# 2023年河南省普通高中招生考试试卷

## 英　语

注意事项：

1. 本试卷共10页，六个大题，满分120分，考试时间100分钟。

2. 本试卷上不要答题，请按答题卡上注意事项的要求直接把答案填写在答题卡上，答在试卷上的答案无效。

一、听力理解（20小题，每小题1分，共20分）

第一节 听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

1. Which club will the boy join?

A. A music club.　　B. A painting club.　　C. A chess club.

2. What will the weather be like this afternoon?

A. Sunny.　　B. Cloudy.　　C. Windy.

3. What's the possible relationship between the two speakers?

A. Father and daughter.　　B. Doctor and patient.　　C. Waiter and customer.

4. Who likes jiaozi best?

A. The man.　　B. The woman.　　C. Their friend

5. What happened to Kevin?

A. He lost the game.　　B. He left the team.　　C. He hurt his arm.

第二节 听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6至第7两个小题。

6. When will the girl give a speech?

A. Next Monday.　　B. Next Wednesday.　　C. Next Friday.

7. What is the girl going to talk about?

A. Environmental protection.　　B. Language learning.　　C. Traditional culture.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至第9两个小题。

8. Where is the bookstore?

A. On Zhongshan Road.　　B. On Renmin Road.　　C. On Huayuan Road.

9. How will the man get to the bookstore?

A. By car.　　B. By bus.　　C. By bike.

听下面一段独白，回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。

10. Who will be invited to the speaker’s school?

A. A fireman.　　B. A policeman.　　C. A sportsman.

11. How long will the talk last?

A. One hour.　　B. Two hours.　　C. Three hours.

12. Where will the students go after the talk?

A. To the school hall.　　B. To the classroom.　　C. To the playground.

听下面一段对话，回答第 13 至第 15 三个小题。

13. What is the boy’s name in the story?

A. Bob.　　B. John.　　C. Scott.

14. What do the speakers think of the boy in the story?

A. Brave.　　B. Honest.　　C. Cute

15. Where will the two speakers meet?

A. At the bus stop.　　B. At the school gate.　　C. At the street corner.

第三节 听下面一篇短文。按照你所听内容的先后顺序将下列图片排序。短文读两遍。







A　　B　　C　　D　　E

16. _____　　17. _____　　18. _____　　19. _____　　20. _____

二、阅读理解（20 小题，每小题 2 分，共 40 分）

阅读下面四篇语言材料，然后按文后要求做题。

A

Kew Gardens

Enjoy yourselves in a wonderland of science with over 50,000living plants and different kinds of educational events or interesting activities. Here is some useful information about planning a school visit to Kew Gardens.

Educational　session (时段) prices

You can plan a self-led visit or book one of our educational sessions. Students will take part in the educational sessions in groups of 15. Prices are different according to different situations.

●45-minute session: £35/group ●90-minute session: £70/group

●Half day (one session): £80/group ●Full day (two sessions): £160/group



Health and safety

Required teacher-student ratios（比例）:

●Key Stage 1: 1:5

●Key Stage 2: 1:8

●Key Stage 3: 1:10

●Key Stage 4: 1:12

If you need help, please contact（联系）the Kew staff members（工作人员）. You can also call 0202 332 3333 for direct and quick support. Please do not call 999.

Timings

The Kew Gardens opens at 10 am. Your visit may take three to five hours. The closing time changes throughout the year. But the earliest is 3:30pm. We have a fixed schedule for educational sessions, which is from 10:30am to 2:20pm.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

1. How much should a group of 15 students pay for a 90-minute session?

A. □35. B. □70. C. □80. D. □160.

2. How many teachers are needed if 40 children (Key Stage 2) visit Kew Gardens?

A. 3. B. 4. C. 5. D. 6.

3. What should you do if you need help according to the text?

A. Call 999 right away. B. Call your parents at once.

C. Turn to your teachers. D. Ask staff members for help.

4. Which of the following is a proper time to take part in the educational sessions?

A. 9:30am. B. 11:30am. C. 3:30pm. D. 4:30pm.

5. What is the main purpose of the text?

A. To list the reasons for visiting Kew Gardens.

B. To introduce different plants in Kew Gardens.

C. To compare different activities in Kew Gardens.

D. To give information about visiting Kew Gardens.

【答案】1. B　　2. C　　3. D　　4. B　　5. D

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了去邱园参观的相关信息。

【1 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“90-minute session: £70/group”可知 90 分钟课程一组需要 70 磅。故选 B。

