

山东省日照市 2020 年中考英语试题

学校：_____ 姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 考号：_____

1. As the saying goes, "Where there is a will, there is a _____."

A. wish B. road C. way D. key

2. It's good for us to _____ a good habit of reading.

A. develop B. choose C. accept D. pick

3. Children _____ be told not to swim alone in the river.

A. can B. may C. must D. might

4. I tried many ways, but _____ of them worked.

A. all B. both C. neither D. none

5. —Lily looks down these days.

—She has lost a watch which is _____ for her.

A. enjoyable B. valuable C. available D. comfortable

6. _____ the traffic was heavy, we still got to the railway station on time.

A. As B. Unless C. When D. Although

7. It's necessary for kids to learn to spend money _____.

A. easily B. cheaply C. wisely D. quickly

8. —Let's go for a walk.

—But I _____ my work yet.

A. don't finish B. won't finish C. didn't finish D. haven't

finished

9. The 32nd Olympic Games have been _____ to 2021 because of the outbreak of COVID-19.

A. put away B. put out C. put off D. put up

10. My friend asked me _____ this 5G mobile phone.

A. where I bought B. where did I buy C. where I buy D. where do I buy

Tony is a warm-hearted repairman, who lost his job again a few months ago. He was really 11 applying for (申请) a new job.

One day, he brought together all his courage to go to a job interview. The interview was at 10 a. m. and it was already 8: 30. While waiting for a bus, he saw a man 12 kicking one tyre (轮胎) of his car. Clearly, there was something wrong with the car. Tony 13 to help.

An hour later, Tony finished repairing the car, getting his shirt dirty. The man thanked him and wanted to pay for the 14. "I was just helping out," Tony 15. "I have to rush for an interview now," he added. "Well, I could take you there. It's the 16 I could do, please!" the man insisted (坚持). Then Tony agreed.

While waiting in the long line of the applicants (应聘者) 17 his dirty shirt, Tony felt embarrassed and nervous. One by one, the applicants left the interviewer's office with 18 looks on their faces. Finally his name was called.

The 19 was sitting on big chair with his back towards Tony. "Do you really need to be interviewed?" he asked. Tony's heart sank (下沉). "With the way I 20 now, how could I possibly 21 this interview?" he thought to himself.

Then the interviewer 22 his chair. To Tony's surprise, it was the man he helped earlier in the morning!

"Sorry to keep you waiting, but I was pretty sure I had made the 23 decision to have you in our company even 24 you came into this office. I just know you'd be a good worker I can 25. Congratulations!"

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 11. A. afraid of | B. interested in | C. crazy about | D. sure of |
| 12. A. excitedly | B. slowly | C. hardly | D. angrily |
| 13. A. provided | B. offered | C. asked | D. promised |
| 14. A. car | B. tyre | C. work | D. time |
| 15. A. refused | B. accepted | C. agreed | D. avoided |
| 16. A. most | B. best | C. least | D. worst |
| 17. A. in | B. for | C. with | D. of |
| 18. A. satisfied | B. disappointed | C. worried | D. pleased |
| 19. A. clerk | B. customer | C. applicant | D. interviewer |
| 20. A. talk | B. stand | C. look | D. wait |
| 21. A. fail | B. pass | C. lose | D. win |
| 22. A. knocked | B. broke | C. shook | D. turned |
| 23. A. wrong | B. right | C. silly | D. careful |
| 24. A. until | B. after | C. before | D. since |
| 25. A. trust | B. depend | C. meet | D. praise |

Kids' Summer Jobs

Camp Counselor (辅导员)

We are looking for people to join us as a camp counselor at Cuya Outdoor School. We connect children to science through nature. Our camp counselors are energetic and supportive, and more importantly, caring team members. This is an eight-hour everyday job in the ten-day-long program during the summer.

