

河南省 TOP 二十名校 2024 届高三学期 5 月联考猜题卷

英 语

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How will Lily go to London?

A. By plane. B. By taxi. C. By train.

2. Where are the speakers?

A. At home. B. In a hotel. C. In a supermarket.

3. Which tour would the woman like to choose?

A. A night tour. B. A half-day tour. C. A full-day tour.

4. What does the woman decide to do?

A. Turn to her sister. B. Learn by herself. C. Take a training course.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

A. How to stay in shape. B. How to spend a holiday. C. How to cheer themselves up.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. Manager and chef. B. Waiter and customer. C. Husband and wife.

7. How does the woman feel at the end of the conversation?

A. Happy. B. Thankful. C. Disappointed.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. What did the woman do last week?

A. She bought a dress. B. She attended a wedding. C. She borrowed some money.

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9. Who is Jenny?

A. The woman's friend. B. The man's colleague. C. The speakers' daughter.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What is the woman doing?

A. Making a complaint. B. Interviewing a customer. C. Planning for a beach holiday.

11. Why was the man dissatisfied with the first hotel?

A. It wasn't near a beach. B. It didn't offer breakfast. C. It was too noisy outside.

12. Where did the man live for the second night?

A. In Moon Hotel. B. In White Hotel. C. In Seven Cloud Hotel.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Why does Paul refuse to go to Russia with his parents?

A. He enjoys being alone.

B. He has much work to do.

C. He needs to meet the woman.

14. How many people will be there at the woman's house on Thursday?

A. Four. B. Five. C. Eight.

15. What will the woman's sister prepare?

A. Dessert. B. Vegetables. C. Fruits.

16. Who plans to take a bottle of wine to the woman's house?

A. The man. B. The man's sister. C. The woman's brother.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What had the gentleman been doing on the beach?

A. Receiving training. B. Taking pictures. C. Playing with friends.

18. Who found the ring at last?

A. John Lively. B. Isaiah Krekeler. C. Shon McCluskey.

19. How long did it take to discover the ring with a detector?

A. About 9 seconds. B. About 15seconds. C. About 45seconds.

20. What does the police mean in the end?

A. What the teen did matters a lot.

B. The owner wanted to pay forward.

C. They had used the metal detector before.

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

At Reader's Digest, we understand a holiday is never just a holiday. It's visiting new and inspiring places, enabling you to experience different cultures, broaden minds and discover the unknown. It's something exciting to look forward to and talk about when you get home. It's making memories that will last a lifetime.

Travel more in 2024

There's so much to discover with our trusted travel partner, Travel Department. As experts in guided group travel, and with nearly 30 years' experience in crafting beautifully arranged and inspirational trips, the staff offer a vast range of European destinations to travel to.

Their tours include flights, accommodation, transfers and guided trips plus free days with the opportunity to explore at your own pace.

And the best bit? The savings available! There are some incredible exclusive offers on 2024 holidays for Reader's Digest subscribers, so decide on your destination and book today.

CLICK HERE TO VIEW OUR 2024 TRAVEL BROCHURE—OVER 40 OFFERS!

Reader's Digest Exclusive Offer—Save up to £100 per person

Travel Department is delighted to offer subscribers of Reader's Digest discounts on their holiday!

Use promo code (优惠码): RD100 and receive £100pp*off any holiday of 8 nights or more.

Use promo code: RD60 and receive £60pp off any holiday of 7 nights

Use promo code: RD30 and receive £30pp off any holiday of 6 night s or less.

Offer applies to ALL NEW BOOKINGS for 2024*£100 off per person applies to holidays of 8 nights or more. For full terms, visit Travel Department.

1. From which is the text probably taken?

- A. A magazine. B. A web page.
C. A book guide. D. A shopping list.

2. Who can get the promo codes for discounts on travel bookings?

- A. Experienced authors. B. Experts in group travel.

C. Reader's Digest subscribers. D. Publishers of Reader's Digest.

3. How much can a couple save with promo codes for a holiday of 7 nights?

A. £60. B. £100. C. £120. D. £200.

【答案】1. B 2. C 3. C

【语篇解读】这是一篇应用文。短文主要是关于 Reader's Digest 与 Travel Department 合作，为 Reader's Digest 的订阅者提供了一系列的旅行优惠。

【1 题详析】

推理判断题。根据文中句子“CLICK HERE TO VIEW OUR 2024 TRAVEL BROCHURE—OVER 40 OFFERS!”（点击这里查看我们 2024 年的旅行手册——超过 40 个优惠！）可知，这是一个网页上的广告，故选 B。

【2 题详析】

细节理解题。细节理解题。根据文中句子“‘There are some incredible exclusive offers on 2024 holidays for Reader's Digest subscribers, so decide on your destination and book today.’”

