



- A. They had a celebration dinner.
- B. They went to see a newborn baby.
- C. They sent a mail to their neighbors.

【答案】 B

【解析】

【原文】 M: Laura, what's in the mailbox?

W: It's a thank-you note from our neighbor. They thank us for visiting them last week when the baby was born. They also invite us to have dinner next Friday.

M: Are they back home now?

W: Should be!

4. 【此处可播放相关音频， 请去附件查看】

Why does the man make the phone call?

- A. To cancel a weekend trip.
- B. To make an appointment.
- C. To get some information.

【答案】 C

【解析】

【原文】 W: Good afternoon, Paper Museum.

M: Hello, could you tell me your opening hours for Saturday?

W: Yeah, we're open from 10:00 in the morning to 5:00 in the afternoon.

M: Thanks.

5. 【此处可播放相关音频， 请去附件查看】

What does the man probably want to do?

- A. Do some exercise.
- B. Get an extra key.
- C. Order room service.

【答案】 A

【解析】

【原文】 M: Excuse me, where is the hotel gym, please?

W: It's on the top floor. You can take the lift over there.

M: Do I have to pay extra?

W: No, sir, you just need to take your room key with you.

**第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)**

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项  
中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟;

听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独自读两遍。

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下对话。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

6. Why does the woman come to the man?

- A. To ask for permission.                      B. To extend an invitation.                      C. To express thanks.

7. When are the students going to the museum?

- A. On Friday.                                      B. On Saturday.                                      C. On Sunday.

【答案】6. A      7. B

【解析】

【原文】W: Mr Wilson, students from Class 2 want to visit the History Museum. Will it be all right if I take them there this weekend?

M: How about their revision test? Are they through with it?

W: Yes, they are.

M: In that case, you can go ahead. Try to finish it within one day so that the students still have a whole day to rest on Sunday.

W: All right, I'll manage.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下对话。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

8. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. Buying groceries.                      B. Choosing gifts.                      C. Seeing friends.

9. Who is Clara?

- A. The man's wife.                      B. The man's sister.                      C. The man's daughter.

10. How much did the man spend on the city passes?

- A. \$36.                                      B. \$50.                                      C. \$150.

【答案】8. B      9. C      10. C

【解析】

【原文】M: Hi, Linda. Fancy seeing you here. How long have you been shopping?

W: Almost an hour. I have a lot to buy. My daughter Melissa's birthday is coming. I'm trying to get her a good gift, but I don't know what to choose. She seems to have everything she loves.

M: Yeah, the same as Clara. We've already had bags of toys she's no longer playing with. So this year we didn't buy

her material things. We gave her an experience gift.

W: What's that?

M: A city pass with which she can visit twelve different attractions, including the National History Museum, the Science Museum, the zoo and more.

W: How much is it?

M: Fifty dollars per person for a year-long pass. I bought three for the whole family.

W: So you can have a different outing every month for the entire year. What a great idea!

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下对话。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

11. Why did Tracy bring dogs to the Children?

- A. To teach them to love animals.
- B. To help them gain confidence.
- C. To protect them from dangers.

12. What is Kevin's concern about the dog?

- A. They may misbehave.
- B. They may get hurt.
- C. They may carry diseases.

13. What will Helen do tomorrow morning?

- A. Give a talk.
- B. Meet the children.
- C. Take some photos

【答案】 11. B    12. A    13. A

【解析】

【原文】 M: Helen, busy doing anything?

W: Oh, Kevin. I'm preparing a presentation for the city library. It's about a girl named Tracy Woods.

M: What's special about her?

W: It was an amazing story. She brought specially trained dogs to special education schools and helped children to build confidence. She believes that dogs can help children in ways we can't. Dogs don't judge and they don't care who you are or what you look like.

M: But, putting dogs into a school. Aren't they going to mess up the school?

W: Don't worry. All the dogs are assessed and trained properly. There are now 40 dogs working with children aged from 6 to 18.

M: I hope the children love them.

