2024年外研版英语中考专题复习：50篇必背书面表达范文汇编

一、（七上 M1）请根据以下提示为 Tony Smith 写一篇自我介绍。

1． Tony Smith，13 岁，来自剑桥。剑桥是英国的一个小城市。

2．他有一个朋友，男孩，叫刘佳。刘佳 12 岁，来自北京。北京是中国的首都。

3．他们在同一所学校，但是不在同一个班。

要求：1．包含所提示的全部内容。 2．词数 80 左右

【参考范文】 **Tony Smith**

Hi, my name is Tony Smith. I'm 13 and I’m from Cambridge. It's a small city in England. Tony is my first name and Smith is my last name. I have a friend. His name is Liu Jia. He is 12. The boy is from Beijing. Beijing is the capital of China. It's a very big city, Liu Jia and I are in the same school, but we are in different classes. It’s nice to meet you all.

二、（七上 M2）请根据以下提示，以“ My Family " 为题写一篇文章。

我叫李大明，我是中国人。我家四口人。我的爸爸是一名警察，40 岁，他在警察局工作。我的妈妈是一名医生，38 岁，她在一家医院上班。我的姐姐是一所学校的英语老师。我是一名学生，我在文轩中学就读。

要求：1．包含所提示的全部内容。2．词数 80 左右。

【参考范文】 **My Family**

Hello, my name is Li Daming. I'm from China. There are four people in my family. They are my parents, my sister and I. This is my father. He is a policeman. My father is 40 years old. He works at a police station. My mother is two years younger than my father. She is a doctor. She works in a hospital, My sister is an English teacher at a school. I'm a student. I study in Wenxuan Middle School. I love my family!

三、(七上 M4) 请根据以下提示，以“ My Meals " 为题写一篇文章。

1．早上健康的早餐很重要，而且这是我最喜爱的一顿饭。

2．学校的午餐有许多水果和菜，但是没有可乐或糖，因为它们对牙齿有害。

3．在家我奶奶做的晚饭很美味而且我们不胖。

4．记住：吃好，保持健康！ 要求：1．包含所提示的全部内容。2．词数 80 左右。

【参考范文】 **My Meals**

A healthy breakfast is very important in the morning and it's my favourite meal. There are lots of fruit and vegetables for lunch at school, but there isn't any cola or candy. Candy and cola are sweet food and drink. They are bad for our teeth. At home, my grandma's dinners are delicious and we are not fat. Remember! Eat well and stay healthy.

四、(**七上 M5**) 请根据以下提示，以“ My School Day " 为题，写一篇文章介绍 Alex Greenall 的学校生活。

Alex Greenall 在英国牛津的帕克学校学习，周一到周五去上学、但是周六周日不上。

我的学校生活是这样的：

◇早上七点半起床，然后吃早饭。

◇学校九点钟开始上课，上午有三节课。我最喜欢艺术课。

◇12 点半我们在食堂吃午餐。下年有两节课，三点半我们放学回家。

◇晚上我看电视，和家人共进晚餐，然后做作业。

要求：1．包含所提示的全部内容。2．同数 80 左右。3．用第一人称来写。

【参考范文】 **My School Day**

Hi! I'm Alex Greenall. I go to Park School in Oxford, UK. I go to school on weekdays, but not on Saturday and Sunday. This is my school day.

I get up at half past seven in the morning and then have breakfast. We have classes at nine o'clock. We have three lessons in the morning. My favourite lesson is art. We have lunch in the dining hall at half past twelve. I like school lunch! We have two lessons in the afternoon. Then we go home at half past three. In the evening, I watch TV

and have dinner with my family. I do my homework and go to bed at ten o'clock.

五(**七上 M6**) 请以“ My Favourite Animals " 为题，写一篇文章介绍一下你最喜欢的两种动物。介绍动物的居住地、食物和习性等。 要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．注意一般现在时的用法。

【参考范文】 **My Favourite Animals**

My favourite animals are pandas and tigers.

