

考试总分：100分 考试时间： 120分钟

学校：_____ 班级：_____ 姓名：_____ 考号：_____

- 注意事项：
1. 答题前填写好自己的姓名、班级、考号等信息；
 2. 请将答案正确填写在答题卡上；

卷II（非选择题）

一、 填空题（本题共计 25小题，每题 4分，共计100分）

1. 将所给的词语连成句子，标点已给出。
(1) like, us, to, you, would, join _____?
(2) under, the, car, is, whose, tree _____?
(3) news, is, good, what, it _____!
(4) her, wishes, to, everyone, best, gave _____.
(5) a, school, is, in, big, our, there, library _____.
2. I think tennis is <u>(exciting)</u> than table tennis.
3. 根据汉语意思和括号内所给词完成句子。
(1) 天一黑星星就出来。(come) The stars _____ as soon as it was dark.
(2) 聪明人会把知识变成财富。(turn) The clever will _____ the knowledge _____ the wealth.
(3) 孩子们忍不住打开了礼物。(stop) The children _____ the gifts.
(4) 他是如此的优秀以至于每个老师都喜欢他。(so) He is _____ excellent _____ every teacher likes him.
(5) 昨天我看到他时，他正在赶往学校的路上。(make) Yesterday when I saw him, he _____ to school.
4. 连词成句。
(1) your, worry about, pronunciation, don't _____.
(2) delicious, is, the, how, food

以家为家，以乡为乡，以国为国，以天下为天下。——《管子》

(3) used, serving, it, water, is, for _____?

(4) the, invented, camera, who, by, was _____?

(5) China, to, in, study, a, Tom, chance, has _____.

5. (1) Look like, do, they, what _____

(2) he, looks, what, let, tell, me, you, like _____

(3) where, Carol, go, did, ago, three days _____

(4) stayed up, to watch, the soccer game, late, I _____

(5) climbed, we, and saw, mountains, the, there, flowers, a lot of _____

6. 根据所给提示，完成句子。每空一词，含缩略词。

(1) Tony used to be short. (改为否定句)
Tony _____ to be short.

(2) They will take my position in three years. (对划线部分提问)
_____ will they take your position

(3) We can't decide when we should go to Yunnan. (改为同义句)
We can't decide _____ go to Yunnan.

(4) 老师总是鼓励我们多参加各种活动。(完成译句)
The teacher always _____ us to join all _____ of activities often.

(5) 老师已经多次告诫我要三思而行。(完成译句)
My teacher has _____ me _____ twice many times.

7. 连词成句。将所给词语连成句子，标点已给出。要求：符合语法，语句通顺，大小写正确，词语不得重复使用。

(1) take, notes, remember, to _____.

(2) girl, how, kind, is, the _____!

(3) I, can, develop, how, study skills _____?

(4) convenient, is, more, shopping online, much _____.

(5) whether, she, I, wondered, could, her, play with _____.

操千曲而后晓声，观千剑而后识器。——刘勰。

8. 按要求完成句子，每空限填一词。
- (1) I'm going to Shanghai by plane next month. (同义句转换)
I'm _____ Shanghai next month.
- (2) Millions of people speak English as their second language. (改为被动语态)
English _____ by millions of people as their second language.
- (3) Tom has put all his books and pens into his schoolbag. (改为否定句)
Tom _____ all his books and pens into his schoolbag.
- (4) Maria will be back in three days. (对画线部分提问)
_____ will Maria be back?
- (3) 我虽然没时间去旅游，但是仍然觉得这个假期很愉快。(完成译句)
_____ I had no time _____ travel, I still felt very happy this holiday.

9. 根据所给中文完成句子。

- (1) I _____ (坚持用英语写) about my daily life.
- (2) (学习外国语言) _____ is fun.
- (3) I read _____ (读的书最少) in the Reading Week in our class.
- (4) Thank you for _____ (给我提供帮助).
- (5) Our English teacher _____ (有很好的幽默感).

10. 将所给词语连成句子，要求符合语法，语句通顺，大小写正确，词语不得重复使用。句末标点已给出。

- (1) tea, you, like, some, would
_____?
- (2) park, is, where, the
_____?
- (3) he, tall, not, is, short, or
_____.
- (4) want, the chess club, join, to, we
_____.
- (5) is, here, bank, a, near, there
_____.

