

六年级英语判断题练习试题答案及解析

1. 判断图片与句意是 (T) 否 (F) 匹配。

() (1)



() (2)



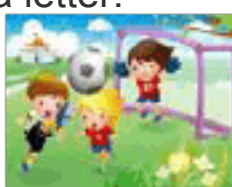
He is a naughty boy.

I'm writing a letter.

() (3)



() (4)



There are a lot of letters.

I am watching football games.

() (5)



She is writing an email.

【答案】 (1) F (2) F (3) F (4) T (5) F

2. 判断所给句子与图片是 (T) 否 (F) 相符。

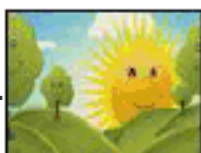
() (1) The bird is flying.



() (2) We are looking at some ducks.



() (3) The sun is shining.



() (4) The birds are singing in the tree.



() (5) It's raining.



() (6) There are some sandwiches.



【答案】 (1) T (2) T (3) T (4) T (5) F (6) T

3. 阅读理解。

根据短文内容，判断正误，正确在括号内写“A”，错误写“B”。

Wu Dong has a good friend. His name is Peter. He is from the U.S.A. Wu Dong and Peter are in the same class. They go to school five days a week. They stay at home on Sunday and Saturday. Peter likes China and Chinese food. He likes rice cakes very much. At school they play table tennis (乒乓球) after class.

Wu Dong and Peter like making things. Now they are making a plane. They like flying planes on Sunday morning. Peter speaks English and a little Chinese. Wu Dong speaks Chinese and a

little English. They teach each other.

1. Wu Dong has an American friend.
2. They go to school from Monday to Friday.
3. They often fly planes after class.

【答案】1.A

2.A

3.B

【解析】思路分析：本题应该先整体的通读文段，然后再通读试题，根据具体句子从上下文中判断得出答案。

名师解析：1. Wu Dong has a good friend. His name is Peter. He is from the U.S.A.“吴东有一个好朋友，他的名字叫彼得，他来自美国”。由此判断答案正确。

2. 由句子 They go to school five days a week. They stay at home on Sunday and Saturday.“他们一周五天去学校，周六周日呆在家里”由此判断他们周一到周五上学。故答案正确。

3. 由句子 They like flying planes on Sunday morning.“他们喜欢在周日的早上去放飞机”。由此判断答案错误。

易错提示：把题干带入原文判断，最好是用提取出来的关键词进行加工或稍加判断得出正确答案。

4. 阅读短文，判断所给句子的正（T）误（F）。

Mary and Kate are sisters. They just had a physical examination(体检). These are some of the results.

	Mary	Kate
Age	12	10
Height	130cm	110cm
Weight(体重)	40kg	30kg
Hair	long, black	short, brown
Eyes	brown	blue

They are healthy.

- () 1. Mary is Kate's sister.
- () 2. Kate is older than Mary.
- () 3. Mary has long and brown hair.
- () 4. Mary is 10kg heavier than Kate.
- () 5. Their eyes' colour is same.

【答案】1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F

【解析】略

5. 根据短文判断，对的用 T，错的用 F。

Nancy likes to take a walk in the park on the weekends. Now she is taking a walk with her good friend Yang Ling. There are many different public signs(标记) in the park. Nancy knows a lot about them. Suddenly she sees a short man walking on the grass. She points to the sign and says to him, "Sir, look at the sign! You can't walk on the grass." The man smiled and says, "You're right, young man. But I'm the keeper of the park. I look after the grass. I'm picking up the garbage on it."

- () 1. Perhaps it is Monday.
- () 2. Nancy and Yang Ling are in the park.
- () 3. The sign means "keep off(保护) the grass!"
- () 4. The short man is taking a walk on the grass.
- () 5. The word "garbage" in Chinese means "垃圾".