There are only about I, 800 pandas in China and about 200 of them live in the zoos. The pandas eat about 30 kilos of bamboo a day, as well as plants and leaves. This black and white animal is the favourite of people all over the world. It is very cute.

Tigers live mainly in Asia. They're very large animals and usually live alone. They like water and are good at swimming. They're strong and catch many kinds of animals for food.

六、（**七上 M7**）请根据以下提示以“ My Computer " 为题写一篇文章。

在我家里有一台电脑，我和爸爸共用。

1．我的爸爸是一家公司的经理，所以他常在电脑上与客户交流，也会上网查火车时刻、做旅行计划和购票。

2．我用网络检索信息、做家庭作业、查邮件。有时我用电脑听音乐或看电影。我也可以用电脑给朋友发邮件、玩电脑游戏。我有个澳大利亚网友。我可以在网络上看到她，与她聊天。

要求：1．包含所提示的全部内容。2．词数 80 左右

【参考范文】 **My Computer**

There is a computer in my home, and my father and I share it.

My father is a manager of a company, so he often talks to his customers on the computer. He also surfs the Internet to check the times of trains, make travel plans, and buy tickets.

On the Internet, I search for information, do my homework, and check my emails. Sometimes I listen to music and see films. I also send emails to my friends and play computer games. I have a net friend in Australia. I can see her and talk with her on the Internet.

七、(七上 M8) 请根据以下提示，以“ My Friend " 为题写一篇文章。

1．我有个朋友，她的名字叫贝蒂。

2．贝蒂喜欢阅读，她阅读大量的书和杂志。她还喜欢看电影，经常去电影院，但她从不看体育节目。

3．贝喜欢吃巧克力，但是她不常买。因为巧克力不是很健康的食品。她喜欢购物，总是买很贵的衣服。她有 20 件连衣裙，还有很多鞋。她花钱很厉害。

要求：1．包含所提示的全部内容。2．词数 80 左右。

【参考范文】 **My Friend**

I have a friend. Her name is Betty.

She likes reading and she reads lots of books and magazines. The girl also likes films and often goes to the cinema, but she never watches sports.

The lovely girl likes chocolate, but she doesn't often buy any because it isn't very healthy. She likes going shopping and always buys expensive clothes. She has got 20 dresses and a lot of shoes. She spends a lot of money on them.

八、(七上 M9) 请根据以下提示，以“ Different People, Different Things " 为题写一篇文章。

此时此刻，世界上不同地方的人们正在做着不同的事情。

1．伦敦现在是下午 5 点。人们正下班往家赶。人们在等着公共汽车或者火车。有些人开车回家，有些人正从公交车或火车上下来。

2．莫斯科的人们在家里或在餐馆里吃晚饭。有些人正要去剧院看戏或正在看电影。

3．在北京，大部分人都在睡觉。有些人仍在工作。

1．在洛杉矶，孩子们正在上课。

5．在纽约，人们在吃午饭。一些人在和朋友会面、给家里打电话或购物。

要求：1．包含所提示的全郡内容。2．词数 80 左右。

【参考范文】 **Different People, Different Things**

At this moment, in different places of the world, people are doing different things.

In London, it’s five o’clock in the afternoon and people are leaving working and going home. They're waiting for buses or trains. Some people are driving home. Some are getting off buses or trains.

People in Moscow are having dinner at home or in restaurants. Some people are going to the theatre or seeing a movie. In Beijing, most people are sleeping. Some people are still working. In Los Angeles, children are starting their lessons. In New York, people are having lunch. Some people are seeing friends, calling home or shopping.

