

2024年高考英语一轮复习测试卷(一)(全国甲卷)

英语

(考试时间:120分钟 试卷满分:150分)

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是C。

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

1. (2023·全国·模拟预测) What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A festival. B. An ancestor. C. A kind of food.

【答案】A

【原文】M: Lisa, what is Tomb-sweeping Day?

W: It's a traditional Chinese festival where we pay respect to our ancestors and dead family members.

M: Oh, I see you guys eat some green dumplings. What are they made of?

W: Sticky rice and vegetable juice with red beans inside.

2. (2023·全国·模拟预测) How much was the original price of the camera?

A. \$300. B. \$280. C. \$230.

【答案】B

【原文】M: I saw an advertisement in the newspaper about a camera you have on special offer.

W:Yes,the Sony Cybershot DSCT 300.It's \$50 cheaper now,only \$230.

M:Great.I'll take it.

3. (2023 • 全国 • 模拟预测) Where are the speakers going?

A.To the hotel.

B.To the train station.

C.To the airport.

【答案】C

【原文】 W:We should've left 30 minutes earlier!Traffic is awful!We are going to miss our flight!

M:We need an extra hour to get there!We aren't even halfway to the airport.Plus,we need to check in and go through security.

4. (2023 • 全国 • 模拟预测) What does the woman want to be?

A.A businesswoman.

B.A university teacher.

C.A university student.

【答案】A

【原文】 M:Congratulations!I hear you are going to university.

W:Thanks.But actually,it's my twin sister who is going to university.I'm going to do business with my father.I want to be a successful businesswoman.

5. (2023-全国 • 二模) Why does the man pay extra?

A.He wants to buy the book.

B.He borrowed the book.

C.He returned the book late.

【答案】C

【原文】 W:Sorry,this biography is over the deadline.You should pay extra for it.

M:I was thinking of buying this from the bookstore when my father got this from the library. Anyway,how much should I pay?

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

(2023 • 全国 • 模拟预测)听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

6.What does the man plan to do this afternoon?

A.Go swimming.

B.Go to class.

C.Go to the library

7.What does the woman offer to do for the man?

A.Collect information for his paper.

B.Help him with his chemistry.

C.Teach him to study math.

【答案】6 . C 7. B

【原文】 W:Would you like to go swimming this afternoon?

M:I wish I could,but I have to spend the rest of the day in the library.I have a tenpage paper to

finish.I should hand it in tomorrow.

W:Is that for Mr.Smith's class?

M:Yes.I have to write an article on the influence of the invention of papermaking according to what we learned in class.And I have to study math and chemistry,too.I don't know how I'm going to do it at all.

W:Well,I've been doing well in chemistry,so I'd be happy to help you.

M:Thanks.I'll see you in front of the library.

W:OK Good luck with the paper.

听第7段材料，回答第8、9题。

(2023·全国·模拟预测)听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

8.What did the woman order at last?

A.A beef sandwich.

B.A hot dog

C.Chicken breast.

9.Where is the woman?

A.In her car.

B.At the cashier's desk.

C.In her office.

【答案】8. C 9. A

【原文】M:Hello,wele to Burger Barn.Can I take your order?

W:I think I'll have a beef sandwich,fries and a coffee,please.

M:Okay.Oh,I'm sorry.We're out of beef sandwiches today.How about a hot dog or maybe some chicken?

W:Yeah.I think I'll go for the chicken please.

M:Alright.Do you want breast meat or leg meat?

W:Ah,breast meat please.Someone in my office once remended that to me.

M:Okay,so you can go ahead and drive through to the cashier's desk to pay for your meal.Your total is going to be \$6.

听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。

(2023·全国·模拟预测)听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

10.Where does the conversation probably take place?

A.In a library.

B.In a classroom.

C.On a playing field

11.What subject does the man need help with?

A.History

B.Math.

C.English

12.Why was the man away from school for a while?

A.He took a holiday.

B.He broke his leg.

C.He went for football training.

【答案】10. B 11. A 12. B

【原文】 W:Enjoy your little holiday?

M:Oh,haha!Have I missed much?

W:Not really,assuming you've done all the homework Miss Baker sent?

M:Yes,I've done the reading for English and finished the math homework.It would be great if you went through this new history project with me.

W:Sure!Let's go to the library after lunch,and I'll explain.

M:Thanks.

W:So,how's the leg?

M:Improving.It doesn't hurt much anymore.

W:I've never broken a bone before.Was it awful?

M:Honestly,I didn't really feel the pain until later.At the time,I was just sick over the fact I had to leave the field when the team were losing by nine points!

