

江苏 2024 年小升初英语模拟测试卷含答案

一、语音和词汇。第 1-2 题从括号中选出划线部分读音与句中例词相同的单词，第 3 题选择正确的语调。(每小题 2 分)

读一读，选出正确的一项。

1. lesson

A.  

B.  

2. subway

A.  

B.  

3.

A. It's near the door.

B. It's near the door.

4.

A. I come on foot.

B. I come on foot.

5.

A. Come and have a look.

B. Come and have a look.

二、语音和词汇。根据句意和首字母提示，写出正确的单词，每空填一词。(每小题 2 分)

6. My mom _____ me a _____ dress. (妈妈送给我一件漂亮的连衣裙)

从框中圈出正确单词抄写在横线上，并判断与汉语意思是否相符。

7. e u f l y t i j g w _____ 跳跃

8. f g l t a k e t y x _____ 带, 拿

9. g g r e a t b c k l _____ 太好了, 好极了

10. a e b w h y s e i w _____ 怎么样

11. t u p i c n i c b m _____ 风筝

Read and write. 奇奇和妙妙正在了解其他同学们小报上的计划。根据图片和首字母提示，补全大家的活动安排。

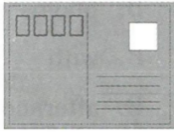
12. Congcong is going to buy a d_____ this afternoon.



13. Jack and Peter are going to v_____ their friend on Sunday.



14. Alice wants to look for some beautiful p_____ from the post office.



15. Tiantian must do homework t_____ because she is busy tomorrow.



16. Lily has lots of c_____ b_____ about space. She likes reading them.



三、语音和词汇，根据句意，用括号中所给单词的正确形式填空，每空填一词。（每小题 2 分）

17. Look! The bird are _____ (fly) in the sky.

18. He _____ (like) cars. He wants to be a _____ (drive).

19. I like _____ a horse. Last winter holiday, I _____ a horse on the farm. (ride)

四、选择填空。从 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

20. —How about _____ a rest now? What would you like?

—OK. I'd like two _____ of _____.

A. to have; glass; juices

B. having; bottles; juice

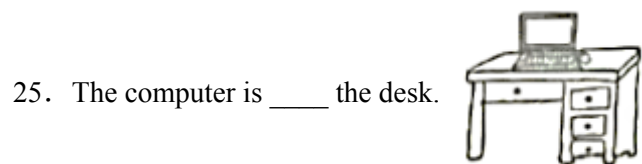
C. having; glasses; juices

21. What is at the southwest corner of Third Street and Market Street?



- A. community center B. station
C. forest D. museum
22. ____ is the weather in Shenzhen?
A. How B. What C. Which
23. He went into the zoo and ____ some monkeys in the tree.
A. see B. seeing C. sees D. saw
24. Let's wait for ____.
A. rainy B. rainy days

读句子，根据图片情境选择正确的选项。



- A. in B. on C. under
26. ____ is my favourite season.
-
- A. Winter B. Autumn C. Summer

27. It's 7:00. It's time to ____.



A. get up

B. go to bed

C. go home

28. The boy is ____ than the girl.



A. heavier

B. shorter

C. thinner

29. The children are in the ____.



A. bedroom

B. living room

C. bathroom

30. I got a ____ from my pen pal.



A. dictionary

B. word book

C. postcard

31. —How do you come to school?

—I live near school, so I often come to school ____.

A. by foot

B. on foot

C. by underground

32. *Wild China* belongs to ____.

A. documentaries

B. talk shows

C. comedies

D. soap operas

33. —He is talking in the library.

— ____

A. Talk quietly.

B. Keep your desk clean.

C. No eating!

34. —____ my picture? —It's near the blackboard.

A. What's

B. Where's

C. Where

五、翻译句子。根据所给中文，完成下列句子翻译。（共 4 小题；每小题 2 分，共 8 分）

35. 对比过去与现在的变化情况：

(1)

以前我很安静。现在我在课堂上很活跃。

(2)

我以前个子小，自行车骑得不好。现在我天天骑车。

36. —你们明天打算在课上做什么？

—我们要到人民公园去画画。

37. 我和我的朋友有不同的暑假计划。

My friends and I have different _____ the summer _____.