（Reader's Digest 的订阅者在 2024 年的假期有一些令人难以置信的独家优惠，所以现在就决定你的目的地并预订吧。）可知，Reader's Digest 的订阅者可以获得旅行预订的优惠码，故选 C。

【3 题详析】

细节理解题。根据文中句子“Use promo code: RD60 and receive £60pp off any holiday of 7 nights”

（使用优惠码：RD60，任何 7 晚的假期都可以每人减少 60 英镑）可知，一对夫妇可以节省 120 英镑，故选 C。

B

In 1972, Barbara Rieco penned a heartfelt children's book that held her dream within its pages. Despite her best efforts, the manuscript (手稿) faced repeated rejection from publishers, leading her to eventually set aside her dream of becoming a published author.

Little did she know that, decades later, her grandson would turn the dream into reality. Chad Cooper, a production professional, decided to give his grandmother the ultimate Christmas gift — the publication of her treasured book. Visiting her in Baltimore for the holidays, he secretly took her original manuscript, along with the drawings for the book she had obtained from an artist years ago, and transformed them into a beautifully printed book.

On Christmas morning, as Barbara unwrapped the carefully crafted gift, she was overcome with

emotion as she realized what the surprise was. The moment, captured and posted online by Chad, quickly resonated (产生共鸣) with viewers, and the video became a hit.

“This is probably the nicest thing anyone has ever done for me in my entire life,” Barbara said in the video, who also gave her grandson a big hug, with tears.

Chad’s thoughtful gesture didn’t just end with the surprise; he also included a link to the book on Amazon, making it available to the public. The response was nothing short of magic — within days, Barbara’s once-forgotten book skyrocketed to the top of Amazon’s bestseller list, earning the coveted spot as a best seller.

Chad filmed the reaction to that news and shared more updates. Barbara said she had been reading every single comment online and wanted to respond to them all but there were thousands of them.

“I’ve bought Barbara Rieco’s book even though I’m 21 and don’t even have kids. I’ve read it and I really like it,” said one viewer.

“My children enjoy reading the book and they recommend me to read it as well,” another viewer commented.

Barbara Rieco’s book, now accepted by a new generation of readers, continues to spread joy and inspiration.

4. What did Chad Cooper do for his grandmother?

- A. He had her book published. B. He drew for her new book.
C. He arranged an artist to meet her. D. He helped finish her manuscript.

5. How did Barbara Rieco feel when receiving her grandson’s Christmas gift?

- A. Calm and proud. B. Lucky but regretful.
C. Delighted but worried. D. Excited and grateful.

6. What does the underlined word “coveted” in paragraph 6 probably mean?

- A. Dangerous. B. Desired. C. Empty. D. Forgotten.

7. Why are the two viewers mentioned in the text?

- A. To reveal Barbara’s gift for writing books.
B. To show the popularity of Barbara’s book.
C. To tell the influence of reading on the young.
D. To highlight the value of Chad’s Christmas gift.

【答案】 4. A 5. D 6. B 7. B

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【语篇解读】本文属于记叙文，讲述了一个温馨的故事，关于孙子帮助祖母实现其长期未实现的出版梦想。

【4 题详 析】

细节理解题。由文章第二段中“Chad Cooper, a production professional, decided to give his grandmother the ultimate Christmas gift—the publication of her treasured book. (Chad Cooper 是一名专业制作人员，他决定送给祖母一份终极圣诞礼物——出版她珍爱的书。)”可知，Chad Cooper 将他祖母的书出版了，作为送给祖母的圣诞礼物。故选 A。

【5 题详 析】

推理判断题。由文章第三段中“On Christmas morning, as Barbara unwrapped the carefully crafted gift, she was overcome with emotion as she realized what the surprise was. (圣诞节的早晨，当芭芭拉打开精心制作的礼物时，当她意识到这是一个惊喜时，她激动不已。)”和第四段中““This is probably the nicest thing anyone has ever done for me in my entire life,” Barbara said in the video, who also gave her grandson a big hug, with tears. (芭芭拉在视频中说：“这可能是我一生中别人为我做过的最好的事情了。”她还流着泪给了孙子一个大大的拥抱。)”可知，当 Barbara Rieco 收到孙子的圣诞礼物时，她感到非常激动和感激。故选 D。

【6 题详 析】

词义猜测题。由文章第五段中“The response was nothing short of magic—within days, Barbara’s once-forgotten book skyrocketed to the top of Amazon’s bestseller list (人们的反应简直太神奇了——几天之内，芭芭拉这本一度被遗忘的书就飙升至亚马逊畅销书排行榜的榜首)”可知，在 Chad 的帮助下，Barbara 的书从被遗忘的状态一跃成为了亚马逊畅销书榜首，赢得了梦寐以求的畅销书宝座。因此此处 *coveted* 意为“渴望的，梦寐以求的”。A. *Dangerous* 危险的；B. *Desired* 渴望的；C. *Empty* 空的；D. *Forgotten* 被遗忘了的。故选 B。

