

Unit 5 Here and Now

第四课时 (Section B 1a—1d)

分层练习

一、单词拼写

1. I love soap operas. I like to follow the story and see what will _____ (发生) next.
2. In China, there are still some poor _____ (地区) and people there need help.
3. I hope I will travel _____ (世界各地) one day.
4. The girl is reading a book with her brother _____ (现在) .
5. The children _____ (冲, 奔) out of the school when the bell rang.
6. The boy went to the train station in a _____ (匆忙).
7. Shanghai is a lively city of many tall buildings, with colorful lights _____ (发光) at night.
8. Helen wishes to learn about the birthday food _____ the _____ (世界各地) this term.
9. It's warm because the sun shines _____ (明亮地) in the sky.
10. The _____ (多彩的) flowers make our town more and more beautiful.
11. Jenny wants to have _____ (这样的) a big birthday cake.
12. My brother likes playing ball games _____ (例如) basketball and soccer.
13. There are lots of Chinese _____ (绘画) in Huangji Palace.
14. I bought a coconut (椰子) at the _____ (市场) next to the bus station.
15. Lucy and Tina were _____ when they were running in the relay race. (肩并肩)
16. The room isn't b_____ (明亮的) enough, so I turn on the light.
17. The book d_____ (落下) from the bookcase just now.
18. When an old woman got on the bus, one of the _____ (乘客) offered his seat to her.

19. The library lies in the c_____ (中心的) part of the city, making it easy to reach for everyone.
20. Now Chinese teenagers have plenty of chances _____ all kinds of outdoor activities. (参加)
21. For John, his t_____ (旅行) of Beijing is very fantastic.
22. Please put on your sunglasses. They can protect you from the bright _____ (阳光).
23. Sorry, buddy. I am _____ (开车) at the moment. Can I call you back later?
24. We tried to avoid the _____ (高峰) hour but we picked the wrong way.
25. Could you speak _____ (slow)? I can't follow you.

二、完形填空

Edward Black is a teacher. He has a _____ 26 _____ family. There are _____ 27 _____ people in his family. The man _____ 28 _____ glasses is his father old Henry Black. He is 72 years old, _____ 29 _____ he looks young. His mother Mrs. Black is a beautiful kind woman. She is good at _____ 30 _____. Now she is making chicken soup. His wife (妻子) Catherine is a _____ 31 _____, too. _____ 32 _____ are in the same school. Catherine is young and beautiful. They have a son and a daughter. The son's name is Jack. He is 12. He likes _____ 33 _____ very much. Now he is swimming in the swimming pool. Jack has a little sister. _____ 34 _____ is Jenny. She is too _____ 35 _____. She can't go to school. She likes playing with Kitty, a little cat. Look! She is drinking milk. The cat is looking at her. They are happy every day!

26. A. big B. happy C. small D. lucky
27. A. three B. four C. five D. six
28. A. with B. wear C. in D. have
29. A. and B. but C. or D. so
30. A. cooking B. eating C. writing D. drawing
31. A. student B. doctor C. driver D. teacher

32. A. We

B. They

C. Our

D. Their

33. A. swimming B. playing C. running D. studying
34. A. It B. He C. She D. They
35. A. cute B. old C. clever D. young

三、阅读理解

A

There are 24 time zones (时区) in the world. When it's noon in China, it's midnight in the United States. What's happening at the same time in the world?

Name	Place	Time	Activities
Peter	London	5 o'clock in the afternoon	He is watching TV in the living room.
Bruno	Brazil	2 o'clock in the afternoon	He is playing football with his friends in the park.
Logan	the US	8 o'clock in the morning	He is having his breakfast. His mother always makes soup for him.
Karima	Paris	6 o'clock in the evening	She is not at home. She is shopping with her mother in a supermarket. There's a big sale. They want to buy some bread.
Sanjiv	India	half past ten at night	He is brushing his teeth. He usually goes to bed at 11 at night.

Do you know what time it is in Tangshan, China now?

36. What is Peter doing at 5 in the afternoon?

- A. He is shopping. B. He is watching TV.