【答案】1.F 2.T 3.T 4.F 5.T

【解析】1.根据短文 Nancy likes to take a walk in the park on the weekends 可知，故答案是 F。

- 2.根据短文 Now she is taking a walk with her good friend Yang Ling.可知, 故答案是 T。
 3.根据短文 Sir, look at the sign! You can't walk on the grass.可知, 故答案是 T。
 4.根据短文 But I'm the keeper of the park, I look after the grass.可知,故答案是 F。
 5.根据短文 I'm picking up the garbage on it.我正在捡起草地上的垃圾可知答案是 T。

6. 阅读理解,判断正误。

Lin Tao and Mingming are good friends. Lintao's father is a doctor. He works in a hospital. He goes to work by bus every day. His mother is an English teacher. She goes to work by bike. Lin Tao likes playing football. He's good at football. He wants to be a football player. But, Mingming is good at basketball. He often plays basketball on the weekend. He wants to work in a university.

- () 1. Lin Tao and Mingming are brothers.
 () 2. Lin Tao's father goes to work by bike every day.
 () 3. Lin Tao's mother is an English teacher.
 () 4. Lin Tao and Mingming are good at football.
 () 5. Lin Tao wants to work in a university.

【答案】 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

【解析】 1. 根据文中 Lin Tao and Mingming are good friends.可知是错误的。

2. 根据文中 He goes to work by bus every day.可知是错误的。
 3. 根据 His mother is an English teacher.可知是正确的。
 4. 根据 He's good at football.和 Mingming is good at basketball.判断是错误的。
 5. 根据最后一句话可以判断是 Mingming 而不是 Lin Tao,判断是错误的。

7. 阅读理解。

I have a good friend. His name is Titi. He is from Canada. But now he lives in Nanjing. It is a beautiful city. His father works in a hospital. He is a doctor. He goes to work by subway. His mother is a nurse. She works in a hospital, too. She goes to work by bus.

Titi and his brother Kiki are twins. They look the same, but they are very different. Every morning, Titi goes to school by bike, but Kiki goes to school on foot. Every evening, Titi does his homework. His brother Kiki watches cartoons on TV. Titi usually plays football on Saturdays. He likes playing sports. But Kiki usually plays computer games. It's Kiki's hobby.

I. 阅读短文, 判断正误。正确用“T”表示, 错误用“F”表示。

- () 1. Titi's parents work in a hospital.
 () 2. Kiki is Titi's good friend.
 () 3. Kiki likes playing football.
 () 4. Kiki's mother is a doctor.
 () 5. Titi watches TV every evening.

II. 阅读短文, 回答下列问题。

1. Where do Titi's parents work?
 2. How does Kiki go to school?
 3. Does Titi's father go to work by bus?
 4. What does Kiki's mother do?
 5. What is Kiki's hobby?

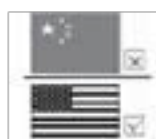
【答案】 I. 1-5 TFFFF

- II. 1. They work in a hospital.
 2. He goes to school on foot.
 3. No, he doesn't.
 4. She is a nurse.
 5. He likes playing computer games.

【解析】 略

8. 看图, 判断句子或对话正(T)误(F)。

- () 1. I live in China, but I'm not Chinese.



I'm American.

() 2. —Have you got a new T-shirt?



—Yes, I have.

() 3. I want to visit the zoo, but it's raining.



() 4. I will send you a book about the world.



() 5. I can use chopsticks, but I can't use a knife and fork.



【答案】 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

【解析】 略

9. 判断下列单词中画线部分发音是(S)否(D)相同。(16分)

() (1) talk stand

() (2) please easy

() (3) rule hurry

() (4) library line

【答案】 (1) D (2) S (3) D (4) S

【解析】 略

10. 判断下列单词划线部分的读音是否相同，相同的写“T”，不同的写“F”(6分)

(1) bread swearer (4) looked watched

(2) party card (5) meet see

(3) pear year (6) through weather

【解析】 略

11. 判断下列单词画线部分读音是否相同，相同写“S”，不同写“D”。(10分)

() (1) kicked enjoyed

() (2) out mouse

() (3) ago hole

() (4) water mother

() (5) dig bike

【答案】 (1) D (2) S (3) S (4) S (5) D

【解析】 略

12. 辨音，相符的写“T”，不相符的写“F”。(5分)

(1) summer sister

(2) water worker

(3) her farmer

(4) mother term

(5) brother paper

【答案】 (1) T (2) T (3) F (4) F (5) T

【解析】 略

13. 辨音，对的写 T，错的写 F。(5分)

(1) fax machine () (2) glue plus ()

