

# 2022-2023 学年第一学期九年级期末教学质量调研英语模拟试卷

本试题分两卷。第 I 卷（客观题），第 II 卷（主观题）。考试时间为 100 分钟。试卷满分为 100 分。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，考生务必用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡的相应位置上，并认真核对条形码上的姓名、准考证号是否与本人的相符合。
2. 答客观题必须用 2B 铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的正确选项涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选其他答案。答案不能答在试题卷上。
3. 答主观题必须用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔作答，答案写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上。如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案。不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后，将试题卷和答题卡一并交回。

## 第 I 卷（客观题 共 50 分）

一、单项选择 在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

（本大题共 14 小题，每小题 1 分，共 14 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. —Do you remember \_\_\_\_\_ exciting film we watched together last weekend?

—Certainly. It was based on \_\_\_\_\_ true story.

A. an; a                                      B. the; the                                      C. an; the                                      D. the; a

【答案】D

【解析】句意：——你还记得上个周末我们一起看的那部激动人心的电影吗？——当然。它是根据真实故事改编的。

考查冠词用法。根据“we watched together last weekend”可知第一空特指“我们上周末一起看过的电影”，用定冠词 the；第二空泛指一个真实的故事，true 以辅音音素开头，其前用不定冠词 a。故选 D。

2. Dad has always been careful with his car. It looks \_\_\_\_\_ new whenever he has it cleaned.

A. as well as                                      B. as good as                                      C. as long as                                      D. as soon as

【答案】B

【解析】句意：爸爸总是很小心他的车。每当他把它清洗的时候，它看起来就像新的一样。

考查词汇辨析。as well as 也；和……一样，well 是副词；as good as 和……一样好，good 是形容词；as long as 只要；as soon as 一……就……。looks 是系动词，其后跟形容词；根据“whenever he has it cleaned”

结合语境可知，此处指清洗的时候，车看起来和新的一样，故选 B。

3. The weather there is \_\_\_\_\_ too hot \_\_\_\_\_ too cold, so few people refuse to live there.

- A. neither; nor                      B. either; or                      C. not only; but also                      D. both; and

【答案】A

【解析】句意：那里的天气既不太热也不太冷，所以很少有人拒绝住在那里。

考查连词辨析。neither...nor 既不.....也不； either...or 要么.....要么； not only...but also 不但.....而且； both...and.....和.....都。根据“so few people refuse to live there”可知，没人拒绝住在那里，说明那里的天气既不太热也不太冷，故选 A。

4. My father took some \_\_\_\_\_ actions to lose weight. For example, he ate small but healthy meals and took exercise every day.

- A. powerful                      B. peaceful                      C. pleasant                      D. practical

【答案】D

【解析】句意：我父亲采取了一些实际的行动来减肥。例如，他每天吃少量但健康的食物，并锻炼身体。

考查形容词辨析。powerful 有影响力的； peaceful 和平的； pleasant 令人愉快的； practical 实际的。根据“For example, he ate small but healthy meals and took exercise every day.”可知爸爸为减肥采取了实际行动。故选 D。

5. His poor eating habit has lasted for years. It requires a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ to change it.

- A. effort                      B. charm                      C. value                      D. silence

【答案】A

【解析】句意：他那不良的饮食习惯已持续多年了。改变它需要很多的努力。

考查名词辨析。effort 努力； charm 魅力； value 价值； silence 寂静。根据“His poor eating habit has lasted for years”可知，改变多年的不良习惯应需要很多的努力。故选 A。

6. —Do you \_\_\_\_\_ coffee with milk in it?

—Sometimes. But most of the time I \_\_\_\_\_ drink black coffee.