【7 题详 析】

推理判断题。由文章倒数第三段““I’ve bought Barbara Rieco’s book even though I’m 21 and don’t even have kids. I’ve read it and I really like it,” said one viewer. (尽管我 21 岁，甚至没有孩子，但我还是买了芭芭拉·里科的书。我已经看过了，我真的很喜欢。)”和倒数第二段““My children enjoy reading the book and they recommend me to read it as well,” another viewer commented. (另一位观众评论道：“我的孩子们喜欢读这本书，他们也推荐我去读。)””可知，这两段提到了两位观众的评论，一位是没有孩子但仍然购买并喜欢这本书的 21 岁读者，另一位是说自己的孩子喜欢这本书并推荐给家长阅读的观众。这些评论表明 Barbara

的书受到了广泛欢迎。故选 B。

C

In late September, an international team of researchers spread out across a remote New Mexico mountain range in search of a plant. The group walked through the rough landscape looking for signs of plants hugging a tree. Seven days later, the scientists left with a sample of nature's reward: wild bean plants.

The scientists wanted to collect the legume (豆科植物), which is native to dry regions of the southwestern United States and northwestern Mexico. "The plants have adapted to this very hot and dry climate, so they have exceptional drought and heat tolerance," said Sarah Dohle, an expert with the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

A warming planet is causing huge damage to agriculture around the globe. In the western U. S., a severe drought affected California's tomato and rice production. In Guatemala, the combined effects of both drought and rain decreased corn and black bean harvests. In Sub-Saharan Africa, hot conditions have reduced the yields of wheat and corn by more than a third since the early 1960s.

"Crops like the wild bean could help diversify food production, and their genetic material may help make other crops more drought- and heat-tolerant," said Richard Pratt, who is among a growing number of scientists working to look for crops adapting to climate change.

The University of California is leading a multi-state \$15million project involving 20 institutions to speed up the breeding (繁殖) cycles of wheat and to research ways to help the crop grow in a toughened environment. At Auburn University in Alabama, scientists are working to breed a peanut variety that can better tolerate drought conditions. And scientists from various institutions have taken part in an effort funded by the Norwegian government to identify, collect and evaluate wild crops for future development.

Still, there are numerous challenges at play: Crop breeding is a time-intensive process, so it can be difficult for scientists to keep pace with rapidly changing weather. Advances in gene editing can help speed up the process, but come with their own trials.

"As global climate change keeps being hard on us," Sarah said, "there isn't plenty of time left for us to get crops that are adaptable."

8. What is paragraph 1 intended for?

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- A. Sharing an inspirational story. B. Leading in the topic of the text.
C. Providing background information. D. Summarizing the main idea of the text.
9. How does the author mainly develop paragraph 3?
- A. By giving examples. B. By answering questions.
C. By making comparisons. D. By listing prediction data.
10. What does Sarah Dohle imply at last?
- A. Climate change is controllable. B. Crop breeding is time-consuming.
C. Efforts to plant crops prove fruitless. D. Urgent measures should be carried out.
11. What is the best title for the text?
- A. Overlooked Wild Crops Require Preserving
B. Global Warming Influences Crops' Adaptation
C. A Severe Drought Is Threatening Food Security
D. Scientists Are Looking for Climate-adapted Crops

【答案】8. B 9. A 10. D 11. D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要阐述了科学家们为寻找适应气候变化的农作物所做出的努力以及面临的挑战。

【8题详析】

推理判断题。根据第一段In late September, an international team of researchers spread out across a remote New Mexico mountain range in search of a plant. The group walked through the rough landscape looking for signs of plants hugging a tree. Seven days later, the scientists left with a sample of nature's reward: wild bean plants.(9月下旬,一个国际研究小组在新墨西哥州偏远的山脉上寻找一种植物。这群人走过崎岖不平的风景,寻找植物拥抱树木的迹象。七天后,科学家们带着大自然的奖励样本离开了:野生豆类植物)以及第四段““Crops like the wild bean could help diversify food production, and their genetic material may help make other crops more drought- and heat-tolerant,” said Richard Pratt, who is among a growing number of scientists working to look for crops adapting to climate change.(“像野生豆类这样的作物可以帮助粮食生产多样化,它们的遗传物质可能有助于使其他作物更耐旱和耐热,”理查德普拉特说,他是越来越多的科学家之一,致力于寻找适应气候变化的作物)可推断,第一段旨在导入本文的中心话题:寻找能适应气候变化的农作物。故选B。

【9题详析】

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推理判断题。根据第三段“A warming planet is causing huge damage to agriculture around the globe. In the western U. S., a severe drought affected California’s tomato and rice production. In Guatemala, the combined effects of both drought and rain decreased corn and black bean harvests. In Sub-Saharan Africa, hot conditions have reduced the yields of wheat and corn by more than a third since the early 1960s.(全球变暖正在对全球农业造成巨大损害。在美国西部，严重的干旱影响了加州的番茄和水稻生产。在危地马拉，干旱和降雨的共同影响导致玉米和黑豆的收成减少。在撒哈拉以南的非洲，自 20 世纪 60 年代初以来，炎热的气候使小麦和玉米的产量减少了三分之一以上)”可知，第三段主要列举了三个地区的农作物产量情况来说明气候变暖对农业的影响。故选 A。