38. 迈克将会回伦敦。

六、口语运用。（共 2 小节；A 节每小题 1 分，B 节每空格 1 分，共 13 分）

朋友 Mike 来 Sam 家做客。选择合适的选项补全对话。

Sam: 39.

Mike: Thank you. Your home is big and beautiful.

Sam: Let's play with my ball in the living room. Oh, no! 40.

Mum: Look in your bedroom.

Sam: No, it's not here.

Mum: 41.

Sam: No, I can not find it here.

Mike: Listen! 42.

Sam: Let me open the door.

Cat: Miaow.

Sam: Oh! 43.

A. My cat is here with the ball.

B. Welcome to my home.

C. Who is in the bathroom?

D. Where is my ball?

E. Is it under the table?

情景交际，读对话，选择正确的选项。

A. Yes, you can.

B. Yes, it is.

C. Have some bread.

D. What's the weather like?

E. What time is it, mum?

Mum: Honey, it's time to get up.

Linda: 44. _____

Mum: It's 8 o'clock. Hurry up!

Linda: OK! 45. _____

Mum: It's cool.

Linda: Is it windy?

Mum: 46. _____

Linda: Can I go outside and fly a kite?

Mum: 47. _____

Linda: Great!

Mum: Breakfast is ready. 48. _____

Linda: Yum! Thanks, mum!

七、阅读理解。（共3小节；每小题1分，共17分）

天天发现了一张藏宝图，他找到了什么宝藏呢？阅读故事，完成下列任务。

主题：生活与学习一个人生活

语篇类型：记叙文

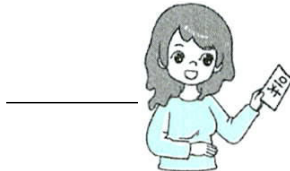
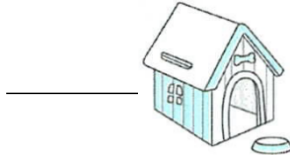
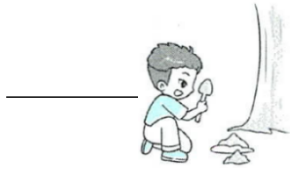
One day, Tiantian has a dream. In the dream, a pirate (海盗) gives him a treasure map (藏宝图). Then he wakes up (醒来) and draws it. He is excited and goes to look for the treasure.

"Let me have a look. I'm here. First, go straight for 80 metres, "Tiantian looks at the map and says. Then he goes to a dog's house. The dog barks. He is afraid and he runs fast."Turn right at the dog's house and go straight. There are six big apple trees. The treasure is under one of them."

Tiantian digs and digs. He finds nothing but a small dog bone. He's tired and sad.

At that time, his mum comes, "Thank you, Tiantian. I just want to plant something. Here's ten yuan for you."

49. (新考法·图文转换) 根据故事的发展顺序, 用数字给下列图片排序。



50. The pirate draws a treasure map for Tiantian.

51. Tiantian goes straight for eighty metres and he goes to a dog's house.

52. Turn left at the dog's house and go straight. Tiantian can find six big apple trees.

53. Tiantian finds 10 yuan in a treasure box.

根据短文内容, 从每题所给的四个选项中选出正确选项。

When taking an elevator, do you often push the "close" button? You hope by pushing it, the elevator door will close faster. But what if the button was actually fake?

The former director of the National Elevator Industry, Karen Penafiel, said that elevators' "close" buttons are a complete trick, and that doors will not close any faster no matter how hard you push.

In the 1990s, a law called the "Accessibility Act" was passed. It means all elevators have to stay open long enough to allow disabled people to enter. Only firefighters and elevator workers can really use the buttons with special keys.

But the buttons aren't completely useless. According to psychologists, fake buttons can make you feel better. They give you a sense of control that can help reduce stress. That's why

some other buttons in our lives are fake, too.

For example, many offices have fake thermostats. People may feel better when they think they can control the temperature in their workspace. You were told that traffic light buttons could help make traffic signals change faster. But they may not really work either.

However, even when people know these little "white lies", they still push fake buttons. As long as the doors finally close, it seems worthwhile.

John Kounios is a psychology professor at a university. He said he always pushes the traffic light buttons. "After all, I've got nothing else to do while waiting. So why not push the button on the off chance that this one will work?"

54. Why do some people push the "close" button in an elevator?

- A. To make the elevator door close faster.
- B. To ensure the doors close on time.
- C. To open the doors for disabled people.
- D. To reduce stress.