Hours: 9: 00 a.m. ~5: 00 p.m. Pay: \$10 per hour

LEGO Engineering Instructor

Do you enjoy taking things apart and then putting them back together? If so, then this may be your dream job! We are looking for smart and creative LEGO engineering instructors.

Hours: 2: 00 p.m. ~5: 00 p.m. Pay: \$15 per hour

Teacher's Aide (助手)

We are looking for part-time teacher's aides for our Inspire Kids Pre-school in Newburgh. Teacher's aides need to prepare materials, help children finish activities and create a safe environment.

Hours: 8: 00 a.m. ~11: 00 a.m. Pay: \$100 per week

Summer Care Giver

I'm looking for someone careful and patient to watch my kids when I'm working from 11: 00 a. m. to 3: 00 p.m. I have a 7-year-old daughter, and a 5-year-old son. I am also asking you to prepare snacks and clean up the rooms.

Pay: \$150 per week

26. How much can a camp counselor make in total?

A. \$10. B. \$100. C. \$150. D. \$800.

27. To be a LEGO engineering instructor, one has to be _____.

A. caring B. creative C. energetic D. patient

28. What does a teacher's aide need to do?

A. Help children do activities. B. Teach children science.
C. Play LEGO with children. D. Prepare snacks for children.

29. What summer job can Jerry apply for if he is free from 10: 00 a.m. to 4: 00 p.m.?

A. Teacher's aide. B. Summer care giver. C. Camp counselor.
D. LEGO engineering instructor.

30. Where can you probably find this text?

A. On a website. B. In a dictionary. C. In guide book. D. In a picture book.

You might not think much about where your garbage goes. But now you might want to know. On July 1, Shanghai introduced a new garbage-sorting policy (垃圾分类政策). People there need to put different kinds of garbage into different bins. Other cities in China will do the same soon.

Garbage sorting is a big problem because there is too much garbage these days. It is bad for our environment. In fact, we can make use of some garbage again. But first, we need to sort it.

For example, if you put an old battery (电池) into the "harmful waste" bin, people can use it to make new batteries. But if you don't, the battery will end up somewhere else. Then, it will pollute the environment.

Garbage sorting and recycling around the world

Germany: There are big machines in supermarkets. You can put bottles in the machines and get money back.

Japan: A truck playing music comes to people's doors to pick up their

garbage. There are eight or more kinds of garbage. If you sort any of them wrong, you will get a notice on your door.

Indonesia: People can take buses for free if they give plastic bottles to bus-stations. An hour-long bus ride costs three large bottles.

Four kinds of garbage in Shanghai

Recyclable garbage includes paper, books, plastic items, and glass bottles. Harmful garbage includes lamps, batteries, and other things with harmful chemicals (化学品). Wet garbage usually comes from the kitchen, such as food and vegetables. Dry garbage is anything you cannot put into the other three bins, pens and towels, for example.

31. What can we learn from Paragraph 1?

- A. Many countries take Shanghai's garbage-sorting policy.
- B. Many other cities in China have garbage-sorting policies.
- C. Shanghai is the first city in China to make a garbage-sorting policy.
- D. China is the first country in the world to make a garbage-sorting policy.

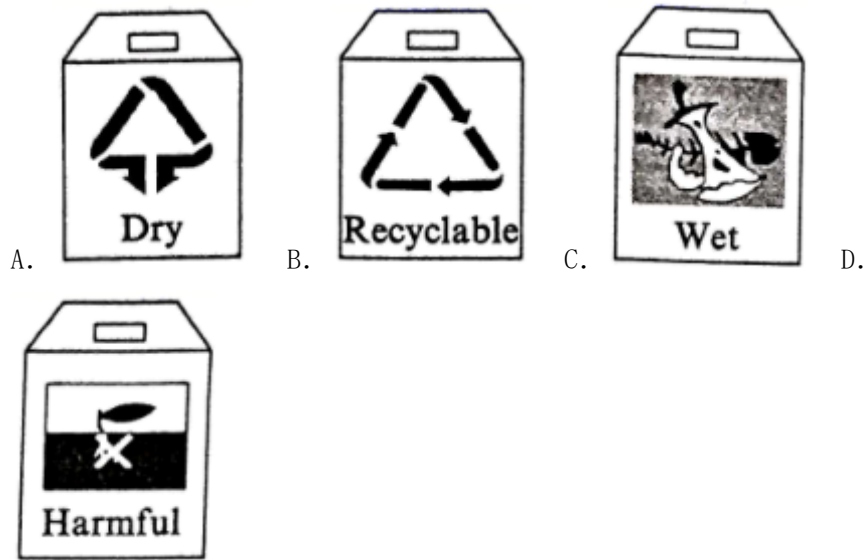
32. The writer gives the "battery" example to tell us _____.

