

浙江强基联盟 2024 届高三下学期 5 月

全国“优创名校”联考

英语试卷

第一部分 听力(略)

第二部分 阅读(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

North Rim to reopen on June 2 with limited services available

News Release Date: May 17, 2023

Contact: Joëlle Baird, 928-606-3154

Grand Canyon, Ariz

The North Rim of Grand Canyon National Park will open as scheduled, on June 2, with limited visitor services and water conservation measures due to a break in the North Rim water pipeline.

A landslide from winter storms destroyed more than 300 feet of the North Rim water pipeline.

Visitor Services

The Grand Canyon Lodge will operate day-use services with limited food and beverage service beginning on June 2. No overnight accommodations will be available until at least July 23, 2023.

The North Rim Campground, managed by the National Park Service, will operate as scheduled beginning on June 9 with potable drinking water and toilets available. The public laundry and shower facilities will not be open at least through July 23, 2023.

The North Rim Visitor Center and Grand Canyon Conservancy's bookstore open as usual, 8 am to 6 pm daily, with a variety of ranger programs offered.

Visitors exploring the North Rim this summer should be self-sufficient and should bring adequate food and water for the day as services are limited and may be subject to change. Nearby, accommodating is available at the Kaibab Lodge and food services and fuel at the North Rim Country Store. Year-round accommodating, food services and fuel are located 45 miles north of the North Rim at Jacob Lake. As a result of substantial winter rockfall and landslides, trail (步道) repair work on the North Kaibab Trail continues. There is a trail closure in effect on the North

高级中学名校试卷

Kaibab Trail and it will officially reopen on June 16, 2023.

21. Which was not affected and opens as usual?

- A. The public laundry. B. The Grand Canyon Lodge.
C. The North Kaibab Trail. D. The North Rim Visitor Center.

22. What can we learn about the North Kaibab Trail from the text?

- A. It offers food service. B. It is around Jacob Lake.
C. It is under repair now. D. It opens all the year around.

23. What is the purpose of the text?

- A. To warn visitors of the oncoming landslide.
B. To inform visitors of schedules of some attractions.
C. To appeal to more visitors to the Grand Canyon National Park.
D. To advertise the products of the Grand Canyon National Park.

【答案】21. D 22. C 23. B

【语篇解读】本文为一篇应用文，主要介绍了美国大峡谷公园景点北缘因山体滑坡而对游览的时间和路线做出的调整。

【21 题详析】

细节理解题。根据倒数第二段“The North Rim Visitor Center and Grand Canyon Conservancy’s bookstore open as usual, 8 am to 6 pm daily, with a variety of ranger programs offered. (北缘游客中心和大峡谷保护协会的书店照常营业，每天早上 8 点到下午 6 点，提供各种护林员项目)”可知，北缘游客中心和大峡谷保护协会里的书店照常开放，没有调整。故选 D。

【22 题详析】

细节理解题。根据最后一段“As a result of substantial winter rockfall and landslides, trail (步道) repair work on the North Kaibab Trail continues. (由于冬季大量的岩崩和山体滑坡，北凯巴布步道的道路修复工作仍在继续)”可知，北凯巴布步道的修复工作仍在继续。故选 C。

【23 题详析】

推理判断题。根据 **Grand Canyon, Ariz** 下“The North Rim of Grand Canyon National Park will open as scheduled, on June 2, with limited visitor services and water conservation measures due to a break in the North Rim water pipeline. (大峡谷国家公园北缘将于 6 月 2 日如期开放，但由于北缘输水管道断裂，游客服务受到限制，并采取了节约用水的措施)”

及全文内容可知,本文写作目的是为了告诉游客美国大峡谷公园景点北缘因山体滑坡而对游览的时间和路线做出的调整。故选 B。

B

Since Cynthia Florio was a lifeguard at Tobay Beach in the 1990s, she has watched the ocean approach the shore and draw closer to the dunes (沙丘). It's what forced Florio, 53, of Massapequa, to take part in the Town of Oyster Bay's annual dune grass planting event on March 30 — an effort to help stabilize the beach dunes against shoreline erosion (侵蚀).

Along with other volunteers, Florio had spent hours with her daughter, Kyra Florio-Marinello, 15, and her daughter's friend Tatum Brennan, 15, planting the native plants that were intended to absorb water and prepare the sand against heavy wind. But four days later, a storm on Wednesday hit Long Island and washed the new plants away. "The latest dune planting event drew more than 150 volunteers who planted a lot across 2.7 acres of Atlantic Ocean sand dunes," said Marta Kane, an Oyster Bay spokeswoman. "The dune grass cost the town \$32,000."

