

# 2023 年安徽省 C20 教育联盟中考三模英语试题（含听力）

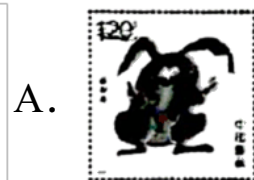
学校: \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 班级: \_\_\_\_\_ 考号: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、听录音选图片

1. What does the man buy?



2. Which does Betty like to collect?



## 二、听短对话选答案

3. How does Bill feel?

A. Happy.

B. Angry.

C. Sad.

4. Where did Susie go for her holiday?

A. Beijing.

B. Shanghai.

C. Shenzhen.

5. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Boss and secretary.

B. Teacher and student.

C. Doctor and patient.

## 三、听长对话选答案

听下面一段对话，回答小题。

6. What is the topic of their report?

A. Saving the planet.

B. Protecting the water.

C. Dealing with pollution.

7. What is Linda's second idea?

A. Avoid throwing litter about.

B. Walk instead of taking a

car.

C. Reuse some of the litter if possible.

听下面一段对话，回答小题。

8. What does the woman think of having a picnic?

A. Boring.

B. Tiring.

C. Interesting.

9. Why doesn't the woman want to go to the art museum?

A. Because there are lots of people there.

- B. Because it may be rainy tomorrow.
- C. Because she just went there last weekend.

10. What will they do this weekend?

- A. Go to the zoo.
- B. See a film.
- C. Stay at home.

#### 四、听短文选答案

你将听到一篇短文，短文后有五个小题。请根据短文内容在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

11. How does the speaker like his parents?

- A. Strict.
- B. Friendly.
- C. Hardworking.

12. What is the second rule of the speaker's family?

- A. He must do some housework.
- B. He has to finish his homework on time.
- C. He can only play computer games on weekends.

13. Why must the speaker get up early during holidays?

- A. Because he needs to eat breakfast on time.
- B. Because he needs to learn English in the morning.
- C. Because he needs to do exercise with his parents.

14. How many family rules are told by the speaker?

- A. Three.
- B. Four.
- C. Five.

15. What does the speaker think of his family rules?

- A. He thinks the family rules are too strict for him.
- B. He thinks he can live better with the family rules.
- C. He thinks his parents must change the family rules.

#### 五、听短文填表

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容，写出下面表格中所缺的单词，每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

A New Band (乐队)
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When	“The Sunshine” has been set up in Britain since last <u>16</u> .
What	There are four <u>17</u> in the band. Their dream is to show their <u>18</u> music around the world.
Why	More and more people like listening to their music because they play it in a <u>19</u> way.
How many	They have already made <u>20</u> popular CDs and have over 10 thousand fans.

六、单项选择

21. —Tina, you're always buying online. Do you need help with so many bags?  
—No thanks. I think I can \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. carry            B. afford            C. offer            D. manage
22. —What do you think of Sophia and her work performance?  
—I think she is really able and friendly. It is a great \_\_\_\_\_ to work with her.  
A. courage            B. pleasure            C. treasure            D. worth
23. It is \_\_\_\_\_ for students to watch TV, as long as within the given time.  
A. enjoyable            B. valuable            C. acceptable            D. unbelievable
24. —My parents always like to listen to old songs.  
—I think that can \_\_\_\_\_ their feelings and experiences when they were young.  
A. call up            B. come through            C. give out            D. take on
25. —May I go out to have a walk, Mom?  
—It's a little late. If you \_\_\_\_\_, ask your brother to go with you.  
A. may            B. can            C. should            D. must
26. You should learn to choose your clothes \_\_\_\_\_ because not all the colours fit you.  
A. exactly            B. wisely            C. happily            D. quickly
27. You never really know a person \_\_\_\_\_ you put yourself in his place.  
A. while            B. until            C. if            D. because
28. Please enter the room quietly. The baby \_\_\_\_\_ asleep.  
A. falls            B. fell            C. has fallen            D. was falling

29. Though it was very cold, he got up early to do exercise \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. as usual      B. as a result      C. in the end      D. in need

30. —Would you like to try something different in the new restaurant?

—\_\_\_\_\_ I don't mind what to eat.

- A. It's up to you.    B. It just depends.    C. Of course not.    D. I hope not.

