

## Unit 1 Writing a travel guide

### Period 1 Tour suggestions (1)

#### I. Fill in the blanks with the proper words according to the phonetic symbols ( 根据所给音标，写出适当的单词，填入空格内)

1. Would you like to read this travel \_\_\_\_\_ / ˈgaɪd /? Let's make a plan for our trip to Thailand.
2. We can see many \_\_\_\_\_ / ˈpɪdʒɪnz / flying high in the sky at people's Square.
3. Could you give me a \_\_\_\_\_ / ˈrɪːzn / for being late again?
4. We usually call one hundred years a \_\_\_\_\_ / ˈsentʃəri /.
5. Mr Adams made a \_\_\_\_\_ / tuə(r) / around East Asia last year.
6. I think we live in the age of \_\_\_\_\_ / tekˈnɒlədʒi /.
7. They won the \_\_\_\_\_ / grænd / prize of ¥5, 000,000.

#### II. Choose the best answer ( 选择最恰当的答案)

1. Would you like to take part \_\_\_\_\_ the party?  
A. with                      B. at                      C. in                      D. to
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ Theatre has been booked up for the whole week  
A. Big                      B. Large                      C. Grand                      D. Huge
3. Tourists can \_\_\_\_\_ different local snacks in Yu Garden  
A. ate                      B. eat                      C. eating                      D. to eat
4. The five-year-old girl can \_\_\_\_\_ three foreign languages  
A. to say                      B. say                      C. to speak                      D. speak

5. Last week, Class 3 students decided \_\_\_\_\_ to the museum in the centre of the town

- A. to go                      B. going                      C. that going                      D go

6. Miss Chen \_\_\_\_\_ London for 2 years, and I heard he will come back tomorrow.

- A has been in              B. has been              C. has gone to              D. have been in

III. Fill in the blanks with the given words in their proper forms ( 用所给单词的适当形式填空)

1. Can you give me some \_\_\_\_\_ (suggest) on how to learn English well?

2. Every year, many \_\_\_\_\_ (tour) come to visit Shanghai for shopping and fun.

3. Mr Wang, may I attend this \_\_\_\_\_ (compete)?

4. Have you ever been to that \_\_\_\_\_ (depart) store before?

5. We can eat \_\_\_\_\_ (difference) local snacks in Yu Garden.

IV. Complete the following sentences as required. ( 根据所给要求,完成下列句子。1至3小题, 每空格限填一词。)

1. I can finish my homework before 10 p.m.( 改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ finish your homework before 10 p. m?

2. The tourists can go to the Changfeng Park in Shanghai.(对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ the tourists go in Shanghai?

3. You can see Sheshan State Resort, if you go to Sheshan about 30 km southwest of the city.

(对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ you see, if you go to Sheshan about 30 km southwest of the city?

4. see, People' s Square, can, beautiful, you, the, at, fountains(连词成句)

\_\_\_\_\_

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## Period 2 Tour suggestions (2)

I. Find a map and complete the sentences with proper directions,( 找一幅地图,用适当的方位词完成下列句子。)

1. Beijing is in the \_\_\_\_\_ of China.
2. Shanghai is in the \_\_\_\_\_ of china.
3. Shenyang is in the \_\_\_\_\_ of China.
4. Bangkok is \_\_\_\_\_ of Tokyo.
5. Hong Kong is in the \_\_\_\_\_ of China.
6. Beijing is \_\_\_\_\_ of Tokyo.
7. Shanghai is \_\_\_\_\_ of Beijing.
8. Shenyang is \_\_\_\_\_ of Tokyo.

## II. Choose the best answer ( 选择最恰当的答案)

1. Which of the following is true?

A. Where can tourists go in Shangha? ↗

B. Sorry? ↘

C. It sounds wonderful. ↗

D. She looked OK to me. ↘

2. I prefer to \_\_\_\_\_ during the summer vacation

A.go sightseeing

B. go to sightseeing

C. sightseeing

D. going sightseeing

3. There is a fountain \_\_\_\_\_ the square.

A. in centre of

B. in the centre of

C. in the middle

D. on the middle of

4. The Oriental Pearl TV Tower is \_\_\_\_\_ the east of Shanghai.

A.on

B. to

C. at

D. in

5. I am going to spend my weekends \_\_\_\_\_ Chongming Island.

A. on

B. to

C. at

D.in

## III. Rewrite the following sentences as required ( 按要求改写下列句子，每空格限填一词)

1. Tourists can go shopping in modern city like Shanghai.( 对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ can tourists \_\_\_\_\_ in modern city like Shanghai ?

2. We can breathe (呼吸) fresh air on Chongming Island in Shanghai. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ you breathe fresh air in Shanghai?

3. are, stones, in the middle of, there, the, road, some(连词成句)

\_\_\_\_\_.

IV. Complete the following passage with the words or phrases in the box. Each can only be used once. (将下列单词或词组填入空格。每空格限填一词,每词只能填一次。)

|                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A.famous    B.welcome    C.interesting    D.guide    E.looks like |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

Good morning everybody. I want to   1   you to Los Angeles (洛杉矶) In sunny California. My name is Henry Goto and I'm going to be your   2   this afternoon. The tour will take about two and a half hours.

We are going to start by visiting some of the areas of Los Angeles.

Here is Olvera Street, one of the oldest streets in Los Angeles. As you see, it   3   a Mexican marketplace. You can get Mexican food and many things made in Mexico on this interesting street.

And here we are in Chinatown. There are fine Chinese shops and restaurants all through this part of town. You can see that many of the signs are in Chinese.