The event, centered on volunteerism, drew some families whose elders were looking to share a message with a younger generation about the importance of protecting the environment. While the outcome resulted in a wave of disappointment, for some volunteers that was coupled with a sense of renewed motivation. Maria Rizzi, 70, of Massapequa, participated in the planting session with her grandson, Andrew Lepsis, 10. She said she would go back for another event with even more family members. "I'd be willing to do it again," she said. "I'd even talk the older grand kids into coming."

While the storm swept the new plants away, Florio said Tobay Beach's appearance aftermath serves as a powerful reminder of the need for more volunteer work on that stretch of sand. "Maybe it will inspire more people to volunteer and understand the need for us to protect our beaches," Florio said.

24. What is the aim of the dune grass planting event?

- A. To protect the ocean from being polluted. B. To keep the shoreline in good shape.
C. To reduce extreme weather conditions. D. To prevent people playing on the beach.

25. Which can best describe the dune grass planting event?

- A. Popular but costly. B. Traditional but complex.
C. Creative and economical. D. Successful and rewarding.

高级中学名校试卷

26. How did Maria Rizzi feel about grass planting?

高级中学名校试卷

A. Interesting. B. Disappointed. C. Hopeless. D. Motivated.

27. What can be the best title for the text?

- A. Great Grass Planting B. The Best of the Storm
C. Spirit Never Washed Away D. Volunteers Making History Together

【答案】24. B 25. A 26. D 27. C

【语篇解读】这是一篇记叙文，为了防止海滩沙丘被海岸线侵蚀，Oyster Bay 的志愿者开展了沙丘植草活动。虽然种植的植物在暴风雨中被摧毁，但志愿者们的意志未被摧毁，他们准备再次尝试。

【24 题详析】

细节理解题。根据第一段最后一句‘It’s what forced Florio, 53, of Massapequa, to take part in the Town of Oyster Bay’s annual dune grass planting event on March 30 — an effort to help stabilize the beach dunes against shoreline erosion (侵蚀).(这就是迫使 53 岁的 Florio 参加 3 月 30 日奥斯特湾镇一年一度的沙丘草种植活动的原因，这是为了帮助稳定海滩沙丘，防止海岸线侵蚀)’可知，沙丘植草活动旨在帮助稳定海滩沙丘，防止海岸线侵蚀，以此保持海岸线的良好形状，故选 B。

【25 题详析】

推理判断题。根据第二段中“‘The latest dune planting event drew more than 150 volunteers who planted a lot across 2.7 acres of Atlantic Ocean sand dunes,’ said Marta Kane, an Oyster Bay spokeswoman. ‘The dune grass cost the town \$32,000.’(最近的沙丘种植活动吸引了 150 多名志愿者，他们在 2.7 英亩的大西洋沙丘上种植了很多东西。’Oyster Bay 的女发言人 Marta Kane 说。‘沙丘草让小镇损失了 3.2 万美元。)’”对参加该活动的人数和其花费可知，沙丘植草活动受到大家的欢迎和支持，但有点费钱，故选 A。

【26 题详析】

推理判断题。根据第三段中“‘She said she would go back for another event with even more family members. ‘I’d be willing to do it again,’ she said. ‘I’d even talk the older grand kids into coming.’(她说她会和更多的家庭成员一起回去参加另一个活动。‘我愿意再来一次，’她说。‘我甚至会说服大一点的孙子们来。)’”可知，Maria Rizzi 对沙丘植草活动充满希望，积极性很高，故选 D。

【27 题详析】

主旨大意题。根据全文内容，结合第三段中“While the outcome resulted in a wave of

高级中学名校试卷

disappointment, for some volunteers that was coupled with a sense of renewed motivation.(虽然结果导致了一波失望,但对一些志愿者来说,这伴随着一种新的动力)可知,为了防止海滩沙丘被海岸线侵蚀, Oyster Bay 的志愿者开展了沙丘植草活动。虽然种植的植物在暴风雨中被摧毁,但志愿者们的意志未被摧毁,他们准备再次尝试。C 项“从未被冲走的精神”为最佳标题,故选 C。

C

Trillions of evolution’s wonders, red-eyed periodical cicadas (蝉) that have pumps in their heads and jet-like muscles in their bodies, are about to emerge in numbers not seen in decades and possibly centuries. Crawling out from underground every 13 or 17 years, with a collective song as loud as jet engines, the periodical cicadas are nature’s kings of the calendar. These black bugs with bulging eyes differ from their greener cousins that come out annually. They stay buried year after year, until they surface and take over a landscape.