【10 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据最后一段“‘As global climate change keeps being hard on us,’ Sarah said, ‘there isn’t plenty of time left for us to get crops that are adaptable.’”(“随着全球气候变化对我们的影响越来越大，”萨拉说，“留给我们种植适应性强的作物的时间已经不多了。”)”可推知，我们应该采取紧急措施解决这一问题。故选 D。

【11 题详 析】

主旨大意题。根据第四段“‘Crops like the wild bean could help diversify food production, and their genetic material may help make other crops more drought- and heat-tolerant,’ said Richard Pratt, who is among a growing number of scientists working to look for crops adapting to climate change.(“像野生豆类这样的作物可以帮助粮食生产多样化，它们的遗传物质可能有助于使其他作物更耐旱和耐热，”理查德普拉特说，他是越来越多的科学家之一，致力于寻找适应气候变化的作物)”结合本文主要阐述了科学家们为应对气候变化所做出的努力——科学家们正在寻找适应气候变化的农作物品种。D 选项‘科学家正在寻找适应气候变化的作物’最符合文章标题。故选 D。

D

Researchers are training robots to perform an ever-growing number of tasks through trial-and-error reinforcement (强化) learning, which is often laborious and time-consuming. To help out, humans are now employing large language model (LLM) AI. A team at NVIDIA Research directed an AI protocol (协议) powered by OpenAI’s GPT-4 to teach a simulation (模拟) of a robotic hand nearly 30 complex tasks, including throwing a ball, pushing blocks, pressing switches, and some other seriously impressive abilities.

NVIDIA's new "AI agent" Eureka uses GPT-4 by asking the large language model to write its own reward-based reinforcement learning software code. According to the company, Eureka doesn't need complicated reminders or even pre-written patterns; instead, it simply begins experimenting with a program, and then follows any external human feedback.

In the company's announcement, Linxi "Jim" Fan, a senior research scientist at NVIDIA, described Eureka as a unique combination of LLMs and simulation programming. "We believe that Eureka will enable robots to control items flexibly and provide a new way to produce physically realistic animations for artists," Fan added. After testing its training protocol within an advanced simulation program, Eureka then analyzes its collected data and directs the LLM to further improve upon its design. The result is a protocol capable of successfully numbering a variety of robotic hand designs to operate scissors, turn pens and open cupboards within a physics-accurate simulated environment.

Eureka's alternatives to human-written trial-and-error learning programs aren't just effective—in most cases, they're actually better than those authored by humans. In the team's open-source research paper findings, Eureka-designed reward programs outperformed humans' code in over 80 percent of the tasks—amounting to an average performance improvement of over 50 percent in the robotic simulations.

"Reinforcement learning has contributed to impressive wins over the last decade, yet many challenges still exist, such as reward design, which remains a trial-and-error process," said Anima Anandkumar, an AI researcher. "Eureka is the first step toward developing new algorithms (算法) that integrate generative and reinforcement learning methods to solve hard tasks."

12. Why is AI used for the training?

- A. To simplify robots' tasks. B. To advertise OpenAI's GPT-4.
C. To speed up the training process. D. To recognize artists' role in art creation.

13. What does Eureka need to do in the training?

- A. Design reward programs. B. Copy pre-written patterns.
C. Get complicated reminders. D. Avoid human intervention.

14. How does Anima Anandkumar find Eureka?

- A. It is still poor at the reward design. B. It should learn from hard tasks.
C. It has few challenges to solve. D. It is of pioneering significance.

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15. What is the main idea of the text?

- A. Trial-and-error learning programs are promising.
- B. Robots can finish complex tasks through learning.
- C. Reinforcement learning improves robotic simulations.
- D. AI can better teach a simulated robotic hand to perform tasks.

【答案】12. C 13. A 14. D 15. D

【语篇解读】本文为说明文。文章主要介绍了 NVIDIA 研究团队使用 OpenAI 的 GPT-4 大型语言模型来训练一个名为 Eureka 的 AI 代理，该代理能够自主编写基于奖励的强化学习软件代码，并成功指导模拟的机器人手执行近 30 项复杂任务。文章详细描述了 Eureka 的工作原理、优势以及在模拟环境中的测试结果，并通过实验数据展示了 Eureka 编写的奖励程序在大部分任务上超越了人类编写的代码。

【12 题详析】

细节理解题。由文章第一段中“Researchers are training robots to perform an ever-growing number of tasks through trial-and-error reinforcement learning, which is often laborious and time-consuming. To help out, humans are now employing large language model (LLM) AI. (研究人员正在训练机器人通过试错强化学习来完成越来越多的任务，而这种学习通常既费力又耗时。为了提供帮助，人类现在正在使用大型语言模型 (LLM) 人工智能。)”可知，使用 AI 进行训练是为了加快训练过程。故选 C。