W: Of course, they do. I've got some pictures. I'll show them at my presentation tomorrow morning.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下对话。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

14. What is the man doing?

- A. Attending a lecture.                      B. Hosting a workshop.                      C. Conducting an interview.

15. Why is Emily doing unpaid work in the new season of the show?

- A. To follow the latest trend.  
B. To help raise the crew's pay.  
C. To support the post-production.

16. What enables Emily to try different things in her field?

- A. Her college education.                      B. Her teaching experience.                      C. Her family tradition.

17. What does Emily think of her work at the Film Centre?

- A. Boring.                                      B. Rewarding.                                      C. Demanding.

【答案】 14. C    15. C    16. A    17. B

【解析】

【原文】 M: Emily, thank you for taking time out of your busy schedule to answer a few questions.

W: It's my pleasure.

M: People say you're doing unpaid work in the new season of My Fair Lady. Is this what the show business has become?

W: No, not really. All of my acting in the new season is unpaid, but the crew is paid. This is to raise money for the post-production of the show.

M: I notice you've tried many different kinds of things: film, TV, and even theatre.

W: Yeah, that's how I was trained at university. I work on anything that excites me.

M: Tell us about the six months you recently spent at the workshop of the Film Centre.

W: It was an unbelievable experience, teaching young actors and actresses, and working with some great acting artists. It was also great to work in various labs, such as directors, writers and so on. It's very helpful for making you a really well-rounded and active member of the film and television industry.

M: Thank you very much, Emily. We look forward to your new season.

听下面一段独白，回答以下对话。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

18. Who is the speaker talking to?

- A. Sports club members.                      B. International tourists.                      C. University students.

19. Where did Emma work for a rugby team?

A. In Manchester.

B. In Dublin.

C. In Vancouver.

20. What can be a challenge to Emma's work?

A. Competition in the health care industry.

B. Discrimination against female scientists.

C. Influence of misinformation on the public.

【答案】 18. A    19. B    20. C

【解析】

【原文】Hi, everyone! This is the monthly meeting of our club. We've been fortunate to have got good advice from some famous athletes on how to improve our skills and build up our body. Today, we'll hear something different. We're honored to have Emma Wilson here. Emma is a health expert and lecturer from UBC, the University of British Columbia. Emma worked for a football team in Manchester, then for a very successful rugby team in Dublin, and finally ended up working here in Vancouver. Emma says it's challenging to be a health expert, because people can be easily influenced by advertisements that lack scientific support. Also, people aren't willing to change their views about food and nutrition, as there is so much confusing information online. It's really important to hear what experts say and that's why we've invited Emma here. She isn't going to tell us about everything we should eat, but she will teach us to make better choices. Let's welcome Emma Wilson.

## 第二部分 阅读(共两节, 满分 50 分)

### 第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该选项涂黑。

#### A

Considering the fast-changing world, it's great to know the possible job options in the future. The occupations below are probably some of the most promising future careers.

#### Personal education guide

Compared with online programs today, education could better meet individual needs, even with improved convenience. Like an adviser, a personal education guide may assist people with on-demand course selection or the planning of personalized training.

#### Individualized body part maker

Doctors may expect individualized organs grown or 3D printed using their patients' own cells. After all, scientists' creation of hearts, kidneys, and livers has already had some success in the labs. Even external body parts

including skin and ears have been grown.

### **Pharmaceutical artisan (制药师)**

The increasing popularity of 3D printing may enable the quick production of the medicine based on individual needs. It's possible that artisanal drugs would be created according to one's unique genes, habits, and medical history.

### **Brain implant specialist**

We are making greater progress in understanding how the complex human brain works, so it's highly possible that we would create something amazing by combining the rapid advances in neuroscience (神经科学) with the advantages of computer technology. In the future, one can have a specialized computer chip put into his brain to treat certain health issues, such as diseases, mood disorders, and paralysis.

21. Who can help in a personalized course selection?

- A. An individualized body part maker.
- B. A brain implant specialist.
- C. A personal education guide.
- D. A pharmaceutical artisan.