This spring, an unusual cicada double population is about to invade a couple of parts of the United States in what University of Connecticut cicada expert John Cooley called “cicada-geddon”. The last time these two broods (a group of creatures) came out together was in 1803. Thomas Jefferson, the then president, wrote about cicadas in his *Garden Book* but mistakenly called them locusts (蝗虫). Usually mistaken for hungry and unrelated locusts, periodical cicadas are more annoying rather than causing great economic damage. They can hurt young trees and some fruit crops, but it’s not widespread and can be prevented.

The largest geographic brood in the nation—called Brood XIX and coming out every 13 years—is about to march through the Southeast, having already created countless boreholes in the red Georgia clay. It’s a sure sign of the coming cicada occupation. “They emerge when the ground warms to 64 degrees, which is happening earlier than it used to because of climate change,” scientists said. “The bugs are brown at first but darken as they mature.”

Soon after the insects appear in large numbers in Georgia and the rest of the Southeast, cicada cousins that come out every 17 years will inundate Illinois. They are Brood **XIII**. “And when you put those two together... you would have more than anywhere else any other time,” University of Maryland entomologist Paula Shrewsbury said. “These two broods may actually overlap—but probably not interbreed—in a small area near central Illinois.”

28. How are periodical cicadas different from their greener cousins?

高级中学名校试卷

- A. They appear once a year. B. They look more beautiful.
C. They have stronger muscles. D. They have a longer life circle.
29. What is a common belief on periodical cicadas?
- A. They are a type of locusts. B. They have underestimated advantages.
C. They are Thomas Jefferson's inspiration. D. They only eat young trees and fruit crops.
30. What can be inferred about Brood XIX?
- A. The red Georgia clay is more beneficial to them.
B. Climate change may be confusing their schedules.
C. The adult ones only live 4-6 weeks before they die.
D. They are expected to be found throughout the world.
31. What can best replace the underlined word "inundate" in the last paragraph?
- A. Strike out. B. Give up. C. Flood into. D. Jump at.

【答案】28. D 29. A 30. B 31. C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文，主要讲述了周期性蝉的生活习性和它们与其他蝉的区别，以及它们可能对环境产生的影响。

【28题详析】

细节理解题。根据第一段中“Crawling out from underground every 13 or 17 years, with a collective song as loud as jet engines, the periodical cicadas are nature's kings of the calendar. These black bugs with bulging eyes differ from their greener cousins that come out annually. They stay buried year after year, until they surface and take over a landscape. (每隔13或17年，蝉就会从地下爬出来，发出像喷气发动机一样响亮的集体歌声，它们是自然界的日历之王。这些眼睛凸出的黑色虫子与它们每年出现的绿色表亲不同。它们年复一年地埋在地下，直到浮出水面，占据一片土地。)”可知，这些眼睛凸出的黑色昆虫与它们每年出现的绿色表亲不同。它们年复一年地被埋在地下，直到重新出现，占据一片土地。这说明周期性的蝉生命周期更长。故选D。

【29题详析】

细节理解题。根据第二段中“Usually mistaken for hungry and unrelated locusts, periodical cicadas are more annoying rather than causing great economic damage. (周期性的蝉通常被误认为是饥饿的不相干的蝗虫，它们更令人讨厌，而不是造成巨大的经济损失。)”可知，人们普遍认为周期性蝉是蝗虫的一种。故选A。

【30 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据第三段中““They emerge when the ground warms to 64 degrees, which is happening earlier than it used to because of climate change,” scientists said. (科学家们说：“当地面升温到 64 度时，它们就会出现，由于气候变化，这种情况比以前发生得更早。”)”可知，气候变化可能影响了周期性的蝉的出现时间，即，气候变化可能正在混淆它们的周期时间。故选 B。

