

## 2024届浙江省衢州市江山市中考试题猜想英语试卷含答案

### 注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号码填写清楚,将条形码准确粘贴在条形码区域内。
2. 答题时请按要求用笔。
3. 请按照题号顺序在答题卡各题目的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效;在草稿纸、试卷上答题无效。
4. 作图可先使用铅笔画出,确定后必须用黑色字迹的签字笔描黑。
5. 保持卡面清洁,不要折暴、不要弄破、弄皱,不准使用涂改液、修正带、刮纸刀。

### I. 单项选择

1、—Can you remember when Mr.Brown left \_\_\_\_\_ city?

—Sorry.I can't.I only remember it was \_\_\_\_\_ Thursday.

A.a,a      B.the,the      C.a.the      D.the,a

2、\_\_\_\_\_ awful the weather is!I'm afraid we have to cancel our sports meeting.

A. What an      B.What      C.How      D.How

3、—What's your dream job,Lucy?

—I want to be \_\_\_\_\_ doctor.

A.an      B.a      C.the      D./

4、---Which robot do you think is the most useful?

---

A.The robot that are made in Japan

B.The robot is designed to help us with our homework

C.The robot has a lot of memory

D.The robot shown at the exhibition center

5、—Could I ride an electric bicycle to school,Mr Wang?

—No,you \_\_\_\_\_.Students under the age of 16 aren't allowed to ride electric bicycles.

A.couldn't      B.needn't      C.can'tD.shouldn't

6、—Tom,could you lend me the book\_\_\_\_\_you talked about yesterday?

—Sure,here you are.

A.which      B.what      C. who

7、—Last night I said hello to you in the street,but you didn't answer me.

---I \_\_\_\_\_ out with my parents.Maybe it was too crowded to see you.

A.am hanging      B.was hanging      C.will hang      D.have hung

8、Recently people in China\_\_\_\_\_take much money on shopping because they often use Alipay(支付宝)

A.needn't      B. shouldn't      C. mustn't      D.can't

9、singers

**A.climbs    B.parents    C.works**

10、 Which of the following words has a different stress pattern (重音) from the others?

A.dirty B.baseball C.country D.fifteen

## II. 完形填空

11、 完形填空先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Rich or poor,young or old,we all have problems.We can easily become unhappy \_\_\_\_\_ we solve our problems. \_\_\_\_\_ about our problems can affect (影响) how we do things at school or at home.So how do we deal with our problems?

Most of us have. \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ been angry with our friends,parents or teachers.Perhaps they said something you didn't like, or you felt they didn't understand you.Sometimes,people can stay angry for years about a small problem.Times goes by,and good friendships may. \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_

When we're angry,however,we are usually the ones affected.Have you ever seen young children playing together?But they fight very soon,and decide not to talk to each other.However,this usually doesn't. \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ for long.They become good friends again.This is an important. \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ for us that we can solve a problem by learning to forget.

Many students often complain about school.They might feel they have too much work to do sometimes,or think the rules are too \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_.We must learn how to change these "problems" into "challenges".As young adults,it's our duty to \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ our best to deal with challenges with the help of our teachers.

By comparing yourself to other people,you will find your problems are not so \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_.Think about Stephen Hawking, for example,a very clever scientist.He can't walk or even speak, \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ he thinks his physical problems unimportant. Now he is known as a great scientist in the world.Maybe we are quite healthy and smart.Let's not worry about our problems.Let's face the challenges instead.

1.A.unless B.if C.when D.as

2.A. Worry B.Worrying C. Worried D. Worries

3.A.always B.mostly C.probably D.seldom

4.A.lose B.be lost C.keep D.be kept

5.A.last B.do C.produce D.make

6.A.program B.tool C.class D.lesson

7.A.kind B.strict C.weak D.free

8.A.try B.have C.put D.keep

9.A.helpful B.cheerful C.useless D.terrible

10.A.so B.or C.but D.an

### III . 语法填空

12、根据短文内容及所给提示，补全文中单词或用所给单词的正确形式填空。

My best friend Michael is a 15-year-old boy. We are in the same class. He works very h1. He is never late for school and he does well in all his 2. (lesson). He is always ready to help others. My math is very poor, so he often helps me w3. it after class. His parents are both teachers and they are really b4., so he often helps do the housework at home.

He is a little shorter but he is 5. (strong) than me. He likes playing football very much at school. We often play football t6. and he plays it well. But I'm more 7. (interest) in art. He gets on well with our classmates. Everyone in our class 8. (like) him. But now it's time to graduate and we are going to leave school.

Michael and I are going to 9. (difference) high schools. In the future, he wants to be a policeman and I hope to be a 10. (music). We believe our friendship will be forever.

#### IV. 阅读理解

##### A

13、 Different weather makes people feel different. It influences health, intelligence (智力) and feelings.

In August, it is very hot and wet in the southern part of the United States. People there have heart trouble and other kinds of health problems during this month. In the Northeast and the Middle West, it is very hot at some times and very cold at other times. People in these states (州) have more heart trouble after the weather changes in February or March. The weather can also influence intelligence. For example, in a 1983 report by scientists, IQ (智商) of a group of students was very high when a very strong wind came, but after the strong wind, their IQ was 10% lower. The wind can help people have more intelligence. Very hot weather, on the other hand, can make it lower. Students in many schools of the United States often get worse on exams in the hot months of the year (July and August).

Weather also has a strong influence on people's feelings. Winter may be a bad time for thin people. They usually feel cold during these months. They might feel unhappy during cold weather. But fat people may have a hard time in hot summer. At about 18°C, people become stronger.