22. What do brain implant specialists mainly do?

- A. Improve human intelligence.
- B. Change how the brain works.
- C. Develop medicine for brain diseases.
- D. Apply computer technology to brain health.

23. Which is the common feature of the four jobs?

- A. Online work.
- B. Personalized service.
- C. Artificial technology.
- D. Medical knowledge.

【答案】 21. C    22. D    23. B

#### 【解析】

【导语】 本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了四个可能是最有前途的职业。

#### 【21 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 **Personal education guide** 下的 “Like an adviser, a personal education guide may assist people with on-demand course selection or the planning of personalized training. (像顾问一样，个人教育指南可以帮助人们按需选择课程或制定个性化培训计划。)” 可知，个人教育指南能在个性化课程选择方面提供帮助。故选 C。

#### 【22 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 **Brain implant specialist** 下的 “In the future, one can have a specialized computer chip put

into his brain to treat certain health issues, such as diseases, mood disorders, and paralysis. (在未来, 人们可以在大脑中植入一种专门的计算机芯片来治疗某些健康问题, 如疾病、情绪障碍和瘫痪。)”可知, 大脑植入专家主要是将计算机技术应用于大脑健康。故选 D。

### 【23 题详解】

推理判断题。根据 **Personal education guide** 下的 “education could better meet individual needs, (教育可以更好地满足个人的需求)”; **Individualized body part maker** 下的 “Doctors may expect individualized organs grown or 3D printed using their patients’ own cells. (医生们可能期望用病人自己的细胞来培养或 3D 打印出个性化的器官。); **Pharmaceutical artisan (制药师)** 下的 “based on individual needs. (根据个人需求)” 以及 **Brain implant specialist** 下的 “a specialized computer chip put into his brain to treat certain health issues, (一个专门的电脑芯片植入他的大脑来治疗某些健康问题,)” 可推知, 这四种工作的共同特点是都具有个性化服务。故选 B。

## B

Over the years, I bought countless pairs of shoes that brightened my mood, picked out dresses that improved my figure, and turned over my credit card for lots of cosmetics that I had hoped would make me look fresher and happier. But all those things failed to bring relief to my pain inside.

But one afternoon in October 2021, I walked out of one store with something more valuable than anything money could buy. I found hope in the unlikely place after months of hopelessness, thanks to a woman who decided to start a conversation with me in the store’s café.

It had been a painful time for me. Married a little over four years, I had suffered five heartbreaking miscarriages (流产) and, at 42, was slowly accepting the cruel idea that I might never be able to have a child.

On that fateful day, an elegantly dressed, slightly older woman seated beside me offered to share the photos and stories of her daughter to break the silence in the half-empty café. Her Chinese girl was about seven years old.

“She’s pretty,” I said. “But what made you decide to adopt her?” I asked, uncertain whether I had stepped into an area which seemed too personal. “I don’t want work to be my whole life,” she said. I wasn’t sure whether she saw the tears welling up in my eyes as I replied, “I don’t either, but I’m afraid it’s too late!” “I was 51 when I adopted Melanie,” she said, “And it’s the most rewarding and exciting thing I’ve ever done.”

When our checks came, she handed me her business card, and I finally learned her name — and in that minute, I saw a happier and more satisfied myself, a reborn “mother-to-be”.

24. What can we learn about the author from Paragraph 1?

- A. She cared about her appearance too much.
- B. She lacked enough confidence in herself.



- C. She failed to buy happiness with money.  
D. She liked shopping more than anything else.
25. What did the older woman intend to do when talking with the author?
- A. Advise the author to forget her pain.  
B. Share her feelings of being an adoptive mother.  
C. Show off her beautiful daughter to the author.  
D. Advertise the benefits of adopting a Chinese girl.

26. Which of the following best describes the older woman?

- A. Inspiring.                      B. Patient.                      C. Outgoing.                      D. Responsible.

