

高一上学期期末考试

英语试题

第 I 卷 选择题 (共 90 分)

第一局部 听力 (共两节; 总分值 20 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每题 1 分, 总分值 5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最正确选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来答复有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where are the two speakers going"
A. To a restaurant. B. To a zoo. C. To a shop.
2. When did the woman and Anna meet"
A. At 7:53. B. At 7:58. C. At 7:57.
3. What is the woman going to do this evening"
A. Go to dinner. B. Visit her sister. C. Go to the airport.
4. How much was the TV set"
A. \$ 60. B. \$ 120. C. \$90.
5. What can we learn from the conversation"
A. The woman had a photo shop of her own.
B. The woman developed her photos all by herself.
C. The woman did part of her own film developing.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每题 1 分, 总分值 15 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最正确选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。听第 6 段材料, 答复第 6-8 题。

6. What is Mr. Smith doing"
A. Answering the phone. B. Having a meeting. C. Working in the office.
7. When will Mr. Smith return to the office"
A. After two o'clock. B. In an hour. C. At three o'clock.
8. What can we infer from the dialogue"
A. The man will take a message for Mr. Smith.
B. Anne will ring the office again.
C. Mr. Smith will ring Anne back.

听第 7 段材料, 答复第 9-11 题。

9. What was the weather like last week"
A. Nice and sunny. B. Too warm. C. Neither hot nor cold.
10. What season is it now"
A. Summer. B. Winter. C.

Autumn.

11. What does the man think the weather will be like this weekend"

- A. He thinks it'll rain.
- B. He doesn't think it'll rain.
- C. He thinks it'll be cloudy.

听第8段材料, 答复第12-14题。

12. Where is the woman"

- A. In First Street.
- B. In Main Street.
- C. At the bus-stop.

13. Where is BurnsPark"

- A. At the first crossing.
- B. On the other side of Main Street.
- C. At the corner of Lincoln and Fifth.

14. How can the woman get to the park when she is at the crossing of First Street and Lincoln Street"

- A. Turn right and go straight.
- B. Go along First Street for a few minutes.
- C. Turn left and walk two blocks.

听第9段材料, 答复第15-17题。

15. How much does the woman pay for what she buys"

- A. \$215.
- B. \$385.
- C. \$170.

16. Why does the woman change the first overcoat"

- A. It's too expensive.
- B. It's too large.
- C. It's a bit too small.

17. What color is the overcoat"

- A. Blue.
- B. White.
- C. Grey.

Grey.

听第10段材料, 答复第18-20题。

18. What is true about the school"

- A. It was built on a farm.
- B. It was built in the woods.
- C. There were fewer than twenty pupils.

19. Why did the girl laugh at the speaker when she first came to school"

- A. Because she did not smoke.
- B. Because she was too young.
- C. Because she used his left hand.

20. How old is the speaker now"

- A. 60.
- B. 67.
- C. 70.

第二局部 选择填空 (共20小题; 每题1分, 总分值20分)

21. —Have you seen _____ pen" I left it here this morning.

—Is it _____ black one" I think I saw it somewhere.

- A. a, the
- B. the, the
- C. the, a
- D. a, a

22. This book _____ 20 articles, _____ three written by his daughter.

A. contains, includes
B. includes, containing

C. contains, including
D. includes, contained

23. The country life he was used to _____ greatly since 1992.

A. change B. has changed C. changing D. have changed

24. The students were _____ over the _____ problem, listening to the teacher with a _____ expression on their faces.

A. puzzled; puzzling; puzzling
B. puzzled; puzzling; puzzled

C. puzzling; puzzling; puzzled
D. puzzling; puzzled; puzzling

25. — Shirley won the first prize in the English speech contest.

—Woo! _____ she has made since the beginning of this term!

A. What great progress B. How great progress

C. What a great progress D. How great a

progress

26. Our school volleyball team has _____ their training to

prepare for the _____ match.

A. stepped up B. stepped to C. stepped into

D. stepped on

27. Yang Liwei was picked from the 14 candidates for the Chinese

space adventure and became China's first astronaut _____

his great efforts.

- A. according to B. as well as C. due to
D. together with

28. In the coldest of the winter, trees stood with their bare branches(枝干)the sky.

- A. reaching for B. reaching C. reaching to D.
reaching in

29. —Shall I call you at 6 a.m., Toby”

—No, not that early. I ____.

- A. sleep B. will sleep C. am sleeping D.
will be sleeping

30. — Have you ever been to Australia”

— Never, but I have been looking forward _____ such a
chance for further study there.

- A. to give B. to be given C. to giving D.
to being given

31. —How long each other before theymarried”

—For about a year.

- A. have they known, get B. did they know, were
going to get

- C. do they know, are going to get D. had they known,
got

32. on the lonely island more difficult than they had expected.

- A. Survivor...proved B. Surviving...proved
C. Survival...was proved D. To survive...proves

33. We were to go out for a walk _____ it began to rain.

- A. while B. before C. as D.

when

34. The old lady has two daughters, _____ are famous actresses.

- A. both of them B. both of whom
C. each of them D. none of whom

35. The _____ bodies _____ the world _____ mummies.

A. preserving; are known to; as B. preserved; are known as; to

C. preserving; are known as; to D. preserved; are known to; as

36. Pakistan does not _____ the possibility of a war starting with India, but promises to do everything it can to reduce tensions (紧).

