

浙江省 2024 年初中学业水平考试

潮汐组合·甬真卷 1 号作品·潮卷英语试题

第一部分听力（共三节，满分 20 分）

第一节听小对话回答问题（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. At home.
- B. At a restaurant.
- C. At school.

2. How does Kate go to school every day?

- A. By bike.
- B. By bus.
- C. On foot.

3. What's the date today?

- A. March 7.
- B. March 8.
- C. March 9.

4. Whose party will the woman go to?

- A. Joe's.
- B. John's.
- C. Ann's.

5. Which dictionary will Jimmy buy?

- A. The one for 5 pounds.
- B. The one for 8 pounds.
- C. The one for 11 pounds.

第二节听较长对话回答问题（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 5 分）

听下面 2 段对话。每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前，你有时间阅读各小题，每小题 5 秒钟。听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第 6 至 7 两小题。

6. Where does Greg want to go on his way home?

A. To the fruit store.

B. To the mall.

C. To the supermarket.

7. What does Greg love to buy?

A. Vegetables.

B. Bananas.

C. Strawberries.

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第 8 至 10 三小题。

8. How many problems does Li Hua have in learning English?

A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

9. When may Li Hua go to join the English club?

A. On Mondays.

B. On Wednesdays.

C. On Fridays.

10. How does Alice think Li Hua can get his pronunciation right?

A. By reading word groups.

B. By joining an English club.

C. By listening to English songs.

第三节听短文回答问题（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 10 分）

听下面短文，短文后有五个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听短文前，你有时间阅读各小题，每小题 5 秒钟。听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。短文读两遍。

11. How many people were there in the family according to the passage?

A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.

12. What did Tyler write with on the wall?

A. A pen. B. A brush. C. A crayon.

13. Why didn't Dad stop Tyler writing on the wall?

A. Because he was not back home.

B. Because he was making a call.

C. Because he was painting a picture.

14. What did it show as the mother called out her son's full name?

- A. She was getting angry with her son.
- B. She was playing a game with her son.
- C. She tried to show her love for her son.

15. How did the mum feel after seeing what was on the wallpaper?

- A. Moved and sorry. B. Even angrier. C. Sorry about the wallpaper.

第二部分阅读理解（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中选出最佳选项。

A

In 2023, a group of young people did great in literature (文学), sports, astronomy (天文学) and more. They became role models for young Chinese. Here, let's share three of their stories.

	Showing Excellence on the International Stage Cui Chenxi became China's youngest-ever Asian Games gold medalist (金牌获得者) after the 15-year-old skateboarder won the women's street event at the 19th Asian Games Hangzhou 2022 on Sept. 27. Cui only took up skateboarding in 2020. Within a year, she took part in professional-level events. Earlier in 2023, Cui got the 30th spot in the women's street event at the World Street Skateboarding Championships.
	Winning an International Sci-fi (科幻的) Award Chinese writer Hai Ya was born in 1990. His sci-fi novel <i>The Space-Time Painter</i> won the Hugo Award (雨果奖) on Oct. 21. He is the third Chinese writer to win this big award. When creating <i>The Space-Time Painter</i>, Hai Ya drew his idea from a famous painting-<i>A Panorama of Rivers and Mountains</i> (《千里江山图》). Hai Ya's works mix history and science fiction. They find a perfect balance in his novels.
	Flying to Space On Dec. 21, Shenzhou XI crew members made their first spacewalk outside the Tiangong space station. Tang Shengjie was one of them. He wanted to be an astronaut from a young age. At the age of 34, he became the youngest Chinese astronaut to go on a spacewalk. In July, 2008, Tang joined the Aviation University of Air Force. That was his first step towards becoming a "blue sky warrior (蓝天勇士)".

1. Which latest event took place in 2023 according to the passage?

A. Flying to Space.

B. Winning an International Sci-fi Award.

C. Winning the Women's Street Event at the 19th Asian Games Hangzhou 2022.

D. Getting the 30th Spot at the World Street Skateboarding Championships.

2. Who became the youngest role models for young Chinese?

A. Hai Ya.

B. Tang Shengjie.

C. Hugo.

D. Cui Chenxi.

3. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the passage?

A. Cui Chenxi took part in professional-level events earlier in 2023.

B. The Space-Time Painter mixes history and science fiction.

C. A Panorama of Rivers and Mountains won the Hugo Award.

D. Tang Shengjie succeeded in going on a spacewalk in July, 2008.

【答案】1. A2. D3. B

【解析】

【导语】本文介绍了3位分别在体育、文学和天文学领域取得突出成就的年轻人，分别是：崔晨曦、海澍和唐圣洁。

【1题】

细节理解题。根据“Cui Chenxi became China's youngest-ever ...at the 19th Asian Games Hangzhou 2022 on Sept. 27.”、“His sci-fi novel The Space-Time Painter won the Hugo Award (雨果奖) on Oct. 21.”、“Earlier in 2023, Cui got the 30th spot in the women's street event at the World Street Skateboarding Championships.”和“On Dec. 21, Shenzhou XI crew members made their first spacewalk outside the Tiangong space station.”可知，12月21日神舟十一号宇航员在天宫空间站外进行了他们的第一次太空行走是最新事件。故选A。

