

陕西省西安市部分学校 2023-2024 学年高二上学期
期末考试英语试题

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What is the man probably going to do?

A. Go to the hospital. B. Return some books. C. Buy some magazines.

2. On which day does the woman like to go to the zoo?

A. Sunday. B. Saturday. C. Friday.

3. Where is Jennifer working now?

A. In a college. B. In a hospital. C. In a drugstore.

4. When will the flight arrive?

A. At 1:00 pm. B. At 1:30 pm. C. At 2:30 pm.

5. What does the woman mean?

A. The man should check with his professor.

B. The ending of the book will be boring.

C. The man needs to finish the book.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟;听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What did the man do last Saturday?

A. He studied a lot. B. He went camping. C. He joined a club.

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7. Why do people join “Flash Play”?

- A. To survive the economic crisis.
- B. To make friends.
- C. To earn money.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. Why does Diana say sorry to Peter?

- A. She has to give up her travel plan.
- B. She wants to visit another city.
- C. She needs to put off her test.

9. What does Diana want Peter to do?

- A. Help her with her study.
- B. Take a book to her friend.
- C. Teach a geography lesson.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Where are the speakers?

- A. In New Orleans.
- B. In Boston.
- C. In Memphis.

11. Why is the boy unsure about skiing in the front yard?

- A. He thinks skiing there dangerous.
- B. He wants to build a snowman instead.
- C. He doesn't want to be covered in snow.

12. How does the girl know so much about the snow?

- A. She grew up in a cold area.
- B. She learned about it from her mother.
- C. She spent every winter in the mountains.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Who is the woman?

- A. A teacher.
- B. A doctor.
- C. A student.

14. What is the woman doing?

- A. Giving a class.
- B. Making a survey.
- C. Going shopping.

15. How many hours a week does the man work?

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A. About 50. B. About 40. C. About 30.

16. What does the man spend three hours doing per week?

A. Talking to friends. B. Talking to the family. C. Reading.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What did John enjoy doing in his childhood?

A. Painting pictures. B. Touring France. C. Playing outdoors.

18. What did John do soon after he moved to the US?

A. He studied biology. B. He did business. C. He worked on a farm.

19. Why did John go hunting at the very beginning?

A. For food. B. For pleasure. C. For money.

20. What is the subject of John's works?

A. American birds. B. Natural scenery. C. Family life.

第二部分 阅读(共两节，满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

The National Football Museum has the world's largest public collection of football objects and archives (档案), which is known as the Football Heritage Collection. In 2013 it was recognised as an official Designated Collection by Arts Council England and described as "of outstanding importance and value". There are currently over 40,000 items within the collection, which continues to grow as we acquire new objects to preserve and help us share stories about football. Below provides a brief summary of the individual collections that contribute to the Football Heritage Collection.

The FIFA — Langton Collection

The finest single collection of football in the world was collected by Harry Langton, a London journalist with a passion for the game. The vast collection includes artwork, toys and games and playing equipment, and also houses a number of objects relating to women's football.

The Football League Collection

This collection reflects all aspects of the history and development of the world's oldest professional league, founded in 1888. Handbooks, attendance records, programmes and a large

range of books provide an invaluable research tool for the museum.

The People's Collection

This rich and developing collection features objects donated to us by members of the public, footballers (and their families) and other people related to the game. The 6,000-strong collection features all kinds of items.

Bolton Wanderers and Preston North End Collections

The official collection from Preston North End contains over 1,000 objects and celebrates one of the most famous clubs in the history of the game, and the team that play at the oldest football league ground in the world.

1. What do we know about the Football Heritage Collection?

- A. It was originally founded in 2013.
- B. It has no more than 40,000 objects.
- C. It is a collection of football items.
- D. It helps us share basketball stories.

2. Which collection displays objects about women's football?

- A. The People's Collection.
- B. Bolton Wanderers and Preston North End Collections.
- C. The Football League Collection.
- D. The FIFA — Langton Collection.

3. Where is the text probably from?

- A. A research paper.
- B. A museum guide.
- C. A campus poster.
- D. A film review.

【答案】 1. C 2. D 3. B

【语篇解读】 这是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了国家足球博物馆有关足球遗产的收藏品。

【1 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据第一段第一句“the National Football Museum has the world's largest public collection of football objects and archives, which is known as the Football Heritage Collection.(国家足球博物馆拥有世界上最大的足球物品和档案的公共收藏，被称为足球遗产收藏)”可知，足球遗产收藏指的是关于足球物品的收藏。故选 C 项。

【2 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句“The vast collection includes artwork, toys and games and playing equipment, and also houses a number of objects relating to women's football.”