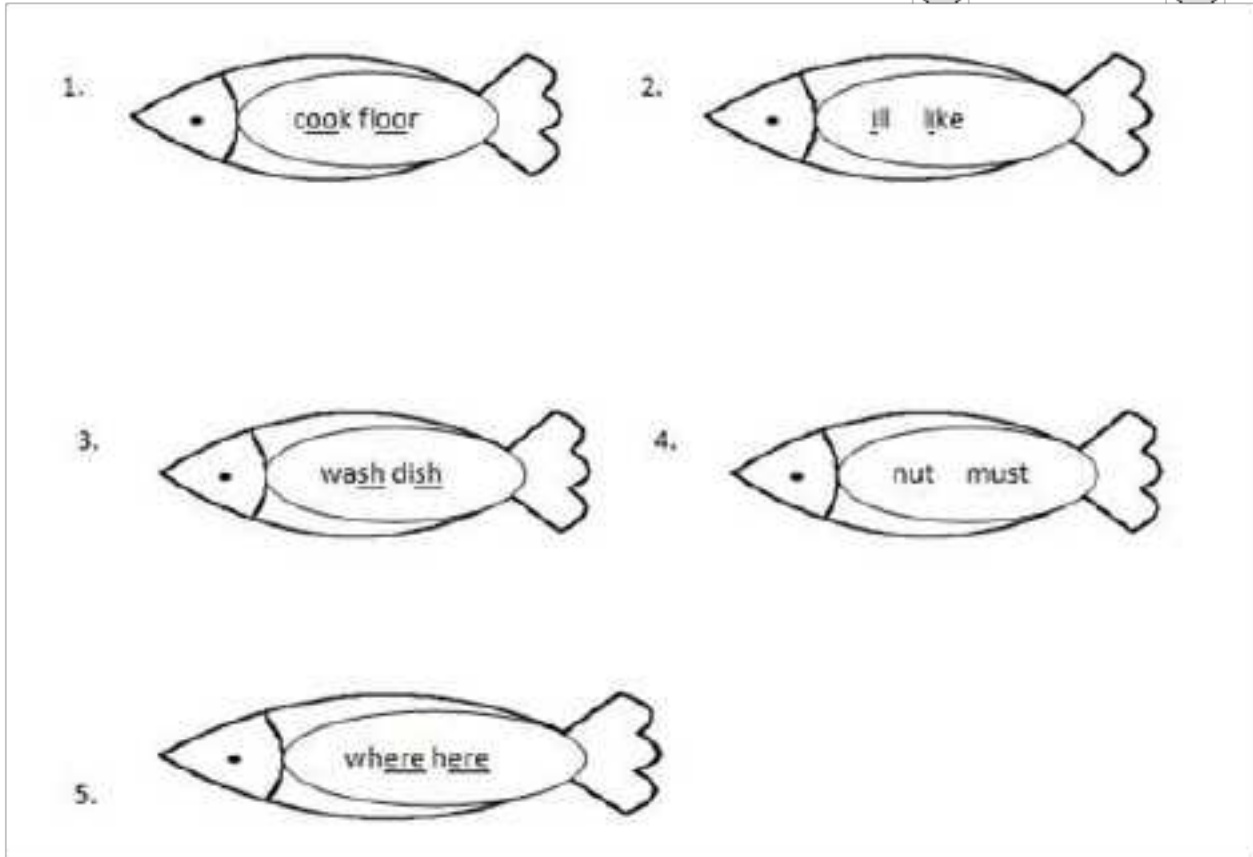
(3) envelope post () (4) warm postcard ()

(5) machine Christmas ()

【答案】 F F T F F

【解析】 略

14. 辨一辨，语音题。（快来给我做裁判，相同的标😊，不同的标😞。）



【答案】1. 😞 2. 😞 3. 😊 4. 😊 5. 😞

【解析】略

15. 判断其中不同类的一项。

1. A. introduce
B. live
C. subject
2. A. interesting
B. drawing
C. easy
3. A. classmate
B. especially
C. really
4. A. experiment
B. maybe
C. painting
5. A. my
B. our
C. themselves

【答案】1. C

2. B
3. A
4. B
5. C

【解析】略

16. 判断下列每组单词划线部分的读音是（T）否（F）相同。

- () 1. A. stayed B. washed C. fixed
- () 2. A. cleaned B. please C. speak
- () 3. A. broken B. brother C. both
- () 4. A. twelve B. better C. slept
- () 5. A. show B. lower C. shadow