九、(七上 M10)请根据以下提示以 " The Spring Festival " 为题写一篇文章介绍春节这一传统节日。

1．春节是中国重要的节日。我们在一月或二月庆祝春节。

2．春节前几天我们打扫房间，扫掉所有的坏运气。

3．在除夕夜我们进行家庭聚餐。我们吃很多传统食物，例如饺子。父母通常给孩子发红包。红包意味着好运。

4．在春节，孩子们穿新衣服，走亲访友。人们见面互相问好。

要求：1. 词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点，不能有遗漏。

【参考范文】 **The Spring Festival**

The Spring Festival is very important in China. We celebrate it in January or February. A few days before the Spring Festival, we clean our rooms and sweep all the bad luck away. In the evening before the Spring Festival, we have a big family dinner. We eat lots of traditional food, such as *jiaozi*. Parents usually give their children a *Hongbao*. It means lucky money.

Children usually wear their new clothes and visit their friends. When people meet, they usually say good wishes to each other. Everyone in China enjoys the Spring Festival.

十、(**七下 M1**) 请根据以下提示写一则招领启事。

我叫王娜，是 9 年级 8 班的一名学生。2018 年 4 月 26 日的早上，我在餐厅丢失一把红雨伞。请拾到者（ finder）把伞送到我的教室。我的教室在一号教学楼的西边。也可以打电话给我，我的电话是 15865436789。非常感谢。

【参考范文】 **Lost**

My name is Wang Na. On the morning of April 26th, 2018,I lost a red umbrella in the dining hall. Dear finder, you can send it to my classroom. I'm in Class 8, Grade 9. My classroom is in the west of No. I teaching building. You can also call me at 15865436789.

(七下 M2)(2018 年中考题)

我想当体育委员。我喜欢运动，并且跑的很快，非常强健。就看看课间(between lessons:课间)我在操场上的样子吧！大部分的球类运动我都很擅长（be good at:擅长）。但是我的确很擅长足球，而且我还是学校篮球队的队员。通常，我在每场比赛都得最高分。选我做体育委员吧，你们也能取得最好的成绩。

【参考范文】

I want to be the PE monitor. I enjoy sport， and I can run very fast. I'm really fit and healthy. Just watch me in the playground between lessons! I play most ball games well. But I'm really good at football，and I play basketball in the school team. Because I have a lot of playing skills,I usually get the best score in every match. I can teach you some if you like. Choose me for the PE monitor and you can the best score too !

十一、(**七下 M3**) 五一节马上就要到了，请你根据提示帮张思佳写一篇短文介绍五一的计划。我在五一假期期间将会过得很愉快。

1．5 月 1 日早上打算晚点儿起床，然后看看书。下午我打算与我的家人和朋友外出。我们打算在乡村散步或去游泳。

2．5 月 2 日我将在我朋友家附近的公园里捡垃圾。那将是一个极好的假期一一忙碌但开心。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点。不能有遗漏。3．要使用第一人称。

【参考范文】

I'm going to enjoy myself during the May Day holiday. On the morning of 1st May, I' m going to get

up late and then read a book. In the afternoon, I'm going out with my family and friends. We re going to take a walk in the country or go swimming. And on 2nd May we're going to collect litter in the park near my friend's house. It's going to be a great holiday--busy but good fun!

十二、(**七下 M4**) 请以“ Life in the future”为题目根据以下提示写一篇文章。

1．想象一下将来的生活会是什么样子。

2．具体介绍一下未来的生活；很多事情都由电脑和机器人完成；料理家务，购物，不出家门就可以看医生等。

3．为了将来的生活我们应该努力学习，实现理想。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点。不能有遗漏。

【参考范文】 **Life in the future**

What do you think the life in the future will be like?

Let's suppose our life in the future will be like this. In the future there will be computers at home. Computers will help us know a lot all over the world. We will be able to talk by e-mail. Scientists will make many robots. Robots can help us do some cleaning, cooking or washing. We can do some shopping and see a doctor without going out.

The life in the future will be good. For this, we should study hard. I believe our dreams can come true.