- A. how to sort our garbage
- B. how important sorting is
- C. what harmful waste is
- D. how difficult sorting is

33. If you _____, you can take a free bus ride in Indonesia.

- A. put bottles in a machine
- B. take plastic bottles to the station
- C. get a notice on, the door
- D. put garbage into different bins

34. Which bin should "newspapers" go to?



35. Which is the best title for the passage?

- A. Sort Garbage, Save Earth B. Less Garbage, Cleaner Environment
- C. Clean Shanghai, Beautiful China D. Different Countries, Different Policies

A yearbook is a tradition of high school life in the United States. The book contains (包含) the name, photo, and signature (签名) of each student in your final year, so that you can remember who you went to school with. A 15-year-old girl Catherine Cook and her brother David wanted more than this. They thought, "Why not have a yearbook online? You could learn about people's music tastes, the movies they like, and so on."

Catherine thought of the name—myYearbook.com, and the logo (图标). To advertise the site. Catherine and David wore T-shirts with the site logo to school and soon hundreds of their schoolmates became users of the site. She spent many evenings talking on the phone to programmers in India, and collecting ideas from her schoolmates. Then her older brother Geoff came up with the money to start up the website.

My Yearbook users can join in the fun by sending messages and "collecting" friends. They can watch the same videos from films and TV

programs, and share music, photos, homework and study guides. Some teens feel they can't make friends more easily online. Chatting online helps some shy people not to feel left out.

Users can also make "Lunch Money" by doing activities on the site. They can then spend their Lunch Money on gifts, or donate (捐赠) it to charities. They have saved 0.3 km² of rainforest, cleaned up million kg of CO₂, sent 22,000 books to Africa, and bought 20,000 kg of rice for people without enough food.

Running the website did not stop Catherine and David from finishing their schoolwork successfully, and going on to university where they still spent 50 hours a week on the site.

36. Who got the idea of setting up myYearbook.com?

- A. Geoff. B. Catherine and David. C. A US high school.
D. Indian programmers.

37. How did Catherine and David get their schoolmates to know the site?

- A. They advertised the site through videos. B. They offered chances to make money.
C. They made a phone call to every student. D. They wore T-shirts with the site logo to school.

38. MyYearbook.com is set up to help users _____.

- A. remember the school B. run a site C. learn more about each other D. make money

39. Which of the following is NOT true about "Lunch Money"?

- A. It can be donated to charities. B. It can be used to help people.
C. It can be made by doing activities at school. D. It can be used to protect the environment.

40. What is the text mainly about?

- A. The Cooks. B. A yearbook online. C. Lunch Money.
D. US high school life.



Mobile phones are one of the most useful inventions of the last 50 years, but not everything that is said about them is good. Mobiles are often believed to be the cause of a number of things from poor eyesight and headaches to house fires. There's even one theory that mobile phones should be responsible for the disappearance of bees!

The theory is that the radiation (辐射) given off by mobile phones does great harm to bees' navigation systems (导航系统). Bees have built-in system a bit like GPS and this helps them find their way back to their hives. But recently, thousands of bees have failed to find their way home. It is believed they are dying far from their hives.