W:Football is a dangerous sport!

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

(2023·全国·模拟预测)听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

13.Who are the speakers?

A.Teacher and student. B.A couple. C.Friends.

14.What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A.Whether kids should work for pocket money.
B.How kids can balance work and study.
C.What kids can do at home.

15.What did the man do when he was young?

A.He washed the dishes. B.He worked on a farm. C.He delivered newspapers.

16.What is the woman's attitude towards sleep for young people?

A.They have too much sleep.B.They should have enough sleep.C.They should go to bed early.

【答案】 13. C 14. A 15. B 16. B

【原文】 W:Do you think young people should also have jobs when they are at school?

M:I do.I think kids should work for their pocket money.

W:What kind of work?

M:Helping with the washing up,cleaning....whatever.They should realize they need to work if they want to have money.

W:My kids are very good at those things.Both of them help with jobs around the house.

M:That's good,but I don't think all young people are like that these days.

W:To be fair,I suppose a lot of parents want their kids to concentrate on their schoolwork.

M:I always had enough time to do my schoolwork in my youth,even though I also worked on my dad's farm.

W:I used to deliver newspapers.I had to be up at 6:00 a.m.,whatever the weather.

M:It didn't do you any harm,did it?I bet you still did well at school.

W:I did OK,although I was tired all day.I really think young people need to get enough sleep.It

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

(2023·全国·模拟预测)听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

17.Why did Martha quit her earlier job?

- A.She was badly paid.
- B.The boss took no interest in her ideas.
- C.The staff were quite unfriendly.

18.What does Martha find most amazing about the mobile restaurant?

- A.She can decide on the menu.
- B.All is advertised online.
- C.Just a little food is wasted.

19.What is the best thing for Martha about the mobile restaurant?

- A.Customers pay in advance.B.She can work outdoors. C.No waiter is needed.

20.What caused difficulty to Martha when she did a meal on the beach?

- A.The sun. B.The wind. C.The rain.

【答案】17. B 18. B 19. C 20. B

【原文】M:Martha,you used to work as a chef,but now you run your own“mobile restaurant”.
How?

W:Well,I had all sorts of ideas for new dishes,which the staff thought would sell,but the boss wasn't interested.That's when a friend told me about the"mobile restaurant"idea.It sounds great.

M:So you can decide on your menu?

W:Yes,but obviously the ones I know how to cook,then I advertise it so people can book a meal.
The most amazing thing is that all the advertising is done through websites.And because you know how many people you're cooking for,food doesn't get wasted.

M:Nice.

W:Besides,I could buy all the things without risk because customers pay in advance.The greatest advantage,though,is by having ten customers at most,I don't need to hire a waiter.

M:Do you ever run into problems?

W:Yes,I did one meal on a beach and the wind blew sand into people's food.Fortunately,I'd brought a large umbrella to protect myself from the sun,so I put it around their table instead!

第二部分阅读理解(共两节，满分40分)

第一节(共15小题：每小题2分，满分30分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

(2023·全国·校联考三模) **Money Smart Youth Ambassadors**

About

Youth from across Michigan can be financial leaders by applying to be a 4H Money Smart Youth Ambassador. This program sponsored by Michigan State University Extension 4H Youth Development started in 2020 and provides an opportunity for young people to spread financial knowledge with their peers by means of media.

Money Smart Youth Ambassadors gain leadership and public speaking experience by serving as guest speakers during presentations and podcasts(播客), developing games, creating social media campaigns, writing articles and providing valuable input into future financial education programs. Check out their amazing work below!

How to Join

This program is open to all Michigan youth aging 12-19.

Applications are accepted until August 1 annually for the upcoming year. Interviews take place in

August or September.

Ambassador Expectations

- Serve as a Michigan 4H Money Smart Youth Ambassador member from September to June.
- Create and promote money education and programs locally.
- Be present at all virtual meetings as scheduled with at least 75% attendance at monthly meetings
- Contact the group advisors if unable to participate in conference calls, meetings, events or trainings as they are scheduled.

Resources Created by Money Smart Youth Ambassadors

- Articles

Read about interesting money topics to help you be smart consumers and get a head start on growing your wealth. These articles were written by youth for youth.

· *Minimalism and Money Saving by Alexis V.*

· *Multiplying your Money Early by Leah L.*

- Games

Have fun learning what it takes to grow your money with these games created by our Money

Smart Youth Ambassadors.

·Kahoot Game on Credit by Brooke R.

·Money Word Search by Harper Jane A.

For more information,contact a group advisor:

Kathy Jamieson,jamies13@msu.edu

21.What is a must to apply for the program?