11. We have got some juice in the shop. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ you got _____ juice in the shop?

12. 将所给的词语连成句子，标点已给出。

- (1) favourite, my, colour, pink, is
_____.
- (2) your, don't, your, go well with, pants, shirt
_____.

臣心一片磁针石，不指南方不肯休。——文天祥
(3) do, like, the, you, I-shirt
_____?

(4) you, what, with, wear, can, it
_____?

(5) this, blue, she, so, skirt, pretty, looks, in
_____.

13.

(1) went, on, I, yesterday, trip, a

(2) are, things, going, how

(3) be, don't, time, late, next

(4) a good season, climbing hills, is, for, it

(5) places, should, visit, what, in, I, China

14.用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

(1) He used to go to work by bike, but now he is used to take a bus to work.

(2) They should allow to choose their own clothes.

(3) I feel like go to Shanghai.

(4) What he said is believe. We can do as he said.

(5) Our teacher said that light travel faster than sound.

(6) This piece of information is very useful. value is than the other pieces.

(7) Linda prefer skating last year, but now she doesn't.

(8) —Do you know about the basic table manner of America?
—Yes, but only a little.

(9) Mom warns me not play on the street.

(10) By the time the police came, the strange sound disappeared already.

15.根据所给中文完成句子。

(1) 他花了两天多时间完成了这项工作。

It _____ him _____ two days to finish the work.

(2) 琳达感觉她好像住在森林里。

Linda _____ she lived in the forest.

(3) 我喜欢吃水果，比如说苹果、橘子和葡萄。

I like eating fruit _____ apples, oranges and grapes.

(4) 每个人都兴奋地跳来跳去。

子曰“知者不惑，仁者不忧，勇者不惧。”——《论语》
Everyone jumped up and down _____.

(5) 你和你姐姐一样外向吗？

Are you _____ as your sister?

(6) 你去了什么特别的地方吗？

Did you go _____?

(7) 我给我妈妈买了一块手表。

I _____ a watch _____ my mother.

(8) 他从不熬夜。

He never _____ late.

(9) 女孩们都怕蛇。

Girls are _____ snakes.

(10) 我们在到达山顶之前又走了两个小时。

We walked _____ two hours before _____ to the top of the hill.

16.连词成句。

(1) walking, really, I, around, liked, the, town
_____.

(2) stay, I, at, just, at, home, read, and, to, relax
_____.

(3) what, do, want, you, be, to, when, grow, up, you
_____?

(4) is, in, November, always, Thanksgiving, the, fourth Tuesday, on
_____.

(5) we, going, to, are, take, lessons, singing
_____.

(6) who, tallest, is, the, class, in, your
_____?

(7) can, come, to, party, my, you, this Sunday
_____?

(8) people, usually, on, special, holidays, eat, traditional, food
_____.

(9) friend, is, quite, my, best, Larry, different, me, from
_____.

(10) do, you, how, make, banana, a, shake, milk
_____?

以铜为镜，可以正衣冠；以古为镜，可以知兴替；以人为镜，可以明得失。——《旧唐书·魏征列传》

17. 根据句意，用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空。

- (1) Her father has ____ (fly) to London on business already.
- (2) ____ (wolf) are usually friendly and helpful to each other when they live in
- (3) Li Ling was ____ (happy) because she didn't pass the test.
- (4) When I went home, my father ____ (watch) TV.
- (5) My computer is broken. I'll get it ____ (repair).
- (6) It's ____ (polite) to make a big noise in the school library.
- (7) Sandy is ____ (healthy) of all because she takes enough exercise.
- (8) The boy got the ____ (one) place in the singing competition.
- (9) After a long rest, they felt much ____ (tired) and continued their journey.
- (10) The family enjoyed ____ (live) in China.

18. 八、翻译句子

- (1) 他可曾梦想过把这个真人秀变成国际化的电视节目?
_____ he _____ the reality show _____?
- (2) 这个法国作家已经习惯了使大脑保持高速运转。
_____ the brain _____.
- (3) 政府最好在情况更糟之前设法防止污染。
The government _____ before _____.
- (4) 探讨如何寻求出国留学方面的建议是今天会议的目的所在。
_____ is the purpose of today's meeting.
- (5) 为什么自几年前以来他就从未离开过家乡?
Why hasn't he _____?
- (6) 澳大利亚的季节和我们中国的相反。
The seasons _____ in China.