【2 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Key Stage 2: 1:8”可知老师和学生的比例是 1:8，所以 40 个孩子需要 5 名老师。故选 C。

【3 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“If you need help, please contact (联系) the Kew staff members”可知如果你需要帮助，可以联系工作人员。故选 D。

【4 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“We have a fixed schedule for educational sessions, which is from 10: 30am to 2: 20pm.”可知教育课程时间是从上午 10 点半到下午 2 点半。故选 B。

【5 题详解】

主旨大意题。本文主要介绍了去邱园参观的相关信息。故选 D。

## B



a squirrel

Plunk! I dropped another pecan（山核桃）into my basket. Then a gentle autumn wind blew some more off the tree. I ran to pick them up. Whew! Pecan picking was hard. My basket was only half full.

I was visiting my grandpa’s farm in Kansas, and Grandpa sent me into the woods to pick up pecans for us to enjoy later. I wasn’t about to let him down.

Then something caught my eye: a squirrel picked up a pecan, climbed up a tree and disappeared into a large hole. A moment later, the squirrel climbed down to the ground to pick another pecan. Once again, he took the

pecan back to his secret hiding place inside the hollow（洞）of the tree.

Not so secret anymore, I thought. I ran over to the tree and found the hollow was filled with sweet pecans. They were right there for the taking. This was my chance. Handful by handful, I took all the pecans from the hollow. Now the basket was full!

I was so proud of myself. I couldn't wait to show Grandpa all of the pecans I'd collected.

"Look, Grandpa," I shouted, "look at all of the pecans I found!"

Grandpa took a look at my basket. "Well, well, how did you find so many, Jimmy?" I told him how I'd followed the squirrel and taken the pecans from his hiding place. Grandpa congratulated me on finding out something about the squirrel's habits. Then he did something that surprised me. He handed the basket back to me and put his arm gently around my shoulders.

"That squirrel worked very hard to collect his winter food," he said. "Now that all of his pecans are gone, don't you think that little squirrel will be very hungry when it gets cold?"

"I didn't think about that," I said.

"I know," Grandpa said. "But a good man should never take advantage of someone else's hard work, even the squirrel's."

Suddenly I felt as hollow as that old tree. The image（形象）of that hungry squirrel wouldn't leave my mind. There was only one thing I could do.

…

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

6. Why did the writer go to the woods at the beginning of the story?

A. To pick up pecans.　　B. To catch little animals.

C. To feed the squirrels.　　D. To look for his grandpa.

7. The writer was proud of himself because _____.

A. he was praised by his grandpa

B. he found out his grandpa's secret

C. he helped the squirrel in the hollow

D. he filled his basket with so many pecans

8. Which of the following can best describe Grandpa?

A. Kind and wise.　　B. Caring and humorous.

C. Shy and friendly.　　D. Patient and hard-working.

9. What is the possible ending to the story?

A. The writer sent the pecans to his neighbors.

B. The writer put all the pecans back into the hole.

C. The writer hid the pecans in his grandpa’s house.

D. The writer enjoyed all the pecans with his family.

10. What is the best title for the text?

A. An unusual tree　　B. The stolen pecans

C. A smart squirrel　　D. The magic basket

【答案】6. A　　7. D　　8. A　　9. B　　10. B

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了作者把松鼠树洞里的山核桃据为己有，带回家给爷爷看，爷爷告诉他：一个好人不应该窃取别人的劳动成果。

【6 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Grandpa sent me into the woods to pick up pecans”可知，作者去树林里摘山核桃。故选 A。

【7 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Now the basket was full! I was so proud of myself. I couldn’t wait to show Grandpa all of the pecans I’d collected.”可知，作者自豪是因为他在篮子里装满了山核桃。故选 D。