【2题】

细节理解题。根据“Cui Chenxi became China's youngest-ever Asian Games gold medalist (金牌获得者) after the 15-year-old skateboarder won the women's street event”、“Chinese writer Hai Ya was born in 1990.”、“At the age of 34, he became the youngest Chinese astronaut to go on a spacewalk.”可知，崔晨曦的年龄最小。故选D。

【3题】

细节理解题。根据“Hai Ya's works mix history and science fiction.”可知，海澍的作品《时空画师》融合了历史和科幻，选项B表述正确。故选B。

B

“Do you like my dress?” she asked a passing stranger. “My mommy made it just for me,” she said with tears in

her eyes.

“I think it’s very pretty, but why are you crying?”

The girl answered in a low voice, “Mommy passed away after making this dress for me.”

Finally the woman realized what the child meant. She gently held the child in her arms. Then suddenly the little girl stopped crying, stepped back and began to sing softly. ____▲____ After the child stopped singing, she explained to the lady, “My mommy sang that song to me before she went away, and she made me promise to sing it whenever I started crying and it would make me stop.”

“See,” she said, “it did, and now my eyes are dry!”

As the woman turned to go, the little girl stopped her. “Madam, can you stay just a minute? I want to show you something.”

“Of course,” she answered.

Pointing to a spot on her dress, she said, “Right here is where my mommy kissed my dress,” pointing to another spot, “and here is another kiss, and here, and here. Mommy said that she put all those kisses there so that I would have her kisses for everything that made me cry.”

Then the lady realized that she wasn’t just looking at a dress. No, she was looking at a mother who knew that she was going away and would not be there to kiss away the hurt that she knew her daughter would get. So she took all the love for her beautiful little girl and put it into this dress that her child now so proudly wore.

She no longer saw a little girl in a simple dress. She saw a child wrapped in her mother’s love.

4. Which of the following best explains the underlined words “passed away” in Paragraph 3?

- A. left home B. died C. fell asleep D. ran away

5. What did the little girl promise her mother?

- A. To sing a special song when she cried.
B To stop crying at once and start singing instead.
C. To ask strangers for help whenever she felt sad or upset.
D. To keep all of her feelings inside and never show them again.

6. Which of the following can be put into ____▲____ in Paragraph 4?

- A. The little girl began to cry sadly again.
B. The woman disliked to listen to her carefully.
C. The little girl showed her dress to the woman.
D. It was the sweetest sound the woman had ever heard.

7. What did this woman finally understand?

- A. The true meaning of the song.
- B. The earliest design of this dress.
- C. The true meaning behind the special dress.
- D. The little girl's mommy had told the girl nothing.

【答案】4. B5. A6. D7. C

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了一位去世母亲对孩子的爱。

【4 题】

词句猜测题。根据“Mommy passed away after making this dress for me.”以及结合全文内容，可知 passed away 意思是“去世”，故选 B。

【5 题】

细节理解题。根据“My mommy sang that song to me before she went away, and she made me promise to sing it whenever I started crying and it would make me stop.”可知妈妈让小女孩发誓，每当哭的时候，就唱这首歌，这会让自己停下来不哭。故选 A。

【6 题】

推理判断题。根据“Then suddenly the little girl stopped crying, stepped back and began to sing softly.”可知此处描述小女孩在唱歌，因此选项 D“这是这位女士听过的最甜美的声音。”符合，故选 D。

【7 题】

细节理解题。根据“She no longer saw a little girl in a simple dress. She saw a child wrapped in her mother's love.”可知这个女人明白了这件特殊裙子背后的真正含义。故选 C。

C

Have you ever unlocked a shared bike? Have you ever ordered a meal online? Have you ever enjoyed watching the short-form videos on the Internet? Well, if no one had invented the cell phone, none of these would have been possible.

Luckily, someone did invent the cell phone. That person is Martin Cooper, and he did that 51 years ago, in 1973.

Cooper used to work for Motorola. In the 1970s, the company was competing with AT&T, a larger company, to make a cell phone system. Cooper didn't think Motorola's product was good enough. He didn't like AT&T's idea of a car phone, either. The man had a new idea. He wanted to make it possible for people to talk on their phones anywhere.

It took Cooper and his team 90 days to design the world's first cell phone. The product was called Dyna TAC. People could talk on it for 25 minutes before its battery (电池) died. The phone's short battery life wasn't a big

problem, Cooper once joked. Why? Well, the phone was too heavy (1,100 grams) to hold in hand for more than 25 minutes!

On 3 April, 1973. Cooper made the world's first public cell phone call. He called Joel Engel, an AT&T manager. Cooper told Engel, "I'm calling you on a cell phone. It's a real, hand held cell phone." On the other end of the line, there was only silence.

Cell phones have changed a lot since that first call. They're much smaller and can do many more things. Cooper, now 96, is surprised at the progress.

But the man has also kept thinking about life in the future. "Keep learning all your life," he says, "or you'll lose the ability to learn-that would be terrible!"