【31 题详 析】

词句猜测题。根据最后一段中“Soon after the insects appear in large numbers in Georgia and the rest of the Southeast, cicada cousins that come out every 17 years will... (这些昆虫在乔治亚州和东南部其他地区大量出现后不久，每 17 年出现一次的蝉表亲将.....)”和““And when you put those two together... you would have more than anywhere else any other time (当你把这两者放在一起时，你会比其他任何时候都有更多的昆虫。)”可知，这些昆虫数量很多，每 17 年出现一次的蝉的表亲就会淹没伊利诺伊州，划线词的含义为“涌入，淹没”。A. strike out 罢工；B. give up 放弃；C. flood into 涌入；D. jump at 纵身一跃。故选 C。

D

Total solar eclipses (日食) have scared people since time out of mind. The first record of one, preserved on a clay tablet found at Ugarit, once a trade city but destroyed later in Syria, is believed from its age and location to describe either an eclipse that happened in 1375 BC or one in 1223 BC. Legendary explanations for eclipses include the Sun being eaten by dogs, frogs or dragons. The reality is not romantic. Why are total ones, like the one coming on April 8, so rare?

Solar eclipses are a special case of phenomena called transits and occultations, in which an intervening (介于中间的) heavenly body stops light from a star reaching an observer. If the blocking body appears smaller in the sky than the star, the result is called a transit and looks like a dark spot crossing the star's surface. If the blocking object appears larger than the star, the star disappears completely—an occultation. A total eclipse is an occultation.

Solar eclipses may be either of these things, since the apparent sizes in the sky of the Sun and the Moon, viewed from Earth, are almost identical. If the Moon orbited Earth in the same plane as Earth orbits the Sun, eclipses would happen every month, but would be total only in the tropics (热带地区). In reality, the average interval between total eclipses is 18 months, and they may be seen from time to time all over the world. The path of totality across Earth's surface is narrow and

the period short (a maximum of just over seven and a half minutes). Outside these boundaries, the Sun will appear partially eclipsed, looking like a pie that something has taken a bite from.

The Great North American Eclipse, as it has been called, will be a sight to be hold on April 8. But it should also be cherished, because total eclipses of the Sun will not happen for ever. Tidal friction (潮汐摩擦) causes the Moon to move away from Earth at 3.8 cm a year, making it appear smaller and smaller in the sky. In 600 million years or so the last, short totality will occur.

32. What does the clay tablet of Ugarit represent?

- A. Some figures of ancient animals.
- B. The Sun being eaten by some animals.
- C. Ancient people who were hunting for animals.
- D. The earliest total solar eclipse recorded.

33. How does the author develop paragraph 2?

- A. By listing statistics. B. By giving definitions.
- C. By giving examples. D. By analyzing cause and effect.

34. What can we learn about total solar eclipses from paragraph 3?

- A. Their duration is relatively longer. B. They take place every month actually.
- C. They are visible only from a narrow path. D. They look like a bite taken out of the Sun.

35. What makes total solar eclipses so rare?

- A. The moving-away Moon.
- B. The stronger tide on Earth.
- C. The smaller attraction of the Moon for Earth.
- D. The changing distance between the Sun and Earth.

【答案】 32. D 33. B 34. C 35. A

【语篇解读】 本文是一篇说明文，主要介绍了日全食罕见的原因。

【32 题详析】

推理判断题。根据第一段中“The first record of one, preserved on a clay tablet found at Ugarit, once a trade city but destroyed later in Syria, is believed from its age and location to describe either an eclipse that happened in 1375 BC or one in 1223 BC. (最早的日食记录保存在 Ugarit 的一块泥板上，乌加里特曾是一个贸易城市，但后来在叙利亚被摧毁。从它的年代和位置来看，人们认为它可以描述发生在公元前 1375 年或公元前 1223 年的日食。)”可知，Ugarit

高级中学名校试卷

的一块泥板描绘了第一份日全食的事实，这是有记录以来最早的日全食。故选 D。

【33 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据第二段“Solar eclipses are a special case of phenomena called transits and occultations, in which an intervening (介于中间的) heavenly body stops light from a star reaching an observer. If the blocking body appears smaller in the sky than the star, the result is called a transit and looks like a dark spot crossing the star’s surface. If the blocking object appears larger than the star, the star disappears completely—an occultation. A total eclipse is an occultation. (日食是一种特殊的现象，被称为凌日和掩星，在这种现象中，一个介入的天体阻挡了来自恒星的光到达观测者。如果阻塞体在天空中看起来比恒星小，结果就被称为凌日，看起来像一个穿过恒星表面的黑点。如果被遮挡的物体看起来比恒星大，恒星就会完全消失——这就是掩星。日全食就是掩星。)”可知，第二段主要阐释了 transit (凌日) 和 occultation (掩星) 两种自然现象，对这两种现象给出了定义。故选 B。