27. Why did the author see a happier self after the encounter?

- A. She could adopt children because she was still young.  
B. The older woman set an example as a good mother.  
C. She realized life was more important than work.  
D. Her hope of owning a child was built up again.

【答案】 24. C    25. B    26. A    27. D

【解析】

【导语】 本文是一篇记叙文。多年以来作者一直通过外在的东西让自己变得开心，但是这些都不能抚慰作者内心的伤痛。作者一直没有自己的孩子，而与一个陌生人的邂逅，让作者决定收养一个孩子。

【24 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段 “Over the years, I bought countless pairs of shoes that brightened my mood, picked out dresses that improved my figure, and turned over my credit card for lots of cosmetics that I had hoped would make me look fresher and happier. But all those things failed to bring relief to my pain inside.(这些年来，我买了无数双能让我心情愉悦的鞋子，挑选能改善我身材的裙子，还刷了信用卡买了很多化妆品，我希望这些化妆品能让我看起来更清新、更快乐。但这一切都没能缓解我内心的痛苦)” 可知，作者一直想通过外在的东西让自己变得开心，但是她没能用金钱买到幸福。故选 C 项。

【25 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第四段中 “On that fateful day, an elegantly dressed, slightly older woman seated beside me offered to share the photos and stories of her daughter to break the silence in the half-empty café.(在那关键的一天，坐在我旁边的一位衣着优雅、略显年长的女士提出分享她女儿的照片和故事，以打破半空的咖啡馆里的沉默)” 可知，当老妇人与作者交谈时，她打算分享她作为养母的感受。故选 B 项。

【26 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第五段中 “ “I was 51 when I adopted Melanie,” she said, “And it’s the most rewarding and exciting thing I’ve ever done.” ( “我收养梅兰妮的时候已经 51 岁了，” 她说，“这是我做过的最有意义、最令人兴奋的事。”) ” 以及最后一段中 “I saw a happier and more satisfied myself, a reborn “mother-to-be” .(我看到了一个更快乐、更满足的自己，一个重生的“准妈妈”。)” 可知，那个老妇人收养孩子的做法对作者产生了很大的影响，激励着作者决定收养一个孩子。故选 A 项。

#### 【27 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章最后的 “I saw a happier and more satisfied myself, a reborn “mother-to-be” .(我看到了一个更快乐、更满足的自己，一个重生的“准妈妈” )” 可知，通过和陌生妇女的谈话，作者成为一个母亲的希望又重新燃起了，所以内心充满了满足和快乐。故选 D 项。

### C

Book reviews can be a great foot in the door if you’re looking to get your writing published somewhere. Most magazines, whether online or print, will include book reviews about books that tackle the topics the magazine discusses. Also, most editors and staff writers are usually too busy to read books and review them themselves (unless they are specifically assigned to a book review column). Therefore, writing book reviews can be a great way to get started with a writing career.

Many people that are reading your review may not know anything about the book you’re reviewing. Instead of making them go find information on their own by searching for the book title, start out with a little description of the book. Make sure you avoid too long of a summary though, because if too much of your article is a summary of the book, it won’t be interesting. Start with a short paragraph or so that hits all the major points but doesn't give too much away. You don’t want to tell your reader everything about the book, because then they won’t have to read it at all. Just give enough information so your reader is interested in reading the book.

Some magazines like to publish book reviews that are completely objective. This means that they want a review of the book that doesn't share your opinion and that in which your opinion isn't obvious from reading what you wrote. If you hated a book, it might not be a great book to review.

You probably want to review books that you enjoyed. This will give your review a positive spin. Avoid gushing about how much you loved the book, however. You should not include your personal reaction to the book until the very end, where you include a sentence or two about whether or not you would recommend a book and to whom you would recommend it.