- A.Having Michigan identity.
- B.Reaching the age of 19.
- C.Owning 4H membership.
- D.Having financial background.

22.What is a Money Smart Youth Ambassador's duty?

- A.Making generous donations.
- B.Publishing financial articles.
- C.Attending virtual meetings.
- D.Promoting programs worldwide.

23.Why are the games included in the text?

- A.To add fun to courses.
- B.To provide financial knowledge.
- C.To introduce financial background.
- D.To collect fund for the program.

【答案】21. A 22. C 23. B

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了由密歇根州立大学推广的4H 青年发展协调项目招聘“精明理财青年大使”的通知。

【详解】1. 细节理解题。根据 About 中“Youth from across Michigan can be financial leaders by applying to be a 4H Money Smart Youth Ambassador. (密歇根各地的年轻人可以通过申请成为4H 精明理财青年大使来成为金融领袖。)”以及 How to Join 中“This program is open to all Michigan youth aging 12-19. (这个项目对所有12-19岁的密歇根青年开放。)”可知，这项活动是针对密歇根地区青少年的活动，必须拥有密歇根身份。故选A。

2. 细节理解题。根据 Ambassador Expectations 中“Be present at all virtual meetings as scheduled with at least 75% attendance at monthly meetings. (按计划出席所有虚拟会议，每月会议的出席率至少为75%。)”可知，精明理财青年大使需要参加虚拟会议。故选C。

3. 推理判断题。根据 Games 中“Have fun learning what it takes to grow your money with these games created by our Money Smart Youth Ambassadors.(通过我们的精明理财青年大使创造的游戏，学习如何增长您的资金，让您玩得开心。)”可知，文中推荐游戏的目的是帮助申请项

目的青少年在娱乐中需要了解什么才能积累钱，即提供金融知识。故选B。

B

(2023·广东广州·统考三模) In his new book *The Journeys of Trees*, science writer Zach St. George explores an extremely slow migration (迁徙), as forests move inch by inch to more hospitable places. As old trees die and new ones grow up, the forest is—ever so slightly—moving, he writes. “Through the fossils (化石) that ancient forests left behind, scientists can track their movement. They move back and forth across continents, like migrating birds or whales.”

This has happened over thousands of years, and climate change tends to be the driving force—pushing and pulling forests around the globe. Of course, today, climate change is speeding up, and trees can't keep pace. Take California: It's getting hotter and drier and scientists estimate that before too long, Joshua Tree National Park may not be able to sustain Joshua trees. Zach St. George describes a similar threat to Sequoia National Park, during California's long and severe drought a few years back.

Scientists worried that maybe Sequoia National Park would no longer be the place for giant sequoias. St. George thinks at some point we will lose these ancient trees and we will have to think about what we do with the places, and do we plant new ones somewhere else? This is known as “assisted migration”—humans planting trees in other places where they're more likely to grow well. But this process carries risks—people can accidentally introduce insects and diseases to new places, where they may wipe out entire native populations. So, St. George writes, there's a debate among conservationists and foresters today: Should humans help the trees escape?

“I think there are going to be instances where people are probably going to step in and help species move to places where they'll be more suitable in the future,” St. George says. “And I met a lot of people in the process who have felt sorry about what has been lost and what will be lost—and are still continuing to try and do good and work in the moment for small things.”

24. What does the underlined word “They” in Paragraph 1 refer to?

- A. Animals. B. Fossils. C. Scientists. D. Forests.

25. Why is Sequoia National Park mentioned?

- A. To confirm the problem of the loss of tree species is serious.
B. To argue humans should be responsible for the loss of trees.
C. To explain climate change results in the migration of forests.
D. To prove forests can slow down the process of climate change.

26. What can be inferred about assisted migration?

- A. It can prevent the trees escaping.

B.It can promote biological diversity.

C.It may help to protect the forests.

D.It may affect species in new places.

27.What is St.George's attitude to assisted migration?

A.Supportive.

B.Doubtful.

C.Ambiguous.