Low air pressure (气压) may make people forgetful (健忘). People leave more bags on buses and in shops on low-pressure days. People feel best at a temperature of about 18°C.

Are you feeling sad, tired, forgetful, or unhappy today? It may be the weather's problem.

1. What can cause problems on health?

A. Hot and wet weather

B. A strong wind

C. Warm weather

D. Low air pressure

2. A report shows that people may have more intelligence when \_\_\_\_\_ comes.

A. rain

B. a strong wind

**C.very hot weather**

**D.low air pressure**

**3. The writer wants to tell us that \_\_\_\_\_**

A.hot and cold weather influences all people in the same way

B.weather influences people's behavior

C.IQ changes when weather changes

D.people feel good on low pressure days

4.Which is the best title (标题) for this passage?

A.Hot Weather Causes Health Problems

B.Different Weather Makes People Feel Bad

C.Weather Influences Feelings

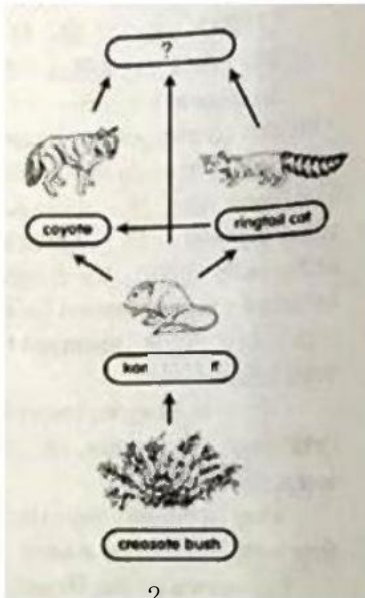
D.Weather influences Health,Intelligence and Feelings

B

14、 All living things need energy to live and grow.This energy comes first from the sun.Plants use water and sunlight to make their own food.Animals can not make their own food,and they eat plants.Other animals then eat the plant eaters.

A food chain shows what eats what.It might show that zebras eat grass and then lions eat zebras.

Lions also eat other animals.Zebras eat other kinds of plants.So it takes more than one food chain to show how lions and zebras get their energy.



A food web shows how food chains work together.From it we can see how energy moves from plants to animals.

Plants and animals that live in hot,dry deserts depend on water as well as food.Creosote bushes have small leaves that hold water.Their seeds provide food and water for kangaroo rats.Kangaroo rats don't need to drink water.They get all the water they need from the plants they eat.Kangaroo rats keep cool by coming out only at night to look for food. Ringtail cats also come out only at night.Ringtail cats hunt and eat kangaroo rats.Coyotes eat both the kangaroo rats and the ringtail cats.

Nothing is wasted in a food web. Vultures eat dead animals. Vultures are scavengers. Scavengers do not hunt and kill other animals to get food. They eat animals that are already dead. When a ringtail cat or a coyote dies, it makes a meal for the vultures. Scavengers do an important job in keeping the environment clean.

1. Where does the energy that living things need first come from?

A. Animals.      B. Plants.      C. The sun.      D. Plant eaters.

2. Why do ringtail cats come out only at night?

A. Because they are afraid of coyotes.      B. Because they are shy animals.

C. Because it is very hot in the daytime.      D. Because they can eat kangaroo rats.

3. What kind of animal can be placed in the empty box of the picture?

A. Kangaroo.      B. Vulture.      C. Cat      D. Zebra.

4. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

A. Lions eat different kinds of animals.      B. Plants are on the top of the food chain.

C. Scavengers can keep the environment clean.      D. Some animals get water from the plants they eat.

5. What's the best title of the passage?

A. Web of life      B. Things that we eat

C. Food in the desert      D. The place where food is from

C

15. If you ask your parents: "Did you buy salt recently?" They might either say: "Yes, we bought more salt than usual", or "No, we couldn't find any in the market."

This is because of the recent craze (狂热) of salt buying in China. In big cities like Beijing, Shanghai and Shenzhen, salt almost sold out in only one night.

After the big earthquake in Japan on March 11, there was a nuclear leak (核泄漏). And rumors (传言) about whether it will affect our daily life appeared: first, iodized (含碘的) salt can keep us from the dangers of radiation (辐射); second, there will be less sea-salt in the ocean because of the nuclear pollution.

Both the government and experts said the rumors were not true, but people still bought as much salt as possible. Why?

Many salt-buyers didn't really care or know what experts or the government were saying. That was the real reason behind the craze of salt buying.

On March 20, the government said the salt market is back to normal. And most of China's salt is from lakes, not the ocean.

Now, many people want to return the salt they bought. "There is no reason why those people should get their money back," an article in Xinhua Daily Telegraph said. "They made the craze in the first place."



Perhaps people should learn a lesson from the salt: don't believe everything you

hear.



1.The recent craze of salt buying in China happened because of \_\_\_\_\_

- A.the earthquake
- B.the rumors
- C.the shortage (缺乏) of salt

2.When did the rumors start?

- A.On March 11.
- B.After March 11.
- C.On March 20.

3.According to the passage most of China's salt is from \_\_\_\_\_

- A.lakes
- B.the ocean
- C.rivers

4.Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?

- A.People believed what the government and experts said first.
- B.People could return the salt and got back their money later.
- C.Salt almost sold out in only one night because of the rumors.

5.The passage tells us that \_\_\_\_\_

- A.we can't believe everything we hear
- B.there must be a nuclear leak after an earthquake
- C.only iodized salt can keep us from the dangers of radiation

D

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