22—23—1 初二英语期中学业质量调研

注意事项：

1． 本试卷共 9 大题，满分 100 分，考试用时 100 分钟，

2． 答题前，请将你的学校、姓名、准考证号用 0． 5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔填写在答题卡相对应的位置上；并用 2B 铅笔认真正确填涂准考证号下方的数字．

3． 答选择题必须用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应的答案标号涂黑，如需改动，请用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其它答案；答非选择题必须用 0． 5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔写在答题卡指定的位置上，不在答题区域内的答案一律无效，不得用其它笔答题．

4． 答题必须答在答题卡上，答在试卷和草稿纸上一律无效。

一、听力（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分）第一部分听对话回答问题

本部分共有 10 道小题，每小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读题目。听完后，你还有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

略

二、单项填空（本大题共 10 小题：每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）请认真阅读下列各题，从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可填入空白处的最佳选项。

1． Earth is _____ only home to everyone．Let’s try to make it_____greener world to live in．

A． a；a　　B． the；a　　C． a；the　　D． the；the

2． —I have nothing to do this evening． Shall we go for a walk?

—It’s foggy． We’d better _____． Why _____ the film *Ant-Man*?

A． not walk; not to sec　　B． not to walk; not to see

C． not to walk; not see　　D． not walk; not see

3． He _____ his sick mother and his job also _____ him．

A． worries；worries　　B． worries about；worries

C． worries；worries about　　D． worries about；worries about

4． —Andrew, what are you doing over there?

—Oh, I’m _____ a poster on the wall．

A． putting away　　B． putting out　　C． putting in　　D． putting up

5． Shanghai is bigger than _____ in Jiangsu and bigger than _____ in China．

A． any city; any city　　B． any city; any other city

C． any other city; the other cities　　D． any other city; any city

6． —What do you think of the songs by Taylor Swift?

—Beautiful, and she is my favourite singer． No one has a _____ voice．

A． good　　B． bad　　C． worse　　D． better

7． —I have to say a _____ man like him has no sense of _____ at all．

— Can’t agree more．

A． bored; humorous　　B． bored: humor　　C． boring; humor　　D． boring; humorous

8． Han Han is one of _____ teenager writers today, though some old writers don’t like him very much．

A． more famous　　B． more famous　　C． the most famous　　D． famous

9． —You’d better keep the secret to _____, Millie and Lily．

—OK, Amy． Can you keep it for_____?

A． yourself, us　　B． yourselves, ourselves　　C． you, ourselves　　D． yourselves, us

10． — I think following traffic rules is very important for road safety．

— _____． Safety comes first．

A． That’s all right　　B． I am sorry　　C． I agree　　D． Sounds bad

二、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Can you imagine (想象) going to university at age 14? This year, Jia Zijun, from Henan, did that． He became the ____11____ freshman (大一新生) at Beihang University．

“I didn’t know that until I got here, and it ____12____ quite cool!” Jia told *The Paper*． Jia ____13____ the college entrance exam (高考) in June and got a total score of 642． People often think students like him must be smart． But Jia believes his success is from curiosity and good study methods．

“When I was in Grade 1, I was curious about what we were going to learn next． So I borrowed Grade 2 textbooks and learned the lessons during my summer holiday． I was ____14____ for new information,” he said． Because of this, Jia skipped (跳过) Grade 2．

As he went to high school, he found things were getting ____15____ to learn． So he started to make plans every day． Jia would also ____16____ what he learned each day before going to bed． If there was something he couldn’t ____17____ well, he’d take a look at it the next morning．

“I was not good at English in high school, so I printed the vocabulary list and stuck it onto my bed． Every morning when I woke up, I looked ____18____ the list, and it’s a good way．”

When Jia felt stressed, he had a special way to ____19____: working on math problems. "I'd find difficult problems to challenge (挑战) myself, and when I worked it out, I felt really happy."

As he told *The Paper*, he hopes he can keep his curiosity and study _____20_____ in university, and keep challenging himself to become a better person.

