

中考英语 (山东专用)

## 专题四 数词



# 五年中考

## A组 一年山东中考题组

### 考点一 基数词和序数词

1.(青岛,4)It's my daughter's birthday today. She's \_\_\_\_\_ years old.

- A.eighteen      B.eighteenth  
C.the eighteen      D.the eighteenth

答案 A 句意:今天是我女儿生日。她十八岁了。本题考查数词。依据题意可知应选基数词。

知识拓展 表示十八岁能够有两种形式: She's eighteen years old. 或者She is an eighteen-year-old girl.



2.(东营,30)—Would you like another cup of coffee, Linda?

—Thank you anyway. I've already had one cup, and I'm drinking \_\_\_\_\_ cup.

A.one      B.the first

C.the second      D.the third

答案 C 句意:——琳达,你想再要一杯咖啡吗?——不论怎样,谢谢你好意。我已经喝过一杯了,我现在正在喝第二杯。本题考查序数词。the+序数词表示“第几”,依据语境可知这是第二杯,故选C。



3.(泰安,24)—Mum, the beautiful card I made last night is just for your \_\_\_\_\_ birthday.

—Oh, thank you, my dear!

A.forty      B.fourteen

C.fortieth      D.fourth

答案 C 句意:——妈妈,为了您四十岁生日,昨晚我做了这张漂亮卡片。——哦,谢谢你,亲爱!本题考查数词使用方法。forty 四十;fourteen 十四;fortieth 第四十;fourth 第四。依据选项和空后birthday及前面Mum,可知答案选C。



4.(青岛,4)Alice felt happy to receive some gifts on\_\_\_\_\_birthday.

- A.twelve      B.twelfth  
C.the twelfth      D.next

答案 C 句意:艾丽斯在她十二岁生日时收到了一些礼品,她很高兴。本题考查序数词用法。在表示某人第几个生日时,要用序数词,故排除A、D两项。当序数词前没有形容词性物主代词或名词全部格修饰时,其前要加定冠词the,故选C项。



5.(聊城,28)Christmas Day is on\_\_\_\_\_of December.

- A.twenty-five      B.the twenty-five  
C.twenty-fifth      D.the twenty-fifth

答案 D 句意:圣诞节在12月25日。本题考查序数词。在12月25日要用序数词,且序数词前面要加the,故选D。



## 考点二 分数、小数、百分数及其它使用方法

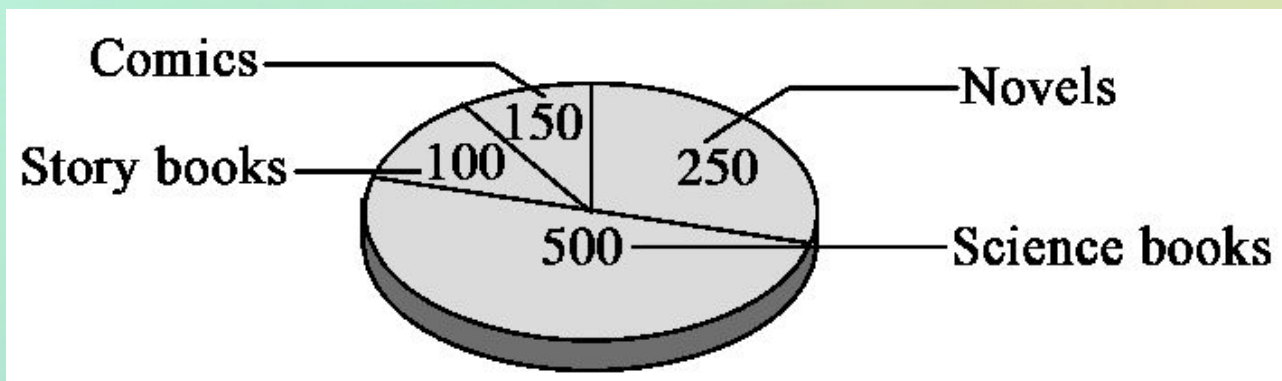
- 1.(滨州,32)Nowadays,\_\_\_\_\_farmers leave their hometown to search for work in the cities.  
A.million of      B.two millions  
C.millions of      D.two millions of