【13 题详析】

推理判断题。由文章第二段中“NVIDIA’s new “AI agent” Eureka uses GPT-4 by asking the large language model to write its own reward-based reinforcement learning software code. (NVIDIA 的新“人工智能代理”Eureka 使用 GPT-4，要求大型语言模型编写自己的基于奖励的强化学习软件代码。)”可知，Eureka 在训练中需要设计奖励程序。故选 A。

【14 题详析】

推理判断题。由文章最后一段““Reinforcement learning has contributed to impressive wins over the last decade, yet many challenges still exist, such as reward design, which remains a trial-and-error process,” said Anima Anandkumar, an AI researcher. “Eureka is the first step toward developing new algorithms (算法) that integrate generative and reinforcement learning methods to solve hard tasks.” (人工智能研究员 Anima Anandkumar 表示：“

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在过去十年中，强化学习取得了令人印象深刻的胜利，但仍然存在许多挑战，比如奖励设计，这仍然是一个反复试验的过程。”“Eureka 是开发新算法的第一步，它将生成和强化学习方法整合在一起，以解决困难的任务。””可知，Anima Anandkumar 认为 Eureka 具有开创性意义。故选 D。

【15 题详 析】

主旨大意题。通读全文，尤其是第一段中“A team at NVIDIA Research directed an AI protocol (协议) powered by OpenAI’s GPT-4 to teach a simulation (模拟) of a robotic hand nearly 30 complex tasks, including throwing a ball, pushing blocks, pressing switches, and some other seriously impressive abilities. (NVIDIA Research 的一个团队指导了一项由 OpenAI 的 GPT-4 驱动的人工智能协议，以教授模拟机械手近 30 个复杂任务，包括扔球、推积木、按开关和其他一些令人印象深刻的能力。)”可知，本文主要讲述 AI 能够更好地教会模拟机械手执行任务。故选 D。

第二节（共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Learning often requires taking different risks, whether it’s the willingness to try something new or keep trying after a failed attempt. For children, it’s this process of learning how to take risks and becoming comfortable with failure that can help them grow and develop. 16 As research is showing, children’s willingness to take risks in learning can depend on their relationship with their parents.

According to the research, children who viewed their parents as being supportive and reliable were more willing to take risks while learning. “ 17 When their parents support them and are trustworthy, the children get a sense of how things work,” said Seth Pollak, the lead researcher of the study.

Here is what you, as parents, should remember.

Creating a supportive learning environment for your children often includes identifying what they struggle with and what they need. 18 Your children can’t necessarily tell you what they need, but they are often showing you. For example, if your children are consistently having a meltdown (崩溃) after school, that could be a sign that they are overstimulated from the school day, and need some extra time to relieve pressure before starting their homework. Other behaviors

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could include refusing to do something, such as writing with a pencil or doing their math homework.

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One way to create reliability is to develop routines with your children. 19 For example, it could be making the effort to give them 10 minutes of undivided attention when they come home from school, making it a habit to play LEGOs with them every Friday evening, or a predictable bedtime routine. 20

- A. That is what they expect from their children.
- B. Those routines should be developed by children themselves.
- C. That consistent and positive attention can make a big difference.
- D. Children from more stable backgrounds perform better in learning.
- E. One way to do that is to track certain behaviors over time, looking for patterns.
- F. The routines are less about how big or time-consuming, and more about their predictability.
- G. However, encouraging children to take these risks can be an extremely difficult task for parents.

【答案】16. G 17. C 18. E 19. F 20. B

【语篇解读】这是一篇说明文。文章主要说明了父母如何鼓励孩子尝试冒险。

【16题详析】

根据上文“Learning often requires taking different risks, whether it’s the willingness to try something new or keep trying after a failed attempt. For children, it’s this process of learning how to take risks and becoming comfortable with failure that can help them grow and develop.(学习往往需要承担不同的风险,无论是愿意尝试新事物还是在尝试失败后继续尝试。对于孩子们来说,这是一个学习如何冒险和适应失败的过程,可以帮助他们成长和发展)”以及后文“*As research is showing, children’s willingness to take risks in learning can depend on their relationship with their parents.*(研究表明,孩子在学习承担风险的意愿可能取决于他们与父母的关系)”可知,后文提到了孩子在学习承担风险的意愿可能取决于他们与父母的关系,推测本句主要说明父母是如何影响孩子愿意承担风险的意愿的。故G选项“然而,鼓励孩子去冒险对父母来说是一项极其困难的任务”符合语境,故选G。

【17题详析】

根据上文“*According to the research, children who viewed their parents as being supportive and reliable were more willing to take risks while learning.*(根据这项研究,认为父母支持和可靠的孩子在学习过程中更愿意冒险)”以及后文“*When their parents support them and are trustworthy, the children get a sense of how things work*(

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当他们的父母支持他们并值得信任时，孩子们就会知道事情是如何运作的)”可知，本句主要说明了父母的关注带来的影响。C 选项中 positive 对应上文 supportive。故 C 选项“持续和积极的关注会产生很大的影响”符合语境，故选 C。