(七下 M5) 网上购物

现在很多种新型的购物方式，而网上购物就是其中一种。你在网上几乎可以买到一切物品，而且非常简单。首先，你选择某物——衣服、票、手机，甚至新电脑——然后付款、几天后你就会通过邮寄的方式收到你买的物品。

网上购物有几个优点。首先，你可以随时买东西。因为网上商店总是开着的。其次，去实体店购物通常需要花很多时间，但是在网上购物，你只需要一台电脑和一个鼠标，你还可以比较相同的产品的价格并且花很多的钱.....或者省一些钱。

但是许多人喜欢和朋友一切外出逛街购物。他们不喜欢网购，因为他们看不到实物，也不能穿试衣服。而且网上付款也并不总是安全的。

网上购物正在改变我们的生活方式。有一天将没有人再去商店购物，因为你能在网上买到任何东西，并且在全世界的各个地方和任何时间你都可以收到商品。

Online shopping

There are many new ways of shopping, and online shopping is one of them .You can buy almost

everything on the Internet .and it's very easy .First ,you choose something-clothes, tickets, a mobile phone, even a new computer -and pay for it. Then you receive it a few days later by post .

Online shopping has several advantages. First, you can shop at any time. The shops are always open. Second, shopping usually takes a lot of time. But to shop on the Internet you only need a computer and a mouse! You can also compare the prices of the same product and spend a lot...or save money.

But many people like going out and shopping with friends.They don't like shopping on the Internet because they can't see the product or try the clothes on. Also paying over the Internet isn't always safe.

Online shopping is changing our way of life .One day no one will go to the shops any more ,because you'll be able to buy anything on the Internet ,and you will be able to receive it anywhere in the world at any time!

十三、（**七下 M6**）假如你校有几位来自美国的交换生，他们打算周末步行去翠湖公园。请根据提示为他们写出前往的路线，并简介公园情况。

【参考范文】

Cuihu Park is not far from here. It's easy to get there. Just go straight on and turn right at the first corner. Walk along the road and turn left when you find a hospital. Cuihu Park is down the street on your right. Across from the Park there is a restaurant.

The park is really a good place to have fun. It's beautiful and cool with the trees and flowers. You can swim, play games or have a picnic there. It's very relaxing. You may also get a good chance to practice Chinese. I hope you will enjoy yourselves.

十四、（**七下 M7**）请以 " My life in Quincy " 为题目，根据以下提示写一篇文章。

1．昆西是美国东海岸的一个小城。那儿有很多事情可以做。

2．我们的房子很大而且舒适。有一间大起居室，里面有一台电视机，有一间厨房、一个洗澡间和三间卧室。

3．在房子的后面有一个大花园，花园里有很多树，还有一个养鱼的湖。

1．我最后一次在那儿是在 2010 年。我期望再次见到我的朋友

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点。不能有遗漏。3. 要使用第一人称。

【参考范文】 **My life in Quincy**

Quincy is a town in the eastern coast of America. There are lots of things to do in Quincy.

Our house was big and comfortable. There was a big living room with a TV, a kitchen, a bathroom and three bedrooms.

There was a big garden with lots of trees behind the house and there was a small lake with fish in it.

I was there for the last time in 2010. I'm looking forward to seeing my friends again.

十五、(**七下 M8**) 请根据以下图片提示以“ Goldilocks and the Three Bears " 为题目写一篇文章。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．文章要包合所有要点。不能有遗漏。

【参考范文】 **Goldilocks and the Three Bears**

Goldilocks tried the three chairs and liked the small chair, but she was very heavy and soon the small chair was in pieces. She walked into the bedroom. She tried the middle bed, but it wasn't comfortable and the big bed wasn't comfortable either. Very soon she was asleep in the small bed.

Then the three bears returned to their house. They walked up to their bedroom. Baby Bear pointed at Goldilocks and shouted, "That's her! She finished my food and…look at my chair! "Goldilocks jumped up and hurried out of the house without her basket.