这个庞大的收藏包括艺术品、玩具、游戏和游戏设备，还收藏了许多与女子足球有关的物品)”可知，The FIFA — Langton Collection 展示了与女子足球有关的物品。故选 D 项。

【3 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据第一段最后一句“Below provides a brief summary of the individual collections that contribute to the Football Heritage Collection.(以下是对捐给足球遗产收藏的个人藏品的简要总结)”并结合下文对不同收藏的具体介绍可知，本文主要介绍了国家足球博物馆中足球遗产收藏的相关藏品。由此推知，本文可能选自一本博物馆指南。故选 B 项。

B

For many runners, a marathon can often be a challenge — but sometimes what gets a runner through the tough 26.2 miles is looking out into the crowd and seeing his or her loved one holding up a sign and shouting words of encouragement. For one mom, though, her loved one was a bit more hands-on.

While running the REVEL Big Cottonwood Marathon in Salt Lake City, Courtney Rich, a self-taught baker and mother of two, was beginning to run out of energy just yards from the end when she was suddenly joined by her 10-year-old daughter, Avery.

The touching moment, caught on video and posted on social media, shows Avery running to her mother’s side to support her as she approached the end of the race. Rich’s face lit up when Avery joined her and helped her cross the finish line.

Rich later said in the video’s caption that being joined by her daughter to finish the race was “a moment I hope neither of us ever forget”. Rich said that her daughter could tell she was struggling after a phone call near the end of the race. “She knew I had struggled the last few miles,” Rich said. “She saw tears in my eyes when I called on mile 24.”

In the video, Rich’s facial expression changes from tiredness to a smile after seeing her daughter emerge from the crowd to join her. Then, Rich and her daughter ran hand-in-hand to the finish line. “Nothing could have prepared me for the moment my 10-year-old daughter would jump out of the crowd and run with me to the finish line,” she said. When the race was done, the two hugged each other at the finish line. The video ends with a final caption, “And then she just held me. She held me.”

In the past, the REVEL Big Cottonwood Marathon has had other memorable moments of mothers caring for their children, but perhaps not as hands-on as this one.

4. What happened to Rich when she was coming to the finish line?

- A. She fell down all of a sudden.
- B. She was far behind others.
- C. She felt herself struggling.
- D. She was interrupted by Avery.

5. How did Avery react to the accident?

- A. She helped Rich run to the finish line.
- B. She tried to call for help at once.
- C. She ran the rest in place of Rich.
- D. She shouted encouraging words to Rich.

6. How did Rich feel about Avery's response?

- A. Doubtful.
- B. Content.
- C. Concerned.
- D. Expected.

7. What can be the best title for the text?

- A. A Mother Would Never Give Up On Her Marathon Dream
- B. A Mother Encouraged Her Daughter To Pursue Her Dream
- C. A Daughter Got Involved In Her Mother's Race By Mistake
- D. A Daughter Cheered For Her Mother By Joining In Her Race

【答案】4. C 5. A 6. B 7. D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇新闻报道。文章报道了作为一名母亲的 Rich 参加了马拉松比赛，在快接近终点线时体力不支，她的女儿 Avery 察觉到了她的感受，从人群中走出来加入她，陪她一同越过终点线，两人最后拥抱在一起，这样感人的时刻被视频记录下来，成为这场马拉松比赛中令人难忘的记忆。

【4 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据第四段中“Rich said that her daughter could tell she was struggling after a phone call near the end of the race. “She knew I had struggled the last few miles,” Rich said. (Rich 说，她的女儿在比赛快结束时接到一个电话后，就能感觉到她在挣扎。“她知道我在最后几英里里很挣扎，”Rich 说)”可知，Rich 在快要靠近终点线的时候感到自己在挣扎。故选 C 项。

【5 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据第三段“The touching moment, caught on video and posted on social media, shows Avery running to her mother’s side to support her as she approached the end of the race. Rich’s face lit up when Avery joined her and helped her cross the finish line. (这一感人的时刻被拍了下来, 并发布在社交媒体上。在视频中, Avery 在她母亲接近终点时跑到她身边支持她。当 Avery 加入她并帮助她越过终点线时, Rich 的脸上露出了笑容)”可知, 面对妈妈 Rich 的情况, Avery 帮助她跑到终点线。故选 A 项。

【6 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据第五段中“In the video, Rich’s facial expression changes from tiredness to a smile after seeing her daughter emerge from the crowd to join her. (在视频中, 看到女儿从人群中走出来和她在一起后, Rich 的表情从疲惫变成了微笑)”可知, Rich 在看到女儿加入自己跑马拉松后, 不再疲惫, 而是露出微笑。由此推知, 她对女儿的反应感到很满足。故选 B 项。