【18 题详 析】

根据上文“Creating a supportive learning environment for your children often includes identifying what they struggle with and what they need.(为你的孩子创建一个支持性的学习环境通常包括确定他们在挣扎什么以及他们需要什么)”以及后文“Your children can’t necessarily tell you what they need, but they are often showing you. For example, if your children are consistently having a meltdown (崩溃) after school, that could be a sign that they are overstimulated from the school day, and need some extra time to relieve pressure before starting their homework. Other behaviors could include refusing to do something, such as writing with a pencil or doing their math homework.(你的孩子不一定能告诉你他们需要什么，但他们经常会向你展示。例如，如果你的孩子总是在放学后崩溃，这可能是他们在学校受到过度刺激的迹象，在开始做作业之前需要一些额外的时间来缓解压力。其他行为可能包括拒绝做某事，比如用铅笔写字或做数学作业)”可知，本段的主旨是创造支持性的学习环境，且后文提到了对孩子的观察来发现孩子的模式。故 E 选项“一种方法是长期跟踪某些行为，寻找模式”符合语境，故选 E。

【19 题详 析】

根据上文“One way to create reliability is to develop routines with your children.(建立可靠性的一种方法是与你的孩子建立常规)”以及后文“For example, it could be making the effort to give them 10 minutes of undivided attention when they come home from school, making it a habit to play LEGOs with them every Friday evening, or a predictable bedtime routine.(例如，当他们从学校回家时，可以努力给他们 10 分钟的注意力，让他们养成每周五晚上和他们一起玩乐高积木的习惯，或者是一个可预测的就寝时间)”可知，后文的例子表明，应该建立可预测的常规。故 F 选项“这些例行公事不太重要，更重要的是它们的可预测性”符合语境，故选 F。

【20 题详 析】

根据上文“For example, it could be making the effort to give them 10 minutes of undivided attention when they come home from school, making it a habit to play LEGOs with them every Friday evening, or a predictable bedtime routine.(例如，当他们从学校回家时，可以努力给他们 10 分钟的注意力，让他们养成每周五晚上和他们一起玩乐高积木的习惯，或者是一个可预测的就寝时间)”可知，上文主要说明了孩子自己养成某种习惯，本句为本段最后一句，对此

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进行总结。故 B 选项“那些习惯应该由孩子们自己养成”符合语境，故选 B。

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第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节：（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

It was a heartwarming turn of events on the special night. The Inner Finland Police Department successfully 21 a missing child with the help of their police dog, Kuha. According to Finland's Police Dog Association, the 22 went missing at around 7:00 pm on December 23. The snow covered the tracks, so the family had to seek 23 from the authorities. A rescue team was quickly 24, including a dog, which played a(n) 25 role in the rescue.

The search initially focused on the city center, but the 26 came near the child's home. Kuha carefully 27 a snow pile (堆) where children had built snow caves. Despite the challenging conditions, Kuha's keen (敏锐的) sense of smell and its devotion 28.

At around 12:30 am that night, Kuha discovered a shoe 29 under three feet of snow. The child, who had been trapped in a collapsed snow cave, was 30 firstly but gradually recovered after receiving medical attention. The community breathed a collective sigh of 31 as the child was able to speak in the ambulance.

The success of this rescue mission was 32 to the extensive training of police dog Kuha. The dog handler's knowledge that human 33 rises in the snow led to a second search of the pile, 34 leading to the child's discovery. The Finnish Police Dog Association also 35 Kuha's role in the successful rescue.

21. A. entertained B. located C. educated D. trained
22. A. team B. family C. child D. dog
23. A. announcements B. equipment C. explanations D. assistance
24. A. established B. reported C. transformed D. awarded
25. A. unknown B. crucial C. alternative D. strange
26. A. passion B. accident C. breakthrough D. challenge
27. A. constructed B. restored C. guarded D. inspected
28. A. left behind B. ran out C. went back D. paid off
29. A. burned B. buried C. dried D. ruined
30. A. unresponsive B. unbelievable C. unapproachable D. unchangeable

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31. A. relief B. envy C. regret D. sympathy
32. A. adjusted B. credited C. devoted D. limited
33. A. temperature B. spirit C. smell D. energy
34. A. completely B. initially C. similarly D. ultimately
35. A. designed B. discussed C. celebrated D. played

【答案】21. B 22. C 23. D 24. A 25. B 26. C 27. D 28. D 29. B 30. A 31. A 32. B 33. C 34. D 35. C

【语篇解读】这是一篇记叙文。短文叙述了芬兰警察局在警犬 Kuha 的帮助下成功找到了一名失踪儿童。

【21 题详析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：芬兰警察局在警犬 Kuha 的帮助下成功找到了一名失踪儿童。A. entertained 娱乐；B. located 定位；C. educated 教育；D. trained 训练。根据下文“Kuha discovered a shoe”可知，在警犬 Kuha 的帮助下成功找到了一名失踪儿童。故选 B 项。