19. 将所给词语连成句子，标点已给出。要求：符合语法、语句通顺、大小写正确使用。

- (1) your address, stranger, don't, the, give, to
_____.
- (2) to, loudly, it's impolite, in public, speak
_____.
- (3) valuable, what, it, a suggestion, is
_____!
- (4) we, shall, our, make, decisions, own
_____?
- (5) friends, how about, him, being, with
_____?

饭疏食，饮水，曲肱而枕之，乐亦在其中矣。不义而富且贵，于我如浮云。——《论语》
20. My brother also likes swimming. (改为同义句)
My brother _____ swimming, _____.

21. 用画线部分的反义词填空
Zheng Chao is _____. He isn't _____.

22. 将所给词语连成句子，标点已给出。要求：符合语法，语句通顺，大小写正确，词语不得重复使用。

(1) get, I, up, usually, at 6:00 _____.

(2) a puppy, behind, there, the door, is _____.

(3) the, play, you, can, guitar _____?

(4) how, is, interesting, storybook, the _____!

(5) am, have, going, I, this, to, a party, Sunday _____.

23. "Do you have a toy car?" Jack asked his brother. (改写句子，句意不变)
Jack asked his brother _____ he _____ a toy car

24. 补全句子。

(1) 今天早上他和平时一样坐公交车上学。
_____ this morning.

(2) 在这个博物馆里任何人都不能拍照。
Nobody _____.

(3) 他昨天在超市忘了付水果的钱了。
He _____ the supermarket yesterday.

(4) 好好睡了一觉之后，我不再感到疲劳了。
_____ after I had a good sleep.

(5) 他尽最大努力了，但还是没能按时完成这项工作。
He _____, but he still _____ on time.

25. honest I he a boy believe is
_____.

2022-2023学年全国中考专题英语中考复习

一、 填空题 （本题共计 25小题 ， 每题 4分 ， 共计100分 ）

1.

【答案】

- (1) Would you like to join us
- (2) Whose car is under the tree?
- (3) What good news it is
- (4) Everyone gave best wishes to her
- (5) There is a big library in our school

【考点】

陈述句

连词成句

感叹句

特殊疑问句

一般疑问句

there be型

【解析】

此题暂无解析

【解答】

(1) Would you like to join us 考查一般疑问句。结合所给单词及语境可知，此句句意：你想加入我们吗？would like to do 固定搭配，想要做某事。join 加入某人。此句是一般疑问句，would 放在主语you的前面。

(2) Whose car is under the tree 考查特殊疑问句。结合所给单词及语境可知，此句句意：谁的车在树下？under the tree 在树下。whose 谁的，疑问词，其后加名词car

(3) What good news it is 考查感叹句。结合所给单词及语境可知，此句句意：多好的消息！此句是what引导的感叹句，What+形容词+不可数名词+主语+谓语！news是不可数名词，前不用a、an修饰。good news 好消息。

(4) Everyone gave best wishes to her 考查陈述句。结合所给单词及语境可知，此句句意：每一个人给她最好的祝福。give sth. to sb. 固定搭配，把某物给某人。此句是陈述句，主语是everyone，谓语动词用gave

(5) There is a big library in our school 考查there be型。结合所给单词及语境可知，此句句意：在我们的学校有一个大的图书馆。此句是there be结构，a big library 一个大的图书馆。in our school 在我们的学校。

2.

乐民之乐者，民亦乐其乐；忧民之忧者，民亦忧其忧。——《孟子》

【答案】

more exciting

【考点】

形容词的原级比较

【解析】

【解答】

more exciting考查形容词的比较级。句意：我认为网球比乒乓球更令人兴奋。根据题干可知，句子应该用比较级，exciting的比较级在前面加more。故答案为more exciting
3.

