

国家公共英语（三级）笔试模拟试卷 192 (题后含答案及解析)

题型有：1. Listening Comprehension 2. Use of English 3. Reading Comprehension 4. Writing

Section I Listening Comprehension (25 minutes) Directions: This section is designed to test your ability to understand spoken English. You will hear a selection of recorded materials and you must answer the questions that accompany them. There are TWO parts in this section, Part A and Part B. Remember, while you are doing the test, you should first put down your answers in your test booklet. At the end of the listening comprehension section, you will have 3 minutes to transfer your answers

Part A Directions: You will hear 10 short dialogues. For each dialogue, there is one question and four possible answers. Choose the correct answer — A, B, C or D, and mark it in your test booklet. You will have 15 seconds to answer the question and you will hear each dialogue ONLY ONCE.

听力原文：M: You look depressed. What're you eating? W: Our dog. He's missing these three weeks. M: Oh. I know how you feel. There's not so much we can do about it. Why don't you put an ad in the paper?

1. What has happened?
 - A. The woman was disappointed about her dog.
 - B. There is an advertisement about a dog in the paper.
 - C. The woman can't find her pet.
 - D. The woman is not feeling well.

正确答案：C

听力原文：M: To teach those students English, do you have to speak their language quite well? W: Quite the contrary. They benefit most when the class is conducted entirely in the foreign language.

2. What does the woman mean?
 - A. Students will not benefit when the class is conducted entirely in a foreign language.
 - B. To teach his students English, a teacher must be an English expert.
 - C. A qualified teacher has to speak the students' language quite well.
 - D. A language teacher need not to be a native speaker of the target language.

正确答案：D

听力原文：W: What help do you need? I'll try to help you. M: I'm going to attend an international convention in Harbin for two weeks. I have no clothes for that cold climate. Since you have been to the Northeast of China, what kind of clothes do

you think I should take along?

3. What is the man going to China for?
 - A. On business.
 - B. To attend a meeting.
 - C. To visit his friend.
 - D. To make a tour of China.

正确答案： B

听力原文： M: What's your problem, madam? W: I bought this sweater for my daughter yesterday, but it is not her size. Do you have a larger one?

4. What does the woman want to do?
 - A. She asks to return the sweater to the store.
 - B. She wants to change the larger one for a smaller one.
 - C. She wants to buy another sweater.
 - D. She wants to change the smaller one for a larger one.

正确答案： D

听力原文： W: The train was supposed to arrive at 9 o'clock. M: Nine o'clock ! But it's already 9:30.

5. What does the man mean?
 - A. The train is already late.
 - B. He's sorry it's already 9:30.
 - C. The train is always late.
 - D. The train is arriving at 9:30.

正确答案： A

听力原文： W: If you studied hard, you would have passed the final exam. M: Yes, you are right. But I played football too much.

6. What did the man agree with?
 - A. He studied hard, played football well and passed the exam.
 - B. He didn't study hard, played football and didn't pass the exam.
 - C. He studied hard, didn't play football and passed the exam.
 - D. He studied hard, played football well but did not pass the exam.

正确答案： B

听力原文： W: Can I take this dictionary out of the room, sir? M: Sure. Remember to return it before six in the afternoon. Now let me have a look at your card.

7. Who most probably is the man?
 - A. A librarian.

- B. An officer.
- C. A bookseller.
- D. A salesman.

正确答案：A

听力原文：M: I didn't see your car outside when I drove up. Where is it? W: Brenda and I started commuting together in order to save on gasoline.

8. What does the woman mean?
- A. Brenda has borrowed her car.
 - B. Her car ran out of gas this morning.
 - C. She parked her car in a safer place.
 - D. She came with Brenda in Brenda's car today.

正确答案：D

听力原文：M: The car was a total loss. Did you see it? W: Yes. And to think that three women and a baby were in that horrible crash without being hurt.

9. How many people were injured in the accident?
- A. Three woman.
 - B. None.
 - C. One baby,
 - D. Three woman and one baby.

正确答案：B

听力原文：M: I'm not surprised you didn't like that movie. I found it really frightening myself. W: I did too. I don't care much for horror movies as a rule.

10. What does the woman mean?
- A. She wasn't really very frightened.
 - B. She generally dislikes horror movies.
 - C. She is very fond of horror movies.
 - D. She doesn't care how horror movies end.

正确答案：B

Part B Directions: You will hear four dialogues or monologues. Before listening to each one, you will have 5 seconds to read each of the questions which accompany it. While listening, answer each question by choosing A, B, C or D. After listening, you will have 10 seconds to check your answer to each question. You will hear each piece ONLY ONCE.

听力原文：W: Hello, this is New York Air-ticket Booking Office. What can I do for you? M: I want to book two round-trip tickets to Tokyo on the afternoon of the

fifteenth.W: Wait a minute, let me check. There are three flights in all. They are 1:30 flight, 3:45 flight and 5:00 flight.M: 1:30 is too early. I will take the 3:45 flight. Is there any ticket left for the flight?W: Yes, there are.M: How much does it cost?W: It costs 450 dollars. I will be glad to send it to you as soon as possible if you leave your address.M: That's very kind of you.W: You are welcome.

11. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. At an airport.
- B. On the phone.
- C. In a ticket office.
- D. We don't know.

正确答案: B

12. Which flight will the man take?

- A. 3:45 flight,
- B. 1:30 flight.
- C. 5:00 flight.
- D. Either 3:45 flight or 5:00 flight.

正确答案: A

13. How much money does the man have to pay for the tickets?

- A. 450 dollars.
- B. 900 dollars.
- C. 1,350 dollars.
- D. 1,800 dollars.

正确答案: B

听力原文: M: You are my campaign manager, Mary. How do I convince members of the student body that I'm the best candidate for school president?W: It won't be easy.M: Thanks a lot.W: I'm just kidding, Smith. Actually I think once we show everyone how well you did as junior class treasurer, you will win easily.M: How do we do that? Meet with all three thousand people who are members of the student body?W: Come on. What I'm thinking of first is hanging campaign posters in all the hall ways where most of the students are sure to see them.M: That sounds good. But everyone puts up posters. What can we do that's different?W: The campus radio station is willing to let you have five minutes tomorrow morning at seven o'clock to outline your plans for the year. Lots of students will be listening, then.M: That's a great idea.W: I've also arranged for you to give a speech during dinner tomorrow. At least five hundred of the students will be there. You'll answer questions after you've finished speaking.M: That means I'd better come up with a speech pretty quickly. How about if I write it tonight and show it to you after chemistry class tomorrow?W:

Fine. I'll see you after class.M: Thanks for all your help.

14. To what student body office does the man want to be elected'?
- A. Chairman.
 - B. Treasurer.
 - C. Secretary.
 - D. President.

正确答案： D

15. Where will they put the posters?
- A. In the hall ways.
 - B. In the classrooms.
 - C. In the cafeteria.
 - D. In the radio station.

正确答案： A

16. When is the radio going to be broadcasted?
- A. In the morning.
 - B. During lunch.
 - C. In the afternoon.
 - D. During dinner.

正确答案： A

17. What will the man do tonight?
- A. Make posters.
 - B. Write a speech.
 - C. Answer questions.
 - D. Study for chemistry.

正确答案： B

听力原文： W: Roger, I've got a problem. You know my daughter Jane is 16 years old now. And we've begun talking about college. She says she wants to go, but her grades are slipping and no matter how I urge her to study. All she seems interested in are clothes and boys. We're not wealthy, you know. And it won't be easy for us to afford the tuition if she can't get a scholarship. Is going to college the best choice for her right now?M: Do you mean that she doesn't seem ready for college? Then you'd better have a serious talk with her about college. To my mind it's quite normal for girls of her age to show a lot of interests in fashion and dating, but as a mother you have a right to expect her to pay attention to her studies too. You should ask her how serious she is about college and how hard she's willing to work for it. Jane may be much firmer than you realize. But if not, tell her she should think about putting

college off for a while. That could give her the push she needs to take her education seriously. And if you decide she should wait, she can get a job or take classes at a community college. She may be just one of those who need to see a bit of real life before they settle down. W: Sounds like a good idea.

18. What's the woman's problem?

- A. Her daughter shows no interest in going to college.
- B. Her daughter is not interested in her studies and has poor grades.
- C. Her daughter does not think going to college: is the best choice for her.
- D. Her daughter wants to get a job.

正确答案： B

19. What the result might be if Jane's grades continue to fall?

- A. She wouldn't be able to get a scholarship for college.
- B. She won't be able to be admitted to college.
- C. She won't get a diploma from high school.
- D. She will be forced to leave the high school.

正确答案： A

20. What does Roger suggest the woman to solve her problem?

- A. To criticize Jane for her present situation.
- B. To force Jane to pay more attention to study.
- C. To talk with Jane seriously.
- D. To let Jane make her own choice.

正确答案： C

21. What will the woman do if Jane was not ready for college according to Roger?

- A. She should force Jane to set a right attitude toward college.
- B. She should help Jane to change her opinion about college.
- C. She should motivate Jane to study much harder.
- D. She should ask Jane to put off college and get a job.

正确答案： D

听力原文： W: Hi, Jackson, you're so lucky to have finished your final exam and term papers. I still have 2 more finals to take. What are you doing this summer, anything special? M: Well, actually yeah. My parents have always liked taking my sister and me to different places in the United States. You know, places with historical significance. I guess they wanted to reinforce the stuff we learned in school about history. And so even though we are older now, they still do once in a while. Oh so where are you going this summer? W: Well, this summer we'll finally go to

Gettysburg.M: Finally? You mean they never took you yet? I mean Gettysburg; it's probably the most famous Civil War site in the country. It's only a couple of hours away. I think that would be one of the first places that they'd have taken you. I have been there a couple of times.W: We were going to go about ten, well, no it was exactly ten years ago, but I don't know, something happened, I cannot remember what. But we ended up not going anywhere that year. I hope that doesn't happen again this year. I wrote a paper about Gettysburg last semester for a history class I was taking.Well about the political situation in the United States right after the battle at Gettysburg, so I'm eager to see the place.

22. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. Places the man has visited.
- B. A paper the woman wrote.
- C. School activities they enjoy.
- D. Plans for the summer.

正确答案: D

23. What does the man find surprising about the woman?

- A. She has never been to Gettysburg.
- B. She took a political science course.
- C. Her family still goes on vacation together.
- D. She's interested in the United States Civil War.

正确答案: A

24. What is the woman unable to remember?

- A. Why her parents wanted to go to Gettysburg.
- B. Why her family's vacation plans changed ten years ago.
- C. Where her family went for a vacation ten years ago.
- D. Where her family went for their last vacation.

正确答案: B

25. What does the woman imply about Gettysburg?

- A. It's far from where she lives.
- B. Her family went there without taking her.
- C. She doesn't know a lot about it.
- D. She's excited about going there.

正确答案: D

Section II Use of English (15 minutes)Directions: Read the following text. Choose the best word or phrase for each numbered blank and mark A, B, C or D on ANSWER SHEET 1.

Liwan is the name of Guangzhou's southwest district, bordered by Renmin Lu to the south and west. Not so long ago, in the 【C1】 _____ 1900s, this area of the city was renowned【C2】 _____ its Cantonese restaurants, gardens, teahouses and boat rides on【C3】 _____ many waterways. This was at a time【C4】 _____ the Liwan area was【C5】 _____ into a new town in much the same way【C6】 _____ the Tianhe area is now becoming the place to be in Guangzhou. Today, though, the Liwan district 【C7】 _____ rapid development 【C8】 _____ new high-rise apartment buildings are mushrooming everywhere. Most of the rivers that crossed the area 【C9】 _____ now disappeared, and 【C10】 _____ we can get to a boat ride is hiring a pedal boat on Liwan Lake. Fortunately, some attempt is 【C11】 _____ to preserve the area's architectural and cultural heritage, particularly on the streets around Liwan Lake Park. On Longjin Xi Lu, for instance, you can still see some of the Xiguan houses and 【C12】 _____ unique wooden doors. These large three or four-story grey-brick houses were built【C13】 _____ a Western style, and the interiors were decorated with the best of local crafts,【C14】 _____ stained glass windows and【C15】 _____ wooden furniture. They were the 【C16】 _____ of the neighborhood at the turn of the last century. As well as these Xiguan houses, the area 【C17】 _____ has some large European-style stone buildings. The Liwan Museum is 【C18】 _____ in one of these colonial buildings. It was built in 1912 for the local branch manager of a Hong Kong bank. The museum is stocked 【C19】 _____ with memorabilia(大事记)from Liwan's colorful past—old photographs, maps, Cantonese opera costumes and 【C20】 _____ scrolls(名册). To find the museum, walk south along Longjin Xi Lu from the Liwan Lake Park's entrance till the crossroads, then turn right.

26. 【C1】

- A. lately
- B. latter
- C. later
- D. late

正确答案：D

解析：“在 19 世纪后期”应该用 late，与早期 early 相对。lately 意为最近，latter 指两个中的后一个，later 指以后。

27. 【C2】

- A. by
- B. of
- C. for
- D. with

正确答案：C

解析：因…而著名应该用介词 for。

28. 【C3】

- A. their
- B. its
- C. them
- D. it

正确答案：B

解析：这里 its 指代前面的 “this area of the city”

29. 【C4】

- A. which
- B. when
- C. that
- D. where

正确答案：B

解析：时间定语从句用 when 做先行词。

30. 【C5】

- A. being developing
- B. developed
- C. developing
- D. being developed

正确答案：B

解析：这里没有必要用过去进行时，因此选 B。

31. 【C6】

- A. so
- B. with
- C. to
- D. as

正确答案：D

解析：从该句话可以看出应该用 as。

32. 【C7】

- A. is going
- B. go
- C. is undergoing
- D. undergo

正确答案：C

undergo 指经历、承受，在这里用进行时选 c。

33. 【C8】

- A. as
- B. where
- C. when
- D. so

正确答案：A

解析：这里 as 表示“随着…”的意思。

34. 【C9】

- A. having
- B. had
- C. has
- D. have

正确答案：D

解析：现在完成时用 have。

35. 【C10】

- A. the closest
- B. near
- C. the near
- D. closest

正确答案：A

解析：这里的意思是“我们能进行的最接近于划船的事情就是…”，最接近用“the closest”表示。

36. 【C11】

- A. taking
- B. being taken
- C. making
- D. being made

正确答案：D

解析：与“努力、尝试”相对应的动词应该用 make。take 是与 measure 相搭配的，现在进行时所作的努力，用 being made。

37. 【C12】

- A. these
- B. their
- C. its

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/346223012015010221>