8. Why does the writer raise three questions in the first paragraph?

- A. To list the usage of cell phones.
- B. To show the importance of cell phones.
- C. To do a survey about what people use their cell phones for.
- D. To do a survey about whether people can use their cell phones in a proper way.

9. What was the big problem that Cooper needed to solve according to his joke in Paragraph 4?

- A. The weight of the cell phone.
- B. The usages of the cell phone.
- C. The battery life of the cell phone.
- D. The appearance design of the cell phone.

10. Why did Engel keep silent when Cooper called him by using the cell phone?

- A. Because Engel couldn't hear clearly on the line.
- B. Because Cooper didn't make the cell phone better.
- C. Because Engel was busy designing his cell phone.
- D. Because Cooper invented the cell phone before AT&T could.

11. Which can be the best title for the passage?

- A. Keep Learning All Your Life
- B. Rapid Development of the Cell Phone
- C. The Father of the Cell Phone
- D. The Competition Between Cooper and Engel

【答案】8. B9. A10. D11. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了第一部手机的发明。

【8 题】

推理判断题。根据第一段“Have you ever unlocked a shared bike? Have you ever ordered a meal online? Have you ever enjoyed watching the short-form videos on the Internet? Well, if no one had invented the cell phone, none of these would have been possible.”可知，作者在第一段提出三个问题是为了显示手机的重要性。故选 B。

【9 题】

细节理解题。根据第四段“It took Cooper and his team 90 days to design the world’s first cell phone. The product was called Dyna TAC. People could talk on it for 25 minutes before its battery (电池) died. The phone’s short battery life wasn’t a big problem, Cooper once joked. Why? Well, the phone was too heavy (1,100 grams) to hold in hand for more than 25 minutes!”可知，根据第 4 段中的笑话，库珀需要解决的大问题是手机的重量。故选 A。

【10 题】

细节理解题。根据第五段“On 3 April, 1973, Cooper made the world’s first public cell phone call. He called Joel Engel, an AT&T manager. Cooper told Engel, ‘I’m calling you on a cell phone. It’s a real, hand held cell phone. On the other end of the line, there was only silence.’”可知，库珀用手机打电话给恩格尔时，他保持沉默是因为库珀比美国电话电报公司先发明了手机。故选 D。

【11 题】

标题归纳题。通读全文，本文主要讲述了第一部手机的发明过程。故文章的最佳标题应是“手机之父”。故选 C。

D

We go to bed when we’re tired. Sometimes, however, we wake up feeling tired even though we’ve slept for ten hours. Should we get more sleep then?

We go through life thinking we’ve rested as long as we’ve gotten enough sleep. But in fact, rest is much more than our nightly hours of shut-eye. Many of us are missing out on the other types of rest that we badly need.

The first type of rest we need is physical rest. It can be passive or active. Passive physical rest refers to sleeping, while active physical rest includes activities like yoga (瑜伽). These activities help your body relax.

Have you ever heard your parents or others complain that they have a hard time focusing on their work? Have they ever said that when they lie down at night to sleep, they have trouble “turning off” their brains as conversations from the day fill their thoughts? These people need mental rest. You can advise them to take a short break every two hours during their workday. These breaks remind them to slow down a bit.

The third type of rest is sensory rest. Bright lights, computer screens and background noise can make our senses feel tired. But this problem is easy to solve. You can close your eyes for a minute in the middle of the day or put away

your electronics for a while.

Then comes creative rest. Allowing yourself to take in the beauty of nature—even if it's just at a local park—provides you with this type of rest. You can also place your favorite artwork around your desk. Enjoying art is another great way to get creative rest.

The last two types of rest we need are social rest and emotional rest. Spend some time with people who can provide help. Try to open up to them and share the hard things that have been troubling you lately.

Now you know we need much more than a good night's sleep to feel well-rested. It's time for us to focus on getting the right type of rest we need.

12. How many types of rest are mentioned in this passage?

- A. Four. B. Five. C. Six. D. Seven.

13. What can we do if computer screens and background noise make our senses feel tired?

- A. Close our eyes for a minute or put away our electronics.
B. Take a short break every two hours during our workday.
C. Get more than ten hours' sleep and do activities like yoga.
D. Open up to our friends and share the hard things we have met.

14. How do we get a creative break?

- ①by taking a short break ②by enjoying our favorite artwork ③by closing our eyes
④by admiring natural beauty ⑤by talking with people who can help us

- A. ①⑤ B. ②③ C. ④⑤ D. ②④

15. What's the writer's purpose according to the passage?

- A. To realize the importance of the right type of rest.
B. To explain the reason why all of us can hardly sleep well.
C. To tell we need not only sleep but also the right type of rest.
D. To show we'll feel energetic if we sleep more than 10 hours a day.

【答案】12. C13. A14. D15. C

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍几种休息的类型，包括身体休息、心理休息、感官休息、创意休息以及社交和情感休息等。

【12题】

细节理解题。根据第五段中的“The third type of rest is sensory rest.”、第六段中的“Then comes creative rest.”以及第七段中的“The last two types of rest we need are social rest and emotional rest.”

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/385313030033011140>