55. According to Karen Penafiel, _____.

- A. elevators' "close" buttons don't really work
- B. elevators are of poor quality
- C. using an elevator may not save your time
- D. the "close" button of an elevator only works when you push it hard

56. Which of the following is NOT true about elevators?

- A. They were mentioned in the Accessibility Act.
- B. All elevator doors stay open long enough for disabled people to enter.
- C. Only firefighters and elevator workers can really use the "close" buttons.
- D. Elevator manufacturers will not put "close" buttons on the elevators.

57. Psychologists think that fake buttons _____.

- A. don't help in our daily lives
- B. give people a sense of control
- C. may make people feel unsafe
- D. can stress people out

58. What do the examples of the traffic light buttons talk about?

- A. It is important to make traffic light buttons work.
- B. Many fake buttons are useless in our daily lives.
- C. Fake buttons can help people psychologically.
- D. Pushing a traffic light button is an exciting activity.

阅读下面短文，选出最佳答案。

Popular Songs Have Become Simpler and More Repetitive Over Time

Popular songs have long had a hook, a brief line or melodic phrase that's catchy and repeated. But recent research shows that over time, song lyrics (歌词), or the words of a song, have become simpler and more repetitive.

Researchers used AI (artificial intelligence) and machine learning to look for patterns in popular music. They examined songs with English lyrics in the following musical genres -- pop, rock, rap, R&B, and country -- that were released (发行) between 1970 and 2020. In March, they said

they had found that lyrics have evolved (演变) over the decades. Older tunes used longer words and a wider range of them, while newer songs repeated lines more often.

Why is that? Some think the more musical options available today leaves us wanting songs that are easier to process. Others point out that complexity (复杂) isn't the same thing as quality, so older songs aren't necessarily better.

59. What is a "hook" in a popular song?

- A. A complex instrument section.
- B. A repeated drumbeat.
- C. The introduction of a song.
- D. A brief catchy line or melodic phrase.

60. What have researchers found about song lyrics over time?

- A. Lyrics have become longer and more complex.
- B. Lyrics have become simpler and more repetitive.
- C. Lyrics have stayed the same over the years.
- D. Lyrics have evolved to use fewer instruments.

61. How did researchers analyze song lyrics in their study?

- A. By using AI and machine learning.

- B. By manually reading all lyrics.
- C. By conducting interviews with songwriters.
- D. By comparing hit songs to understand music.
62. How many musical genres did the researchers examine?
- A. Three. B. Five. C. Seven. D. Nine.
63. What do some scientists argue about the complexity of older songs?
- A. Complexity means better quality.
- B. Simplicity is more creative.
- C. Complexity doesn't necessarily mean better quality.
- D. Older songs are overrated.

八、书面表达。(共 1 题; 共 8 分)

64. Look and write.

请你劳动 John 写一篇上周六的微博。



John 微博数 15 评论 30 粉丝 45

答案解析部分

【答案】1. A

2. B

3. B

4. A

5. B

6. 【答案】 gives; beautiful

【答案】 7. fly, 不相符

8. take, 相符

9. great, 相符

10. why, 不相符

11. picnic, 不相

【答案】 12. dictionary

13. visit

14. postcards

15. tonight

16. comic; books

17. 【答案】 flying

18. 【答案】 likes; driver

19. 【答案】 riding/to ride; rode

20. 【答案】 B

21. 【答案】 D

22. 【答案】 A

23. 【答案】 D

24. 【答案】 B

【答案】 25. B

26. C

27. A

28. A

29. B

30. C

31. 【答案】 B

32. 【答案】 A

33. 【答案】 A

34. 【答案】 B

35. 【答案】 (1) Before I was quiet. Now I am active in class.

(2) Before I was short and couldn't ride a bike well. Now I ride a bike every day.

36. 【答案】 ——What are you going to do in class tomorrow?

——We are going to the People Park to draw pictures.

37. 【答案】 plans; for; holiday

38. 【答案】 Mike will go back to London.

【答案】 39. B; 40. D; 41. E; 42. C; 43. A

【答案】 44. E; 45. D; 46. B; 47. A; 48. C

【答案】 49. 3; 2; 4; 1

50. 错误

51. 正确

52. 错误

53. 错误

【答案】 54. A

55. A

56. D

57. B

58. C

【答案】 59. D

60. B

61. A

62. B

63. C

64. 【答案】 It was Saturday. I didn't go to school, so I did housework at home and went to

outside. I swept the floor in my room. It was clean. Then, I went to swimming in the pool. I also played football with my friend together. It was a happy day.