十六、（**七下 M9**）请根据以下提示以 “The life of William Shakespeare”为题目写一篇文章。

1．威廉·莎士比亚是剧作家也是诗人。他是世界上最著名的剧作家之一。他最著名的两部戏剧是《哈姆雷特》和《罗密欧与朱丽叶》。

2．莎士比亚于 1564 年出生于英格兰。他很喜欢看戏剧，当他十四岁完成学业时，他就决定当一名演员。1582 年，他结婚了。

3．在 28 岁时，莎士比亚来到伦敦成为一名成功的演员，并开始写剧本。伊丽莎白一世很喜欢莎士比亚的戏剧。

4．威廉·莎士比亚 52 岁时逝世，他是富有而成功的。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点。不能有遗漏。

【参考范文】 **The life of William Shakespeare**

William Shakespeare was a writer of plays and poems. He is one of the most famous writers around the world. Two of his most famous plays are *Hamlet* and *Romeo and Juliet.*

Shakespeare was born in 1561 in Stratford, England. At school he liked plays, so he decided to be an actor when he finished school at 14. He married in 1582.

When he was 28, Shakespeare left Stratford, went to London and became a successful actor and started writing plays. Queen Elizabeth I enjoyed Shakespeare's plays.

William Shakespeare died at the age of 52. He was rich and successful.

十七、(**七下 M10**) 请根据以下提示以“ A Holiday Journey " 为题目介绍一下贝蒂的假期旅行。

1．贝蒂现在在巴黎。她和珍妮是前天乘飞机到达的。

2．昨天她们去了卢浮宫。那里有许多世界著名的艺术品。晚上她们在一家法国餐馆吃饭。

3．今天早上她们去散步，看见到处是商店和餐馆。下午大约三点钟，她们乘地铁去埃菲尔铁塔。塔很高，游客很多。太漂亮了！

4．明天她们将要去参观一个著名的宫殿，然后在塞纳河上乘船旅行。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点。不能有遗漏。3．要使用第三人称。

【参考范文】 **A Holiday Journey**

Betty is in Paris now. Jenny and she arrived there by plane the day before yesterday.

Yesterday they went to the Lourve Museum. It has many world-famous works of art. In the evening they had dinner in a French restaurant.

This morning they took a walk. There are many shops and restaurants everywhere. At about three o'clock in the afternoon, they took the Paris underground to the Eiffel Tower. It is really high. There were lots of tourists. It was wonderful!

Tomorrow they're going to visit a famous palace and take a boat tour on the River Seine.

十八、(**七下 M11**) 请根据以下提示以“ Body language around the world " 为题目介绍不同国家的肢体语言。

1．不同的国家的人们有不同的肢体语言。

2．中国女孩经常和朋友臂挽臂地走。一些美国人在和你说话的时候也抓着你的胳膊，所以你不能挪动！但是英国人不喜欢别人接触他们的身体。

3．记住给来自美国的人们许多私人空间。在一些国家，谈话时看着对方不礼貌，但是在另一些国家，讲话时看着别的地方不礼貌。在英国和美国，人们在谈话时经常看着对方。

要求：1.词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点。不能有遗漏。

【参考范文】 **Body language around the world**

People from different countries have different body language from us. Chinese girls often walk arm in arm with their friends, Some Americans sometimes hold your arm when they talk to you. But in Britain many people don’t like other people to touch them at all.

Remember to give people from America lots of personal space. In some countries, it isn’t polite to look at people when you talk, but in other countries it isn't polite to look somewhere else. In Britain

and the US, people usually look at each other when they talk.