【22 题详析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：据芬兰警犬协会称，这个孩子于 12 月 23 日晚上 7 点左右失踪。A. team 团队；B. family 家人；C. child 孩子；D. dog 狗。根据上文“a missing child”可知，此处表示这个孩子。故选 C 项。

【23 题详析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：积雪覆盖了铁轨，所以这家人不得不向当局寻求帮助。A. announcements 宣布；B. equipment 设备；C. explanations 解释；D. assistance 帮助。根据上文“The snow covered the tracks”和下文的“from the authorities”可知，家人向当局寻求帮助。故选 D 项。

【24 题详析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：一支救援队很快成立，其中包括一只狗，它在救援中发挥了至关重要的作用。A. established 建立；B. reported 报道；C. transformed 改变；D. awarded 授予。根据上文的“A rescue team”可知，为了寻找失踪的孩子，成立了救援队。故选 A 项。

【25 题详析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：一支救援队很快成立，其中包括一只狗，它在救援中发挥了至关重要的作用。A. unknown 未知的；B. crucial 至关重要的；C. alternative 可选择的；D. strange 奇怪的。根据上文“with the help of their police dog”可知，狗发挥了重要作用。故选 B 项。

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【26 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：搜索最初集中在市中心，但在孩子家附近取得了突破性进展。A. passion 热情；B. accident 事故；C. breakthrough 突破；D. challenge 挑战。根据下文“Kuha carefully _____ a snow pile(堆)where children had built snow caves. Despite the challenging conditions, Kuha’s keen(敏锐的)sense of smell and its devotion _____ . At around 12:30 am that night, Kuha discovered a shoe _____ under three feet of snow.”可知，在孩子家附近取得了突破性进展。故选 C 项。

【27 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：Kuha 仔细地检查了孩子们筑雪洞的雪堆。A. constructed 建设；B. restored 恢复；C. guarded 保卫；D. inspected 检查，审视。根据下文“Kuha’s keen(敏锐的)sense of smell”可知，Kuha 仔细地检查了孩子们筑雪洞的雪堆。故选 D 项。

【28 题详 析】

考查动词短语辨析。句意：尽管条件艰难，但 Kuha 敏锐的嗅觉和它的付出得到了回报。A. left behind 遗弃；B. ran out 耗尽；C. went back 返回；D. paid off 回报。根据下文“Kuha discovered a shoe _____ under three feet of snow.”可知，Kuha 的付出得到了回报。故选 D 项。

【29 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：那天晚上 12 点 30 分左右，库哈在三英尺深的雪下发现了一只被埋在雪里的鞋。A. burned 燃烧；B. buried 埋葬；C. dried 使干燥；D. ruined 破坏。根据下文“under three feet of snow.”可知，鞋是埋在雪里的。故选 B 项。

【30 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：这名儿童被困在一个坍塌的雪洞中，起初反应迟钝，但在接受医疗救治后逐渐恢复。A. unresponsive 反应迟钝的；B. unbelievable 难以置信的；C. unapproachable 不能接近的；D. unchangeable 不可改变的。根据下文“firstly but gradually recovered”可知，起初反应不灵敏。故选 A 项。

【31 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：当孩子在救护车里能说话时，整个社区都松了一口气。A. relief 宽慰，松了一口气；B. envy 嫉妒；C. regret 后悔；D. sympathy 同情。根据下文“the child was able to speak in the ambulance.”可知，孩子能说话了，整个社区都松了一口气。故选 A 项。

【32 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：这次救援任务的成功归功于对警犬 Kuha 的广泛训练。A. adjusted

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调整 B. credited 认为是.....的功劳; C. devoted 奉献; D. limited 限制。根据下文“the extensive training of police dog Kuha”可知, 救援任务的成功归功于对警犬 Kuha 的广泛训练。故选 B 项。

【33 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意: 狗的训练员知道人的气味会在雪中升起, 于是他第二次搜索了雪堆, 最终发现了孩子。 A. temperature 温度; B. spirit 精神; C. smell 气味; D. energy 能量。根据常识可知, 狗的鼻子是灵敏的, 可以闻到人的气味。故选 C 项。

【34 题详 析】

考查副词词义辨析。句意: 狗的训练员知道人的气味会在雪中升起, 于是他第二次搜索了雪堆, 最终发现了孩子。 A. completely 完全地; B. initially 最初地; C. similarly 相似地; D. ultimately 最终地。根据下文“leading to the child’s discovery”可知, 最终发现了孩子。故选 D 项。

【35 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意: 芬兰警犬协会也庆祝了 Kuha 在成功救援中的作用。 A. designed 设计; B. discussed 讨论; C. celebrated 庆祝; D. played 玩。根据下文“Kuha’s role in the successful rescue”可知, 庆祝了 Kuha 在成功救援中的作用。故选 C 项。

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Apart 36 the life-size Terracotta Warriors (兵马俑) buried in the mausoleum (陵墓) of Qinshihuang, the first emperor to unite China more than 2,000 years ago, bronze water birds also accompanied him into the afterlife.

