Moral and Character Education

Three major issues in the education of young people today

Vision

Identification of what is possible for both self and society; includes the discovery and/or defining of one's life mission and desired lifestyle

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Competence

Development of the knowledge, values, attitudes, and skills necessary for success in a given society or culture

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Character

The moral quality and direction of one's decisions and behavior

Definitions of Character

The following two definitions provide examples of a normative view of character:

"engaging in morally relevant conduct or words, or refraining from certain conduct or words"

Definitions of Character

The following two definitions provide examples of a normative view of character:

"a complex set of relatively persistent qualities of the individual person, and generally has a positive connotation when used in discussions of moral education"

Importance of Character

Scholarly debate on moral development and character formation extends to ancient times

- Aristotle's <u>Nichomacean Ethics</u>
- Socrates' Meno

Importance of Character

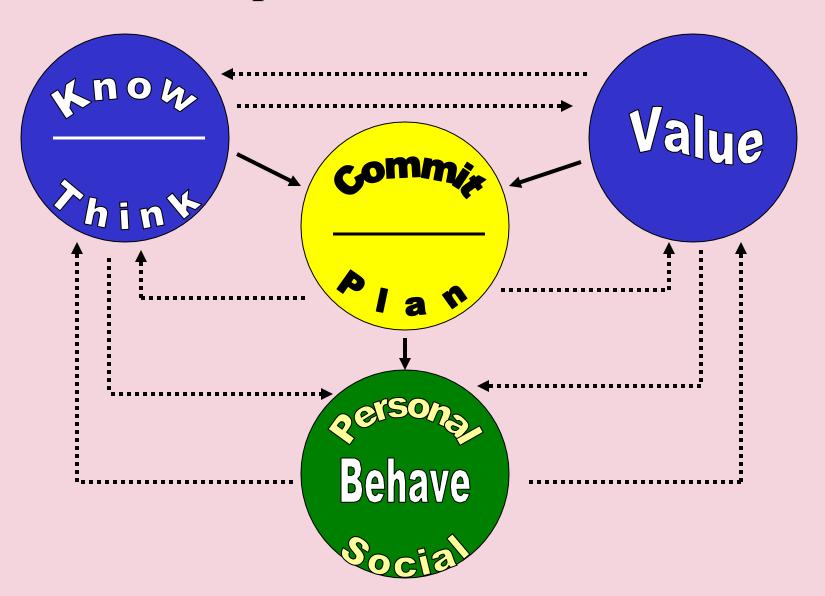
Major thinkers in Western Civilization have been concerned with moral and character development

- John Locke, 17th century English philosopher
- John Stuart Mill and Herbert Spencer, 19th century English philosophers
- John Dewey, 20th century American philosopher and educator

Four major questions need to be addressed when focusing on character development:

- 1. What is good character?
- 2. What causes or prevents good character?
- 3. How can good character be measured?
- 4. How can good character best be developed?

Components of Character



1. What is good character?

Personal

- honest and truthful
- autonomous
- responsible
- self-management and self-discipline
- courageous
- integrity

1. What is good character?

Social

- sociable
- benevolent
- compassionate
- courteous
- trustworthy

2. What causes or prevents good character?

- 1. heredity
- 2. early childhood experience
- 3. modeling by important adults & older youth
- 4. peer influence
- 5. general physical and social environment
- 6. communications media
- 7. content taught in the schools, churches, etc.
- 8. specific situations and roles

- 3. How can good character be measured?
 - Cognitive knowledge
 - Age appropriate cognitive and moral development
 - Values expressed
 - Commitments expressed
 - Written plans
 - Personal and social overt behavior student discipline; student suicide rates; crimes; pregnancy rates of teenage girls; academic effort; prosocial activities

4. How can good character best be developed?

Effective communication and shared values among families, schools, religious organizations, and communities

4. How can good character best be developed?

Schools effectively impacting morals and character are:

1. directed by adults who exercise their authority toward faculty and students in a firm, sensitive, and imaginative manner, and who are committed to both academics and pupil character development;

Wynne, E. (1989). Transmitting traditional values in contemporary schools. In L. Nucci, <u>Moral development and character education: A dialogue</u> (pp. 19-36). Berkeley, CA: McCutchan.

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