十九、(**七下 M12**)请根据以下提示以“Mozart”为题目介绍音乐家莫扎待的情况。

1．莫扎特是一位很重要的作曲家。

2．他于 1756 年出生于奥地利。不到 6 岁就开始弹奏钢琴，还可以演奏小提琴。

3．他的家人带着他在欧洲许多城市进行巡演。他谱写了几百首动听的乐曲。

4．后来他变得很穷并且在 1791 年，年仅 35 岁的莫扎特去世了。

5．和施特劳斯父子一样・他是一位伟大的欧洲音乐家，许多人仍然认为他的曲子是完美的。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．文章要包含所有要点。不能有遗漏。

【参考范文】 **Mozart**

Mozart was a very important composer. He was born in Austria in 1756. Before he was six he played not only the piano, but also the violin. His family took him round Europe and he gave concerts in many cities. He wrote hundreds of beautiful pieces of music. But he became very poor and died in 1791 when he was only 35. Like Johann Strauss, father and son, he was a great European musician, and many people still think his music is perfect.

（八上 Module 1）

怎样提高英语

1.许多学生寻求关于怎样提高他们的英语的建议。这里是三个基本的问题。

2.第一个问题是关于理解英语电影和歌曲。看英文电影和听英文歌曲是学习英语的好办法。看和听若干次。并且猜新单词的意思。每次你都能学会新东西。我也建议你和你的朋友们讨论这些电影或歌曲。

3.第二个问题是关于说。你可以说“你好！你好吗？”“你喜欢中国吗？”这些是开始一次谈话的好办法。 并且在你开始以前，你应该向她微笑。记住这个：不要害羞。去尝试。

4.第三个问题是关于词汇。忘记新单词是很自然的！我建议你在纸上写四或五个单词并且把它们放在你的房间里。当你看见这些单词时就读读它们，并且努力去用它们。

How to improve English

1.Many students ….advice about …… Here are …..

2.The first question is about …. Watching ….. and listening…… are good ways ….. Watch and listen ….and guess the……. Each time you will …… I also advise you to …… with …..

3.The second question is about ….. You can say, …… These are …..to …… And before ….., you should …..! Remember this: ……

4.The third question is about …. It is … to ….. Don't …. I suggest you write …..a day on ….. and …. them in your room. ……when you see them and …..

【参考范文】

How to improve English

1.Many students ask for advice about how to improve their English. Here are three basic English.

2.The first question is about understanding English films and songs. Watching films and listening songs are good ways to learn English! Watch and listen several times,and guess the meaning of the new words. Each time you will learn something new. I also advise you to talk about with the films and songs.

3.The second question is about speaking. You can say, "Hello !How are you？""Do you like China?" These are good ways to start a conversation. And before you begin, you should smile at her! Remember this: Do not be shy.Just try.

4.The third question is about vocabulary. It is natural to forget new words! Don't worry. I suggest you write four or five words a day on pieces of paper and place them in your room. Read them when you see them and try to use them.

二十、（八上 **Module 2**）请根据以下提示，以 " My Hometown " 为题介绍一下 Tony Smith 的家乡 Cambridge.

1．剑桥是一个位于英格兰东部的美丽城市。它位于康河河畔，大约有 12 万人口。

2．他的家乡尤其以他的大学而著名。许多名人在这里学习，例如艾萨克·牛顿和查理·达尔文。

3．在这里有很多古老的建筑和教堂值得去参观。学生和游客喜欢乘小舟沿河泛游。

4．剑桥距离伦敦 80 公里，但是伦敦比剑桥要大而且更繁忙。

【参考范文】 **My Hometown**

Cambridge is a beautiful city in the east of England. It is on the River Cam and has a population of about 120, 000. My hometown is especially famous for its university. Many famous people studied there such as Isaac Newton and Charles Darwin. There are lots of old buildings and churches to visit. Students and tourists enjoy trips along the river by boats.

Cambridge is 80 kilometers from London, the capital of the UK. But it's bigger and busier than Cambridge.

Welcome to my hometown.

