2010-2023 历年江苏江阴要塞片九年级上期中英语试卷(带解析)

第1卷

一. 参考题库(共 25 题)

1.完成句子(每小题 1.5 分 共 9 分)

【小题 1】	这些背包客别无选择,	只好在午夜向警方式	
These back	packers had	ask the police for h	elp at midnight
【小题 2】	汤姆很难在学习和玩之	2间取得平衡。	
Tom has	betwe	en study and play.	
【小题 3】	彼得在学习上取得了循	艮大进步,他的父母	都很开心。
Peter		that his parents we	ere very happy.
【小题 4】	年轻人应该经常向别人	、学习,而不是炫耀等	学问。
Young peo	ple should often		the knowledge
【小题 5】	你的建议肯定是有价值	重的,非常值得采纳。	
Your advic	e must		taking.
【小题 6】	我不知道这首歌让他想	想起了什么?	
I didn't kno 2.The fat b funny! A. having B. having C. not hav	not; eat not; to eat	enough food	every day. How
	ving, cat		

 3.An old man was found in his house. Luckily, he was taken to hospital in time. A. dead B. die C. dying D. death
4.To write a great news story, you have to make sure it is correct, relevant and fresh. For a start, all the information in a story must be correct. Not only the spelling and grammar, but also the facts. Any mistakes that appear in a story can get a newspaper into big trouble. For example, if a newspaper said that Yang Liwei was the first man to go into space, it would be wrong. He wasn't the first. The newspaper would probably lose lots of readers because of that mistake. A news story is not only correct, but also <u>relevant</u> to its readers. People are mostly interested in news that happens near to them. That is why you care more about what happens at your school than at American schools. It is also why newspapers in Beijing don't talk about much news in Shanghai or Hong Kong. Finally, news must always be fresh. When you pick up your evening newspaper, you want to read about news that happens that day. You don't want to read about news from last week! So, now you know what makes a good news story. Have a good look at our newspaper and see if it is full of good news. You can try writing a news story for our newspaper like a real reporter.
【小题 1】What is the meaning of the underlined word "relevant".
A. 有趣的B. 相关的C. 最新的D. 正确的
【小题 2】According to the writer, newspapers in Wuxi should talk much about news
in A. Wuxi B. Hong Kong C. Shanghai D. Beijing
【小题 3】Which of the following is true?
A A 11 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

- A. A small mistake can't get a newspaper into trouble.
- B. A lot of people like reading about news from last week.
- C. The passage doesn't tell us who was the first man to go into space.
- D. People are mostly interested in news that happens far away from them.

5. Why not your teacher for advice when you don't know the problems? A. ask; what to do with B. to ask; how to deal with C. ask; what to deal with D. to ask; how to do with
6.It's easy you to say sorry, but remember be late again. A. for; not to B. for; don't C. of; not to D. of; to
7.短文填空(每空一词,每空 0.5 分,共 5 分)
根据短文内容和首字母提示,在下文空格处填入适当的词使短文完整
Making friends is a skill like other skills. It improves with practice. If you want to meet people and m_【小题 1】_friends, you must be willing to take some actions.
You must first go w_【小题 2】_there are many people. You won't make friends
staying at home.
J_【小题 3】 a club or go to a party, talking with those who like the s_【小题 4】
things as you do. Or join someone in some a【小题 5】
It's human nature to feel a bit unhappy about the unknown. Most of our fears come
from doubts about ourselves. D_【小题 6 】 _forget they must be feeling the same way.
Try to accept yourself as you are, and try to put the other person at ease(自由自在). You'll both f _【小题 7】_comfortable. Try to act self-confidently t _【小题 8】_you
don't feel that way. When you enter a room f【小题 9】_of strangers, walk straight,
look directly at them and smile. Meeting someone new doesn't mean that you will make
friends because friendship is based on mutual liking(基于互相喜欢) and "give and
take". It takes t_【小题 10】_to develop.
8.I think this novel is worthagain. A. read B. to read C. reads D. reading

9.S	tudents should pay attention to	_the teacher in class.
A.	hear	
В.	listen to	
C.	listening to	
D.	hearing	
10.	There're too many clothes in the shop. I	I really can't decide
A.	which to buy coat	
В.	to buy which coat	
C.	which coat should I buy	

11. When a cake is brought to the table at a birthday party, it is usually decorated with candles. It is said that the tradition of lighting birthday candles was invented by the ancient Greeks; it has taken on different meanings through the years. Today, one of the most popular birthday traditions is to blow out the candles all at once to make a secret wish come true.

In order to please Artemis, the goddess of the moon, the ancient Greeks arranged something special for birthdays. A moon-shaped cake was baked and decorated with lit candles. They thought the smoke from the candles would carry an offering(祭品) up into the sky, where they believed Artemis lived.