【8 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“He handed the basket back to me and put his arm gently around my shoulders.”和爷爷说的话“Now that all of his pecans are gone, don’t you think that little squirrel will be very hungry when it gets cold?”，“But a good man should never take advantage of someone else’s hard work, even the squirrel’s.”可知，爷爷没有责备作者，而是耐心地告诉他不应该窃取别人的劳动成果，拿走松鼠的食物，冬天它会挨饿。由此可知，爷爷是善良并且有智慧的。故选 A。

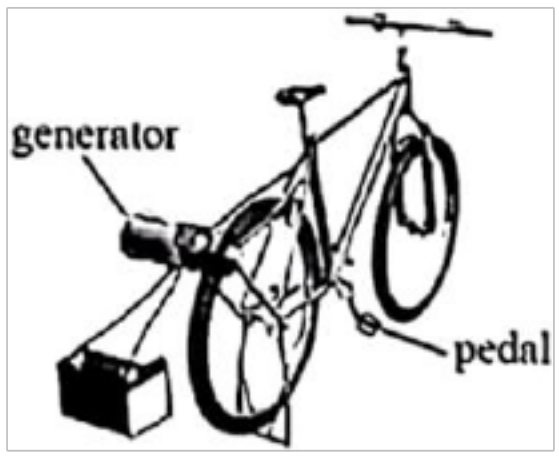
【9 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段“Suddenly I felt as hollow as that old tree. The image (形象) of that hungry squirrel wouldn’t leave my mind. There was only one thing I could do.”可知，作者明白了自己做的事情会伤害那只松鼠，所以他接下来会把山核桃送回松鼠的树洞中。故选 B。

【10 题详解】

最佳标题题。文章通过讲述作者拿走松鼠山核桃的故事告诉我们：一个好人不应该窃取别人的劳动成果。B 项“偷来的山核桃”适合做标题。故选 B。

C




Energy is the ability to do work. Solar energy comes from the Sun. There is also energy that comes from wind and water.

But do you know that energy can come from people, too? When you pedal a bike, you produce energy. You use your legs to push the pedals. Your energy is transferred (转移) to the bike. That makes the bike move.

Now imagine riding your bike to create enough power to run a computer. Some students at one school did just that! They jumped on bikes connected to generators (发电机) and pedaled in place. Soon they were producing electricity. This energy is needed to run their computers.

Here is how bicycle-powered energy works. When a student pedals the bike, the back wheel spins. The wheel spins the generator. The generator produces electricity. As long as a student pedals the bicycle, electricity moves through the generator. The electricity can be used right away. This energy can also be stored and used later.

People use bicycle-powered energy to run small devices (设备) such as small televisions and fans. They often use less than 100 watts per hour. However, it would be a mistake to use pedal power to run a fridge. This large machine often uses more than 700 watts per hour. The electricity for these machines comes from power lines overhead or underground.

Pedal power can be seen in schools, gyms, and homes. What a fun way to provide electricity!

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

11. How does the writer lead into the topic “bicycle-powered energy” in Paragraph 2?

A. By asking a question.　　B. By telling a joke.

C. By using an old saying.　　D. By making a survey.

12. What does the underlined word “spins” mean in the text?

A. Falls down suddenly.　　B. Breaks up completely.

C. Moves up and down slowly.　　D. Turns round and round quickly.

13. What is Paragraph 5 mainly about?

A. The future of new energy.　　B. The forms of world’s energy.

C. Using bicycle-powered energy.　　D. Producing bicycle-powered energy.

14. What do we know about bicycle-powered energy?

A. It can’t be seen in schools.　　B. It comes from wind and water.

C. It can be stored and used later.　　D. It’s from power lines overhead.

15. In which unit of a textbook can the text be found?

A. Unit 1 Friends Forever　　B. Unit 2 Dream of the Stars

C. Unit 3 The Value of Money　　D. Unit 4 The World of Science

【答案】11. A　　12. D　　13. C　　14. C　　15. D

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了“自行车动力能源”相关知识。

【11 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“But do you know that energy can come from people, too? When you pedal a bike, you produce energy. You use your legs to push the pedals. Your energy is transferred (转移) to the bike.”可知，作者是通过问问题来引出“自行车动力能源”的，故选 A。