- A. would rather; prefer                      B. would rather; would rather  
C. prefer; would rather                      D. prefer; prefer

【答案】C

【解析】句意：——你更喜欢加牛奶的咖啡吗？——有时。但大多数时候，我宁愿喝黑咖啡。

考查动词辨析。prefer 更喜欢； would rather 宁愿。根据“coffee with milk in it”及“black coffee”可知，“加牛奶的咖啡”和“黑咖啡”之间对比，更喜欢哪一个，所以第一空填 prefer。第二空是固定搭配 would rather do sth“宁愿做某事”，故选 C。

7. In the past 63 years, Wu Mengchao had saved thousands and thousands of lives. We \_\_\_\_\_ praise him too much.

- A. must                      B. mustn't                      C. can                      D. can't

【答案】D

【解析】句意：在过去的63年里，吴孟超拯救了成千上万的生命。我们再怎么赞扬他也不为过。

考查情态动词。must“必须”；mustn't“禁止”；can“能”；can't“不能”，can't...too much“再……都不为过”，固定用法。由“In the past 63 years, Wu Mengchao had saved thousands and thousands of lives.”可知是再怎么赞扬他也不为过。故选D。

8. The Party's 100th birthday \_\_\_\_\_ on July 1 last year in our country.

- A. has been celebrated      B. was celebrated      C. celebrated      D. has celebrated

【答案】B

【解析】句意：党的100岁生日是去年7月1日在我国举行的。

考查被动语态。“The Party's 100th birthday”与“celebrate”是被动关系，结合“on July 1 last year”可知，时态为一般过去时，此处应用一般过去时的被动语态。故选B。

9. My mom \_\_\_\_\_ me to take good care of myself again and again because it was my first time to travel alone.

- A. reminded                      B. reported                      C. respected                      D. remained

【答案】A

【解析】句意：我妈妈一再提醒我要照顾好自己，因为这是我第一次独自旅行。

考查动词辨析。reminded 提醒；reported 报道；respected 尊重；remained 保持。根据下文“because it was my first time to travel alone”，可知后面三项不合语境，这里是说妈妈提醒“我”要照顾好自己，故选A。

10. As soon as COVID-19 \_\_\_\_\_ in his city, he closed his shop at once and volunteered to help fight against it.

- A. turned out                      B. stayed out                      C. worked out                      D. broke out

【答案】D

【解析】句意：当新冠肺炎疫情在他的城市爆发时，他立即关闭了自己的店铺，并自愿参与抗击疫情。

考查动词短语辨析。turned out 结果是；stayed out 待在户外；worked out 解决；broke out 爆发。根据“As soon as COVID-19 ...in his city”可知，此处指疫情爆发，故选D。

11. We still decided to take the rooms in Longwood House \_\_\_\_\_ we couldn't afford the rent.

- A. until                      B. unless                      C. though                      D. since

【答案】C

【解析】句意：尽管付不起房租，我们还是决定住在朗·伍德房子里。

考查连词辨析。until 直到; unless 除非; though 尽管; since 自从。根据题干“*We still decided to take the rooms in Longwood House...we couldn't afford the rent*”, 可知前后是让步关系, *though* 符合语境, 故选 C。

12. Teenagers often find \_\_\_\_\_ necessary to communicate, but don't know who to talk to.

- A. that                                      B. it                                      C. them                                      D. this

【答案】B

【解析】句意: 青少年经常觉得有必要进行交流沟通, 但却不知道该和谁去交谈。

考查 *it* 作形式宾语。*that* 那、那个; *it* 它; *them* 他们; *this* 这、这个。根据题干“*Teenagers often find ... necessary to communicate, but don't know who to talk to.*”可知设空处在句中作形式宾语, 因此应用不定代词 *it*, 真正的宾语是后面的动词不定式“*to communicate*”, 故选 B。

13. —I think it's beyond my ability to write the book report in two days. I really don't know \_\_\_\_\_.

—Sure, you can. Plan your time properly, and you can make it soon.