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一、语音和词汇。第 1-2 题从括号中选出划线部分读音与句中例词相同的单词，第 3 题选择正确的语调。（每小题 2 分）

读一读，判断下列读音规律是否正确。

- 1. Jack lives in a small village.
- 2. She can dance, swim// and do kung fu.
- 3. He works at sea.
- 4. Please go there next day.

二、语音和词汇。根据句意和首字母提示，写出正确的单词，每空填一词。（每小题 2 分）

根据要求写单词或词组。

- 5. there is (缩写形式)_____
- 6. I (宾格)_____
- 7. come (第三人称单数)_____
- 8. new(反义词)_____
- 9. good (副词)_____
- 10. put on (反义词)_____
- 11. sad (反义词)_____
- 12. some (否定式)_____
- 13. fit(同义词组)_____
- 14. fun(形容词)_____

圈出下列单词的大写或小写形式。

1. COME 15. _____	a	c	o	m	e	n	d	l
2. shoe 16. _____	X	I	K	S	H	O	E	B
3. FUNNY 17. _____	t	v	f	u	n	n	y	h
4. open 18. _____	Q	M	O	P	E	N	F	V

5. TURN 19. _____	i	w	q	t	u	r	n	c
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20. 补全单词:根据中文提示,写出相应的字母。

y_____nger 更年轻的

wat_____看

gr_____ss 草坪

Sund_____星期天

betw_____n 在.....中间

sl_____慢的

_____t_____吃(eat 的过去式)

r_____d_____骑(马,自行车)

三、语音和词汇, 根据句意, 用括号中所给单词的正确形式填空, 每空填一词。(每小题 2 分)

21. Mum is _____(wash) her hair.

22. My grandpa _____(brush) his _____(tooth) before bedtime every day.

23. I like _____ a horse. Last winter holiday, I _____ a horse on the farm.(ride)

四、选择填空。从 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

24. What's the ____ like there? (那儿的天气怎么样?)

A. weather

B. it famous for

C. food

25. Point to your ____ . Smile!



A. ear

B. mouth

C. arm

26. —____ are you?

—I'm angry.

A. What

B. Where

C. How

27. He went into the zoo and ____ some monkeys in the tree.

A. see

B. seeing

C. sees

D. saw

28. I'm going to see a film_____.

A. this afternoon

B. yesterday

C. every day

读句子，根据图片情境选择正确的选项。

29. The computer is ____ the desk.

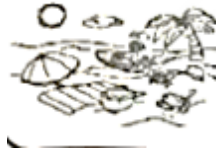


A. in

B. on

C. under

30. ____ is my favourite season.



A. Winter

B. Autumn

C. Summer

31. It's 7:00. It's time to ____.



A. get up

B. go to bed

C. go home

32. The boy is ____ than the girl.



A. heavier

B. shorter

C. thinner

33. The children are in the ____.



A. bedroom

B. living room

C. bathroom

34. I got a ____ from my pen pal.



A. dictionary

B. word book

C. postcard

35.



A. family outing

B. do things together

C. land and river

36. You can find ____ in the Bread & Baked section in a supermarket.

A. muffins

B. sushi

C. steak

D. croissants

37. 当别人叫你一起玩时，你答应可说： ____

A. OK

B. NO

五、翻译句子。根据所给中文，完成下列句子翻译。（共 4 小题；每小题 2 分，共 8 分）

38. 对比过去与现在的变化情况：

(1)

以前我很安静。现在我在课堂上很活跃。

(2)

我以前个子小，自行车骑得不好。现在我天天骑车。

39. —你们明天打算在课上做什么？

—我们要到人民公园去画画。

40. —他在哪儿工作？

—他在海上工作。

41. 他在七月将会和他的父母一起去参观北京。

六、口语运用。（共 2 小节；A 节每小题 1 分，B 节每空格 1 分，共 13 分）

根据上下文，选择合适的选项，填序号。

A.What can you do?

B.What's on the desk?

C.Are you helpful at home?

D.What's in your room?

E.What would you like to eat?

Lily is talking with Amy.

Lily: Hello, Amy. 42. _____

Amy: Yes, I am.