11.	A. youngest	B. cleverest	C. tallest	D. first
12.	A. looks	B. sees	C. feels	D. tastes
13.	A. made	B. took	C. skipped	D. left
14.	A. patient	B. thirsty	C. interested	D. excited
15.	A. better	B. harder	C. more hardly	D. more helpful
16.	A. review	B. complete	C. forget	D. think
17.	A. mention	B. get	C. speak	D. remember
18.	A. on	B. up	C. through	D. for
19.	A. check	B. support	C. laugh	D. relax
20.	A. habits	B. hobbies	C. personality	D. humor

四、阅读理解（共 12 小题：每小题 2 分，满分 24 分）

请认真阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A，B、C，D 四个选项中，选出最佳选顶。

A

Trick-or-Treat is Back This Fall in LEGOLAND!

Trick-or-Treat returns for 2022! And you won't want to miss the best Halloween sleepover ever. Join in our Trick-or-Treat event with your family members and your best friends! Don't forget that the Monster Party is newly included!

LEGOLAND New York Resort is now open in the beautiful Hudson Valley, Goshen Town, Orange County, New York City, just 60 miles northwest from the center.

Where to have fun	How to have fun
The Trick-or-Treat event will take place right at the main entrance of LEGOLAND.	√Night Shows, Monster Party and more! √In-room treasure hunt with gifts for the kids

How much to pay	
	√Separate sleeping area for kids in every room √FREE full hot breakfast daily √Your choice of LEGO themed room: Pirate, Kingdom, LEGO NINJAGO or LEGO Friends
Weekdays: Adult (16+) $80 Child (10—15) $50 Weekends: Adult (16+) $100 Child (10—15) $60	

21. Alice should pay _____ if she goes with her 11-year-old twin daughters on Saturday.

A. $120 B. $160 C. $180 D. $220

22. Children can _____ during the journey.

A. watch shows in the morning

B. hunt treasure in rooms and get gifts

C. taste hot and free dinner with monsters

D. choose a themed room from three choices

B

What should we do if one of our classmates suddenly falls ill or gets injured? Here are some tips you should follow. But always remember to seek medical care after first aid if the injury is serious.

Broken bones:

1. Take away clothing from the injured area.

2. Use an ice pack.

3. Don't move the injured body part while waiting for the doctor to arrive.

Animal bites:

1. Wash the bite area with soap and water; pack the injured area with a clean cloth.

2. If it is bleeding, cover the area with a bandage and take the person to the hospital.

3. Make sure you remember what kind of animal it is so the doctor can find the right way to treat them as

soon as possible.

Fainting（昏厥）:

1. Have him or her lie with feet lifted a little. Don't move the body if you think there might be injuries from

the fall.

2. Make sure he or she can breathe and let in fresh air.

3. Wipe the person's face with s cool towel.

Nosebleeds:

1. Have the person sit up with his or her head tilted(倾斜)forward a little. Do not have the person tilt their head back because this may cause heavy breathing or coughing.

2. Pinch(捏)the lower part of the nose (just below the bony part) for at least 10 minutes.

23. What should we do first when an animal bite happens?

A. Put an ice pack on the injured area.

B. Wash the bite area with soap and water.

C. Try to stop the bleeding with a clean cloth.

D. Take the injured person to the hospital.

24. When dealing with the problems of _____ we shouldn't move the injured.

A. broken bones and animal bites

B. animal bites and nosebleeds

C. fainting and nosebleeds

D. broken bones and fainting

25. Which part of a magazine may the passage come from?

A. Health. B. Lifestyle. C. Sports. D. Education.

C

①How do you study every day? You may answer it in one second: have classes at school, take notes and do homework. Feeling a little bored? There are other ways that can make learning interesting and varied (多样化). It's called digital learning.

②Digital learning is a way to help students learn by using the Internet. There are three main kinds of digital learning. Apps are software applications (应用). People can download them on their mobiles. The other two are social networking services, including Weibo and WeChat, and websites. Each one of them is like your teacher. They help you master what you learn at school.