【7 题详 析】

主旨大意题。通读全文可知, 文章报道了母亲 Rich 和女儿 Avery 之间的故事, 作为一名母亲的 Rich 参加了马拉松比赛, 在快接近终点线时体力不支, 她的女儿 Avery 察觉到了她的感受, 从人群中走出来加入她, 陪她一同越过终点线, 两人最后拥抱在一起, 这样感人的时刻被视频记录下来, 成为这场马拉松比赛中令人难忘的记忆。因此, D 项“一个女儿为她的母亲加油, 加入她的比赛”概括了故事的核心内容, 最适合作为标题。故选 D 项。

C

Health organizations such as the UK’s national health services recommend that adults take 10 micrograms, or 400 international units (IU) of vitamin D every day, while the National Institutes of Health advise that most adults take 600 IU, with both bodies cautioning against taking more than 4,000 IU per day. Having too much vitamin D can cause a build-up of calcium (钙) in the blood, leading to symptoms such as nausea and kidney stones.

But Patrick J. LaRicca at the University of Pennsylvania and his colleagues recently found that a daily dose (一剂) of 5,000 IU may reduce the risk of influenza-like symptoms. They wondered whether this higher-than-recommended dosage may also have other positive effects.

So the team asked 196 adults to take 5,000 IU of vitamin D3 every day for about nine months. The adults, aged 47 on average, were aware of the dose they were having. The researchers also

analyzed the data of more than 1,900 people who weren't given the 5,000 IU daily dose of vitamin D. However, they were free to take vitamin D supplements if they wished. Towards the end of the study, across this group, the average reported dose was 1,318 IU and the average age was 50.

Over 10 months, those on the 5,000 IU dose had a lower risk of being hospitalized due to any cause, and they had to visit the emergency room or be admitted to intensive care less than people in the other group. No participants reported side effects.

However, LaRiccía says the team can't rule out the age difference as a possible cause of these results, with those in the high-dose group potentially avoiding hospital because they were on average three years younger. The nationalities of people in the two groups also differed, with fewer Hispanic and Latino people in the high-dose group, which may have affected the results.

"The findings are promising, but the study was relatively small and the study period was too short to monitor any long-term safety issues of such a high daily dose of vitamin D," says JoAnn Manson at Harvard University.

8. How much vitamin D does National Institutes of Health recommend us to take daily?

- A. At least 10 IU. B. Less than 400 IU. C. Roughly 600 IU. D. Over 4,000 IU.

9. How did the team carry out the study?

- A. By explaining the phenomenon. B. By referring to previous data.
C. By using supporting examples. D. By comparing and analyzing.

10. How many factors may have affected the results according to LaRiccía?

- A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.

11. What is JoAnn Manson's attitude towards the study?

- A. Objective. B. Negative. C. Favorable. D. Uncertain.

【答案】8. C 9. D 10. B 11. A

【语篇解读】本文是说明文。宾夕法尼亚大学的帕特里克·J·拉里西亚 (Patrick J. LaRiccía) 和他的同事最近发现，每日剂量 5000 IU 可能会降低出现流感样症状的风险，但他们想知道这种高于推荐剂量是否还会产生其他积极作用，于是进行了一项研究。文章主要介绍了这项研究。

【8 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据第一段中“while the National Institutes of Health advise that most adults take 600 IU,(美国国立卫生研究院建议大多数成年人服用 600 IU)”

可知，美国国立卫生研究院建议我们每天服用大约 600IU 的维生素 D，故选 C。

【9 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据第三段“So the team asked 196 adults to take 5,000 IU of vitamin D3 every day for about nine months. The adults, aged 47 on average, were aware of the dose they were having. The researchers also analyzed the data of more than 1,900 people who weren’t given the 5,000 IU daily dose of vitamin D.(因此，研究小组要求 196 名成年人每天服用 5000IU 维生素 D3，持续约九个月。这些成年人平均年龄为 47 岁，他们知道自己服用的剂量。研究人员还分析了 1900 多名未每日服用 5000IU 维生素 D 的人的数据。)”可知，该团队通过比较和分析 196 名每天服用 5000IU 维生素 D3 的人和 1900 多名未每日服用 5000IU 维生素 D 的人的数据，由此可推知，该团队运用了分析和比较的方法来进行研究的，故选 D。

【10 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据倒数第二段“However, LaRiccía says the team can’t rule out the age difference as a possible cause of these results, with those in the high-dose group potentially avoiding hospital because they were on average three years younger. The nationalities of people in the two groups also differed, with fewer Hispanic and Latino people in the high-dose group, which may have affected the results.(然而，LaRiccía 表示，研究小组不能排除年龄差异是造成这些结果的可能原因，高剂量组的人可能会避免去医院，因为他们平均年轻三岁。两组人群的国籍也不同，高剂量组中西班牙裔和拉丁裔人群较少，这可能影响了结果)”可知，根据 LaRiccía 的说法，年龄和国籍这两个因素可能影响研究结果，故选 B。