- A. give out B. send out C. turn out D.

rule out

37. After _____ the area for three hours, the police found the

truck near a river.

- A. searching
- B. searching for
- C. in search for
- D. looking for

38. Li Ming, as well as some of his classmates, _____ voluntary work now.

- A. are doing
- B. is doing
- C. do
- D. have done

39. _____ is certain, people's living conditions in China have improved a lot since the 1980s.

- A. It
- B. As
- C. what
- D.

Which

40. — I'm afraid I failed in the contest.

— _____. At least you tried.

- A. No way
- B. Never mind
- C. No problem
- D. I don't believe it

第三局部 完型填空 (共 20 小题; 每题 1 分, 总分值 20 分)

An elderly carpenter (木匠) was ready to retire. He told his employer of his 41 to leave the house building 42 and live a more leisurely life with his wife, 43 time with his extended family. He would 44 the pay, but he needed to retire. They could 45.

The employer was 46 to see such a good worker leave and asked if he could build just one more house as a personal 47

. The carpenter said yes, but in time it was 48 to see that his heart was not in his work. He built the house 49 and used poor materials. It was an 50 way to end his career.

When the carpenter 51 his work, the employer handed the front - door key to the carpenter. "This is your house," he said, "a 52 to you."

What a shock! What a 53! If he had only known he was building his 54 house, he would have done it all so 55. Now he had to live in the house he had built none too well.

56 it is with us. We build our 57 in a distracted (心不在焉) way, reacting rather than acting, willing to put up less than the best. At 58 points we do not give the job our best effort. Then with a shock we look at the situation we have 59 and find that we are now living in the house we have built . If we had 60 , we would have done it differently.

- | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---|----------|---|-------------|---|----------|
| (| \11 | A | retire | C | plans | D | plans |
| (| \12 | A | business | C | teams | D | workers |
| (| \13 | A | cheer | C | | D | snoring |
| (| \14 | A | conserve | C | raise | D | save |
| (| \15 | A | get | C | get | D | get |
| (| \16 | A | ashamed | C | frightened | D | sorry |
| (| \17 | A | favor | C | | D | reply |
| (| \18 | A | frank | C | easy | D | content |
| (| \19 | A | careless | C | slowly | D | proudly |
| (| \20 | A | unfair | C | unfortunate | D | unusual |
| (| \21 | A | cheer | C | | D | finished |
| (| \22 | A | gift | C | memory | D | |
| (| \23 | A | qualify | C | shame | D | surprise |

- () 54 A final best C everlasting D own
 () 55 A differ hard D happily
 () 56 A Then B So C But D Whatever
 () 57 A house B C D lives
 () 58 A differ main C strong D
 () 59 A create faced C improved D avoided

() 60 A record (共 15 小题; 每题 2 分, 总分值 30 分)

A

In the summer of 1978 an English farmer was driving his tractor through a field of wheat when he discovered that some of his wheat was lying flat on the ground. The flattened(变平的) wheat formed a circle about six meters across. Around this circle were four smaller circles of flattened wheat. The five circles were in a formation(构造) like five dots (点). During the following years, farmers in England found the strange circles in their fields more and more often.

The circles are called "crop circles" because they appear in the fields of grain—usually wheat or corn. The grain in the circles lies flat on the ground but is never broken; it continues to grow, and farmers can later harvest it. Farmers always discover the crop circles in the morning, so the circles probably form at night. They appear only in the months from May to September.

At first, people thought that the circles were a hoax. Probably young people were making them as a joke, or farmers

were making them to attract tourists .To prove that the circles were a hoax, people tried to make circles exactly like the ones that farmers had found. They couldn't do it .They couldn't enter a field of grain without leaving tracks, and they couldn't flatten the grain without breaking it.

Many people believe that beings from outer space are making the circles to municate (交流) with us from far away and that the crop circles are messages from them.

Scientists who have studied the crop circles suggested several possibilities. Some scientists say that a downward rush of wind leads to the formation of the circles—the same downward rush of air that sometimes causes an airplane to crash (坠毁) .Other scientists say that forces within the earth cause the circles to appear. There is one problem with all these scientific explanations: crop circles often appear in formations, like the five-dot formation. It is hard to believe that any natural force could form those.

61. In the summer of 1978 , an English farmer discovered in his field that_____.

- A. some of his wheat had been damaged
- B. his grain was growing up in circles
- C. his grain was moved into several circles

- D. some of his wheat had fallen onto the ground
62. According to the text, the underlined part "hoax" (line 1, para. 3) probably means.
- A. an action made to fool people
 - B. a special way to plant crops
 - C. a research on the force of winds
 - D. an experiment for the protection of crops
63. Which of the following may prove that the crop circles are not made by man?
- A. The farmers couldn't step out of the field.
 - B. The farmers couldn't make the circles round.
 - C. The farmers couldn't leave without footprints.
 - D. The farmers couldn't keep the wheat straight up.
64. That the crop circles are made by is probably true.
- A. air movement
 - B. airplane crashes
 - C. new farming techniques
 - D. unknown flying objects

B

Mother Teresa was born in Yugoslavia (南斯拉夫), on August 27, 1910. She attended the government school near her home until she was eighteen. At that time, some doctors and nurses from Yugoslavia were working in India, and they often wrote to the

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