C. He is playing football.

D. He is brushing his teeth.

37. Where is Karima now?

A. At home.

B. At school.

C. In a park.

D. In a supermarket.

38. When Logan is having his breakfast, _____.

A. Bruno is playing basketball

B. Sanjiv is sleeping

C. Logan's mother is making soup

D. it's 2:00 in the afternoon in Brazil

B

On the earth, people in different time zones have different living conditions at the same time.

Now let's have a good look at the four countries below.

Canada 3:00 a. m. to 7:30 a. m.	Canada is a big country with six time zones. In the west, it is 3:00 a. m. and everyone is asleep, but in the east it is 7:30 a. m. and people are awake. It is a cold Friday morning in November.
Scotland 11:00 noon	Scotland is part of the UK. The capital of Scotland is Edinburgh, and the capital of the UK is London. It is eleven at noon in Edinburgh. Children are having lessons, but they are looking forward to the weekend because there are no lessons on Saturday and Sunday.
Egypt 1:00 p. m.	Friday is already the weekend in Egypt. Friday is a special day for Muslims, so schools, offices and shops are closed in all Arabian countries. So now, at 1:00 p. m., most people in Egypt are having lunch with their families.
Japan	Japan is seven hours <u>ahead of</u> Egypt, so it is already Friday evening there. The weekend is beginning. Most people are out with friends or watching television or

8:00 p. m.	playing computer games.
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39. What time is it in eastern Canada if it is 7:00 a. m. in western Canada?
- A. 11:30 noon. B. 11:00 p. m.. C. 3:0 p. m.. D. 1:00 a. m..
40. What are the children in Scotland doing?
- A. They are playing games. B. They are watching TV.
C. They are sleeping. D. They are having lessons.
41. Who needn't go to work on Friday?
- A. Canadians. B. The Scots. C. Egyptians. D. Japanese.
42. What does the underlined phrase "ahead of" mean?
- A. Later than. B. Until. C. Earlier than. D. After.
43. Which country will welcome Saturday first, Canada, Japan, the UK or Egypt?
- A. The UK. B. Japan. C. Egypt. D. Canada.

C

People in different parts of the world are doing different things at the moment because they are in different time zones (时区). There are twenty-four time zones in the world.

Travelling west, you set your clock back, while travelling east, you set it ahead. It's seven o'clock in the morning in Beijing. Children are going to school and parents are going to work. Some people are waiting for buses. Some are riding bikes and others are walking to the subway stations. Old people are doing morning exercises in the park. But it's evening in London. Most people are sleeping in their rooms.

Now it's three o'clock in the afternoon in London. Students are leaving for home. Most people are working. Some are going shopping. But it's evening in Beijing. Most children are already in bed.

44. How many time zones are there in the world?

A. Seven. B. Twelve. C. Twenty-four. D. Sixty.

45. What does the underlined word “**ahead**” mean in Chinese?

A. 向前 B. 向后 C. 缓慢 D. 变响

46. It's seven o'clock in the morning in Beijing. What are most Londoners doing?

A. They are waiting for buses. B. They are doing morning exercises.

C. They are going to school or work. D. They are sleeping in their rooms.

47. The passage mentions some things EXCEPT _____.

A. waiting for buses B. riding bikes

C. going shopping D. having afternoon tea

48. What is the best title of the passage?

A. Two cities

B. People around the world

C. People are doing different things in different time zones

D. Different days

四、任务型阅读

What Are They Doing on Holiday?

They are happy because they are on holiday. Mary is visiting her aunt in Paris. She is very excited to be in Paris. It is a very famous city. And it is a good place to go shopping!

Tom is fishing in the lake. Because the water is very clean, there are so many fish in the lake. Tom is having a good harvest(收获).

Simon and Bill are good friends. They are usually very busy with their study every day. So they want to do something different. They are going biking riding together in the beautiful countryside(农村，乡下). It's relaxing.

Jesse is taking some photos in the park. The park is very beautiful in autumn, and it's a good place to take photos.