【11 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据最后一段““The findings are promising, but the study was relatively small and the study period was too short to monitor any long-term safety issues of such a high daily dose of vitamin D,” says JoAnn Manson at Harvard University.(哈佛大学的乔安·曼森 (JoAnn Manson) 表示：“研究结果令人鼓舞，但研究规模相对较小，研究周期也太短，无法监测每日如此高剂量维生素 D 的任何长期安全问题。”)”可知，JoAnn Manson 认为该研究的结果令人鼓舞，但是有局限性，由此可推知，JoAnn Manson 对这项研究的态度是客观的，故选 A。

D

Archaeologists in Egypt have unearthed a Sphinx statue (狮身人面像) with a smiley face near the Hathor Temple, one of the country’s best preserved ancient sites. The smiling Sphinx is much smaller than the famous Sphinx in Giza, which is 20 metres high. The stone work of art, believed to

be a stylized representation of an ancient Roman emperor, was found inside a two-level tomb near the temple in southern Egypt.

Next to the beautifully and accurately carved Sphinx, researchers had found a Roman stone written in hieroglyph (象形文字). Once fully translated, the stone may unveil the identity of the sculpted ruler, who could be Emperor Claudius.

The smiling Sphinx is among a series of discoveries announced over the past few months. The country has uncovered major archaeological discoveries in recent months, primarily in the Saqqara cemetery (墓地) south of Cairo as well as in Giza, home to the only surviving structure of the seven wonders of the ancient world. Recently, Egypt announced the discovery of a hidden nine-metre passage inside the Great Pyramid of Giza, which may lead to the actual burial room of pharaoh (法老) Khufu, or Cheops. Further south, in Luxor, archaeologists had discovered a 1,800-year-old complete residential city from the Roman times.

Hathor Temple, about 500 kilometres south of the capital Cairo, was home to the Dendera Zodiac, a heavenly map which has been displayed at the Louvre in Paris for more than a century. Since Frenchman Sebastien Louis Saulnier took it out of the temple in 1922, Egypt has been attempting to get it back.

Some experts see such announcements as having more political and economic weight than scientific, as Egypt is counting on tourism to revive its vital tourism industry in a severe economic crisis. The government aims to draw in 30 million tourists a year by 2028.

12. What do we know about the smiling Sphinx?

- A. Its owner was confirmed as an ancient Roman ruler.
- B. It has been the best-preserved Sphinx till now.
- C. It is as high as 20 metres like the Sphinx of Giza.
- D. It was discovered close to the Hathor Temple.

13. What does the underlined word “unveil” in paragraph 2 probably mean?

- A. Reveal.
- B. Seek.
- C. Deny.
- D. Maintain.

14. What does paragraph 3 mainly talk about?

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- A. The diversity of cultural relics in Egypt.
- B. The discoveries made recently in Egypt.
- C. The status of the Great Pyramid of Giza.
- D. The new discovery about pharaoh Khufu.

15. What does Egypt expect most from the recent discoveries?

- A. Scientific progress.
- B. Political position.
- C. Economic advance.
- D. Cultural exchange.

【答案】12. D 13. A 14. B 15. C

【语篇解读】这是一篇说明文。文章介绍了埃及政府希望通过最近在考古学上的新发现促进旅游业的发展，从而拉动经济增长的事情。

【12 题详 析】

细节理解题。根据第一段“Archaeologists in Egypt have unearthed a Sphinx statue (狮身人面像) with a smiley face near the Hathor Temple, one of the country’s best preserved ancient sites.”（埃及考古学家在埃及保存最完好的古遗址之一哈索尔神庙附近出土了一尊狮身人面像，上面有一个笑脸。）可知，微笑的狮身人面像是在哈索尔神庙附近发现的。故选 D 项。

【13 题详 析】

词义猜测题。根据第二段划线单词后“who could be Emperor Claudius”（他可能是克劳迪斯皇帝）可知，一旦完成翻译，这块石头可能会揭开雕刻统治者的身份，这个人很可能是克劳迪斯皇帝，推断 reveal“揭示”和 unveil 意思一致，符合句意。故选 A 项。

【14 题详 析】

主旨大意题。根据第三段“The country has uncovered major archaeological discoveries in recent months, primarily in the Saqqara cemetery (墓地) south of Cairo as well as in Giza, home to the only surviving structure of the seven wonders of the ancient world. Recently, Egypt announced the discovery of a hidden nine-metre passage inside the Great Pyramid of Giza, which may lead to the actual burial room of pharaoh (法老) Khufu, or Cheops.”（近几个月来，埃及有了重大的考古发现，主要是在开罗南部的萨卡拉公墓和吉萨，吉萨是古代世界七大奇迹中唯一幸存的建筑。最近，埃及宣布在吉萨大金字塔内发现了一条长达 9 米的隐藏通道，这条通道可能通往法老胡夫的真正墓室。）可知，第三段主要介绍了最近在埃及的考古新发现。故选 B 项。