【34 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据第三段中“The path of totality across Earth’s surface is narrow and the period short (a maximum of just over seven and a half minutes). (全食穿过地球表面的路径很窄，周期也很短 (最长不过 7 分半钟)。)”可知，日全食穿过地球表面的路径很窄，周期也很短 (最长不过 7 分半钟)。由此可推断，日全食可见的路径窄。故选 C。

【35 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据第四段中“Tidal friction (潮汐摩擦) causes the Moon to move away from Earth at 3.8 cm a year, making it appear smaller and smaller in the sky. (潮汐摩擦使月球以每年 3.8 厘米的速度远离地球，使它在天空中显得越来越小。)”可知，潮汐摩擦导致月球逐渐远离地球，使其在天空中显得越来越小。由此可知，我们以后再想见到日全食将会越来越难。故选 A。

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to have an attractive personality

Demonstrating an attractive personality is key to making friends and having lasting relationships. These traits (特性) give you the ability to inspire and fascinate others, making others more drawn to you as a result.

Listen to others. 36 Instead of responding to a text, opening an email, or thinking about

your next meal, pay attention to what the other person is saying. Show them you're listening and interested by commenting on the story or asking questions.

Speak sincerely. No one likes to be cheated. 37 If you can't commit to something, it's better to be honest about it than to have to tell them at the last minute that you can't make it. When people ask for your opinion, you should be honest.

38 You should always say what you believe in, be willing to take risks, and have the ability to admit your mistake without being worried about what other people will think. Doing this shows that you have self-confidence. This helps create an attractive personality.

Know "how" vs "what". How you say things is arguably more important than what you say. If you try to give someone a genuine compliment, but he or she thinks you say it with a sarcastic undertone, your compliment won't mean a thing. 39 If you notice that people often take things you say the wrong way, there's a good chance you can change how you speak. Ask your friends to make you aware of the way you're coming across.

Show enthusiasm for everything. Even if something makes you slightly uncomfortable, handle it with a smile on your face, an open mind, and a sense of humor. Not every day is going to be perfect, but being enthusiastic can help you accomplish anything. 40

- A. Tell people the truth.
- B. You may make things bad.
- C. Be aware of the way you speak.
- D. Have confidence in how you speak and act.
- E. When you act this way, people will love being around you.
- F. Asking questions is important when it comes to confidence.
- G. Listening is a trait that is often forgotten in today's society.

【答案】36. G 37. A 38. D 39. C 40. E

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文，介绍了几种展现有吸引力的个性的方式。

【36题详析】

由上文“Listen to others. (倾听他人。)”可知，本空要说跟“倾听他人”有关的话题，故G选项“Listening is a trait that is often forgotten in today's society. (在当今社会，倾听是一种经常被遗忘的特质。)”能承接上文，符合题意。故选G。

【37题详析】

高级中学名校试卷

由上文“Speak sincerely. No one likes to be cheated. (真诚地说。没有人喜欢被欺骗)”可知，没有人喜欢被欺骗，所以要告诉人们真相，故 A 选项“Tell people the truth. (告诉人们真相)”能承接上文，符合题意。故选 A。

【38 题详 析】

由下文“You should always say what you believe in, be willing to take risks, and have the ability to admit your mistake without being worried about what other people will think. Doing this shows that you have self-confidence. This helps create an attractive personality. (你应该总是说你相信什么，愿意冒险，有能力承认自己的错误，而不用担心别人会怎么想。这样做表明你很自信。这有助于塑造一个有吸引力的个性。)”可知，本段介绍的是让自己对自己的言行有信心，故 D 选项“Have confidence in how you speak and act.(对自己的言行有信心)”能概括本段主旨，符合题意。故选 D。

【39 题详 析】

由下文“If you notice that people often take things you say the wrong way, there’s a good chance you can change how you speak. (如果你注意到人们经常误解你说的话，那么现在是时候改变你说话的方式了)”可知，本空要说跟“说话的方式”有关的话题，故 C 选项“Be aware of the way you speak. (注意你说话的方式)”能引起下文，符合题意。故选 C。

【40 题详 析】

由上文“Not every day is going to be perfect, but being enthusiastic can help you accomplish anything. (不是每一天都是完美的，但是热情可以帮助你完成任何事情。)”可知，本空要说跟“这样做的意义”有关的话题，故 E 选项“When you act this way, people will love being around you. (当你这样做的时候，人们会喜欢和你在一起。)”能承接上文，符合题意。故选 E。

第三部分 语言运用(共两节，满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

James Mogaji is a security officer at Providence College Raymond Hall in Rhode Island. His enthusiasm made him such an integral part of his students’ lives that they 41 him as one of their own family.

