, pines (松) whistling and rivers flowing. You will be lost in a world, full of peace and pleasure. Holding the tea cup, you will find some lines of poems on its out layer (层) coming into your sight:

No dust is rising on the road, wet with morning rain.

The willows by the hotel look so fresh and green.

Walk out of the tea house, and go to the open-air theatre. The actors with coloured make-ups (脸绘) are performing on the stage in special clothes. It's a local opera called Huangmei Opera and different from others such as Kun Opera, Beijing Opera and Yue Opera. Also, you can enjoy various (多样的) quyi: crosstalk, kouji and pingshu.

If you want to feel more about the charm of Hongcun, plan a visit to it right now. 根据短文内容回答问题,每小题答案不超过六个单词。

61. Where is the beautiful village, Hongcun?

62. How long has Hongcun existed (存在)?

63 Were all the houses with grey roofs and white walls built during the Ming or Qing Dynasties?

64. How will you feel after listening to the classical music played by guqin?

65. What can you enjoy in the open-air theatre?



The Spanish flu (流感) also known as the 1918 Mu pandemic (流行病) was a deadly pandemic in recent history. It spread worldwide during the year 1918—1919. The virus infected (感染) 500 million people about a third of the world's population at the time.

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