【12 题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“When a student pedals the bike, the back wheel spins.”可及常识可知，当踩自行车时，后轮会转动，所以划线单词表示“转动”，D 项符合，故选 D。

【13 题详解】

段落大意题。根据“People use bicycle-powered energy to run small devices (设备) such as small televisions and fans. ”可知，本段主要讲的是“自行车动力能源”的使用，故选 C。

【14 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“This energy can also be stored and used later.”可知，这种能源可以储存起来以后使用，故选 C。

【15 题详解】

推理判断题。本文主要讲述了“自行车动力能源”相关知识，与科学相关，故选 D。

D



Have you heard of Oliver Twist or Peter Pan? These are just some of the characters（角色）that have been created by British writers.

Geoffrey Chaucer was a famous poet in the 1300s. He wrote poetic short stories about people travelling to Canterbury. ____16____

Probably the most famous British writer was William Shakespeare. In the late 1500s and early 1600s, Shakespeare wrote plays that became famous all over the world. ____17____ Some of his plays were comedies, such as TwelfthNight, others were tragedies（悲剧）,such as King Lear.

____18____ Early stories were often printed a chapter（章节）at a time in a newspaper. People would have to get the newspaper every week to read the whole story. One of the most famous stories, Oliver Twist, was written by Charles Dickens at that time.

____19____ Maybe you have heard of some of them. Robert Louis Stevenson wrote the adventure novel Treasure Island. J. M. Barrie wrote Peter Pan and Lewis Carroll wrote Alice's Adventures in Wonderland. Do you know a teddy bear called Winnie the Pooh? ____20____ And it is still one of children's favorite characters.

There are so many famous characters in British plays, novels and poetry. What other characters do you know?

根据材料内容，从下而五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项，使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

A. It was created by A. A. Milne.

B. They are still very popular today.

C. British people love reading stories.

D. The stories are called The Canterbury Tales.

E. There are many children's books by British writers.

【答案】16. D　　17. B　　18. C　　19. E　　20. A

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了英国的戏剧、小说和诗歌以及其中的著名人物。

【16 题详解】

“He wrote poetic short stories about people travelling to Canterbury”可知他写了一些关于去坎特伯雷旅行的人的富有诗意的短篇小说，选项 D“这些故事被称为《坎特伯雷故事》”符合语境。故选 D。

【17 题详解】

根据“Shakespeare wrote plays that became famous all over the world”可知莎士比亚的戏剧非常有名，选项 B“它们现在仍然很受欢迎”符合语境。故选 B。

【18 题详解】

根据“...People would have to get the newspaper every week to read the whole story”可知英国人喜欢读故事，选项 C“英国人爱读故事”符合语境。故选 C。

【19 题详解】

根据“Maybe you have heard of some of them. Robert Louis Stevenson wrote the adventure novel...”可知此处介绍了儿童故事，选项 E“有许多英国作家写的儿童读物”符合语境。故选 E。

【20 题详解】

根据“Do you know a teddy bear called Winnie the Pooh”可知此处介绍这个角色相关的信息，选项 A“它是由 A.A.米尔恩创造的”符合语境。故选 A。

## 三、完形填空（　小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

先通读短文，掌握其大意，然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

It was a rainy, windy October afternoon. Garth stood outside his house with a wide smile. This was ____21____ weather for testing his new invention—Umbrella Hat. He could hardly wait to see whether it could keep the rain off. He carefully ____22____ the hat on his head and started walking ____23____ along the street. It worked!

Suddenly, three boys in his neighborhood appeared and ____24____ him. Todd, the biggest one, pulled his Umbrella Hat off his head.

“What’s THIS?” he asked.

“It’s an Umbrella Hat. You can wear it on rainy days and…” Garth said.

The boys ____25____, “Will anyone wear that stupid thing?” Todd threw the hat onto the ground and they ran off.

Garth picked up his Umbrella Hat from the ground in tears. “Maybe Todd was ____26____ …in reality, who would ever need his invention?” He lowered his head and thought to himself.

Suddenly he ____27____ and saw a lady looking at him. “I was just leaving my house ____28____ I saw you and those boys. Are you okay?”

Then she saw the ____29____ Umbrella Hat and asked, “Er… what’s that?”

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：https://d.book118.com/468024121002006034