Daniel Singh, a sophomore, described Mogaji as an attractive 42 in their residence hall, “He’s someone you’re 43 to. He was really kind and compassionate.”

The story takes a(n) 44 turn when the students discover that Mogaji has not 45 his

高级中学名校试卷

family in Nigeria for more than a decade. The discovery sparked a wave of 46 enthusiasm among the students. Out of sympathy, the students 47 a fundraiser for him. There was overwhelming 48 for their efforts, with nearly 800 donations received, exceeding (超过) their 49 goal.

The students gathered around Mogaji and 50 him an envelope containing \$3,000 to help pay for his trip to Nigeria. It was a heart-warming scene. 51 moved, Mogaji covered his face with his hands and fell to his knees in shock.

“We take care of our family. That’s what we do here at Providence College,” said the student handing the 52 to Mogaji. “We love you. You’re part of the family.”

The students’ 53 has not only touched hearts, but also made dreams 54. Mogaji is planning his long-awaited trip to Nigeria in June, a trip made possible by the 55 and solidarity of a university community that truly embodies (体现) the spirit of family.

41. A. impressed B. registered C. accepted D. intended
42. A. figure B. sculptor C. composer D. designer
43. A. recommended B. moved C. preferred D. attracted
44. A. sudden B. touching C. smooth D. interesting
45. A. phoned B. heard C. found D. seen
46. A. flat B. curious C. genuine D. responsible
47. A. started B. required C. recognized D. contacted
48. A. legend B. support C. doubt D. view
49. A. positive B. achievable C. glorious D. initial
50. A. handed B. showed C. lent D. awarded
51. A. Finally B. Merely C. Visibly D. Likely
52. A. handkerchief B. envelope C. ticket D. passport
53. A. impact B. plan C. hope D. action
54. A. come true B. get across C. go easy D. fall apart
55. A. cuteness B. effect C. kindness D. wisdom

【答案】41. C 42. A 43. D 44. B 45. D 46. C 47. A 48. B 49. D 50. A 51. C 52. B 53. D 54. A 55. C

【语篇解读】

高级中学名校试卷

这是一篇记叙文，文章主要讲述普罗维登斯学院的一群学生帮助筹集资金，以支付 James Mogaji 期待已久的尼日利亚之行的费用。

【41 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他的热情使他成为学生生活中不可或缺的一部分，他们把他当作自己家庭的一员。A. impressed 给……留下深刻印象；B. registered 注册；C. accepted 接受；D. intended 打算，计划。根据“such an integral part of his students' lives”可知，他是学生生活中不可或缺的一部分，故学生们把他当做大家庭的一员，accept sb as...“欢迎，接纳”，故选 C。

【42 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：二年级学生 Daniel Singh 形容 Mogaji 是他们宿舍楼里一个很有魅力的人，“他是你会被吸引的人。他真的很善良，很有同情心。”A. figure 人物 B. sculptor 雕刻家；C. composer 作曲家；D. designer 设计师。结合语境及“Mogaji”可知，此处指他形容 Mogaji 是他们宿舍楼里一个很有魅力的人，故选 A。

【43 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意同上。A. recommended 推荐；B. moved 使感动，移动；C. preferred 更喜欢；D. attracted 吸引。结合上文的“attractive”和下文“He was really kind and compassionate.”可知，此处指“他是你会被吸引的人”，故选 D。

【44 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：当学生们发现 Mogaji 已经十多年没有见过他在尼日利亚的家人时，故事发生了感人的转折。A. sudden 突然的；B. touching 感人的，动人的；C. smooth 顺利的；D. interesting 有趣的。结合下文“It was a heart-warming scene. _____ moved”可知，下文描述的是一个感人的故事，故选 B。