The problem was first noticed by beekeepers in America and is a lot more serious than it at first seems. The important thing about bees is that most of the crops in many countries of the world are pollinated by them. Without bees, the crops can't continue to grow. Many beekeepers in Europe have reported losing between 50 and 70 percent of their bees. Jim Piper, London beekeeper, said to the reporter, "My business is becoming worse. Twenty-nine of my forty hives are now empty."

Nobody knows for sure whether the theory is true or not, but it's a

fact that bees are disappearing in very large numbers. And we can't manage without them. Einstein said that if all our bees disappeared, man would only live for four more years! If the mobile phone theory is correct, we need to do something about it right now—before it's too late.

41. What might be caused by mobiles according to Paragraph 1?

- A. Poor listening. B. The forest fires. C. The disappearance of bees. D. Terrible toothache.

42. What does the theory in the passage say?

- A. Bees have GPS inside their bodies. B. Mobiles have an influence on bees' hives.
C. The radiation makes bees unable to fly. D. The radiation makes bees lose their way home.

43. The underlined word "pollinate" probably means "_____" in Chinese.

- A. 授粉 B. 污染 C. 啃食 D. 催熟

44. What does Paragraph 3 mainly tell us?

- A. Crops will stop growing. B. Beekeepers' business is getting worse.
C. Bees' disappearing is a serious problem. D. Beekeepers in Europe found the problem first.

45. The author wrote this passage to _____.

- A. call on people to help beekeepers B. show how a bee's built-in system works
C. ask people to stop using mobiles right away D. warn people of the possible harm mobiles do to bees

46. The shop is open every day e_____ Sundays.

47. If you can't attend the meeting, I'll go i_____.
48. With the teachers' help, he has made great p_____ in his studies.
49. We are all p_____ of the achievements we've made in the past 70 years.
50. The students studying abroad had to make a c_____ whether to return or to stay.
51. Whoever breaks the law will be _____ (惩罚).
52. The job was so _____ (枯燥) that the young man finally left.
53. There is a train in now. If you run, you'll just _____ (赶上) it.
54. Our head teacher always _____ (鼓励) us to solve problems by ourselves.
55. Make sure there are no _____ (错误) in your test paper before handing it in.

Yesterday, as I was coming near the front door of our public library, a white-haired gentleman stepped back 56. (hold) the door for me. With a stick in my hand, it is not strange 57. people to do so. However, I told the gentleman that the door had an automatic (自动) opener, and that it can open by 58. (it). He said, "I thought would have a chance to be helpful." On 59. (hear) that, I stepped back, let the door close, and 60. (allow) him to reopen the door, not using the automatic control this time. That act of 61. (kind) not only got me happier but also made the gentleman feel 62. (good) about himself.

Holding the door open is a polite and thoughtful act. It can bring warmth to others whether you are at home 63. at work. Open the door for others and they will thank you. Those around you will 64. (certain) appreciate (赞赏) your good manners. Keep in mind that small deed makes 65. big difference.

Erin, an American woman, was born in Kansas. In 1990, when she was thirty years old, she was in a car accident. A law company helped her after the accident, and later she started to work for them.

Her job was to organize papers. One day Erin realized that there were lots of papers about some very sick people in a place called Hinkley. She started to look for more information about the town.

Erin worked very hard for five years. She visited lots of sick people in Hinkley and listened to their stories. All the people lived near a big factory and she discovered that there was a chemical called chromium in the local water. It was from the factory. Erin believed that the people were sick because of the chromium in their drinking water. She planned to help them.

Erin started law case(官司) against the factory. The factory didn't agree that the people were ill because of the water, but in 1996 the judge(法官) ordered the factory to pay the people in Hinkley \$500,000 each (there were about 600 sick people, so that was \$333 million in total).

In 2000, there was a film about Erin, and it was very successful. Now Erin is famous — she has her own company and she gives talks all over the world.