二十一、(八上 **Module 3**) 请根据以下提示，以 " Training hard " 为题介绍一下 Li Daming 球队的训练情况。

1．明天是星期六，我将去学校踢足球。我们下周将和另一个学校的球队进行比赛。训练上午 10 点开始，但是我们都尽可能地早到以保证有时间热身。

2．我们的教练对我们今年小组的训练很满意。去年当我们传球的时候，非常粗心，经常把球传丢。所以今年我们配合得更默契，速度更快。那就意味着我们获胜的机会更大。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．字迹工整，语言流畅，表达正确，逻辑清晰.

【参考范文】 **Training hard**

It's Saturday tomorrow and I m going to school to play football. We' re playing against another school next week. The practice starts at 10 a. m., but we all arrive as early as we can, so that we have time to warm up.

Our coach is pleased that we're playing well as a team now. Last year we were careless when we passed the hall and we often lost to the other team. So this year we're getting fitter and we're also quicker. That means we have a better chance of winning.

二十二、（八上 **Module 4**）请根据以下提示，以“What is the best way to travel？”为题介绍一下从伦敦到阿姆斯特丹的旅行方式和特点。

火车	因为旅程只占用四个小时，然而这种方式很贵。
公共汽车	花费比火车低。
小汽年、船	当你乘小汽车和船的明候，记住在阿姆斯特丹停车很贵，所以停在市中心的外面，乘公共汽车或火车旅行。
飞机	乘飞机是最快的，但是你需要到机场，它也占用时间。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．字迹工整，语言流畅，表达正确，逻辑清晰。

【参考范文】 **What is the best way to travel?**

There are four ways to get from London to Amsterdam, but my first choice is to go by train because the journey takes only four hours. However, it's quite expensive. Going by coach doesn't cost as much as by Train. When you go by car and boat, remember that parking in Amsterdam isn't cheap, so it's best to stay outside the city centre and travel in by bus or train. Going by plane is the fastest, but you need to go to the airport. It also takes time.

二十三、（**八上 Module 5**） 请根据以下提示，以“Lao She”为题介绍中国的伟大作家老舍的经历。

1. 老舍于 1899 年出生在北京。

2．在 1913 年，他的妈妈送他到北京的师范学校读书。

3．1918 年毕业之后，他成了一所学校的校长。

4. 在 1924 年他离开家去了英国。他在伦敦的一所大学教汉语，五年后回到了中国。

5．他写了许多关于人民生活的剧本、小说以及短篇小说，被誉为为“人民艺术家”。

6．他是 20 世纪中国最伟大的作家之一。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．字迹工整，语言流畅，表达正确，逻辑清晰。

【参考范文】 **Lao She**

Lao She was born in Beijing in 1899. His mother sent him to a teacher’s school in 1913. After finishing school in I918, he became a headmaster of a primary school. In 1924 he left home and went to England. He taught Chinese at a college in London and returned to China five years later. He wrote many plays, novels and short stories about people’s lives, and was named "the People’s Artist". He was one of the greatest Chinese writers of the 20h century.

二十四、（**八上 Module 6**）请根据以下提示，以“ Pandas " 为题介绍中国的国宝。

1．熊猫生活在中国西南部的森林和山脉中。一只熊猫每天要吃大量的竹子。

2．熊猫是世界上的濒危动物。现在，大约仅有 1600 只熊猫生活在野外。熊猫不会生许多宝宝，熊猫宝宝还经常夭折。

3．为了保护野外的能猫，自然公园将会变大且将有更多的竹子来喂熊猫。出生在动物园里的熊猫有可能会回到自然保护区。

要求：1．词数 80 左右。2．字迹工整，语言流畅，表达正确，逻辑清晰。

【参考范文】 **Pandas**

Pandas live in the forests and mountains of southwest of China. Each panda needs to eat a lot of bamboo every day.

The panda is in danger. There are only about 1,600 pandas living in the wild today. Pandas don’t have many babies, and baby pandas often die.

In order to protect pandas in the wild, the nature parks will be bigger and there will be more bamboo to feed the pandas. Pandas born in the zoos may go back to live in the nature parks.

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