A great way to get your review noticed is to look at a book through a specific **lens**. Read the book as a feminist would, for example, and talk about what a feminist might say to applaud or criticize the book. You can choose any number of lenses, and feminism is just one option. An economic lens, a family lens, the lens of a

different nationality, or the lens of a child could all be interesting ways to look at a book. If you look at a book in this way, instead of just reading it and forming your own opinion, it will be much more interesting and marketable. This is especially the case if you look at a lens that relates to the subject of the magazine to which you are submitting. Feminist magazines love book reviews about books read through a feminist lens, for example, because it pertains to their readership.

Another great way to write a book review is to talk about the writer's style. Anyone can pick up a book and read for the plot, but it takes an experienced writer to note interesting things about another writer's style and write about them intelligently.

28. What's the first paragraph mainly about?

- A. Standards of good book reviews.
- B. Benefits of writing book reviews.
- C. Ways to get your writing published.
- D. Topics usually discussed in magazines.

29. Which of the following is a characteristic of a good book review?

- A. Including much information on a major point of the book.
- B. Stating clearly the writer's opinion of the book.
- C. Giving a brief summary of the book.
- D. Avoiding describing the book.

30. The underlined word "lens" in Paragraph 4 can be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. channel
- B. glasses
- C. ways
- D. equipment

31. According to the text, only a skilled writer can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. look at a book through a specific angle
- B. give an objective description of a book
- C. find a book and understand its plot easily
- D. pay close attention to another writer's style

【答案】 28. B    29. C    30. A    31. D

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。讲述了写书评的好处和如何写书评。

【28 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据第一段中 "Book reviews can be a great foot in the door if you're looking to get your writing published somewhere.(如果你想让你的作品在某个地方出版, 书评可以是很好的敲门砖)" 和 "Therefore,

writing book reviews can be a great way to get started with a writing career. (因此，写书评是开始写作生涯的一种很好的方式)”可知，本段主要讲写书评的好处，故选 B 项。

### 【29 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段第四句 “Start with a short paragraph or so that hits all the major points but doesn't give too much away. You don't want to tell your reader everything about the book, because then they won't have to read it at all. Just give enough information so your reader is interested in reading the book. (以一个简短的段落开始，触及所有的要点，但不要透露太多。你不会想告诉你的读者关于这本书的一切，因为那样他们就根本不用读了。只要提供足够的信息，你的读者就会对这本书感兴趣)”可知，一篇好的书评的特征是对这本书做一个简要的总结，故选 C 项。

### 【30 题详解】

词句猜测题。根据划线词所在句 “A great way to get your review noticed is to look at a book through a specific lens. (让你的评论被注意到的一个好方法就是通过一个特定的 lens 看一本书)”和第五句 “If you look at a book in this way, instead of just reading it and forming your own opinion, it will be much more interesting and marketable. (如果你以这种方式看待书，而不是仅仅阅读形成自己的观点，那会更有意思和受欢迎)”可推知，划线词 lens 指的是 “看待事物的方法和途径”，与 channel 词义相近，故选 A 项。

### 【31 题详解】

细节理解题。根据最后一句 “Anyone can pick up a book and read for the plot, but it takes an experienced writer to note interesting things about another writer's style and write about them intelligently. (任何人可以选择一本书阅读其情节，但是一个有经验的作家会注意到关于别的作家的写作风格的有趣的地方并智慧地写下来)”可知，只有一个有熟练的作家会注意到别的作家的写作风格，故选 D 项。

## D

### The Joy of Absence

How some companies fight the curse of presenteeism (出勤主义)?

RONALD REAGAN famously joked that “it's true hard work never killed anybody, but I figure, why take the chance?” **Beyond a certain level, extra effort seems to be self-defeating.** Studies suggest that, after around 50 hours a week, employees' productivity declines sharply.

But that doesn't stop some managers from demanding that workers stay chained to their desk for long periods. Jack Ma, the founder of Alibaba, the Chinese e-commerce group, recently praised the 996 model, where employees work from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m., six days a week, as a “great opportunity”. Yet presenteeism is the curse of the modern office worker.

There will be days when you do not have much to do; perhaps because you are waiting for someone else in a

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/565032344140012013>