【15 题详 析】

推理判断题。根据最后一段“Some experts see such announcements as having more political and economic weight than scientific, as Egypt is counting on tourism to revive its vital tourism industry in a severe economic crisis.”（一些专家认为，这类声明的政治和经济意义大于科学意义，因为埃及正指望旅游业在严重的经济危机中重振其至关重要的旅游业。）推断出，埃及对最近的发现最期待的希望能够拉动经济发展。故选 C 项。

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最准选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

We all feel lonely at some point, but long-term social loneliness can damage our mental and physical health. “Loneliness is a signal that you need human connection,” says Dr. Jeremy Nobel. _____16_____.

Know yourself

It’s easier to connect with people if you have shared the same ideas or experiences, so start paying attention to what’s on your mind. _____17_____. If you know what’s meaningful for you, it may lead you to an activity or creative idea that connects you to people.

Make something

When someone says make something, you can immediately say, “Well, I’m not Picasso. I don’t know how to do a fancy painting.” And, of course, you’re not! But the opportunities for creative expression are endless. You can plant a garden or try a dance move. _____18_____.

Take a risk by having conversations

Share something about yourself. It doesn’t have to be the biggest or darkest part of your life, but just something you think other people might find interesting and convincing. _____19_____, putting yourself out there requires a bit of risk, and it’s another important step to real connection. _____20_____.

Whether it’s volunteering for a cause you believe in or just for fun, try to find others who share your interests. And if you follow your natural curiosities, you may find something new. Share your thoughts and feelings in creative ways with other people who have that interest.

- A. Other people’s loneliness matters too
- B. Find a group that matches your interests

- C. Since you have shared some of your secrets
- D. Here are some good tips to make connection
- E. Even if you're nervous about being judged or refused
- F. Knowing yourself can be the first step to bond with others
- G. Making something can express your thoughts and feelings to others

【答案】16. D 17. F 18. G 19. E 20. B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述了和人建立联系的一些好方法。

【16 题详 析】

前文“We all feel lonely at some point, but long-term social loneliness can damage our mental and physical health. ‘Loneliness is a signal that you need human connection,’ says Dr. Jeremy Nobel.(我们都会在某个时候感到孤独，但长期的社交孤独会损害我们的身心健康。Jeremy Nobel 博士说：‘孤独是一个信号，表明你需要与人建立联系。’)”讲述了长期的孤独对身心有害，预示着需要和人建立联系，再结合下文分段讲述的建议可知，空处应承上启下，讲述有建立联系的方法，D 项“以下是一些建立联系的好技巧”符合题意。故选 D。

【17 题详 析】

根据本段主旨句“**Know yourself**”可知，本段主要讲述的是要了解自己，后文“‘If you know what’s meaningful for you, it may lead you to an activity or creative idea that connects you to people.(如果你知道什么对你有意义，它可能会引导你进行一项活动或创意，将你与他人联系起来)’”讲述了了解什么对自己有意义有助于和别人建立联系，所以空处应和了解自己有助于建立联系有关，F 项“了解自己可以成为与他人建立联系的第一步”符合题意。故选 F。

【18 题详 析】

根据本段主旨句“**Make something**”可知，本段主要讲述的是要做点什么。空处位于段末，应总结前文，G 项“做点事情可以向他人表达你的想法和感受”符合题意，选项中的 Making something 照应小标题。故选 G。

【19 题详 析】

根据后文“‘putting yourself out there requires a bit of risk, and it’s another important step to real connection(把自己放在那里也需要一点风险，这是建立真正联系的另一个重要步骤)’”可知，这里讲述了冒险分享自己的一些事情有助于建立真正的联系，空处应与后文之间是让步关系，E 项“即使你对被评判或拒绝感到紧张”符合题意。故选 E。

【20 题详 析】

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空处是本段主旨句，且应用祈使句。根据后文“Whether it’s volunteering for a cause you believe in or just for fun, try to find others who share your interests. And if you follow your natural curiosities, you may find something new. Share your thoughts and feelings in creative ways with other people who have that interest.”可知，本段主要讲述要找有共同兴趣的人，B 项“找到符合你兴趣的团体”符合题意。故选 B。

第三部分 语言运用(共两节，满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Born without legs, Zion Clark is now a wrestler. “You don’t need legs to leave your footprint on this planet” is a (n) 21 by which Zion Clark lives his life.

