

Unit5 Good manners

Period 4 Integrated skills & Study skills



Integrated skills

A. Public signs

A1. Amy is talking with her cousin Shirley about signs used in public places. Listen to the first part of their conversation and help Shirley complete her notes.

Public /'pʌblɪk/ signs

·Are used in public places

- Often (1) **bright** in colours
- Often have (2) **pictures** on them
- Help explain /ɪk'spleɪn/ things and give us useful information ①
- Help us find our (3) **way**
- Tell us about the (4) **places** around us
- Keep us (5) **safe** from danger ②
- Warn /wɔ:n/ us (6) **not to do** something ③

温馨提示：此符号表示
“考点精讲”链接。

A2. Listen to the second part of the conversation. Help Shirley write the missing information in the table below.

Sign	Meaning	Usually seen
	No smoking	in (1) <u>places like hospitals</u>
	No photos	in (2) <u>places like museums</u>
	No parking /'pɑ:kɪŋ/ ④	in (3) <u>the street</u>
	No littering /'lɪtərɪŋ/	in (4) <u>public places like parks</u>

A3. Shirley is writing a report on public signs. Help her complete her report. Fill in the blanks with the information in Parts A1 and A2.

Public signs

We can see different public signs in places like (1) hospitals, (2) museums, streets and (3) parks. They are often bright in colours and have (4) pictures on them.

Public signs help (5) explain things. Most of them give us (6) useful information. They help us (7) find our way, tell us about the (8) places around us, keep us (9) safe from danger and warn us (10) not to do something.

Here are some examples:

(11) No littering

(12) No photos

(13) No smoking

(14) No parking

B. Speak up: Please don't take photos.

Mr Zhao, Amy's father, is visiting an art museum with Amy and Shirley. They are talking softly in the museum. Work in groups and warn your group members not to do something. Use the conversation below as a model.

Mr Zhao: Look at this famous painting by Picasso.

Amy: Wow! It's excellent! Let me take a photo of it.

Mr Zhao: Please don't take photos, Amy.

Amy: Why not?

Mr Zhao: Look at the sign. It says “No photos”. We shouldn’t take photos here.

Amy: Sorry, I didn’t notice that sign just now.

Shirley: Come and see, Amy! I’ve seen this painting before.

Amy: OK. I’m coming, but we shouldn’t shout in the museum, Shirley.

Study skills

Using English sayings

A saying is a short wise statement that usually gives advice or expresses some truth about life.

When in Rome, do as the Romans do.

(When you are in a foreign country or a situation you are not familiar with, you should behave in the way that the people around you behave.)

Many traditional sayings are still in general use today. Sometimes they are a great help if you need some wise words to express your ideas. They make what you say or write simple and vivid.

A. Sandy collected some sayings. Help her match the sayings with their meanings. Write the correct letters in the boxes.

a. everybody will be lucky or successful /sək'sesfl/ sometime /'sʌmtaɪm/ in their life ⑤

b. when one bad thing happens to you, other bad things happen soon after ⑥

c. you have to do something before others in order to be successful

d. if lots of people share the work, it will make a job easier to complete

e. what other people have always seems better than your own

f. risk /rɪsk/ losing everything all at one time ⑦

1. the early bird catches the worm

c

2. it never rains but it pours

b

3. many hands make light work

d

4. every dog has its day

a

5. put all your eggs in one basket

f

6. the grass is always greener on the other side

e

B. Mr Wu has prepared some sayings for the students. Help the students complete the sentences with the correct sayings.

- actions speak louder than words
- no pain /peɪn/, no gain ⑧
- a friend in need is a friend indeed
- practice /'præktɪs/ makes perfect ⑨
- burn the candle /'kændl/ at both ends

1. Just as the saying goes, “ No pain, no gain . ” My cousin has made his dream come true after years of hard work.
2. Practice makes perfect . If you keep practising speaking English every day, you will be better at it.
3. Do not try to do many things at one time. Otherwise, you will become tired out. Remember, you cannot burn the candle at both ends .

4. He always gives his friends help when they need it because he knows that **a friend in need is a friend indeed**.
5. Dad never says that he is good at cooking, but in fact he is. He always cooks delicious meals for us, that is, **actions speak louder than words**.

① Help explain things and give us useful information

考点1 explain /ɪk'spleɪn/ vt. & vi. 解释 (to tell sb. about sth. in a way that makes it easy to understand)

e.g. It was difficult to explain the problem to beginners.

向初学者解释这个问题很难。

explain 不能接双宾语，没有explain sb. sth. 的表达。

explain sth. to sb. 向某人解释某事

First, I'll explain the rules of the game to you.

首先, 我会向你说明一下游戏规则。

He did not offer any explanation for his behaviour.

他没有对自己的行为提供任何解释。

explain 的名词形式, 意为“解释, 说明”

考题1: [日照] You had better explain (解释) it to our teacher, not to me.

返回

温馨提示：
可返回原文

② Keep us (5) _____ from danger

考点2 keep sb. from sth. 阻止某人做某事

e.g. We should keep ourselves from fire. 我们应该远离火。

We must keep/stop the children from playing in the street.

我们必须阻止孩子们在街上玩。

keep sb. from(doing)... = stop sb. from(doing)...

阻止某人做……。

考题2: 为了安全起见，我们应该尽力使我们的孩子远离河流。

To be safe, we should try our best to

keep our children away from rivers.

③ Warn us (6) _____ something

warning n. 警告

考点3 warn /wɔ:n/ vt. & vi. 警告, 告诫 (to strongly advise sb. to do or not to do sth. in order to avoid danger or punishment)

e.g. The teacher warned us not to play in the street.

老师警告过我们别在街上玩。

warn sb. (not) to do sth. 警告某人(别) 做某事

拓展：warn 的常见用法还有：

<p>warn sb. of /about sth. 警告某人注意某事</p>	<p>e.g. They warned him about the ice. 他们告诫他注意冰情。 I tried to warn him of the danger, but he was determined to get his own way. 我试图警告他有危险,可是他一意孤行。</p>
<p>warn sb. against doing sth. 警告某人不要做某事</p>	<p>e.g. The doctor warned him against smoking. 医生告诫他不要吸烟。</p>
<p>warn sb. that... 警告某人.....</p>	<p>e.g. He warned me that the roads were icy. 他提醒我路上结了冰。</p>

考题3: [滨州] — Our parents often A us not to talk with strangers on the Internet.

— That's true. As teenagers, we should learn to protect ourselves.

A. warn

警告

B. invite

邀请

C. control

控制

D. promise

承诺

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