③Compared with traditional learning ways, digital learning has its advantages. Digital learning is varied. It covers almost every school subject. More importantly, it always offers students the newest resources (资源) to learn from.

④Digital learning is also personalized. You can choose what you like to learn. If you don't master

what you have learned at school, you can learn again through digital ways.

⑤However, digital learning also has disadvantages. When you use digital ways to learn, you've got little chance of talking with teachers and classmates. As digital learning uses computers or smartphones, watching the screen too long may be bad for your eyes. It is better to take a rest every 20 minutes.

26. Three important kinds of digital learning are mentioned in the passage. They are _____.

①Apps ②smartphones ③computers ④websites ⑤mobiles ⑥Weibo and WeChat

A. ①②⑥ B. ①④⑥ C. ②③⑤ D. ③④⑤

27. What is the problem of digital learning?

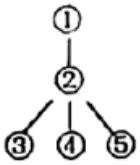
A. You can't talk with your classmates or teachers.

B. You have to use both computers and smartphones.

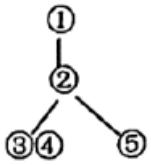
C. You can't choose what you want to learn by yourself.

D. It's impossible to learn from the newest resources.

28. What's the structure of this passage?

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

D

One of my favorite memories is of a day that was a big success for me. We were all trying to decide on a game to play. When Custard the cat pushed a football towards us with her little pink nose. "Great idea, Custard. Let's have a game of football!" shouted Peter.

"But I don't really know the rules," said Angela nervously. "Well, let's practice shooting (射门)! All you have to do is to score a goal (进球) to get a point," suggested Lily. "OK! Let's go and put our new sports clothes on!" answered May.

Peter chose two large sticks as goalposts (球门柱). Then, looking important, he said, "Since I'm the only boy here, I'll be the goalkeeper (守门员). Let's start!"

Angela was the first to shoot. She ran up to the ball and…oops! She fell over without even kicking the ball! Everyone started laughing. Lily was next. She took a great shot, but Peter made a good save. No goal! "Nice try, but I'm too good!" Peter said proudly as he threw the ball back. May tried her best, but her shot ended up wide of the goalpost. "What a pity!" said Peter, looking pleased with himself. "I didn't expect to

win, but it looks like no one can beat me, girls," said Peter.

The little boy was getting a bit too big for his boots(靴子). I would like to have a try. Peter kicked the ball to me really hard. But I quickly kicked the ball out and sent the ball between the posts! "Ooh!" cried Peter, as he tried to avoid the powerful shot. "Goal! Well done!" shouted the girls. "What's the matter, Peter? You've gone very quiet," they all cried.

29. How did Angela feel when they decided on the game?

A. Worried. B. Bored. C. Excited. D. surprised.

30. What do we know about May's shooting?

A. She fell over. B. She hit the goalpost.

C. She took a strong shot. D. She didn't shoot the ball into the goal.

31. What does the underlined (划线的) sentence probably mean?

A. Peter needed bigger shoes. B. Peter was too big for his age.

C. Peter believed in himself blindly. D. Peter was a great football player.

32. What happened at the end of the game?

A. Peter hurt his feet. B. The writer scored a goal.

C. Peter made a good save. D. The writer was knocked down.

五、信息还原（共 1 小题：每空 1 分，满分 5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Every school has some rules for students to follow. But what happens when students break the rules? In the UK, when students don't behave well at school, they will be given a warning. But if they go on behaving badly, they'll be punished (惩罚) ____33____ Generally speaking, there are five punishments in UK schools.

If you receive a detention(课后留校), you'll find yourself sitting in a room with your teacher during break, lunch or even worse, after school. ____34____ Depending on how naughty you've been, you can get two detentions in one day! If you get an isolation (隔离) education unit, you're isolated from other students. ____35____

Supervision (监督) means that you cannot take part in PE lessons. ____36____ In this way, all the teachers can always see you. It can make you really uncomfortable.