A show now on at the Qinshihuang Mausoleum Site Museum in Xi’an, Shaanxi Province, displays 57 bronze water birds and clay figures discovered in a pit (坑), the 37 (content) of which are said to be related to the emperor’s favorite entertainments. 38 show is divided into three sections, which recount the discovery of the bronzes, the ancient techniques 39 (use) to make them, and how they were designed and made to match their surroundings.

Everything on display was unearthed in Pit No.7, a burial pit far from the one 40 (contain) the terracotta army. So far, 46 life-size water birds, including cranes, swans and wild geese, as well as 15 kneeling pottery figures, 41 (discover) .

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“It’s rare to see figures and water birds together in imperial tombs. It’s also very different from _____42_____ has been found in other pits and chambers at Qinshihuang’s mausoleum. It’s an _____43_____ (illustrate) of the inner world of Qin Dynasty (221-206 BC) people,” says Wang Rui, a planner of the exhibition.

Wang says that the exhibition leaves many questions, such as why only the three kinds of animals were chosen _____44_____ (accompany) the emperor, who made them, and how they were able to make the birds look so lifelike.

“There are still many mysteries about Qinshihuang’s mausoleum for _____45_____ (we) to explore,” adds Wang.

【答案】 36. from 37. contents 38. The 39. used 40. containing

41. have been discovered 42. what 43. illustration 44. to accompany 45. us

【语篇解读】本文是一篇新闻报道。秦始皇陵墓里埋葬的除了真人大小的兵马俑外，还有青铜水鸟。陕西西安秦始皇遗址博物馆正在举办一场相关的展览。

【36 题详析】

考查介词。句意：除了埋葬在 2000 多年前第一位统一中国的皇帝 Qinshihuang 陵墓中的真人大小的兵马俑，还有青铜水鸟陪伴他进入来世。“apart from...”意为“除……之外”，为固定用法。故填 from。

【37 题详析】

考查名词。句意：陕西西安秦始皇遗址博物馆正在举办一场展览，展出了在一个坑中发现的 57 件青铜水鸟和泥人，据说这些东西与秦始皇最喜欢的娱乐活动有关。。content 此处是可数名词，根据空后的 are 可知，此处用所给名词的复数形式。故填 contents。

【38 题详析】

考查冠词。句意：展览分为三个部分，分别讲述了青铜器的发现、制作青铜器的古代技术，以及青铜器是如何设计和制作的，以适应周围的环境。此处特指前文提到的 show，故用定冠词 the，又因为该空位于句首，故所填词首字母需大写。故填 The。

【39 题详析】

考查非谓语。句意：展览分为三个部分，分别讲述了青铜器的发现、制作青铜器的古代技术，以及青铜器是如何设计和制作的，以适应周围的环境。此处用非谓语动词，动词 use 与其逻辑主语 the ancient techniques 存在动宾关系，故此处用所给动词的过去分词；used to make them 是过去分词短语作后置定语。故填 used。

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【40 题详 析】

考查非谓语。句意：展出的一切都是在 7 号坑出土的，这是一个远离兵马俑坑的墓坑。此处用非谓语动词，动词 contain 与其逻辑主语 the one 存在主谓关系，故此处用所给动词的现在分词；containing the terracotta army 是现在分词短语作后置定语。故填 containing。

【41 题详 析】

考查时态语态。句意：到目前为止，已经发现了鹤、天鹅、大雁等 46 只真人大小的水鸟，以及 15 个跪着的陶俑。根据时间状语 So far 可知，此处用现在完成时，又因为动词 discover 与其主语 46 life-size water birds 是被动关系，故此处用现在完成时的被动语态。故填 have been discovered。

【42 题详 析】

考查连接词。句意：它也与在秦始皇陵墓的其他坑和墓室中发现的非常不同。分析句子结构可知，该空引导的是一个宾语从句，从句缺少主语，所填空指物，故此处用连接代词 what。故填 what。

【43 题详 析】

考查名词。句意：它展示了秦朝(公元前 221-206 年)人的内心世界，”展览策划人王锐说。根据空前的冠词 an 及句意可知，此处用所给动词的名词 illustration。故填 illustration。

【44 题详 析】

考查不定式。句意：王说，这次展览留下了很多问题，比如为什么只有这三种动物被选中陪伴皇帝，是谁制作的，他们是如何让这些鸟看起来如此逼真的。此处用所给动词的不定式作目的状语。故填 to accompany。

【45 题详 析】

考查代词。句意：王补充说：“秦始皇陵墓还有很多未解之谜有待我们去探索”。处用所给代词的宾格 us 作介词 for 的宾语。故填 us。

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

46. 为助力学生们健康成长，你校在上周四下午举办了“畅说法治，培养守法公民（Talk on Becoming Law-abiding Citizens）”法治宣传活动。请你写一篇英语报道，内容包括：

1. 活动简介；
2. 学生们的收获。

注意：1. 写作词数应为 80 个左右；

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