Since birth, the man has continuously 22 every challenge. He was born with a (n) 23 disease called Caudal Regression Syndrome, which left him without legs. During childhood, he was shy and 24. It was through sport, especially wrestling, that he started 25 overcoming difficulties in life.

Wrestling gave Clark a (n) 26 which changed his life. It also inspired him to hit the gym, from which he could see a major 27. However, he wasn’t 28 with just wrestling success. Clark 29 his life to representing his country at both the Olympics in wrestling and the Paralympics in wheelchair racing. He still hopes to 30 to Paris 2024 and is following a strict training schedule in order to make that dream a 31.

Now in order to 32 others, Clark has become a speaker, who shares the lessons he has learned throughout his life. The public 33 are his way of giving back, motivating people in whatever they desire to do in their lives.

“Are you going to wait for an opportunity or are you going to 34 the opportunity? Either way, once you do that, that’s when you start 35 your imprint (印记). Anybody can do that anywhere,” Clark said.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| 21.A. impression | B. debate | C. motto | D. arrangement |
| 22.A. attracted | B. packaged | C. cheated | D. encountered |
| 23.A. rare | B. common | C. typical | D. ordinary |

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- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 24.A. careless | B. quiet | C. lazy | D. creative |
| 25.A. dramatically | B. secretly | C. partly | D. bravely |
| 26.A. purpose | B. reason | C. issue | D. disaster |
| 27.A. interest | B. role | C. transformation | D. document |
| 28.A. popular | B. surprised | C. familiar | D. content |
| 29.A. owed | B. devoted | C. objected | D. returned |
| 30.A. make it | B. get it | C. put it | D. catch it |
| 31.A. chance | B. reality | C. decision | D. commitment |
| 32.A. inspire | B. serve | C. treat | D. support |
| 33.A. reports | B. debates | C. speeches | D. events |
| 34.A. abandon | B. fight | C. seize | D. waste |
| 35.A. putting | B. holding | C. keeping | D. leaving |

【答案】21. C 22. D 23. A 24. B 25. D 26. A 27. C 28. D 29. B
30. A 31. B 32. A 33. C 34. C 35. D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇人物传记。文章主要讲述了 Zion Clark 从出生开始所面临的挑战、如何通过摔跤运动改变自己的生活、以及他如何通过公开演讲来激励他人。

【21 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：“在这个星球上，你不需要双腿来留下你的足迹”是 Zion Clark 一生的座右铭。A. impression 印象；B. debate 辩论；C. motto 格言、座右铭；D. arrangement 安排。根据上文“You don’t need legs to leave your footprint on this planet”可知，这是 Clark 的人生格言。故选 C。

【22 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：自出生以来，这个人就不断地遇到各种挑战。A. attracted 吸引；B. packaged 把……打包；C. cheated 欺骗；D. encountered 遭遇。根据下文“He was born with a (n) _____ disease called Caudal Regression Syndrome, which left him without legs.”可知，他从出生开始就遇到各种挑战。故选 D。

【23 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：他出生时就患有一种罕见的疾病，叫做尾部退化综合症，这使他失去了双腿。A. rare 罕见的；B. common 常见的；C. typical 典型的；D. ordinary 普通的。根据下文“which left him without legs”以及常理可知，这种病很罕见。故选 A。

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【24 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：童年时，他害羞而安静。A. careless 粗心；B. quiet 安静的；C. lazy 懒惰的；D. creative 有创造力的。根据空前的“shy”可推测，他由于害羞而很安静。故选 B。

【25 题详 析】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：正是通过运动，尤其是摔跤，他开始勇敢地克服生活中的困难。A. dramatically 戏剧般地；B. secretly 秘密地；C. partly 部分地；D. bravely 勇敢地。故根据下文“overcoming difficulties in life”以及下文“Wrestling gave Clark a (n) _____ which changed his life.”可推测，他是勇敢地克服生活中的困难。选 D。

【26 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：摔跤给了 Clark 一个改变他一生的目标。A. purpose 目的、意图；B. reason 理由；C. issue 问题；D. disaster 灾难。根据下文“However, he wasn't _____ with just wrestling success. Clark _____ his life to representing his country at both the Olympics in wrestling and the Paralympics in wheelchair racing.”可知，Clark 有了一个改变一生的目标。故选 A。

【27 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：这也激励他去健身房，从那里他可以看到一个重大的转变。A. interest 兴趣；B. role 角色；C. transformation 转化；D. document 文件。根据上文“During childhood, he was shy and _____.”以及“Wrestling gave Clark a (n) _____ which changed his life.”可知，摔跤使他有了一个重大的转变。根据故选 C。