【答案】FTFTT

【解析】1. -ed 在浊辅音后发/d/, 在清辅音后发/t/, 其中-ed 在 stayed 发音/d/, 在 washed 和 fixed 中发音/t/。 2. ea 在本组单词中都发长音/i:/。 3. o 在 broken 和 both 在发双元音, 在 brother 中发单元音。 4. e 在本组单词中发音/e/。 5. ow 在本组单词中都发双元音。

17. 判断下列各组单词画线部分的读音是否相同，相同“T”或不相同“F”表示。（10分）

- (1)pear near (2)their parents
 (3)first her (4)fifth there
 (5)today Saturday (6)say says
 (7)eat keep (8)April May
 (9)look cartoon (10)blow touch

【解析】略

18. 判断单词重读标志是“√”否“×”正确。

1. dinner	2. tonight	3. lesson
4. tomorrow	5. evening	
6. pizza	7. subway	

【答案】√×√; √×; √×

【解析】略

19. 圈出不同类的一项。

(1) breakfast lunch cook	(2) cake apple bread	(3) English story Chinese
(4) read write get	(5) brother sister instead	(6) English story Chinese
		(7) read write get

【答案】(1) cook (2) apple (3) story (4) get (5) instead

【解析】略

20. 修改病句，将正确的句子写在横线上。

(1)Wang Yang wants to go to USA.

(2)There is cloud in the sky.

(3)Is there something in bag?

(4)ish dictionary is an useful book.

(5)Would you like to play piano for us?

【答案】(1)Wang Yang wants to go to the USA.

(2)There is a cloud in the sky.

(3)Is there something in the bag?

(4)The English dictionary is a useful book.

(5)Would you like to play the piano for us?

【解析】(1)思路分析：本题考查的是“美国”的简写的英文表达。要做对此题，需要清楚这一点。
 名师解析：本题的错误之处是 USA，USA 是国家名词，前面应该加 the，所以正确句子应该是 Wang Yang wants to go to the USA.句意：王阳想要去美国。

易错提示：不清楚 USA 前面应该加 the 的话，本题就容易做错。

(2)思路分析：本题考查的是“cloud”的名词词性。要做对此题，需要清楚这一点。

名师解析：cloud 是可数名词，句子里面的 is 可知是一片云，所以句子应该是 There is a cloud in the sky.句意：天空中有一片云。

易错提示：不清楚“cloud”是可数名词的话，本题就容易做错。

(3)思路分析: 本题考查的是定冠词 the 的用法。要做对此题, 需要清楚这一点。

名师解析: 句意“在包里有东西吗?”, 这里的 bag 是特指的那个包, 所以前面要加冠词 the。所以正确句子是 Is there something in the bag?

易错提示: 不知道这里的 bag 是特指的话, 本题就容易做错。

(4)思路分析: 本题考查的是 useful 前面的冠词的用法。要做对此题, 需要清楚这一点。

名师解析: 因为 useful 以辅音因素开头, 尽管首字母是元音字母, 所以前面应该用 a, 而不是 an。正确句子应该是 The English dictionary is a useful book. 句意: 英语词典是一本有用的书。

易错提示: 不清楚 useful 是以辅音因素开头的, 本题就容易做错。

(5)思路分析: 本题考查的是 piano 前面是否用冠词。要做对此题, 需要清楚这一点。

名师解析: 乐器前面要加 the, piano 是乐器, 所以前面要加 the。正确句子是: Would you like to play the piano for us? 句意: 你愿意为我们弹奏一曲钢琴曲吗?

易错提示: 不清楚 piano 前面要加定冠词 the 的话, 本题就容易做错。

21. 选出下列句子中错误的一项, 并改正。

() (1) They want to makingthe country greener.

A B 改正: _____

() (2) It is always on a sunday.

A B 改正: _____

() (3) I want to stop the sand in rainy day.