The tradition of lighting birthday candles continued in Europe, where candles were sometimes kept burning all day on a person's birthday, partly as celebration and partly to keep away evil spirits. It was believed that the blowing out of candles represented one's prayers(祈祷) to the gods. Some cultures believe it is a bad luck to blow out the candles until after the evening meal is eaten.

Traditionally, one candle represents a year of the person's age. Some families prefer to add an extra candle for good luck. But that practice is improper when a very young child is celebrating a third birthday. Generally, older people's birthdays are celebrated by placing just a few candles to represent, such as an eight for 80th birthday.

Today's birthday candles are made in different shapes, like animals or flowers. One or two candles in the shape of numbers are sometimes used instead of lots of candles; for example, a four-shaped and a zero-shaped candle would represent 40.

【小题 1】Why did the ancient Greeks arrange something special for birthdays?

A. To make their dreams come true.

D. which coat to buy

- B. To celebrate a person's birthday.
- C. To protect themselves from evil spirits.
- D. To please the goddess of the moon.

【小题 2】What is the tradition of lighting candles for birthdays like in Europe?

- A. The candles were always kept burning all day on a person's birthday.
- B. The blowing out of candles represented one's prayers to the god.

- C. Some cultures believe it is right to blow out the candles before the evening meal.
- D. The Europeans sometimes keep burning the candles all day just as a celebration.

【小题 3】What can we infer from the last two paragraphs?

- A. In some families, people would add an extra candle without any special meaning.
- B. It is common to see a cake with four candles on a three-year-old child's birthday.
- C. Traditionally, people can use an eight-shaped and a zero-shaped candle to represent 80.
- D. Usually one candle is placed on a cake for each year of the person's age.

12.— What do you thin	nk of the speech?
— Forget it. It is	than I thought.
A. far more boring	

- 71: Idi more boring
- B. even more interested
- C. much more bored
- D. more interesting

	13.I don't know if it	tomorrow. If it	, we will go or	at for a	picni	c
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- A. will rain; won't rain
- B. rains; doesn't rain
- C. rains; won't rain
- D. will rain; doesn't rain

14. Some top students are giving advice.

Bill, Canada

When taking tests, relax. If you're worried that you'll fail the test, you're sure to get a low score. If you have studied for it long enough, you shouldn't be worried about getting a low grade.

Lily, America

Remember the most important advice to get good grades is very simple; do well on tests to get an A or an A-. Do what your teacher says, and the chances are fairly good that you'll get an A+. Don't stress yourself. Act cool!

Betty, Britain

Write good notes. Coloured pens are fun to write with if you want to get more creative with your notes, but use them only for parts of your notes that will probably be on a test or that are important. It makes them stand out. Go over your notes before you take the exams.

Tom, Australia

In order to get good grades, try to do your homework immediately after school. Time management is important. If you're told to do the homework next week, get started the same day you know it. Before you start, you'd better make clear what to do and how to do it.

【小题 1】Who gives advice on homework?

A. Betty. B. Bill.
C. Lily.
D. Tom.
【小题 2】Lily tells us when taking tests.
A. not to worryB. not to stress ourselvesC. to get more creativeD. to make clear what to do
【小题 3】 The top students are giving advice on
A. how to get good gradesB. how to start learningC. what to do when taking testsD. what to take when going to school
15.动词填空 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空。(本大题共 8 分,每小题 1 分
)(原创)
【小题 1】We should do what we can (improve) our spoken English.
【小题 2】There (be) a wonderful competition this coming Saturday,
isn't there?
【小题 3】Your coat is really dirty. Don't you think you should have it(
wash) in time?
【小题 4】While the Reads (have) supper, they suddenly heard a loud
knock at the door.
【小题 5】 It's said that the price of bread (rise) by 15% recently.
【小题 6】The robber was seen (hit) that young woman in the street at
that moment.
【小题 7】Mr. Smith (prefer) watching TV to playing computer games
in the past.
【小题 8】Another two months will be needed before the new bridge
(complete).

16.完形填空 先通读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后在每小题所给的四个选项中

, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(本大题共 10 分, 每小题 1 分)

Up to two-thirds of children don't get as much sleep as they should do and this can make them nervous and slower at school, researchers say.

So___should young people sleep each night? The answer is between 8 and 10 hours. If you don't get enough sleep at night, you'll have___energy the next day.

But the researchers say many children have missed out on 4,500 hours of sleep by the time they are 7 years old. They say that children miss sleep because they have TVs and computers in their rooms and ____parents don't read to their younger children at night any more. The traditional "bedtime story" helps children to relax and fall asleep ____. Children with TVs and computers in their bedrooms are more likely to sleep badly and to get less than 8 hours sleep. Even ____one hour's sleep a night can mean that children do less well at school.

German scientists think that your___keeps working while you are asleep. To show that they were___, they gave two groups of people a problem to work out. One group went to sleep and the other group stayed___. The result? The people who slept worked out the answer more quickly, suggesting that their brains had been trying to__the answer while the people were asleep. So, make sure you get enough sleep tonight,___you'll be at your best tomorrow.