【28 题详 析】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：然而，他并不满足于摔跤的成功。A. popular 受欢迎的；B. surprised 惊讶的；C. familiar 熟悉的；D. content 满足的。根据下文“Clark _____ his life to representing his country at both the Olympics in wrestling and the Paralympics in wheelchair racing. He still hopes to _____ to Paris 2024”可知，他并不满足于在摔跤方面取得的成功，他还希望参加 2024 年的巴黎奥运会。故选 D。

【29 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：Clark 一生都在代表国家参加奥运会摔跤比赛和残奥会轮椅比赛。A. owed 欠、把……归功于；B. devoted 奉献；C. objected 反对；D. returned 返回。根据空后的“his life to representing his country at both the Olympics in wrestling and the Paralympics in

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wheelchair racing.”以及“He still hopes to _____ to Paris 2024”可知，他一生都在致力于代表国家参加摔跤比赛和残奥会轮椅比赛。考查短语：devote one's life to doing sth.，意为“致力于做某事”，符合句意。故选 B。

【30 题详 析】

考查动词短语词义辨析。句意：他仍然希望能够参加 2024 年的巴黎奥运会，为了实现这个梦想，他正在遵循严格的训练计划。A. make it 成功；B. get it 理解；C. put it 说；D. catch it 受责备。根据下文“is following a strict training schedule”可知，他遵循严格的训练计划是为了参加 2024 年的巴黎奥运会。故选 A。

【31 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：他仍然希望能够参加 2024 年的巴黎奥运会，为了实现这个梦想，他正在遵循严格的训练计划。A. chance 机会；B. reality 现实；C. decision 决定；D. commitment 承诺、保证。根据上文的“is following a strict training schedule”可知，他是为了参加 2024 年的巴黎奥运会，是自己梦想成真。故选 B。

【32 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：现在，为了激励他人，Clark 成为了一名演讲者，分享他一生中中学到的经验教训。A. inspire 激励；B. serve 服务；C. treat 招待、对待；D. support 支持。根据下文“The public _____ are his way of giving back, motivating people in whatever they desire to do in their lives.”可知，他是想激励人们去做自己想做的事情。故选 A。

【33 题详 析】

考查名词词义辨析。公开演讲是他回馈社会的方式，激励人们去做他们想做的事情。句意：A. reports 报道；B. debates 辩论；C. speeches 演讲；D. events 事件。根据上文“Clark has become a speaker, who shares the lessons he has learned throughout his life”可知，他成为了一名演讲者，也就是他会进行公开演讲。故选 C。

【34 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：“你是要等待机会，还是抓住机会？不管怎样，一旦你这样做了，那就是你开始留下印记的时候。任何人都可以在任何地方这样做，”Clark 说。A. abandon 放弃；B. fight 打架；C. seize 抓住；D. waste 浪费。根据上文的“Are you going to wait for an opportunity”可推测，空处指的是抓住机会。故选 C。

【35 题详 析】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：“

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你是要等待机会，还是抓住机会？不管怎样，一旦你这样做了，那就是你开始留下印记的时候。任何人都可以在任何地方这样做，” Clark 说。A. putting 放置 B. holding 抓住 C. keeping 维持 D. leaving 离开、留下。根据全文内容可知，Clark 抓住了人生的机会，所以他在这个世界上留下了自己的印记，激励着他人追逐自己的梦想。故选 D。

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

An exhibition titled Symbiosis of the Chinese Zodiac (生肖) opened at the Tocumen International Airport in Panama on Dec 19 and would run until Jan 20.

Sally Huang, 36 Chinese Panamanian artist and a doctor of art from Beijing Normal University, presented thirteen paintings, 37 combined the freehand brushstrokes of traditional Chinese paintings with the beautiful colors of Latin America, and presented the zodiac animals. Also there were some sculptures (雕刻品) of zodiac animals 38 display, which were created by Chinese artist Zhang Yong, graduating from the Central Academy of Fine Arts.

The exhibition 39 (include) in the project Painting Our Canals (运河), which was sponsored by the Beijing Culture and Arts Fund this year. The Beijing Culture and Arts Fund is a nonprofit fund 40 (found) by the Beijing Bureau of Culture and Tourism to provide support in the three major fields of stage art, cultural exchange 41 the cultivation (培养) of art talents.

The lead institution applying for the project was Beijing Normal University, 42 (feature) a series of events themed on the canal culture in both China and Panama, also inviting artists from both countries 43 (attend) the exhibition as well as hosting academic forums.

The opening ceremony was joined by representatives from both countries, such as the Chinese ambassador to Panama and the vice-minister of culture in Panama.

The ambassador expressed some 44 (message) congratulating the artists in his speech, while emphasizing that China and Panama should work together to promote 45 (globe) peace and development.