【45 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意同上。A. phoned 打电话；B. heard 听见；C. found 发现；D. seen 看见。根据下文“an envelope containing \$3,000 to help pay for his trip to Nigeria”学生们筹款帮助 Mogaji 回家看望家人，故此处指 Mogaji 已经十多年没有见过他在尼日利亚的家人，故选 D。

【46 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：这一发现在学生中激起了一股真正热情。A. flat 平的；B. curious 好奇的；C. genuine 真正的；D. responsible 负责的。根据下文“Out of sympathy, the

高级中学名校试卷

students _____ a fundraiser for him.”以及“with nearly 800 donations received, exceeding (超过

高级中学名校试卷

) their _____ goal”可知，学生们出于同情积极为 Mogaji 筹款，故此处指“这一发现在学生中激起了一股真正热情”，故选 C。

【47 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：出于同情，学生们开始为他筹款。A. started 开始；B. required 需要；C. recognized 认识到；D. contacted 联系。根据下文“with nearly 800 donations received”可知，学生们开始为 Mogaji 筹款，故选 A。

【48 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：他们的努力得到了压倒性的支持，收到了近 800 笔捐款，超过了他们最初的目标。A. legend 传奇；B. support 支持；C. doubt 怀疑；D. view 观点。根据“with nearly 800 donations received, exceeding (超过) their _____ goal”可知，他们的筹款活动得到了积极的支持，故选 B。

【49 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意同上。A. positive 积极的；B. achievable 可达到的，可获得的；C. glorious 辉煌的，荣耀的；D. initial 开始的，最初的。结合上文“‘There was overwhelming _____ for their efforts, with nearly 800 donations received’”可知，他们得到热情的支持，远远超出了最初的目标，故选 D。

【50 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：学生们聚集在 Mogaji 身边，递给他一个装有 3000 美元的信封，以帮助他支付尼日利亚之旅的费用。A. handed 交给，递给；B. showed 展示；C. lent 借给；D. awarded 授予，奖励。根据语境及空后“an envelope containing \$3,000 to help pay for his trip to Nigeria”可知，学生们应是把装有钱的信封交给 Mogaji，帮助他回家，下文“handing the _____ to Mogaji”也有【提示】，故选 A。

【51 题详 析】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：Mogaji 显然被感动了，他用手捂住脸，震惊地跪倒在地。A. Finally 最后；B. Merely 仅仅，只不过；C. Visibly 明显地；D. Likely 可能。根据“Mogaji covered his face with his hands and fell to his knees in shock”可知，Mogaji 用手捂住脸，震惊地跪倒在地，显然是被感动了，故选 C。

【52 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：“我们照顾我们的家庭。这就是我们在普罗维登斯学院所做的，”学生把信封递给 Mogaji 说。A. handkerchief 手帕，纸巾；B. envelope 信封；C. ticket 票；D.

高级中学名校试卷

passport 护照。根据上文“an envelope containing \$3,000”可知，此处指学生把装有钱的信封递给 Mogaji，故选 B。

【53 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：学生们的行为不仅触动了心灵，也实现了梦想。A. impact 影响；B. plan 计划；C. hope 希望；D. action 行动。此处是指上文学生们为 Mogaji 筹款的行为，故选 D。

【54 题详 析】

考查动词短语辨析。句意同上。A. come true 实现；B. get across 使被理解；C. go easy 放松，慢慢来；D. fall apart 崩溃，解散。根据下文“Mogaji is planning his long-awaited trip to Nigeria in June, a trip made possible”可知，这是 Mogaji 期待已久的回家之旅，是学生们帮助使它成为可能，故此处指他实现了梦想，故选 A。

【55 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：Mogaji 正在计划他期待已久的 6 月尼日利亚之行，这次旅行是由于一个真正体现了家庭精神的大学社区的善良和团结。A. cuteness 可爱；B. effect 效果；C. kindness 善意；D. wisdom 智慧。根据上文内容以及“solidarity”可知，学生们出于同情为 Mogaji 筹款，故此处指善良，故选 C。

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China will become the guest country of honor for the 37th International Kite Festival in Berck-sur-Mer from April 20 to 28. It is the first time that the festival 56 (introduce) the concept of guest countries since its establishment in 1987.

During the nine-day event, the China Cultural Center in Paris will join hands 57 Weifang City in Shandong Province—known as the “kite capital of the world”, to showcase the most authentic Chinese kite art and cultural experience to the audience. Various cultural activities will take center stage, 58 (involve) kite competitions, cultural performances and 59 (workshop) on intangible cultural heritage (非物质文化遗产).