- A. whether I can finish it                                      B. when I will finish it  
C. that I can finish it                                      D. how can I finish it

【答案】A

【解析】句意: ——我认为在两天内写读书报告超出了我的能力。我真的不知道我是否能完成它。——无疑, 你可以(完成)。好好计划你的时间, 你就能做到。

考查宾语从句。*whether* 表有疑问; *when* 问时间; *that* 无实义; *how* 问方式。分析句子结构, 空格处为宾语从句, 应用陈述句语序, D 项是疑问句语序, 可排除; 结合答语“*Sure, you can*”, 可知空处是说不确定能不能完成。故选 A。

14. —Thanks for giving me many valuable suggestions which have helped work my problems out.

—\_\_\_\_\_. That's what friends are for.

- A. Don't lose heart                                      B. With pleasure  
C. Don't mention it                                      D. It's up to you

【答案】C

【解析】句意: ——谢谢你给了我许多宝贵的建议, 帮助我解决了问题。——不客气。这就是朋友的作用。

考查情景交际。*Don't lose heart* 不要灰心; *With pleasure* 我很愿意; *Don't mention it* 别客气; *It's up to you* 你决定。根据“*Thanks for giving me many valuable suggestions...*”可知, 对于别人表达的感谢应说“不客气”, 故选 C。

## 二、完形填空

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

Nature is the greatest teacher in nursery schools of Scandinavia.

All across Scandinavia small children are running wild! You can \_\_\_1\_\_\_ them running through grassland, with dirt on their faces and small bags on their backs. You can also find them playing in small rivers or \_\_\_2\_\_\_ trees. In Northern European countries, nature nursery schools are becoming better because research shows that these “nature” children are better in many ways than the children in normal nursery schools.

\_\_\_3\_\_\_ there are different themes in different school, nature nursery schools are most often built in a forest. A forest gives the perfect chance for a child to \_\_\_4\_\_\_ a healthy body. The forest also offers many learning chances. Children can run around as much as they want and shout as loudly as they can. Children can use their \_\_\_5\_\_\_ to the full, climbing, carrying and jumping. \_\_\_6\_\_\_ the forest is filled with playthings: a stick can be a horse to ride or be used to direct traffic. Imagination can run wild through the trees.

For these children, the world is full of \_\_\_7\_\_\_: rabbits and monkeys, wild flowers in spring, green plants in summer and falling leaves in autumn. What better way could there be to learn about animals, plants and the \_\_\_8\_\_\_ of the seasons? What better way to teach children about the world and protect the environment?

Most often, such nursery schools are “\_\_\_9\_\_\_”. They buy environmentally-friendly products. In giving children a chance to develop a meaningful and friendly \_\_\_10\_\_\_ with the natural world, it must be a daily practice for them to touch the earth, to hear birdsong and get to know animals and plants.

- |                    |                 |                |              |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. find         | B. keep         | C. count       | D. prevent   |
| 2. A. cutting down | B. calming down | C. climbing up | D. making up |
| 3. A. Although     | B. When         | C. Unless      | D. Until     |
| 4. A. protect      | B. provide      | C. develop     | D. describe  |
| 5. A. bodies       | B. brains       | C. feet        | D. neck      |
| 6. A. Instead      | B. Moreover     | C. Otherwise   | D. However   |
| 7. A. colors       | B. power        | C. life        | D. problems  |
| 8. A. calendar     | B. change       | C. appearance  | D. balance   |
| 9. A. white        | B. black        | C. red         | D. green     |
| 10. A. distance    | B. relationship | C. competition | D. ability   |

【答案】1. A 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. B 9. D 10. B

【解析】本文主要介绍了在自然幼儿园里的孩子比普通幼儿园的孩子更优秀，大自然是幼儿园最伟大的老

师。

1 句意：你可以发现它们在草地上奔跑，脸上沾满泥土，背上背着小包。

find 发现，找到；keep 保持；count 数数；prevent 阻止。根据“You can also find them playing in small rivers”可知，此处是指可以发现。故选 A。

2 句意：你还可以发现他们在小河中玩耍或爬树。

cutting down 砍倒（树木）；calming down 冷静下来；climbing up 向上爬；making up 编造，化妆。根据“trees”可知，此处是指爬树。故选 C。