【答案】36. a 37. which 38. on 39. was included 40. founded 41. and
42. featuring 43. to attend 44. messages 45. global

【语篇解读】这是一篇新闻报道。文章主要讲述了 12 月 19 日，一场名为“十二生肖共生”

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的展览在巴拿马托库门国际机场开幕，将持续到 1 月 20 日，该展出上既有用来呈现十二生肖的十三幅画作，也有十二生肖雕塑。该展览被列入今年由北京文化艺术基金主办的“画我们的运河”项目，由北京师范大学牵头申请，并邀请中国驻巴拿马大使发表致辞演讲。

【36 题详 析】

考查不定冠词。句意：中国巴拿马艺术家、北京师范大学艺术博士 Sally Huang 献上十三幅画作，将中国传统绘画的写意笔触与拉丁美洲美丽的色彩相结合，呈现了十二生肖。分析可知，“_____ Chinese Panamanian artist”为名词短语，“artist”为可数名词，所填应是不定冠词作限定词，表泛指，“Chinese/tʃaɪˈniːz/”为辅音音素开头的单词，应用“a”。故填 a。

【37 题详 析】

考查非限制性定语从句关系词。句意：中国巴拿马艺术家、北京师范大学艺术博士 Sally Huang 献上十三幅画作，将中国传统绘画的写意笔触与拉丁美洲美丽的色彩相结合，呈现了十二生肖。分析可知，“_____ combined the freehand brushstrokes of traditional Chinese paintings with the beautiful colors of Latin America, and presented the zodiac animals”为之前名词“thirteen paintings”的非限制性定语从句，先行词 thirteen paintings 指物，关系词替代先行词在从句中作主语，用关系代词 which 引导从句。故填 which。

【38 题详 析】

考查介词和固定短语。句意：展出的还有毕业于中央美术学院的中国艺术家 Zhang Yong 的十二生肖雕塑。分析可知，“on display”，固定短语，意为“展览，正在展览中”。故填 on。

【39 题详 析】

考查时态和语态。句意：该展览被列入今年由北京文化艺术基金主办的“画我们的运河”项目。分析可知，所填动词作句子的谓语动词，结合前后文语境以及从句谓语“was sponsored”可知，时态用一般过去时，且主语“The exhibition”与谓语动词“include(包含，包括)”之间为被动关系，用一般过去时被动结构，根据主语为第三人称单数，应是“was done”。故填 was included。

【40 题详 析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：北京文化艺术基金是由北京市文化和旅游局设立的非营利性基金，旨在为舞台艺术、文化交流和艺术人才培养三大领域提供支持。分析可知，“_____ (found) by the Beijing Bureau of Culture and Tourism”为之前名词短语“a nonprofit fund”的后置定语，用非谓语形式表达，动词“found(成立)”与 a nonprofit fund 之间为被动关系，用过去分词形式。故填 founded。

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【41 题详 析】

考查并列连词。句意：北京文化艺术基金是由北京市文化和旅游局设立的非营利性基金，旨在为舞台艺术、文化交流和艺术人才培养三大领域提供支持。分析可知，空后名词短语“the cultivation of art talents(艺术人才的培养)”与之前“stage art(舞台艺术)”，“cultural exchange(文化交流)”为并列关系，用并列连词 and 连接。故填 and。

【42 题详 析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：申请该项目的牵头机构是北京师范大学，举办了一系列以中国和巴拿马运河文化为主题的活动，并邀请两国艺术家参加展览和举办学术论坛。分析可知，“_____ (feature) a series of events themed on the canal culture in both China and Panama...”在句中作状语，用非谓语形式表达。动词“feature”与主语“The lead institution (牵头机构)”之间为主动关系，用现在分词形式。故填 featuring。

【43 题详 析】

考查非谓语动词。句意：申请该项目的牵头机构是北京师范大学，举办了一系列以中国和巴拿马运河文化为主题的活动，并邀请两国艺术家参加展览和举办学术论坛。分析可知，“invite sb. to do sth”，固定短语，意为“邀请某人做某事”，动词不定式作宾语补足语。故填 to attend。

【44 题详 析】

考查名词复数。句意：大使在讲话中向艺术家们表示了祝贺，同时强调中国和巴拿马应该共同努力，促进世界和平与发展。分析可知，message 是可数名词，“some”之后接可数名词复数形式。故填 messages。

【45 题详 析】

考查形容词。句意：大使在讲话中向艺术家们表示了祝贺，同时强调中国和巴拿马应该共同努力，促进世界和平与发展。分析可知，这里应是形容词作定语，修饰名词短语“peace and development”，“globe”动词，意为“地球”，其形容词形式为“global(全球的，全世界的)”。故填 global。

第四部分 写作(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

46. 假定你是李华，你校英文报新增“Culture”栏目，现面向全体学生开展题为“The Poet I Admire Most”的征文活动。请你写一篇短文投稿，内容包括：

1. 钦佩的诗人；

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