【答案】

- (1) came out
- (2) turn; into
- (3) couldn't stop opening
- (4) so; that
- (5) was making his way

【考点】

come短语

turn短语

固定句型

补全句子

固定搭配

过去进行时

【解析】

此题暂无解析

【解答】

- (1) came out考查动词短语。根据中文提示可知考查动词短语come out 表示“出来，出版”。根据从句中的was可知主句时态为一般过去时，故填came out
- (2) turn; into考查动词短语。根据中文提示可知考查动词短语“turn... 把... 变成... ,.will后接动词原形。故填turn; into
- (3) couldn't stop opening考查固定搭配。根据中文提示可知考查短语“忍不住做某事”，用“can't stop doing 表示”。表示“打开”可用动词open 根据句意可知事情发生在过去，时态为一般过去时。故填couldn't stop opening
- (4) so; that考查固定句型。根据中文提示可知考查固定句型“如此……以至

志不强者智不达，言不信者行不果。”墨翟
(5) was making his way 考查过去进行时。根据中文提示可知考查短语“去……的路上，赶往……”用“make one’s way to”根据Yesterday并结合语境，可知这是过去正在进行的动作，主句的时态为过去进行时。故填was making his way
4.

【答案】

- (1) Don’t worry about your pronunciation.
- (2) How delicious the food is!
- (3) Is it used for serving water?
- (4) Who was the camera invented by?
- (5) Tom has a chance to study in China.

【考点】

陈述句

连词成句

感叹句

特殊疑问句

一般疑问句

祈使句

【解析】

此题暂无解析

【解答】

- (1) Don’t worry about your pronunciation 考查祈使句。所给出的词语没有可做主语的名词，同时根据don’t可推测此句为祈使句。worry about担心；your pronunciation你的发音。故答案为Don’t worry about your pronunciation.
- (2) How delicious the food is! 考查感叹句。分析所给此句可知，此句为How引导的感叹句，其形式为How+ 形容词+主语+谓语！形容词为delicious主语为the food谓语动词为is 故答案为How delicious the food is!
- (3) Is it used for serving water? 考查一般疑问句。根据标点可知，此句为疑问句，且有一般疑问句的疑问词Is be used for 被用来做……；故答案为Is it used for serving water?
- (4) Who was the camera invented by? 考查特殊疑问句。根据标点可知，此句为疑问句且有特殊疑问句的疑问词Who；同时根据by可推测此句谓语动词为被动语态，故谓语动词为was invented, 主语为the camera故答案为：Who was the camera invented by?
- (5) Tom has a chance to study in China. 考查陈述句。主语为Tom；谓语动词has 宾语a chance状语in China是动词不定式的标志，故此处动词不定式作定语，修饰宾语。故答案为Tom has a chance to study in China.
5.

【答案】

- (1) What do they look like?
- (2) Let me tell you what he looks like.
- (3) Where did Carol go three days ago?

先天下之忧而忧，后天下之乐而乐。——范仲淹
(1) I stayed up late to watch the soccer game.
(5) We climbed the mountains and saw a lot of flowers there.

【考点】

特殊疑问句

固定句型

固定搭配

【解析】

(1) 句意：它们是什么样子的？. do, they, what 特殊疑问代词，一般放在句子开头，后加一般疑问句；Look like 起来像，实意动词；do 助动词，它放在主语前，构成一般疑问句，they 他们，人称代词主格，可作主语。结合句意可知答案是 What do they look like?
(2) 句意：让我告诉你他长什么样？Let sb. do sth. 让某人做某事；他长什么样：what he looks like 陈述语序，做宾语 时用陈述语序。结合句意可知答案是 Let me tell you what he looks like.
(3) 句意：凯罗尔三天前到哪儿去了？where 在哪里，特殊疑问副词，构成特殊疑问句，放在句子的开头，后加一般疑问句；短语“三天前”：three days ago 结合句意可知答案是 Where did Carol go three days ago?
(4) 句意：我熬夜。短语 stayed up late 熬夜；看足球比赛：watch the soccer game 动词不定式，一般放在动词前；结合句意可知答案是 I stayed up late to watch the soccer game.
(5) 句意：我们爬上了山，看到那里有许多花。爬山：climbed the mountains 看到有许多花：saw a lot of flowers 结合句意可知答案是 We climbed the mountains and saw a lot of flowers there.

【解答】

此题暂无解答
6.