3 句意：尽管不同的学校有不同的主题，但自然幼儿园通常建在森林里。

Although 尽管；When 当……的时候；Unless 除非；Until 直到。分析句子可知，前后句之间是让步关系。故选 A。

4 句意：森林为孩子提供了养成健康身体的绝佳机会。

protect 保护；provide 提供；develop 发展，培养；describe 描述。根据“to...a healthy body.”可知，森林为孩子们提供了养成健康身体的绝佳机会。故选 C。

5 句意：孩子们可以充分利用自己的身体，攀爬、搬运和跳跃。

bodies 身体；brains 大脑；feet 脚；neck 脖子。根据“climbing, carrying and jumping.”可知，是使用身体。故选 A。

6 句意：此外，森林里到处都是玩具：棍子可以是一匹马，也可以用来指挥交通。

Instead 反而，代替；Moreover 此外；Otherwise 而且；However 然而。根据“the forest is filled with playthings.”可知，此外，森林里到处都是玩具。故选 B。

7 句意：对这些孩子来说，世界充满了生命：兔子和猴子，春天的野花，夏天的植物，秋天的落叶。

colors 颜色；power 权力；life 生命；problems 问题。根据“rabbits and monkeys, wild flowers in spring, green plants in summer and falling leaves in autumn.”可知，此处是指对于孩子们来说，世界上充满了生命。故选 C。

8 句意：还有什么更好的方法来了解动物、计划和季节的变化？

calendar 日历；change 变化；appearance 外貌；balance 平衡。根据“the...of the seasons”可知，是季节的变化。故选 B。

9 句意：大多数情况下，这样的幼儿园是“绿色”的。

white 白色；black 黑色；red 红色；green 绿色。根据“They buy environmentally-friendly products.”可知，是绿色环保的。故选 D。

10 句意：为了让孩子们有机会与自然世界建立有意义和友好的关系，他们必须每天接触地球，听鸟鸣，了解动物和植物。

distance 距离；relationship 关系；competition 竞争；ability 能力。根据“to develop a meaningful and friendly...with

the natural world”可知，此处是指和自然世界建立有意义和友好的关系。develop a relationship with“和……建立联系”，是固定短语。故选 B。

### 三、阅读理解

阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（本大题共 13 小题，每小题 2 分，共 26 分）

#### A

Sandy is reading a TV guide online about this Saturday's TV programmes. Here is some of the information she is reading.

The film *Chinese Doctors* got a big success, with Douban scoring as high as 9.3 points. It shows respect for Chinese medical workers, especially those who volunteered to work in Wuhan Jinyintan Hospital when COVID-19 broke out in early 2020. The characters in the film are based on the real-life doctors and nurses who are considered as our heroes because of their braveness, selflessness, and kindness.

The film team interviewed Zhong Nanshan who played a leading role in the fight against the COVID-19 in China. He spoke highly of the film and also said, "I hope the film can give foreigners a new understanding of Chinese medicine."

The TV programme introduces some famous paintings made by the world's well-known artists. One of them is an AI painting. It was at an auction (拍卖) in 2018. It was sold for about 3 million yuan! But it is not a work by a famous painter, such as Vincent Van Gogh. It is the first painting painted by an AI artist that was created by three Frenchmen. The AI artist studied over 15,000 paintings. In this way, it learned to paint. Now it is among the most popular artists in the world.

This week's music programme includes many kinds of songs and music. Among them is a rap (说唱) song. TangoZ sang it at the beginning of the Hangzhou Asian Games. "The world gives everyone a dictionary. And mine is lying on the side of West Lake..."

TangoZ shows his love for his hometown of Hangzhou in the song *Love Paradise*. He raps in Hangzhou local languages which have special pronunciations and words, making the song more interesting. Because of its strong local colour, it has got a number of likes online.

