

2022-2023 学年普通高中高一下学期期中教学质量检测

英语

注意事项:

- 1.答题前, 务必在答题卷规定的地方填写自己的姓名、考号和座位号。
- 2.答第 I 卷时, 每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卷上对应题目的答案标号涂黑; 答第 II 卷时, 必须使用 0.5 毫米的黑色墨水签字笔在答题卷上书写, 要求字体工整, 笔迹清晰。在指定的答题区域作答, 超出答题区域书写的答案无效, 在试题卷、草稿纸上答题无效。
- 3.满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。

第一部分: 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What is the man going to do next?

- A. Repair the tap. B. Fix his brother's car. C. Ring his father.

2. What does the man probably do?

- A. He's a farmer. B. He's a teacher. C. He's a chef.

3. Why will Laura quit her job?

- A. To start her own business. B. To go back to school. C. To work for her friend.

4. How does the man probably feel about the film?

- A. It's exciting. B. It's funny. C. It's disappointing.

5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

- A. A city. B. A person. C. A travel experience.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why is Henry unwilling to go swimming with the woman?

- A. He wants to watch TV. B. His arm was hurt. C. It is too cold

outside.

7. What will the woman do next?

- A. Stay at home. B. Take Henry to hospital. C. Do some exercise.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Good friends. B. Father and daughter. C. Brother and sister.

9. On which floor did the woman buy a bottle of wine last week?

- A. The second floor. B. The third floor. C. The fourth floor.

10. What does the man finally decide to buy?

- A. A watch. B. A wallet. C. A phone.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. When is the report due?

- A. This Wednesday. B. This Thursday. C. This Friday.

12. What does the woman think she needs to do?

- A. Put off a meeting. B. Go to the hospital. C. Get a good sleep.

13. How does the man sound in the end?

- A. Helpful. B. Thankful. C. Curious.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. Why does the man make the call?

- A. To change his reservation.
B. To reserve a room.
C. To ask about a swimming course.

15. How much should the man pay?

- A.\$ 640. B.\$ 570. C.\$ 480.

16. Where is the nearest coffee shop?

- A. Across from a bank. B. Next to a hotel. C. Beside a bank.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who will Liz travel with?

A. Her neighbor. B. Her family member. C. Her friend.

18. Which city will Liz go to first?

A. Hong Kong. B. Shanghai. C. Beijing.

19. How many cities will Liz visit?

A. Four. B. Five. C. Six.

20. What does Jane think of her trip to the Bahamas?

A. Satisfactory. B. Just so-so. C. Disappointing.

第二部分：阅读理解(共两节，满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

English Poetry Contest of 2023

Are you good at writing poetry? Enter your poem to join! Our poetry contest is held every two years. Write a poem about how the pandemic has changed your life.

Prizes

The contest awards one first place prize of \$2,000 and a first prize wall plaque(\$100 value);twenty second place prizes of \$100 each and a second place wall plaque(\$75 value);one hundred third place winners of a third place wall plaque(\$25 value).

Rules

Follow all rules carefully to prevent disqualification(取消资格).

IMPORTANT:

☆Contestants must be at least thirteen years of age.

☆Only one poem per person in a family is allowed.

☆A poem in its entirety must be an original work by the person entering the contest.

☆All entries are judged anonymously(匿名地). Please do not include your name, address, phone number, etc., or your entry will be disqualified.

Deadline: Email your entry by 30th June 2023.

Length:42 lines max. No minimum. Title not included in the line count.

Format: Entries must be typed. We do not accept handwritten submissions.

Fees:£10 per poem.

Judging: The judges' decision is final and no individual correspondence(通信) can be entered into. Judges are unable to comment on individual entries. Judging is fair.

Copyright: Worldwide copyright of each entry remains with the author but the Bridport Prize has unrestricted rights to publish the winning and highly praised poems.

21. What do we know about the poetry contest?

- A. It takes place twice a year.
- B. It focuses on the development of poetry.
- C. Contestants have to pay for it.
- D. It gives feedback on each entry.

22. How many entries can a single-parent family with 2 children submit at most?

- A. One.
- B. Two.
- C. Three.
- D. Four.

23. Which of the following won't result in disqualification?

- A. Typing your poem out.
- B. Writing a poem of 43 lines, excluding the title.
- C. Emailing your entry on July 30.
- D. Including personal information in your entry.