【答案】

- (1) didn't use
- (2) How soon
- (3) when to
- (4) encourages; kinds
- (5) warned; to think

【考点】

补全句子

汉译英

句型转换

【解析】

学而不思，与不学同；知而不能行，与不知同。——黄晞

【解答】

- (1) didn't use考查固定句型。原句是used to do过去常常，use实义动词，否定借助于did 在助动词后加not，动词用原形。故答案是didn't use
- (2) How soon考查固定句型。根据划线部分in three day's在三天内，in段时间，表示将来，对此提问用疑问词how soon 意为“还要多久”，句子剩余部分变为一般疑问句，情态动词will提前。故答案是How soon
- (3) when to考查同义句。“我们不能决定我们应该什么时候去云南”，可以表达为“我们不能决定什么时候去云南。”宾语从句中的从句部分可以用疑问词when+不定式（to go to Yunna的简单句形式替换。故答案是when to
- (4) encourages; kinds考查固定搭配。根据提示可知第一空填“鼓励，encourage”由always总是，可知是一般现在时态，主语是teacher单数，因此谓语用第三人称单数encourages第二个空意为“各种各样的”，所以是all kinds of故答案是encourages; kinds
- (5) warned; to think考查固定搭配。根据句子句意及has可知应该用现在完成时，短语warn sb. to do st警告某人做某事；think twice三思。故填warned; to think

【答案】

- (1) Remember to take notes
- (2) How kind the girl is
- (3) How can I develop study skills
- (4) Shopping online is much more convenient
- (5) She wondered whether I could play with her

【考点】

陈述句

连词成句

宾语从句

感叹句

特殊疑问句

祈使句

【解析】

此题暂无解析

【解答】

- (1) Remember to take notes考查祈使句。根据最后的标点以及所给词提示可知是祈使句的肯定句，句意为：记得做笔记。句子以动词原形开头，remember to do记得做……；take notes做笔记；句首首字母需大写。故答案为Remember to take notes
- (2) How kind the girl is考查感叹句。根据最后的标点提示可知是感叹句，句意为：女孩多和善啊！这里中心词为形容词kind how引导的感叹句的结构为：How+ 形容词+主语+谓语！故答案为How kind the girl is
- (3) How can I develop study skills考查特殊疑问句。根据最后的标点提示可知是含有情态动词的特殊疑问句，句意：我怎样能培养学习技能呢？结构为：特殊疑问词 情态动词 主语 动词原形+其

南之立大事者，不惟有超世之才，亦必有坚忍不拔之志。 skill苏轼

(4) Shopping online is much more convenient than shopping in a store. 考查陈述句。根据最后的标点以及所给词提示可知是陈述句的肯定句，句意：网上购物更方便得多。主语，Shopping online，系动词用is，表语more convenient表示“更方便”，much修饰比较级。故答案为Shopping online is much more convenient

(5) She wondered whether I could play with her. 考查宾语从句。根据最后的标点以及所给词提示可知是含宾语从句的复合句，句意：她想知道我是否可以和她一起玩。主句主语为she，谓语动词wondered后接宾语从句，引导词为whether play with表示“和某人玩”。故答案为She wondered whether I could play with her

8.

【答案】

- (1) flying to
- (2) is spoken
- (3) hasn't put
- (4) How soon
- (5) Although/Though; to

【考点】

一般将来时

固定搭配

句型转换

一般现在时的被动语态

主谓一致

现在完成时

特殊疑问句

表转折的连词

【解析】

此题暂无解析

【解答】

(1) flying 考查固定搭配和一般将来时。根据题目要求改为同义句，固定搭配go to...by plane=fly to...飞往”。且根据句意可知未发生的事应使用一般将来时，fly移动动词，通常用现在进行时表将来。故填flying.to

(2) is spoken 考查一般现在时的被动语态及主谓一致。句意：根据题目要求改为被动语态，该句时态为一般现在时，主语为第三人称单数，所以be动词用单数is，后跟动词的过去分词。speak说，过去分词spoken 故填is spoken

(3) hasn't put 考查现在完成时的否定句。根据题目要求改为否定句，现在完成时变否定句在助动词have/has加not，put...into...放进”，put过去分词仍是put 故填hasn't put

(4) How soon 考查特殊疑问句。根据题目要求对“in+段时间”提问，应使用How soon多久”，故填How soon

(5) Although/Though; to 考查连词和固定搭配。根据汉语提示可知应使用although或though引导让步状语从句；have no time to do sth. 固定搭配，意为“没有时间做某事”。故填Although/Though; to

9.

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