Now we are going on one of the Los Angeles freeways (高速公路) on our way to Hollywood. Of course, this is one of the most   4   places in America because American movies are popular all over the world. After your tour is over, you will be taken back to your hotel.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_

Period 3 Shanghai -an interesting city (1)

I. Choose the right word to complete the sentences( 选择最恰当的单词或词组完成句子)

1. If we read English newspapers, we \_\_\_\_\_(earn, will learn)more about the world.
2. If you \_\_\_\_\_(are, will be)tired, you'd better have a good rest.
3. He is badly ill. \_\_\_\_\_(So, Therefore), he didn't go to school this morning.
4. The pictures made me \_\_\_\_\_ (think of, talk about) some happy days there.
5. It is not \_\_\_\_\_ (surprised, surprising) that he has made such great progress.

II. Complete the following sentences with proper prepositions( 用合适的介词完成下列句子)

1. If you go there, you can see a huge open area \_\_\_\_\_green grass.
2. The hospital is \_\_\_\_\_the east of the city.
3. Every year many people go to Sheshan State Resort\_\_\_\_\_sightseeing.
4. The boy is getting on well \_\_\_\_\_his classmates.
5. They will spend three days\_\_\_\_\_ Hainan Island.
6. Autumn makes me think\_\_\_\_\_ flying kites.
7. Shanghai is famous\_\_\_\_\_ its night views and tall highrises.

III. Translate Chinese into English ( 中译英)

1. 在上海的东部\_\_\_\_\_
2. 最大的城市之一\_\_\_\_\_

3. 因……而著名\_\_\_\_\_
4. 被认为, 誉为… \_\_\_\_\_
5. 一个有趣的城市\_\_\_\_\_
6. 进展 \_\_\_\_\_
7. 令人惊奇的 \_\_\_\_\_
8. 因此, 所以\_\_\_\_\_

IV. Complete the sentences with the given Chinese( 用括号中所给汉语完成句子)

1. These old photos made me\_\_\_\_\_ (想到) my childhood in the countryside.
2. Manchester is\_\_\_\_\_ (著名) its football teams.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ 如果你去上海植物园), you will see a flower show.
4. If it is fine tomorrow, we\_\_\_\_\_ (去教堂).
5. Shanghai is known as a 'shopping paradise' \_\_\_\_\_ (因为有很多百货商店).
6. You can\_\_\_\_\_ (看到那儿的上海大剧院和上海博物馆)
7. Shanghai\_\_\_\_\_ (位于中国的东面).

V. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words.( 在短文的空格内填入适当的词,使其内容通顺。每空格限填一词,首字母已给。)

Australia is the greatest i 1 in the world. It is a little smaller than China. It is to the s 2 of the equator (赤道). So when it is summer in our country, it is winter in Australia.

Australia is big, but the population there is thin. The population of Australia is the s 3 as that of Shanghai, a city in China.

Australia is f 4 for its sheep and kangaroos (袋鼠). After a short drive from any town, you

will f 5 yourself in the middle of white sheep. Sheep are e 6. Have you s 7 a  
breast (胸). The mother kangaroo keeps its baby kangaroo in the  
“bag”. It is very strange, isn't it?

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_

## Shanghai an interesting city (2)

### I. Choose the best answer ( )

Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation from others?

A. There is something floating on the surface of the river.

B. Suzhou is called a paradise on the Earth.

C. Can you think of the days we spent together?

D. Which district do you live in?

2. How are you getting on \_\_\_\_\_ your project?

A. for

B. with

C. to

D. over

3. China is \_\_\_\_\_ its long history.

A. famous as

B. famous for

C. known as

D. known for

4. I had a headache, and \_\_\_\_\_ I could not go to your party.

A. so

B. therefore

C. for

D. because

5. \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ that he is so good at drawing.

A. It; surprising

B. It; surprised

C. There; surprising

D. There; surprised

6. If you \_\_\_\_\_ to Shanghai, you will find many different places of interests.

A. go

B. Would go

C. will go

D. can go

7. There was once an artist. He \_\_\_\_\_ a beautiful horse in five minutes.

A. will draw

B. draws

C. can draw

D. could draw

8. We usually go to our parents \_\_\_\_\_ help when we are young.

A. for

B. 不填

C. to

D. with

\_\_\_\_\_guide and decide where to go tomorrow.

A. TV

B. film

C travel

D. visit

## II.

给单词的适当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词。)

1. It is \_\_\_\_\_ to buy the shirt at 50 yuan. ( )

2. It is \_\_\_\_\_ to go there by bus. (convenience)

3. They have decided \_\_\_\_\_ their parents do housework during this summer holiday.  
(help)

4. Hong Kong is \_\_\_\_\_ as the Pearl of the Orient. (know)

5. Shanghai is an \_\_\_\_\_ city. ( nation )

6. It usually \_\_\_\_\_ me a lot of time to finish homework. (take)

7. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ in shanghai. ( district)

8. I will not go there with you if it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow. ( rain )

## III. Complete the following sentences as required. (根据所给要求,完成下列句子。 1~3 小题, 每空格限填一词。)

1. Can you give me some advice? (保持句意基本不变)

Can you \_\_\_\_\_ to me?

2. You can get there on foot. (对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ I get there?

3. To travel between Pudong to Puxi is convenient. (保持句意基本不变)

\_\_\_\_\_ to travel between Pudong to Puxi.

4. Shanghai Zoo, I, don't, where, know, is(连词成句)

IV. )

1. 上海在江苏省的东南方向。

\_\_\_\_\_.

2. 如果这周末不下雨，我就带儿子去公园。(if)

\_\_\_\_\_.

3. 他得了流感，因此他不能来参加聚会。

\_\_\_\_\_.

4. 众多的桥梁和隧道使浦西和浦东之间的交通往返变得方便。(It is convenient to...)

\_\_\_\_\_.

5. 这所电影院建立于 100 年前。

\_\_\_\_\_.

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