

高考英语最新情态动词知识点总复习含答案

一、选择题

1 . The girl _____ out alone at night.

A . dare not go B . dare not to go C . dares not go D . not dare go

2 . You _____ give me a lift. I want to walk home for exercise.

A . needn' t B . couldn' t C . can' t D . mustn' t

3 . -Jenny took the 8 : 00 bus to Guangzhou this morning.

-Really? He _ _ the 9:00 train. It's much more comfortable and safer to travel by train.

A . could have taken B . should take

C . must have taken D . can take

4 . No student _____go out of school after eleven o' clock at night without the teacher' s permission.

A . will B . must C . may D . shall

5 . You _____ be Carol. You haven' t changed a bit after all these years.

A . must B . can C . will D . shall

6 . –Will you read me a story, Mummy?

--OK. You _____have one if you go to bed as soon as possible.

A . might B . must C . could D . shall

7 . According to the latest rule, people _____sort household garbage into four categories.

A . can B . shall C . may D . need

8 . I _____my examination easily but I made too many stupid mistakes.

A . should pass B . could have passed

C . had passed D . must have passed

9 . Skills like critical thinking and analysis _____ be found on the Internet, because they must be acquired in the context of facts.

A . can' t B . needn' t C . mustn' t D . shouldn' t

10 . You _____ a better mark, but you didn' t work hard.

- A . could have had B . would have had C . must have had
D . must have

11 . Louis Cha (金庸) passed away. As for his achievement, there is such a comment, "He _____ the Nobel Prize for Literature with his written works translated into English."

- A . could have been rewarded B . must have been rewarded
C . should be rewarded D . need have been rewarded

12 . They worked hard day and night during the next ten years _____ they _____ pay for the lost necklace.

- A . so...would B . so that...would C . in order that...could
D . and...would

13 . The lady _____ have done something wrong, because she is looking guilty.

- A . would B . should C . can D . must

14 . It was so noisy that we _____ hear ourselves speak.

A . won't B . don't have to C . mustn't D . don't need to

19 . —Jane, why don' t you take a bite of the chocolate?

—Well, I am on diet, if you _____know.

A . must B . shall C . would D . could

20 . There' s no light on --- they _____ be at home.

A . can' t B . mustn' t C . needn' t D . wouldn' t

21 . I _____ my driving test but I didn' t operate carefully.

A . should pass B . may pass

C . might have passed D . might pass

22 . Word that you _____ enjoy a three-day holiday has come if you do complete the task on time.

A . may B . should C . could D . shall

23 . —Is there a holiday recently?

—There_____ be. It has been informed that we will continue to study for

another three weeks.

A . won' t B . mustn' t C . may not D . can' t

24 . —Sorry, Mum! I failed the job interview again.

—Oh, it's too bad. You_____ have made full preparations.

A . must B . can C . would D . should

25 . Helen_____ go on the trip with us, but she isn' t quite sure yet.

A . shall B . may C . must D . can

【参考答案】***试卷处理标记，请不要删除

一、选择题

1 . A

解析：A

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词。句意：这个女孩晚上不敢一个人出门。dare 做实意动词解时，后跟动词不定式且有人称和数的变化；dare 做情态动词解时，后接动词原形，没有人称和数的变化。该句的主语是 the girl，因此，如果用实义动词形式，应该用 doesn't dare to go；如果用情态动词形式应该用 dare not go。故选 A。

2. A

解析：A

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词。句意：你不必让我搭车。我想步行回家锻炼身体。A. needn't 不必；B. couldn't 不能；C. can't 不会；D. mustn't 禁止，不允许。根据 I want to walk home for exercise.可知，你不必让我搭车。故选 A。

考点：考查情态动词

3. A

解析：A

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词。句意：Jenny 今天早上坐 8：00 的客车去广州了。真的吗？她本能够坐 9：00 火车的，乘火车去旅游更安全舒适。情态动词加 have done 表示对过去的猜测，A.表本可能做了某事；B.表应该做某事；C.表过去一定做了某事 D.可能，能够做某事。根据句意，此处是对过去的虚拟，故选 A。

4 . D

解析：D

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词辨析。句意：句意：没有老师的允许，没有学生在晚上 11 点后可以出教室。A. will 愿意；B. must 必须；C. may 也许；D. shall 允诺。Shall 可以用于第二，第三人称表示“规定，命令，警告，允诺”。根据句意可知，D 项符合提议。故选 D。

【点睛】

本题考查情态动词 shall 的用法。情态动词 shall 的用法是近几年的高考常考点，用于第一人称，表示提出建议，用第二人称表示警告，命令，允诺，用第三人称表示征求意见。做题时具体的结合句意做题。

5. A

解析：A

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词。句意：你肯定是卡罗，这些年你一点也没有变化。must 表示对现在的肯定推测；can 表示推测，表示可能性；will 表示意愿；shall 表示表示决心、命令或指示。根据下文“这些年你一点用没有改变”可知，前文表示肯定性推测。故选 A。

【点睛】

must 表推测的用法 must 表示很有把握的推测，其意为“一定会”“肯定会”，只用于肯定句，一般不用于否定句或疑问句。表示对现在或未来的情况作推测，后接动词原形。You have worked hard all day. You must be tired. 你辛苦一整天，一定累了（对现在情况的推测判断）I didn't hear the phone. I must have be asleep. 我刚才没有听到电话，我想必是睡着了。

6. D

解析：D

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词。句意：——妈妈，给我讲个故事好吗？——好，如果你尽快上床睡觉，我就给你讲一个。might 表示“或许”；must 表示“必须”；could 表示“可能”；shall 在此处表示“允诺”，符合句意，故选择 D 项。

7. B

解析：B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词辨析。句意：根据最新的规定，人们应该把生活垃圾分成四类。A. can 能；B. shall 应该；C. may 也许；D. need 需要。shall 用于第二人称表示承诺、命令、

警告、威胁的口吻，这里是指法令规定了……，因此用 shall。故选 B。

8. B

解析：B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

考查情态动词+have done 的用法。句意为：我本来能够轻松地通过这次考试的，但是我犯了太多愚蠢的错误。结合语境可知，此处考查虚拟语气，且与过去的事实相反，应用 could/would/might have done 的结构，could have passed 本能通过（事实上未通过），故选 B 项。

【点睛】

本题考查情态动词的过去式+have done 的虚拟语气的用法，常见结构有 should/shouldn't have done; could/couldn't have done/ would/wouldn't have done/ need/ needn't have done/ might have done

例如：

Without your help, I couldn't have passed the test.如果没有你的帮助，我本不

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/486050114154010030>