A B 改正: _____

() (4) New Year's Day is on January . _____

A B 改正: _____

【答案】 (1) B 改为 make (2) B 改为 sunny day (3) B 改为 days (4) B 改为 in

【解析】略

22. 改错。

请在错误单词下画线, 并将正确答案写在横线上。

(1) Are you have an eraser? _____

(2) Does you have a pen? _____

(3) —Do you have a computer?
—Yes, I am. _____

(4) Where's my keys? _____

(5) —Are they on the desk?
—Yes, they're. _____

【答案】 (1) Are—Do (2) Does—Do (3) am—do

(4) Where's—Where're 或 Keys—Key (5) they're—they are

23. 根据所给图片, 判断句子正 (T) 误 (F)。

() (1) They played baseball .



() (2) You are laughing.



() (3) She is wearing a raincoat.



() (4) Today is a sunny day.



() (5) He is wearing a hat.



【答案】 (1) F (2) F (3) T (4) F (5) T

【解析】

24. 判断图片与句意是 (T) 否 (F) 匹配。

() (1)



I want a hot dog.

() (2)



There are some noodles.

() (3)



She wants a glass of milk.

() (4)



There are some vegetables.

() (5)



She wears a new shoes.

【答案】 (1) T (2) T (3) T (4) F (5) T

【解析】

25. 判断所给句子与图片是 (T) 否 (F) 一致。

() (1) They all laugh.



() (2) She's doing her homework.



() (3) My family are eating dinner.



() (4) We're talking.



() (5) The bell rings.



【答案】 (1) T (2) F (3) T (4) F (5) T

26. 选择句子中错误的一项。(20分)

- | |
|--|
| () (1) <u>There're</u> a <u>Chinatown</u> <u>in</u> <u>New York</u> . |
| A B C D |
| () (2) <u>There</u> are lot of <u>Chinese shops</u> <u>there</u> . |
| A B C D |
| () (3) <u>Then</u> let <u>is</u> go <u>now</u> . |
| A B C D |
| () (4) <u>There's</u> <u>chinese</u> <u>dancing</u> . |
| A B C |
| () (5) <u>He is</u> <u>America</u> , <u>not</u> <u>Chinese</u> . |
| A B C D |

【答案】 (1) A (2) B (3) B (4) B (5) B

【解析】 略

27. 判断下列句子正(T)误(F)。(20分)

- () (1) Do your collect stamps?
 () (2) These are some stamps from Canada.
 () (3) Have you got any stamps from Chinese?
 () (4) Collecting dolls are my hobby.

【答案】 (1) F (2) T (3) F (4) F

【解析】 略

28. 选错改错(10')

- | |
|---|
| (1) <u>A friend</u> of <u>him</u> went to <u>America</u> last week. |
| A B C D |
| (2) Did you <u>work out it</u> <u>at last</u> <u>just now</u> ? |
| A B C D |
| (3) <u>Each of</u> <u>the students</u> <u>have</u> <u>a new desk</u> . |
| A B C D |
| (4) Please <u>not</u> <u>put</u> <u>your socks</u> <u>in your shoes</u> . |
| A B C D |
| (5) Did he do <u>something</u> for <u>his own</u> <u>safety</u> ? |
| A B C D |

【答案】 (1) B. his

(2) B. work it out

(3) C.has

(4) A. don't

(5) B. anything

【解析】 (1) 句意：他的一个朋友上周去了美国。双重名词所有格形式为 n+of+n's/名词性物主代词，him 的形容词性物主代词为 his,故答案选 B. his

(2) 句意：刚才你终于把那道题做出来了吗？work out 解答，out 为副词，it 需要放在两词之间，故答案选 B .work it out

(3) 句意：每个学生有个新课桌。each of them 视为单数，动词有用 has,故答案选 C .has

(4) 句意：请不要把你的袜子放在鞋子里。祈使用的否定句为 don't...,故答案选 A. don't

(5) 句意：他为他自己的安全做些什么事情了吗？something 用于肯定句，anything 用于疑问句和否定句，故答案选 B. anything

29. 阅读对话，判断对错，（对写 T，错写 F）。（10分）

Zhang: Excuse me, how do we get to the People's Park ?

Man: You can go there by the No.5 bus ,or you can go on foot.

Zhang: How do we go on foot ?

Man: It's easy. Turn left at the traffic lights.

The park is near a tall office building

John: Thank you very much. Hurry up, Zhang Peng!