Suspension(停学) means you cannot go to school for some time. The most serious punishment you can ever receive is exclusion(开除). You can't go to the school any more. ____37____

Punishments may be a good way to discipline students somehow． If you don't want to get punished, do behave well!

A． You have to stay in a room all day to complete your lessons．

B． You have to ask for a leave and complete your lessons at home．

C． And there are a lot of ways for students to be punished．

D． You'll have to find another school to go to．

E． In other classes, you sit in the front of the class．

F． The longest time for a detention is two hours．

G． The students are punished for many reasons．

六、词汇检测（共 10 题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

请根据下列句子所给的汉语注释或首字母，写出句中所缺单词的正确形式，每空一词。

38． If you want to do a good job, you have to read these _____（指示）first．

39． _____ (混合) the fruit together can make the salad more delicious．

40． If you can't read _____（从头至尾）the question on this paper carefully, you may get low mark in this exam．

41． _____ (幸运的是), William caught the last bus to his office at last．

42． —Do you know the h_____ of this building?

—Maybe it's 40 metres tall．

请根据句意从方框中选择合适的词，并用其适当形式填空。

healthy	repair	example	wide	attend

43． My parents met each other when they _____ the same college in Nanjing twenty years ago．

44． Are you crazy about _____ things by yourself?

45． You will get much _____ If you take more exercise．

46． English is _____ used in the world．

47． It's important for parents to set a good _____ to their children．

七、短文填空（共 10 小题：每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

请认真阅读下面短文，在答题卡标有题号的横线上，填入适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

DIY, which ____48____ for "Do It Yourself", is quite popular in the UK． Lots of stores and supermarkets sell DIY things． TV programmes show people ____49____ to do DIY．

English people like DIY. About 5. 6 million people spend their holidays making their homes beautiful every year. If there is anything that needs ____50____ (fix) around their home, such as painting the walls or putting in ____51____ (shelf), they will do the jobs ____52____ (they). Moreover, ____53____ of paying someone to do things, people save money by doing DIY. People can make their houses better without spending a lot of money.

However, DIY can be difficult. There is a huge market for DIY furniture. People need to get together pieces of furniture ____54____ some tools. DIY can also be dangerous. For example, anything electrical(带电的) should be done by a professional(专业的) worker. ____55____ (luck), many people don't care about this warning and put themselves in danger. It is reported that in just one year, 23,000 people were hurt when ____56____ (do) DIY in the UK.

Therefore, DIY can bring us fun and help us save money, but it is not always as easy as it looks. Maybe factories should make products (产品) that are _____57_____ (easy) and safer for us to do DIY. All in all, it is still worth trying.

八、阅读表达（共 3 小题，其中 73 题 1 分，74 题 2 分，75 题 3 分，满分 6 分）

请认真阅读下而短文，川英语回答短文后的问题，并将答案写在横线上。

Jiang Mengnan, a girl from Chenzhou, Hunan, received the Touching China Person of the Year Award for 2021.

Jiang Mengnan was born in 1992 in Mangshan, Chenzhou. When she was six months old, she was found unable to speak. Three months later, she was diagnosed (诊断) with heavy loss of hearing in two ears and the doctors said they couldn't cure her.

Since then, Jiang Mengnan's world has been silent. Her parents, who are both teachers, didn't want their lovely daughter to be a deaf—mute (聋哑人) all her life. In order to make the girl speak, they tried all possible ways. At last, they decided to teach her vocalization (发声) and lipreading (唇语). In this way, Mengnan learned to understand others and even learned to talk with others, though it was a long and hard process.

With her great efforts. Jiang Mengnan finished her primary and secondary education smoothly. In 2011, she got into Jilin University and in 2018 she stated to study in School of Life Sciences, Tsinghua University. Jiang Mengnan can't be a doctor because of her hearing loss but she wants to help people with illness, so she chose Pharmacy as her major (专业). Though she is disabled, she has done what common people can't do. Her story makes us believe the saying, "Where there is a will, there is a way."

58. Why can't Jiang Menghan be a doctor?

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：https://d.book118.com/398121110121006051