B

The other day, grandma got a phone call from a stranger who told her that she had won a prize, but she would need to send in some money in order to receive her winnings. Grandma immediately smelled a rat but played along.

She asked calmly for the name of the caller, the phone number and where to send her payment. He gave her some information and told grandma she would be receiving a phone call the next day and that a FedEx employee would come to her house to collect the money.

After the phone call grandma called the chief of police in her town and told him that she had got enough information to get them jailed. But the police chief told her there was nothing he could do and told grandma just to ignore these bad people who were trying to take advantage of an elderly person. Grandma wasn't happy with this response. She decided to take matters into her own hands.

The next day, she got another call from the scammers(骗子), who told her to write out a check for several thousand dollars and wait at home for a FedEx employee to pick up the check late in the afternoon. True to their words, the FedEx employee arrived. Grandma was told that

whatever he was picking up was to be sent away overnight and the payment, all based on weight, would be billed to the party that requested the pickup.

On hearing the information, a good idea hit grandma and then she took out a pack of junk.

“Can I send all this stuff?” Grandma asked.

“Sure, you can,” the employee said. “I’ll just need to get a big box.”

As the employee packed items into the box, grandma put inside a note saying “Go to hell!” in big letters with her name at the bottom. Grandma said, with a big smile, “I really appreciate your help.” When the FedEx truck drove away, grandma said she felt an unbelievable amount of joy. She never heard from the scammers again.

24. When did grandma recognize it was a scam?

- A. When she was called to receive her winnings.
- B. After she got full information about the stranger.
- C. When a FedEx employee came to her house to collect the money.
- D. After she had a talk with the policeman on the phone.

25. What made grandma decide to deal with scammers by herself?

- A. Her decision not to trouble others.
- B. Her desire to show off her courage.
- C. The response to her request from the police.
- D. The encouragement from the FedEx employee.

26. Why did grandma feel glad when the FedEx truck drove away?

- A. Because she cleaned the house.
- B. Because she would teach the scammer a lesson.
- C. Because the FedEx employee warned her against bad people.
- D. Because the FedEx employer packed items into the box.

27. Which of the following can best describe grandma?

- A. Calm and unselfish.
- B. Joyful and energetic.
- C. Humorous and careful.
- D. Smart and brave.

C

This photo taken on Feb 19,2023 shows giant panda Xiang



Xiang at Ueno Zoological Gardens in Tokyo, Japan. People flocked to Tokyo's Ueno Zoological Gardens to see Xiang Xiang on Sunday, the final day for public viewing for the beloved five-year-old female giant panda before her return to China

Giant pandas are among the most lovable animals alive today. Unlike their relatives, such as the polar bear, pandas don't eat meat but survive on a diet of only bamboo. So why and how have pandas abandoned their taste for meat to pick up a vegetarian diet?

Pandas today don't eat meat. However, they've kept much of their meat-eating adaptations from times past. Their digestive systems have not changed much from their meat-eating days. Out of the huge 12.5 kg of bamboo they eat in a single day, only about 17% of it is digested. To survive, pandas eat large amounts of bamboo while having a low-metabolic(新陈代谢的), lazy lifestyle to make up for the poor energy return.

The giant panda's shift to a vegetarian diet is in line with the inactivation of a specific gene-Tas1r1, which provides them with the ability to taste certain amino acids(氨基酸) abundant in meat. Its inactivation in pandas would lead to their dietary change.

Pandas have evolved(进化) to a great degree to cope with their relatively recent bamboo-eating lifestyle. Pandas must seize long and thin pieces of bamboo shoots. To help with this, they have developed a long "fake-thumb"(伪拇指). So giant pandas have six fingers in each paw which provides better support for them to seize objects such as bamboo in one paw quickly. Researchers have found that the surface of the panda's tongue is different. While other bears and many meat-eating animals have smooth tongues, pandas have evolved tiny projections on the surface of their tongues that serve to file down food. This is especially useful for pandas as they remove the outer cover of bamboo.

Time will tell if pandas will adapt and survive, go back to eating meat, or disappear in the wild. Whatever the future holds, we can be grateful that, for the time being, we get to share our planet with these adorable animals.

28. Why are the data mentioned in paragraph 3?

- A. To state the variety of food.
- B. To represent the evolutionary rule of pandas.
- C. To show the ineffectiveness of digestive system.
- D. To describe the changes of living environment.

29. What caused pandas' change in diet?

- A. The low-metabolic lifestyle.
- B. The amino acids in meat.
- C. The surface of the panda's tongue.
- D. The Taslrl gene's inactivation.