66. What was Erin's job in the law company?

67. How long did it take her to look for the information about Hinkley?

68. What did she find in the local water?

69. What conclusion did she come to from her research?

70. What did she do to help the sick people?

71. 假如你是李华, 你的美国朋友 Peter 因要参加高中入学考试(SSAT)而感到焦虑, 来信向你倾诉. 请你根据以下提示用英语写一封邮件, 提出建议.

1. 考试态度(放松心情、无需焦虑……);
2. 功课准备(用心做功课、学习方法恰当……);
3. 减压方式(……);
4. 表达祝愿.

要求:

1. 根据提示内容, 不要逐字翻译;
2. 文中不能出现真实的人名和校名;
3. 词数 90 左右.

Dear Peter,

I have learnt you are worried about the coming SSAT.

Yours,

Li Hua

参考答案

1. C

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意：常言道：“有志者，事竟成。”

考查名词。A. wish 愿望；B. road 马路；C. way 道路；D. key 钥匙。根据英语常识可知，Where there is a will, there is a way 为一句谚语，意为“有志者，事竟成”，故选 C。

2. A

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意：对我们来说养成一个阅读的好习惯是好的。

考查动词辨析。develop 养成；choose 选择；accept 接受；pick 拾起。固定句式：it's+形容词+for sb+to do sth”对某人来说做某事……”，动词不定式作真正的主语，根据 good 及 a good habit of reading, 可知，养成一个阅读的习惯是好的，所以空格处填 develop。故选 A。

3. C

【解析】

【详解】

句意：必须告诉孩子们不要一个人在河里游泳。

考查情态动词辨析。can 能够；may 可能；must 必须；might 可能。分析句意可知，孩子们必须被告诉不要一个人在河里游泳，故此处应用情态动词 must。故选 C。

4. D

【解析】

【详解】

句意：我试了很多方法，但都不管用。

考查代词辨析。all 三者或三者以上都；both 两者都；neither 两者都不；none 三者或三者以上都不。分析语意可知，我试了很多方法，句中 but 表转折，所以都不管用，排除 A、B 两项。由句中 many ways 可知，此处应用代词 none。故选 D。

5. B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意：——莉莉这几天情绪很低落。——她弄丢了一块对她很有价值的手表。

考查形容词辨析。enjoyable 令人愉快的；valuable 有价值的；available 可得到的，可用的；comfortable 舒适的。根据句子结构，此句是一个定语从句，先行词是 a watch。根据 Lily looks down these days, 可知，莉莉弄丢的了一块很有价值的手表，所以她情绪很低落，故选 B。

6. D

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意：尽管交通拥挤，我们还是准时到达了火车站。

考查连词。A. As 因为；B. Unless 除非；C. When 当……时；D. Although 尽管。根据 we still got to the railway station on time 可知，该句与上文 the traffic was heavy

之间为让步关系, 故应用连词 Although, 故选 D.

7. C

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意: 对于孩子们来说学会理智地花钱是有必要的.

考查副词辨析. easily 容易地; cheaply 便宜地; wisely 理智地; quickly 快速地. 根据句子结构可知, 此处这个副词修饰空前的动词 spend, 结合常识可知, 这里应表示”理智花费”, 因此 C 选项意思符合语境, 故选 C.

8. D

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意: ——我们去散步吧. ——但是我还没有完成工作.

考查动词时态辨析. don't finish 一般现在时; won't finish 一般将来时; didn't finish 一般过去时; haven't finished 现在完成时. 句中 yet 表示”还”, 通常与现在完成时连用, 所以空格处填 haven't finished. 故选 D.

9. C

【解析】

【详解】

句意: 由于新冠肺炎的爆发, 第 32 届奥运会被推迟到 2021 年.

考查动词短语. put away 把……收起来; put out 熄灭; put off 推迟; put up 张贴. 分析句意

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/388004066072006032>