Everyone gets tired sometimes. It's important to have a rest. And it's good for your health. It can help you work or study better, too. I hope everyone is having a good time.

What Are They Doing on Holiday?		
Name	Place	Things they are doing
Mary	In Paris	_____ 49 _____
_____ 50 _____	By the lake	Fishing
Simon and Bill	In the countryside	_____ 51 _____
Jesse	_____ 52 _____	Taking photos

五、短文填空

阅读短文，根据语篇要求填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

People in different parts of the world are doing different things at the moment _____ 53 _____ they are in different time zones (时区). There _____ 54 _____ twenty-four time zones in the world.

It's seven o'clock in the morning in Beijing. Children are going to _____ 55 _____ and parents are going to work. Some people are waiting _____ 56 _____ buses. Some are riding bikes and others are walking to the subway stations. Old people are doing morning exercises in the park. But it's evening in London. Most of people are _____ 57 _____ in their bedrooms.

参考答案与试题解析

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一、单词拼写

1. I love soap operas. I like to follow the story and see what will _____ (发生) next.

【答案】happen

【详解】句意：我喜爱肥皂剧。我喜欢跟随故事看接下来会发生什么。happen“发生”；will 后接动词原形。故填 happen。

2. In China, there are still some poor _____ (地区) and people there need help.

【答案】areas

【详解】句意：在中国，仍然有一些贫困地区和人民需要帮助。空格处应填名词作主语，area“地区”，可数名词，结合空前“some”可知，用复数名词。故填 areas。

3. I hope I will travel _____ (世界各地) one day.

【答案】around the world/all over the world

【详解】句意：我希望有一天我会到世界各地去旅行。around the world/all over the world 表示全世界。根据句意及所给汉语提示，故填 around the world/all over the world。

4. The girl is reading a book with her brother _____ (现在) .

【答案】now

【详解】句意：这个女孩现在正在和她的弟弟读一本书。“现在”now，是副词，作状语。故填 now。

5. The children _____ (冲，奔) out of the school when the bell rang.

【答案】rushed

【详解】句意：铃声一响，孩子们就冲出了学校。“冲，奔”rush。根据“rang”可知，句子为一般过去时，故此处应用 rush 的过去式 rushed。故填 rushed。

6. The boy went to the train station in a _____ (匆忙).

【答案】hurry

【详解】句意：这个男孩匆匆忙忙地去了火车站。根据汉语提示，应填 **hurry; in a hurry**“匆忙，立刻”，介词短语。故填 **hurry**。

7. Shanghai is a lively city of many tall buildings, with colorful lights _____ (发光) at night.

【答案】 **shining**

【详解】句意：上海是一个充满活力的城市，有许多高楼大厦，晚上有五颜六色的灯光。发光“shine”，句中有谓语动词，此处 **colorful lights** 和 **shine** 之间是主动关系，用现在分词。故填 **shining**。

8. Helen wishes to learn about the birthday food _____ the _____ (世界各地) this term.

【答案】 **all over** **world**

【详解】句意：海伦希望在这个学期了解世界各地的生日食物。短语 **all over the world** 表示“世界各地”。故填 **all over; world**。

9. It's warm because the sun shines _____ (明亮地) in the sky.

【答案】 **brightly**

【详解】句意：天气很温暖，因为太阳明亮地闪耀在天空中。根据汉语提示“明亮地”可知，空格处应填副词 **brightly** 修饰动词 **shines**“闪耀”。故填 **brightly**。

10. The _____ (多彩的) flowers make our town more and more beautiful.

【答案】 **colorful/colourful**

【详解】句意：五彩缤纷的花使我们的城镇越来越美丽。**colorful/colourful**“多彩的，五彩缤纷的”，形容词，此处作定语修饰名词“flowers”。故填 **colorful/colourful**。

11. Jenny wants to have _____ (这样的) a big birthday cake.

【答案】 **such**

【详解】句意：珍妮想要一个这么大的生日蛋糕。**such**“这样的”，修饰名词。故填 **such**。

12. My brother likes playing ball games _____ (例如) basketball and soccer.

【答案】 **such** **as**

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