D.Intolerant

【答案】24. D 25. C 26. D 27. A

【导语】这是一篇说明文。在科学作家扎克·圣乔治的新书《树的旅程》中，他描述到森林正在一寸一寸地向更适宜居住的地方迁移。文章分析了其原因和科学家对此现象的担忧。

24. 词句猜测题。根据划线单词上文“As old trees die and new ones grow up,the forest is-ever so slightly—moving,he writes.“Through the fossils(化石)that ancient forests left behind,scientists can track their movement.(他写道，随着老树的死亡和新树的成长，森林正在——哪怕只是轻微地——移动。“通过远古森林留下的化石，科学家可以追踪它们的移动。)”和划线单词所在句子“They move back and forth across continents,like migrating birds or whales(它们在大陆上来回移动，就像候鸟或鲸鱼)”可知，森林正在移动，科学家通过远古森林留下的化石可以追踪森林的移动，由此可知，“they(它们)”代指上文提到的森林，故选 D。

25. 推理判断题。根据第二段中“This has happened over thousands of years,and climate change tends to be the driving force—pushing and pulling forests around the globe...Zach St.George describes a similar threat to Sequoia National Park,during California's long and severe drought a few years back.(这种情况已经发生了几千年，而气候变化往往是驱动力——推动和拉动全球各地的森林……扎克·圣乔治描述了几年前加利福尼亚长期严重干旱期间对美洲杉国家公园的类似威胁。)”可推知，文章提到美洲杉国家公园是为了解释气候变化导致森林迁移。故选 C。

26. 推理判断题。根据第三段中“This is known as “assisted migration”—humans planting trees in other places where they're more likely to grow well.But this process carries risks—people can accidentally introduce insects and diseases to new places,where they may wipe out entire native populations.(这就是所谓的“协助迁徙”——人类在其他地方种植树木，因为那里的树木更容易生长良好。但这个过程也有风险——人们可能会不小心将昆虫和疾病带到新的地方，在那里它们可能会消灭整个当地人口。)”可推知，协助迁移可能会影响到新地方的物种。故选 D。

27. 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段中“So,St.George writes,there's a debate among conservationists and foresters today:Should humans help the trees escape?(因此，St.George 写道，今天在自然资源保护者和林业工作者之间有一个争论：人类应该帮助树木逃生吗?)”和最后一段中“...I think there are going to be instances where people are probably going to step in and help species move to places where they'll be more suitable in the future,"St.George says.“And I met a lot of people in the process who have felt sorry about what has been lost and what will be

lost-and are still continuing to try and do good and work in the moment for small things."(“我认为将会出现这样的情况：人们可能会介入，帮助物种迁移到未来更适合它们生存的地方，”圣乔治说。“在这个过程中，我遇到了很多人，他们对已经失去的和将要失去的树木感到遗憾，并且仍然在继续努力做好事，在当下为小事而努力。”)”可推知， St.George 对协助迁移是支持的，故选A。

C

(2023 • 全国 • 一模)Deveza's mother was on the waiting list for a kidney transplant(肾移植). Deveza wanted to donate one of her own kidneys,but she was turned down because she might develop the same health problems as her mother in later life.

Deveza came up with a different plan.In 2017,she started the world's first paired exchange of different organs between living donors,exchanging half her liver(肝)for someone else's kidney.A case study of the organ exchange has now been published.And the surgeons who were involved are calling for more exchanges like this.“You can imagine the enormous impact for mixed organ extended chains,”says John Roberts,a surgeon at University of California,San Francisco.

Most organ transplants e from people who have died,but there are never enough organs.As most people can manage with just one of their kidneys,people with kidney failure are increasingly receiving donated organs from relatives or friends.If someone wants to donate but their immune (免疫的)system is unsuited,doctors may be able to find pairs of wouldbe donors who can each give a kidney to the other's relative.

When Deveza was looking into such chains,she came across research describing the idea of trading a kidney with the only other organ generally taken from a living donor—the liver.She suggested the idea to many hospitals before she finally contacted Roberts,who saw the idea's potential,

Deveza was assessed to be in good enough health to donate part of her liver.It then took 18 months to find Annie Simmons,in Idaho,whose liver was unsuitable to use as a transplant for her sister with severe liver disease.They drew up a plan:Simmons would donate a kidney to Deveza's mother,and in return,Deveza would give half her liver to Simmons'sister.The hospital gave the goahead and the four operations took place on the same day successfully.

The team hopes that the groundbreaking case will inspire more people to consider doing the same.Roberts says that direct exchanges involving two donors could enable up to thirty extra living donor liver transplants a year—a ten per cent increase.

28.What did Deveza do to save her mother?

- A.Carrying out a case study.
- B.Calling for kidney donations.
- C.Launching a medical experiment.

D.Trading half her liver for a kidney.

29.What does Paragraph 3 mainly talk about?

- A.Patients'hopelessness to survive.
- B.Several sources of organ donation.
- C.Current situation of organ transplants.
- D.Doctors'efforts to improve organ transplants.

30.What can be inferred about the organ exchange between Deveza and Simmons?

- A.It discouraged organ donation.
- B.It brought two families together.
- C.It met with widespread approval.
- D.It produced a desirable oute.