The International Kite Festival in Berck-sur-Mer is the largest and most 60 (influence) kite-themed event in France. In addition to regular kite displays, this year’s festival will debut the international kite stunt competition, 61 (call) “The World Kite Cup Berck-sur-Mer”. Kite-flying masters from ten countries and regions will compete for the world champion title in a

高级中学名校试卷

showdown of skills and 62 (create).

63 (kick) off the festival on April 20, a 100-meter-long dragon kite will take flight, followed by 64 series of activities, like dragon and lion dance performances, martial arts demonstrations, a tea ceremony, calligraphy exhibitions 65 traditional Chinese folk music performances.

【答案】 56. has introduced 57. with 58. involving 59. workshops

60. influential 61. called 62. creativity 63. To kick 64. a 65. and

【语篇解读】这是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了中国将首次作为嘉宾国参加4月20日至28日在 Berck-sur-Mer 举办的第37届国际风筝节，期间将与山东省潍坊市合作展示中国风筝艺术及文化，活动包括风筝比赛、文化表演和非遗工作坊。

【56题详析】

考查时态、主谓一致。句意：这是自1987年创立以来首次引入嘉宾国概念。“it is the first time that +从句”是固定句型，从句中谓语动词要用现在完成时，主语 the festival 为第三人称单数，助动词用 has。故填 has introduced。

【57题详析】

考查介词。句意：在为期九天的活动中，巴黎中国文化中心将与被称为“世界风筝之都”的山东省潍坊市携手，向观众展示最真实的中国风筝艺术和文化体验。join hands with... 意为“与……携手”，固定短语。故填 with。

【58题详析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：各种文化活动将占据中心位置，包括风筝比赛、文化表演和非物质文化遗产研讨会。本句谓语为 will take，此处为非谓语动词，且 cultural activities 与 involve“包括”为主动关系，应用现在分词作状语。故填 involving。

【59题详析】

考查名词单复数。句意：各种文化活动将占据中心位置，包括风筝比赛、文化表演和非物质文化遗产研讨会。workshop“研讨会”是可数名词，研讨会不止一个，此处要用其复数形式。故填 workshops。

【60题详析】

考查形容词。句意：在滨海贝尔克举行的国际风筝节是法国规模最大、影响力最大的风筝主题活动。根据空前的 largest 和空后的名词可知，此处要用形容词 influential“有影响的”作定语，修饰名词 event。故填 influential。

高级中学名校试卷

【61 题详 析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：除了常规的风筝表演，今年的节日还将首次举办国际风筝特技比赛，称为“世界风筝杯”。本句谓语为 will debut，此处为非谓语动词，且 the international kite stunt competition 与 call 之间为被动关系，应用过去分词。故填 called。

【62 题详 析】

考查名词。句意：来自十个国家和地区的放风筝高手将在一场技巧和创意的对决中争夺世界冠军头衔。此处要用名词 creativity“创造力”，作 of 的宾语。故填 creativity。

【63 题详 析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：4 月 20 日，一个 100 米长的龙风筝将升空，随后是一系列活动，如舞龙、舞狮表演、武术示范、茶道、书法展览和中国传统民族音乐表演。kick off“开始”。本句谓语为 will take，此处为非谓语动词，要用不定式作目的状语。故填 To kick。

【64 题详 析】

考查冠词。句意：4 月 20 日，一个 100 米长的龙风筝将升空，随后是一系列活动，如舞龙、舞狮表演、武术示范、茶道、书法展览和中国传统民族音乐表演。a series of 是固定短语，意为“一系列”。故填 a。

【65 题详 析】

考查并列连词。句意：4 月 20 日，一个 100 米长的龙风筝将升空，随后是一系列活动，如舞龙、舞狮表演、武术示范、茶道、书法展览和中国传统民族音乐表演。dragon and lion dance performances, martial arts demonstrations, a tea ceremony, calligraphy exhibitions 和空后的 traditional Chinese folk music performances 为并列关系，此处要用 and 连接并列成分。故填 and。

第四部分 写作(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

66. 6 月 5 日是世界环境日 (World Environment Day)，届时你校将组织观看 UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration 倡议的宣传片。请你写一则通知，刊登在校英语报上，内容包括：

1. 观看时间和地点；
2. 观看意义；
3. 观看要求。

注意：

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

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