【小题 1】

- A. how much
- B. how many
- C. how long
- D. how often

【小颢 2】

- A. more
- B. less
- C. few
- D. little

【小题 3】

- A. proud
- B. free
- C. poor
- D. busy

【小题 4】

- A. peacefully
- B. carefully
- C. happily
- D. sadly

【小题 5】

- A. losing
- B. lost
- C. loser
- D. loss

【小题 6】

- A. head
- B. brain
- C. heart
- D. thought

【小题 7】

- A. perfect
- B. bright
- C. right
- D. great

【小题 8】

- A. awake
- B. alive
- C. asleep
- D. absent

【小题 9】

- A. think over
- B. open up
- C. find out
- D. put down

【小题 10】

- A. or
- B. but

C. if D. and
17.My father always has funwith the neighbours on weekends. A. to play chess B. playing chess C. playing the chess D. to play the chess
18.Few men shopping with their wives at home to watch TV. A. prefer going; to staying B. prefer go; to shopping C. would rather to go; than stay D. would rather going; than staying
19.根据句意及汉语提示完成句子
【小题 1】Don't be too(担心) about your son .He is old enough to look
after himself
【小题 2】 There are twelve boys and girls here. Can this birthday cake be(划
分) into so many pieces?
【小题 3】We tried another way to work out this problem, but that didn't work
(也).
【小题 4】It is a good(选择) to make a list of all the things you need to do.
20.If you could see a movie of your life before you lived it, would you want to live it? Probably not. The excitement of living is that you don't know what's coming.
Sure, it's hard to see uncertainty(不确定) in such positive (积极的) light when
you're out of work, or when you feel like you're failing. But uncertainty is really another word for chance. When Allison graduated from Harvard, she had chances all over the place but had no
idea what she wanted to do. She took a job in consulting(咨询), but she knew she
wouldn't stay there. She took the GRE and scored so high that she was able to increase her income(收入) by teaching students. Still, she didn't think she wanted to go to graduate school(研究院). Allison knew she wasn't doing what she wanted, but she didn't know what she wanted. She worried. All her friends were going to graduate school or starting their own

businesses. She was lost and felt that she would never find anything out. After six years,

Allison, by having a general (全面的) plan in mind, got married, moved to the Midwest and used her consulting experience to get a great job. Allison realized that she spent her years finding her way: time well spent.

The only way to lead an interesting life is to face uncertainty. Otherwise your life is not your own—it is a path someone else has chosen. Moments of uncertainty are when you create your life, when you become who you are. Uncertainty usually begins with a job hunt, but it doesn't end there. Every new role we take on means another round of uncertainty. Instead of fearing it, you should find some ways to deal with uncertainty.

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【小题 1】From the first two paragraphs, we can learn that
A. being out of work is a sad thingB. uncertainty is what makes life interestingC. life in a film is more exciting than real lifeD. chance never appears when we need it
【小题 2】What troubles Allison after graduation?
A. She couldn't find a well-paid job.B. She had no money to start a business.C. She was not sure what to do.D. She didn't score high enough for graduate school.
【小题 3】 How did Allison feel about her six years' working experience?
A. Uncertain.B. Amazed.C. Sorry.D. Satisfied.
【小题 4】 What may be discussed in the following paragraph?
A. How to deal with uncertainty.B. What role uncertainty plays in life.C. Why people fear uncertainty.D. Whom to go to when facing uncertainty.
21.—The colour fits her. She looks lovely blue. —That's right. But I think pink looks more lovely her. A. in; in B. in; on C. on; on D on; i
22.书面表达 (本大题共 10 分)
假设你叫刘涛,给美国的笔友 Jack 写信,向他介绍你在初三的学习生活

要点:1.目前你忙于学习,几乎抽不出时间写信。

- 2. 虽然你时常感到压力, 但你相信充足的睡眠会有帮助, 所以总是仔细计划你的 每一天。 3.父母在学习上对你很严格,他们不允许花时间做别的事情,你对此感到很糟。 4. 你认为...... 注意:1.第四要点的内容须用 2-3 句话作适当的发挥。 2.短文必须包括所有内容要点,要求语句通顺,意思连贯。 3.词数80左右,短文的开头和结尾已给出,不计入词数。 Dear Jack, Thank you for your last letter. You want to know about my school life. Now let me tell you about it._____ Would you like to tell me something about your school life? I hope to hear from you soon. Yours truly, Liu Tao 23. Amy would rather . Let's take her to the KFC restaurant. A. Western food than Chinese food B. have Chinese food than Western food C. to have Western food than Chinese food D. have Western food than Chinese food 24. Billy has all kinds of different ideas. He is to be a good writer. A. enough creative B. too creative C. creative enough D. so creative
- 25.用所给单词的适当形式填空

【小题 1】To our_____(surprised), he succeeded in passing the exam.

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