### 七、完形填空

One day, the students of Class 6 were reading in the classroom. Mrs. Brown came in and told them they would have to change the \_\_\_\_\_ 31 \_\_\_\_\_ the next week. All of the students disagreed with Mrs. Brown, \_\_\_\_\_ 32 \_\_\_\_\_ they shouted when Mrs. Brown said it was because a new student would \_\_\_\_\_ 33 \_\_\_\_\_ the class. "Why must we move to another classroom just because someone new is coming?" One of them asked \_\_\_\_\_ 34 \_\_\_\_\_. Mrs. Brown didn't say anything. She just told them to be \_\_\_\_\_ 35 \_\_\_\_\_ to their new classmate and then she left.

The following week, the head teacher, Mr. White himself brought the new student to their class. \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ he pushed the new student to the class because the student was in a wheelchair (轮椅). Mr. White introduced the new student Jeff to the class. He said that Jeff now was a \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ of the class and they should work together. He added, "Helping each other is very important." \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ could fully understand what Mr. White meant at first.

Jeff was a \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ student and often helped the students who didn't understand their work. The class felt very \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_ to him. They finally understood what Mr. White said.

31. A. classmates    B. lessons      C. teacher      D. classroom  
32. A. or            B. but            C. so            D. because  
33. A. leave        B. join            C. help          D. visit  
34. A. excitedly    B. terribly      C. angrily      D. happily  
35. A. kind         B. useful        C. honest       D. careful  
36. A. So far        B. Above all     C. At first      D. In fact  
37. A. hope         B. member      C. prize        D. trouble  
38. A. Nobody      B. Somebody    C. Anybody    D. Everybody  
39. A. lucky        B. funny        C. clever        D. strict  
40. A. healthy      B. friendly      C. thankful     D. worried

What can change a common person into a great one? It's patience. As most people

know, it's the ability to stick to your dream, 41 it may be difficult. After all, if you keep moving toward your goal (目标), never give up, and you will certainly 42 it.

Patience is necessary because anything worthwhile (值得的) is 43 to do. However, patience doesn't mean not knowing to 44. It means that you shouldn't give up but you can change. If you can't solve a problem after trying several times, it's time for you to look for another useful 45. There is more than one way to realize your goal.

Patience can make a 46 to people. Patience will help us succeed. Of course patience also allows us to develop a good social relationship. When your mother is 47 with you, you should be very patient and communicate with her. When you don't have nice relationship with your classmates, you should be patient to 48 where the problem lies and solve it. Only in this way will your 49 with others get better and better.

We all have the power (力量) of 50. When you meet with difficulties, say to yourself, "Losers give up, but I'll move on because I want to be a winner."

- |                   |                 |             |               |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| 41. A. when       | B. unless       | C. though   | D. because    |
| 42. A. win        | B. catch        | C. beat     | D. realize    |
| 43. A. easy       | B. difficult    | C. helpful  | D. harmful    |
| 44. A. study      | B. change       | C. follow   | D. solve      |
| 45. A. way        | B. thing        | C. problem  | D. advice     |
| 46. A. discussion | B. discovery    | C. decision | D. difference |
| 47. A. pleased    | B. happy        | C. angry    | D. popular    |
| 48. A. come after | B. get down     | C. give up  | D. find out   |
| 49. A. score      | B. relationship | C. ability  | D. friendship |
| 50. A. patience   | B. success      | C. thinking | D. courage    |

#### 八、补全对话 7 选 5

根据对话内容，从选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，其中有两个为多余选项。

A: Do you know May 10th is China Brand Day (中国品牌日)?

B: Sorry, I've never heard of it. 51

A: For showing Chinese brands to the world. "Made in China" used to remind people of cheap and low-quality (质量) products.

B: How about now?

A: 52 More Chinese brands are accepted around the world.

B: I see. Have you ever heard of sports brands like Li-Ning?

A: Sure. 53

B: Me, too. What do you think of them?

A: They are not that expensive. 54

B: I can't agree more. 55

A: Yes. Both the government and the companies are trying their best.

A. It has changed now.

B. What's the Day for?

C. Also, young people don't like them.

D. And they are really nice and of high quality.

E. People still don't like Chinese brands.

F. But there is still a long way to go for Chinese brands.

G. Many students like the clothes and shoes of that brand.

九、阅读单选

<p><b>Telephone operator*</b> Good in English and French</p> <p>* Working hours 8:00AM—5:00PM (Tuesday—Sunday)</p> <p>* 3 years' work experience</p> <p>Please send your application to</p> <p>*****</p>	<p><b>Secretary*</b> Computer Skills (excel, word)</p> <p>* With related experience</p> <p>* Working hours 10:00AM—7:00PM</p> <p>Send your resume to</p> <p>*****</p>
<p><b>Service staff*</b> Woman only</p> <p>* 18—30 years old</p> <p>* Working hours 9:00AM—6:00PM (3 days off in a month)</p> <p>* Work experience at least 6 months</p> <p>Please send your resume to</p> <p>*****</p>	<p><b>Sales assistant*</b> At least high school graduate.</p> <p>* Boys aged 18 years and above.</p> <p>* No experience needed as long as they have good communication skills.</p> <p>* Working hours 11:00AM—10:00PM</p> <p>SendyourresumetoKim'*****</p>