Lily: 43.

Amy: I can clean the room and wash the clothes.

Lily: You are helpful. I have my own room now. I clean my room every day.

Amy: 44.

Lily: There is a big bed, a chair and a desk.

Amy: 45.

Lily: There are some books and a lamp.

Amy: Can I read books with you?

Lily: Of course. But I'm hungry now.

Amy: 46.

Lily: I'd like some noodles. They're delicious.

情景交际，读对话，选择正确的选项。

A. Yes, you can.

B. Yes, it is.

C. Have some bread.

D. What's the weather like?

E. What time is it, mum?

Mum: Honey, it's time to get up.

Linda: 47.

Mum: It's 8 o'clock. Hurry up!

Linda: OK! 48.

Mum: It's cool.

Linda: Is it windy?

Mum: 49.

Linda: Can I go outside and fly a kite?

Mum: 50.

Linda: Great!

Mum: Breakfast is ready. 51.

Linda: Yum! Thanks, mum!

七、阅读理解。(共 3 小节;每小题 1 分, 共 17 分)

Read and choose A, B or C.

We are writing notes on the board.

Graduation Board	
To Mr. Huang You are my idol! You are good at sports. Last weekend, you won the basketball match. So cool. I want to be a PE teacher like you in the future. David	To My Student Sam When you were little, you were shy. Then you learned and began to fly. You tried your best each day. May a bright future come your way. Ms. Cai
To my country and myself In 2017, I became a primary student. In 2018, Chang'e- 4 flew to the space. In 2019, it was China's 70th birthday. In 2020, we fought with COVID- 19. In 2021, our Party had its 100th birthday. In 2022, we enjoyed the Winter Olympic Games. In 2023, we cheered for Shenzhou- 16. I am lucky to grow up with you, my country.	To Sunny I didn't want to say goodbye. We didn't have the same hobby, but we became better because of each other. When I was in Grade 4, maths was difficult for me. You taught me. Now, I think it is so easy. Thank you, my dear friend. Alice

Sunny	
-------	--

52. When did Mr. Huang win the basketball match?

- A. Last weekend. B. Last year. C. Last Friday.

53. Was Sam shy before?

- A. Yes, he was. B. Yes, he did. C. No, he wasn't.

54. When did we celebrate China's 71 birthday?

- A. 2018. B. 2019. C. 2020.

55. What did Sunny do in Grade 4?

- A. She helped Alice with her maths.
B. She said goodbye to Alice.
C. She kept doing sports everyday.

56. What do you think of Sunny?Why?

阅读下面短文，选出最佳答案。

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61. What do some scientists argue about the complexity of older songs?
- A. Complexity means better quality.
 - B. Simplicity is more creative.
 - C. Complexity doesn't necessarily mean better quality.
 - D. Older songs are overrated.

根据短文内容，从每题所给的四个选项中选出正确选项。

When taking an elevator, do you often push the "close" button? You hope by pushing it, the elevator door will close faster. But what if the button was actually fake?

The former director of the National Elevator Industry, Karen Penafiel, said that elevators' "close" buttons are a complete trick, and that doors will not close any faster no matter how hard you push.

In the 1990s, a law called the "Accessibility Act" was passed. It means all elevators have to stay open long enough to allow disabled people to enter. Only firefighters and elevator workers can really use the buttons with special keys.

But the buttons aren't completely useless. According to psychologists, fake buttons can make you feel better. They give you a sense of control that can help reduce stress. That's why

some other buttons in our lives are fake, too.

For example, many offices have fake thermostats. People may feel better when they think they can control the temperature in their workspace. You were told that traffic light buttons could help make traffic signals change faster. But they may not really work either.

However, even when people know these little "white lies", they still push fake buttons. As long as the doors finally close, it seems worthwhile.

John Kounios is a psychology professor at a university. He said he always pushes the traffic light buttons. "After all, I've got nothing else to do while waiting. So why not push the button on the off chance that this one will work?"

62. Why do some people push the "close" button in an elevator?

- A. To make the elevator door close faster.
- B. To ensure the doors close on time.
- C. To open the doors for disabled people.
- D. To reduce stress.