31.What is the best title for the text?

- A.My Liver,Your Kidney
- B.Mother's Love,Our Happiness
- C.Organ Transplant:Blessing for Patients
- D.Organ Exchange:Major Medical Advances

【答案】28. D 29. C 30. D 31. A

【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了世界上第一次活体捐赠者之间不同器官的配对交换手术及手术的意义。

28. 细节理解题。根据第二段关键句“Deveza came up with a different plan.In 2017,she started the world's first paired exchange of different organs between living donors,exchanging half her liver(肝)for someone else's kidney.(Deveza 想出了一个不同的计划。2017年，她开始了世界上第一次活体捐赠者之间不同器官的配对交换，用一半的肝脏换别人的肾脏)”可知，为了救自己的母亲，Deveza 打算用自己一半的肝脏换别的捐赠者的肾脏。由此可知，为了救她的母亲，Deveza 决定用半个肝脏换一个肾脏。故选D 项。

29. 主旨大意题。通读第三段内容，结合关键句“Most organ transplants e from people who have died,but there are never enough organs.(大多数器官移植来自已经去世的人，但器官永远不够)”和 “If someone wants to donate but their immune(免疫的)system is unsuited,doctors may be able to find pairs of wouldbe donors who can each give a kidney to the other's relative.(如果有人想捐献，但他们的免疫系统不适合，医生可能会找到两对潜在的捐赠者，他们可以各自给对方的亲属一个肾y”可知，第三段主要介绍了器官移植的现状，对需要接受器官移植的人来说，器官永远不够，医生为此想出了捐赠者之间的配对交换。由此可知，第三段主要介绍了器官

移植的现状。故选C 项。

30. 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段关键句“*They drew up a plan:Simmons would donate a kidney to Deveza's mother,and in return,Deveza would give half her liver to Simmons'sister.The hospital gave the goahead and the four operations took place on the same day successfully.* (他们制定了一个计划: Simmons 将把一个肾脏捐给 Deveza 的母亲, 作为回报, Deveza 将把她的一半肝脏捐给 Simmons 的妹妹。医院批准了手术, 四次手术在同一天成功进行)”可知, Deveza 和Simmons 之间的器官交换得到了医院的批准, 手术成功进行, Deveza 的母亲和 Simmons 的妹妹都得救了。由此可知, Deveza 和 Simmons 之间的器官交换产生了令人满意的结果。

故选 D 项。

31. 主旨大意题。通读全文, 结合倒数第二段关键句“*They drew up a plan:Simmons would donate a kidney to Deveza's mother,and in return,Deveza would give half her liver to Simmons' sister.The hospital gave the goahead and the four operations took place on the same day successfully.* (他们制定了一个计划: Simmons 将把一个肾脏捐给 Deveza 的母亲, 作为回报, Deveza 将把她的一半肝脏捐给 Simmons 的妹妹。医院批准了手术, 四次手术在同一天成功

进行)”可知, 本文主要介绍了世界上第一次活体捐赠者之间不同器官的配对交换手术, Simmons 把一个肾脏捐给 Deveza 的母亲, Deveza 把她的一半肝脏捐给 Simmons 的妹妹, 这让两个病人获救。由此可知, *My Liver,Your Kidney*(我的肝脏, 你的肾脏)适合作本文最佳标题。故选 A 项。

D

(2023·全国·校联考二模)With new technologies such as artificial intelligence and big data, smart agriculture is expected to bring about essential changes to traditional agriculture in China.

Shi Yun,a researcher at the Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences,said China would realize fully mechanized,automated,and digital agriculture through developing precision agricultural technologies.

Precision agriculture is an agricultural management system aimed at optimizing inputs to achieve the most economic and environmental benefits,using technologies in eluding remote sensing and satellite navigation.Precision agriculture is able to bring down labor costs,save water, fertilizers (肥料) and pesticides,and reduce unnecessary decisionmaking errors.So far, demonstration bases for smart agriculture have been built in 13 areas including Beijing, Heilongjiang province and the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region.

Precision irrigation—for instance,drip irrigation(滴流灌溉)—can greatly decrease costs and increase the efficiency of water and fertilizer use.By increasing soil temperature,storing water, and controlling diseases,the technique has improved water and fertilizer use.Meanwhile,it has improved cotton quality and increased cotton production in Xinjiang.

“Other technologies for precision agriculture such as plant protection drones(无人机)and harvesting robots can also save resources and costs,increasing farmers'ines and reducing their

economic losses caused by natural disasters,"Shi said.Drones can automatically generate routes

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