30. What does the underlined word "this" in paragraph 5 refer to?

- A. Developing more fingers.
- B. Seizing bamboo shoots.
- C. The low energy return.
- D. The vegetarian diet.

31. Which aspect of pandas does paragraph 5 focus on?

- A. The evolutionary feature in eating.
- B. The preference for bamboo.
- C. The unique lifestyle.
- D. The special appearance.

D

As we all know, all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy. Now scientists have given us another warning: spending too much time on smart phones or computers makes you dull too.

"Many focus on the benefits of digital devices(设备) in education but ignore the costs," said Patricia Greenfield from the University of California, "losing the ability to understand the emotions of other people is one of the costs." Greenfield and her research team did an experiment. They worked with 105 children who spent about 4.5 hours in front of screens on a school day. The students were asked to describe the emotions towards the pictures of people who were happy, sad, angry or scared. Then, half of them attended a five-day nature and science camp. There they had no smart phones, TV, or computers. The other half stayed in school and spent the five days as usual. Five days later, all the children took the test again.

Students who had been to the camp got about 5 percent more answers correct than they had done before the camp. But the other group of students didn't show much improvement. The study is not perfect in some ways, said the researchers. But scientists say that the study is still a warning for us.

"Emotional skills develop in practice and the brain develops through real interaction." said Professor Taylor, a professor at the University of San Francisco.

Researchers talked to 2,000 parents of children aged 2-16 in the UK about what activities their children could do confidently. The results were surprising: Their children could use a tablet(平板电脑)(59%) and work a mobile phone(57%) more confidently than they could tie their shoe laces(鞋带)(53%)! So, spend more time away from mobile phones and computers if you want

to be an understanding friend, and not a member of what the Daily Mail called “Generation Helpless”.

32. According to Professor Greenfield, what is the consequence of using digital media in education?

- A. Students don't get along well with family members.
- B. Students always make more mistakes when taking exams.
- C. Students can't catch up with others in schoolwork.
- D. Students fail to know other people's emotions.

33. What do scientists think of the results of Greenfield's experiment?

- A. They are far from useful.
- B. They are alarming for people.
- C. They are quite surprising.
- D. They need to be improved.

34. What can we learn from the text?

- A. Students learned how to describe emotions in the experiment.
- B. Most of the UK children couldn't tie their shoe laces.
- C. Students living without screens did much better in studies.
- D. Overusing digital devices raised some worries.

35. What is the best title for the text?

- A. Stay away from the Internet
- B. Here comes a digital world
- C. Screens are harmful to emotions
- D. How people become addicted

第二节(共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Many people may feel puzzled when viewing art, for it is generally thought to be too abstract and professional. However, it doesn't mean you can't view art if you're not an art expert. 36

Spend time on art. If you only take a moment to consider a work of art, you'll only generate a moment's

opinion. 37 Art lets you put life on pause. That's one of its greatest aspects. Even if it's just for a few moments, stop worrying about what you need to do next or where you need to be and really dive into the artwork.

Determine the basics. When you're first encountering an artwork, identify the basic

information about it. 38 When possible, identify the artist, when they created it, and whether it is a still life or a landscape. These simple observations can help you gain a better understanding of the artwork.

Recognize your feelings. Recognize your feelings as you first view the art. 39 Is it natural and unintentional? How does it affect your feelings? This subjective(主观的) response is a more immediate reaction, but it is worth regarding, because art is about the artist communicating and expressing ideas.

40 Art is subjective, so finding what you like and don't like about a work of art is a key factor to better understanding it. If you don't like a certain style, don't worry—there is something out there for everyone, from Abstract Expressionism to Photorealism.

- A. Do some homework.
- B. Find your likes and dislikes.
- C. Is the artwork forceful and dramatic?
- D. Is there a right or a wrong way on how to view art?
- E. If it's a painting, see if you can figure out the type of paint used.
- F. The most enriching and fascinating artwork requires plenty of time to fully appreciate.
- G. Try these tips next time you're viewing art and see if you can transform your experience.

第三部分：英语知识运用(共两节，满分 30 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I had always hoped to travel to Hawaii but couldn't afford it. By chance, a friend 41 “pet sitting”, a service to help look after pets when owners are away from homes. I quickly began 42 opportunities on a pet sitting website. There were only a couple of sits available, but I tried my luck, sent an 43, waited a few days and 44 landed a three-month job in a beautiful house.