56. If you want to find a job that doesn't require experience, you can send to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. \_\_\_\_\_ B. \_\_\_\_\_  
C. \_\_\_\_\_ D. Kim'

57. If a person is good at computer, which job is suitable for him?

- A. Secretary. B. Service staff. C. Telephone operator. D. Sales assistant.

58. In which part of a magazine can we read the text?

- A. Sports. B. Travel. C. Job. D. Food.

I used to celebrate my birthday by having a big party at my house. Last year, my parents decided to celebrate my birthday at an orphanage (孤儿院). I didn't quite like the idea of celebrating my birthday with unfamiliar (不熟悉的) people.

After we entered the orphanage, there rang a bell. I saw 50—60 children gather (聚集) in the central park. Their smiling and happy faces made me smile slowly. The children sang the birthday song to me while I was cutting the cake. The happiness from the children touched my heart when they sang.

As I handed the cakes, each child put arms around me and wished something beautiful for me and my future. I could see the children's kindness from their eyes. I could not hold back my tears.

We played games happily with the children. I was surprised to see how the older ones helped the younger ones in winning the games. There was laughter everywhere.

After the experience, I can't help thinking that we are luckier than **them**. We have parents who celebrate our birthday, but most of these kids didn't even know when they were born. These kids have gone through so many difficulties, so we should care more about them. And we should make them feel loved and wanted.

59. What did the writer think of his birthday with children at an orphanage before going there?

- A. He would like to celebrate his birthday with lots of people.  
B. He would like to sing songs and share the cakes with them.  
C. He was happy to have the chance to be with these children.  
D. He didn't like celebrating it with children he didn't know.

60. What did the children do after the writer came to the orphanage?

- A. They were too shy to talk with the writer. B. They prepared a lot of gifts to the writer.

C. They played games happily with the writer. D. They shared birthday cakes in the classroom.

61. What did “them” refer to in the last paragraph?

A. The orphans. B. The games. C. The younger children. D. The experiences.

62. What is the probable title for the passage?

A. Time for People at An Orphanage. B. My Happy Birthday at An Orphanage.  
C. Children’s Smiling and Happy Faces. D. My Happy Experiences with Orphans.

Every culture around the world has different ways of communicating. When you learn a language, you learn more than words. You learn many kinds of greetings(问候) in different situations. In China, a traditional greeting is “Have you eaten?” There are also rules for making a small talk when you meet a person. Once you have learned the rules of a language, you can communicate more easily and avoid misunderstandings.

People in different cultures also use different body languages to communicate. In China, for example, nodding your head up and down means “yes”. In some parts of Greece(希腊), it can mean “no”. In Southeast Asia, nodding your head is a polite way of saying “I’ve heard you”. In most areas of the world, if someone wants to praise another person for a great job, he would put up his thumb(拇指). In China, when someone puts his thumb up, it means “You are great!”. However, in Greece, it is impolite and should not be used there.

However, there’s one kind of communication that’s the same everywhere. It is true that a smile means the same thing in any language. It stands for kindness and being friendly to others.

63. Once a person has learned the rules of a language, what can he do?

A. He can communicate easily and understand his friends better.  
B. He can learn a language fast and know more about the language.  
C. He can communicate in an easy way and avoid misunderstandings.  
D. He can learn different ways of communication and greetings.

64. What is Paragraph 2 mainly about?

A. People in different cultures have different languages to communicate.  
B. People in different cultures communicate by using different body languages.  
C. People in different cultures use different facial expressions to communicate.

D. People in different cultures have different ways of communicating.

65. What is the best and safest way to show our kindness in a new country?

- A. Smiling to others.                      B. Putting up your thumb.    C. Nodding  
your head up.                      D. Making a small talk.

Lin Chaodai is a 52-year-old cook who won a prize about a robot that could be “trained” to cook. Yet in the past year or so, Lin and 10 other cooks were invited to develop a menu and teach the robots to cook for a new restaurant in Guangzhou.

“Good and traditional taste of dishes depends on perfect cooking skills and standards,” said Lin. So before engineers began their tests, he and other cooks recorded the menu and some important information and then put them into computers.