1. What can we know about the film *Chinese Doctors*?

A. The film got a big success because it was shown on CCTV 6.

- B. Zhong Nanshan played the leading role of a doctor in the film.
- C. It's based on the real-life medical workers at Jinyintan Hospital.
- D. Foreigners had a new understanding of Chinese medicine after seeing it.

2. Which statement about the painting is true?

- A. It is a work painted by Vincent Van Gogh.
- B. It was worth about 3 million yuan at an auction.
- C. It is among the most beautiful paintings in the world.
- D. It was created by three French artists over 15,000 times.

3. Which of the following is true?

- A. You can watch all the three programmes on CCTV.
- B. This Saturday's TV guide is from a paper magazine.
- C. *Love Paradise* is popular because the singer raps it in local languages.
- D. *Chinese Doctors* is successful because it wins respect from medical workers.

【答案】1. C    2. B    3. C

【解析】本文主要介绍了桑迪在读的一本关于本周六电视节目的电视指南上的一些信息。

1 细节理解题。根据第二段“The characters in the film are based on the real-life doctors and nurses who are considered as our heroes because of their braveness, selflessness, and kindness.”可知电影中的角色是基于现实生活中的医生和护士的真实故事。故选 C。

2 细节理解题。根据第四段 It was at an auction (拍卖) in 2018. It was sold for about 3 million yuan!”可知在 2018 年一场拍卖会上，它的价值约为 300 万元。故选 B。

3 细节理解题。根据最后一段“He raps in Hangzhou local languages which have special pronunciations and words...Because of its strong local colour, it has got a number of likes online.”可知他用杭州当地语言说唱，由于其浓厚的地方色彩，它在网上很受欢迎。故选 C。

## B

Sally didn't know what was wrong with her grandma. She was always forgetting things, like where she put the sugar and what time to have dinner.

“She might have Alzheimer's disease (阿尔茨海默症)” her mother said. “We might have to put her in a nursing home (养老院) so that she can get proper care.”

“Oh, that's terrible! She'll miss her own house!” Sally said.

“Maybe, but we can see her at weekends,” her mother answered. “We can bring her presents.”

“Like ice cream? Grandma loves strawberry ice cream!” Sally said.

The first time they visited Grandma, Sally wanted to cry. Grandma sat all by herself in the corner of the room.

Sally hugged Grandma. “Look,” she said, “we brought you strawberry ice cream!” Grandma took it and began to eat without saying a word.

“She doesn’t seem to know us.” Sally was upset. “You have to give her time,” her mother said. But the next time it was the same. Grandma ate the ice cream, but didn’t say anything.

“Grandma, do you know who I am?” Sally asked.

“You’re the girl who brings me the ice cream,” Grandma said.

“Yes, but I’m Sally, your granddaughter. Don’t you remember me?”

“Sure. You’re the girl who brings me ice cream.” All of a sudden, Sally realized that Grandma would never remember her.

“Oh, how I love you, Grandma!” she said. Just then she saw a tear roll down Grandma’s cheek (脸颊). “Love,” she said. “I remember love.”

“You see, dear, that’s all she wants,” her mother said. “Love.”

“I’ll bring her ice cream every weekend then, and hug her even if she doesn’t remember me.” Sally said.

After all, remembering love is more important than just being able to remember a name.

1. What was the matter with Sally’s grandma?

- A. She doesn’t want to have dinner.
- B. She ate too much ice cream.
- C. She always forgot things.
- D. She put more sugar while cooking.

2. Why did Sally want to cry the first time the family visited Grandma?

- A. Because Grandma didn’t like her present.
- B. Because she thought Grandma was quite lonely.
- C. Because she saw a tear roll down Grandma’s cheek.
- D. Because Grandma was badly treated in the nursing home.

3. According to the passage, we can infer that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Grandma will be taken home to get better care
- B. Grandma doesn’t love strawberry ice cream any more
- C. Sally and her family visited Grandma three times a week
- D. Sally doesn’t mind whether Grandma can remember her name or not

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