A month into my sit. I had explored the 45 pretty well. Impressed by such a beautiful island, I decided to start a travel blog to share the beautiful beaches. 46, for every photo of a beautiful beach there were 10 photos of rubbish. It was not 47 for me to ignore(忽视) the plastic pollution 48. So I began to share photos of the rubbish I 49 and how much I could

50 on my daily dog walks. The blog was used to raise 51 and highlight plastic- free travel.

I changed my way of living and even my 52 to adapt to more organic foods without plastic packaging. It's been over three years now and I 53 to do what I can.

This journey has led me to some amazing 54 polluted places, and I have even organized some country- wide beach clean- up activities. My 55 now is to keep on going.

41. A. offered B. mentioned C. doubted
D. designed

42. A. coming across B. giving up C. turning down D.
searching for

43. A. application B. apology C. order
D. invitation

44. A. obviously B. generally C. luckily D.
casually

45. A. website B. destination C. custom D.
market

46. A. Therefore B. However C. Otherwise D.
Instead

47. A. dangerous B. possible C. easy D.
normal

48. A. proposal B. type C. process D.
issue

49. A. saw B. threw C. produced
D. buried

50. A. pay for B. take off C. pick up D. cut
down

51. A. questions B. standards C. money D.
awareness

52. A. necessities B. diets C. impression D.
workout

53. A. forget B. compete C. agree D. continue
54. A. and B. or C. nor D. but
55. A. goal B. advice C. limit D. answer

第二节：语法填空(共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

In the southern Turkish city of Antakya, a pregnant woman under the rubble(碎石) of a collapsed building 56 (pull) out to safety by Chinese and local rescue teams on Thursday, three days after the cata-strophic magnitude-7.7 earthquake and 57 (it) aftershocks struck the country and northern Syria.

People who lost their homes looked 58 temporary shelter and food in freezing winter weather 59 waited by piles of rubble where family and friends might still lie buried. The number of deaths in Turkiye 60 (rise) to 14,351 so far.

The Chinese rescue team, 61 was composed of 82 members, rushed to one of the worst- hit 62 (area) in Türkiye as soon as they landed at the Adana international airport on Wednesday.

Arriving at the scene, the Chinese rescuers 63 (immediate) joined their Turkish partners to carry out 64 rescue plan and saved the woman, according to Zhao Yang, deputy leader of the Chinese rescue team.

The team sent by the Chinese government set to join the international rescue effort. By midday Thursday, 10 Chinese civilian teams from places including south China's Shenzhen and Wenzhou have already departed for or arrived in Türkiye 65 (help) with the rescue work.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 56. | 57. | 58. | 59. | 60. |
| 61. | 62. | 63. | 64. | 65. |

第四部分：写作(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节 书面表达(满分 15 分).

假定你是李华，你得知交换生 Simon 想学乒乓球，请给他写封信，向他推荐学校附近新开的乒乓球俱乐部。内容包括：

1.写信目的;

2.情况介绍;

3.约定一起练习。

注意:1.词数 80 左右;

2.可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;

3.开头与结尾已给, 不计入总词数。

Dear Simon,

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

It was spring--the sun was shining, the flowers were blooming, and the birds were singing their beautiful songs. In a nearby basketball stadium, a basketball championship was going on. Kerr, like his elder brother Timmy, was one of the best in the competition; he scored most of his team's points, but his team did not like that, because Kerr never passed the ball. His coach always told him that it was a team game and not a one-man show. "Kerr, pass the ball more," insisted Coach Tyler.

"Coach, I am good. I can win this whole tournament by myself if I want to," responded Kerr.

"Kerr, you need to learn to respect the game!" said Coach Tyler.

"I don't need to respect anything," said Kerr.

"Okay then, I don't need you in my team, Kerr. Get out of here!" said Coach Tyler.

"Fine!" replied Kerr angrily.

At school Kerr's friends Zack, Christopher, and Aaron were trying to calm down Kerr, who was still angry about what had happened the previous day. Kerr was usually good in school, but after he was kicked out of the team, his attitude changed. He started doing poorly; he got in trouble and failed classes. Kerr tried to join other basketball teams, but he could not because their list was filled or he was too young or too old. Finally, Kerr was recommended a team by Zack.

Five months later...

Kerr started passing the ball more, and he still averaged 26.4 points per game. Kerr enjoyed

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