Zhang: No! The light is red. Stop!

John: That's right. We have to wait.

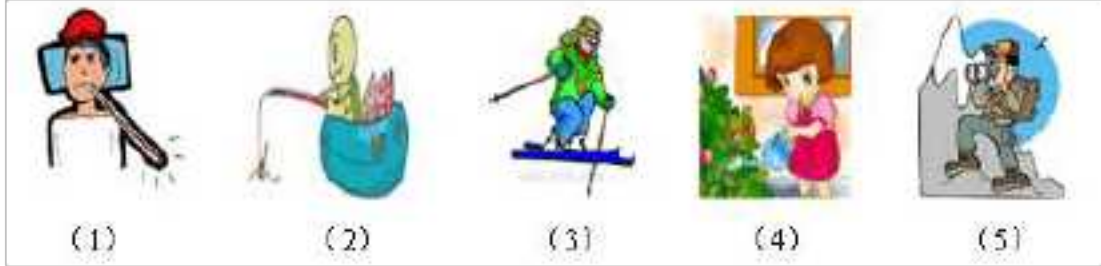
Zhang: Now it's green. Let's go!

(1) John and Zhang Peng can't go to the park by the No.5 bus.

- (2) John and Zhang Peng want to go to the park on foot.
 (3) The People's Park is near the traffic lights.
 (4) They can go at a red light.
 (5) Zhang Peng follows the traffic rules.

【解析】略

30. 读句子，判断正“√”，误“×”（5分）

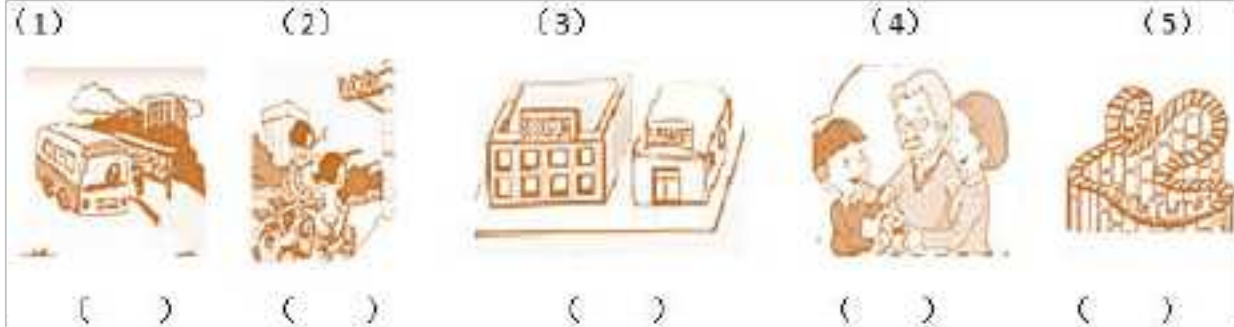


- () (1) She has the flu.
 () (2) John went swimming last Saturday.
 () (3) Chen Jie went skiing on her holiday.
 () (4) Amy watered the flowers yesterday.
 () (5) John climbed a mountain last summer holiday.

【答案】 (1) √ (2) × (3) √ (4) √ (5) √

- 【解析】 (1) √ 图片中的女人嘴里含着体温计，可知是生病了，与题意相符，故填√
 (2) × 图片中的人在钓鱼，与题意不相符，故填×
 (3) √ 图片中的人在划雪，与题意相符，故填√
 (4) √ 图片中的女孩在浇花，有题意相符，故填√
 (5) √ 图片中的人在山上用望远镜看远方，与题意相符，故填√

31. 根据录音内容判断，相符的在括号里打“√”，不符的打“×”。（5分）



【答案】 (1) × (2) √ (3) √ (4) √ (5) ×

【解析】 【听力材料】

- (1) A: How do you go to ZhongShan Park?
 B: I often go to Zhong Shan Park by taxi.
 (2) Go at a green light.
 (3) The bookstore is west of the supermarket.
 (4) A: What are you going to do tonight?
 B: I'm going to visit my grandparents.
 (5) A: What are you going to do this weekend?
 B: I'm going to the Great Wall with my father.

32. 看图听句子。判断图片是否与所听到的内容一致，一致在括号中用“斌”表示，不一致用“X”

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/457026115044006056>