Customers must order their food by using a touchscreen machine inside the restaurant. Then a food system (系统) collects the materials (材料) and classifies them before sending to 32 robots to cook. After the dishes are completed, the machines then clean themselves, using less water.

“The cooking time of every dish a robotic cook spent is between three to five minutes,” said Yan Weixin, the inventor of the robots.

Restaurants with robots are popular in China as the development of food markets pushes the industry to go digital (数字的). “Robotic kitchens can greatly increase the cooking speed and cut the cost,” said Qiu Mi, manager of one restaurant.

“The robotic kitchens can bring a great change in the dining business in China while keeping the traditional taste of food.” said Lin. The robotic cook shows his confidence (自信) in cooking.

66. Which of the following is the right time order according to the passage?

- ①Engineers began the tests about cooking.  
②Lin won a prize about the cooking robot.  
③Lin and other cooks were invited to develop a menu.  
④Lin and other cooks recorded some important information.

- A. ③①④②    B. ②①④③    C. ②④①③    D. ③④①②

67. How does a customer order his food in a restaurant with robots?

- A. By asking a robot to help him.                      B. By giving orders to the food system.  
C. By using a touchscreen machine.                      D. By showing his menu to a robot.

68. What does the underlined word “classifies” in Paragraph 3 mean?

- A. 把……界定    B. 将……分类    C. 将……打包    D. 把……整合

69. What can we infer from this passage?

- A. Restaurant with the robots can cost less and earn more.  
B. Robotic cooks can increase the traditional taste of food.  
C. There are restaurants with robots everywhere in China.  
D. Restaurants with robots push the industry to go digital.

Today, China would like to make its voice heard, by telling true stories. “Story telling is the best way for international communication,” President Xi Jinping said. “We should tell stories about China well and spread China’s voice well.” Telling Chinese stories warms people’s hearts and brings the Chinese people and people of other countries closer. By listening to true stories of China, many people around the world get to know more about China.

First, a good Chinese story should be about the Chinese national spirit and Chinese cultural confidence (自信). Recently, the hot Chinese movie of *The Battle (战役) at Lake Changjin* has been popular with people around the world. The movie tells an amazing (惊人的) historical story: Seventy three years ago, the People’s Volunteer (志愿者) Army (PVA) entered North Korea for battle. Under very cold conditions, the soldiers (军人) on the Eastern Front bravely fought the enemy at Lake Changjin.

Although Chinese culture has continued for thousands of years, we should find a new way to tell Chinese stories. Li Ziqi, for example, has become famous on TikTok for her short videos. She has received tens of millions of likes on the Internet. She spread Chinese culture to the world by showing her daily life in the countryside.

Therefore, as a Chinese, learning how to tell a good Chinese story in English is very important. We should fully understand the Chinese culture and learn English well so that the world will have a better understanding of us.

70. How do people around the world get to know more about China?

- A. By communicating with Chinese.    B. By reading books about China.  
C. By listening to true stories of China.    D. By experiencing living in China.

71. What is a good Chinese story?

- A. It should tell people how to live well in China.

- B. It should tell people how to communicate with Chinese.
- C. It should be about how People's Volunteer Army fought the enemy.
- D. It should be about Chinese national spirit and culture confidence.

72. How did Li Ziqi tell Chinese stories?

- A. By making movies about Chinese culture.      B. By showing her daily life in the countryside.
- C. By sharing Chinese stories with short videos.      D. By talking about Chinese culture on the Internet.

#### 十、阅读回答问题

There was a very beautiful seedling (幼苗). An old, dry and straight stick stood with it. The seedling was tired of the stick.

“Stick,” said the seedling. “Can’t you stay away from me?” The stick did not answer.

There was also a fence (篱笆) around the seedling. The seedling was tired of it, too. And it said to the fence, “Can’t you go somewhere else?” The fence also remained silent.

Several days later, the seedling told the stick and the fence to leave again. Both of them still kept silent. The seedling said this again and again! Finally, the stick and the fence left the seedling. The seedling thought no one was more beautiful than itself. Suddenly, a light wind came and blew it down. The seedling couldn’t stand and cried out, “Help! Help!” No one offered it help.

A little ant passed by. It looked at the seedling, said. “Beautiful plant, don’t you know that you can stand up because the stick and the fence protect you from being hurt by the wind? They helped you, but you didn’t thank them.” And then the seedling understood how important they were. The seedling realized that it should value those who helped and supported it.

73. What did the seedling want the stick and fence to do? (不超过 5 个词)

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74. Why can the seedling stand up? (不超过 15 个词)

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75. What can we learn from the story? (不超过 10 个词)

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