63. According to Karen Penafiel, _____.

- A. elevators' "close" buttons don't really work
- B. elevators are of poor quality
- C. using an elevator may not save your time
- D. the "close" button of an elevator only works when you push it hard

64. Which of the following is NOT true about elevators?

- A. They were mentioned in the Accessibility Act.
- B. All elevator doors stay open long enough for disabled people to enter.
- C. Only firefighters and elevator workers can really use the "close" buttons.
- D. Elevator manufacturers will not put "close" buttons on the elevators.

65. Psychologists think that fake buttons _____.

- A. don't help in our daily lives
- B. give people a sense of control
- C. may make people feel unsafe
- D. can stress people out

66. What do the examples of the traffic light buttons talk about?

- A. It is important to make traffic light buttons work.
- B. Many fake buttons are useless in our daily lives.
- C. Fake buttons can help people psychologically.
- D. Pushing a traffic light button is an exciting activity.

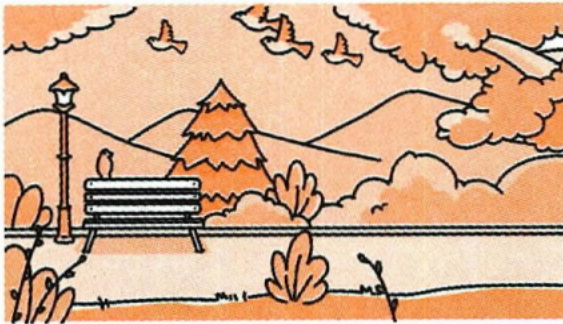
八、书面表达。(共 1 题；共 8 分)

67. 请你根据图片，帮助奇奇介绍一下这个自然公园吧！题目自拟。

要求:1. 使用 There be 句型;

2. 书写规范、表达流畅;

3. 不少于 5 句话。



答案解析部分

【答案】1. 错误

2. 错误

3. 错误

4. 正确

【答案】5. there's

6. me

7. comes

8. old

9. well

10. take off

11. happy

12. any

13. fit well

14. funny

【答案】15. come; 16. SHOE; 17. funny; 18. OPEN; 19. turn

20. 【答案】ou; ch; a; ay; ee; ow; a; e; i; e

21. 【答案】washing

22. 【答案】brushes; teeth

23. 【答案】riding/to ride; rode

24. 【答案】A

25. 【答案】B

26. 【答案】C

27. 【答案】D

28. 【答案】A

【答案】29. B

30. C

31. A

32. A

33. B

34. C

35. 【答案】 A

36. 【答案】 A,D

37. 【答案】 A

38. 【答案】 (1) Before I was quiet. Now I am active in class.

(2) Before I was short and couldn't ride a bike well. Now I ride a bike every day.

39. 【答案】 ——What are you going to do in class tomorrow?

——We are going to the People Park to draw pictures.

40. 【答案】 —Where does he work?—He works at sea.

41. 【答案】 He will visit Beijing with his parents in July.

【答案】 42. C; 43. A; 44. D; 45. B; 46. E

【答案】 47. E; 48. D; 49. B; 50. A; 51. C

【答案】 52. A

53. A

54. C

55. A

56. I think Sunny is helpful because she helped Alice with her maths.

【答案】 57. D

58. B

59. A

60. B

61. C

【答案】 62. A

63. A

64. D

65. B

66. C

67. 【答案】 A nature park

The nature park is very beautiful. In it, there are some birds in the sky. There are many

high mountains behind the park. Sometimes, we have a picnic there. There is a lake, too. The water is very clean. We can go boating on the weekend. There are many trees near the lake. Beside the trees, there are some colourful flowers. They smell very sweet. I really like this park.

江苏 2024 年小升初英语模拟测试卷含答案

一、语音和词汇。第 1-2 题从括号中选出划线部分读音与句中例词相同的单词，第 3 题选择正确的语调。(每小题 2 分)

读一读，选出正确的一项。

1. lesson

A. 

B. 

2. subway

A. 

B. 

3.

A. It's near the door.

B. It's near the door.

4.

A. I come on foot.

B. I come on foot.

5.

A. Come and have a look.

B. Come and have a look.

二、语音和词汇。根据句意和首字母提示，写出正确的单词，每空填一词。(每小题 2 分)

按要求写出单词的正确形式。

6. we(宾格)_____

7. get on(反义短语)_____

8. come(ing 形式)_____

9. let's(完全形式)_____

10. many(同义词)_____

11. right(对应词)_____

12. bus(复数形式)_____

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