答案 C 句意:现今,成百万农民离开他们故乡去城市找工作。本题考查数词。数词+million,此时million后不加-s;millions+of,“成百万”,只有C项符合正确结构,故选C。

拓展延伸 类似million使用方法词还有:dozen,score,hundred,thousand,billion等。



2.(东营,28)We asked 1,000 students from Hope Middle School about what kind of books they love. Here are the results.



According to the pie chart above, \_\_\_\_\_ of the students love science books.

- A.ten percent      B.fifteen percent  
C.a quarter      D.half

答案 D 句意:我们询问了来自希望中学1,000名学生关于他们喜爱什么类型书问题。这是结果。依据上面饼状图可知,二分之一学生喜欢自然科学书籍。本题考查数词。ten percent 百分之十;fifteen percent 百分之十五;a quarter 四分之一;half二分之一。依据图表内容可知  
选D。





3.(潍坊,26)—“Food Safety”has become one of the hottest topics recently.

—Yeah, it receives\_\_\_\_\_Internet hits a day.

A.thousands      B.thousands of

C.thousand      D.hundreds

答案 B 句意:——“食品安全”最近已经成为最热门话题之一了。——是,它一天收到成千上万网络点击量。 本题考查数词。表示详细几千时,thousand不变复数形式,当表示大约数千时,用thousands of。故选B。



4.(东营,34,★)—A recent survey shows that 35 out of 45 students in my class will save their phones first in a fire.

—About\_\_\_\_\_ of the students made such a choice?Life is far more important,isn' t it?

A.half B.one third

C.two thirds D.three quarters

答案 D 句意:——一份最近调查表明,我们班45名学生中有35名会选择在火灾中先救出他们手机。——大约四分之三学生做出了这么选择?生命主要得多,不是吗?本题考查分数表示法。依据句意并经过简单数学计算可知,选择救手机人所占百分比为35:45,换算成份数更靠近四分之三。分数表示法为:分子用基数词,分母用序数词,当分子大于1时,分母序数词后面加-s;分母为4时,能够用quarter表示,四分之三表示为three quarters,故答案为D。



### 考点三 数词利用

1.(烟台,65)The old lady living on the \_\_\_\_\_(five) floor sometimes dances with her husband on the square.

答案 fifth 句意:住在五楼这位老妇人有时和她丈夫一起在广场跳舞。the+序数词,表示“第几”。

2.(聊城,72)That is almost one \_\_\_\_\_ /fifθ/ of the world' s population.

答案 fifth 句意:那差不多是世界人口五分之一。本题考查five序数词形式fifth。

拓展延伸 分数表示方式为:分子为基数词,分母为序数词,当分子大于一时,分母要变复数。



3.(莱芜,61)Sue lives on the \_\_\_\_\_(ten) floor, but she walks upstairs every day.

答案 tenth 句意:她住在十楼,不过她天天走着上楼。此处考查序数词,所以用tenth。

4.(临沂,56)There were \_\_\_\_\_(thousand)of people at the concert.

答案 thousands 句意:演唱会上有成千上万人。本题考查数词使用方法。thousands of成千上万。

拓展延伸 数词+thousand+可数名词复数形式,译为“几千”;thousands of+可数名词复数形式,译为“成千上万……”。类似这么使用方法词还有:dozen(十二个),score(二十),hundred(百),million(百万),billion(十亿)。



5.(烟台,71)Next Tuesday is my sister's \_\_\_\_\_(twelve) birthday.

答案 twelfth 句意:下个周二是我姐姐12岁生日。本题考查序数词。由语境可知填twelfth。

6.(莱芜,62)Brazil will hold the \_\_\_\_\_(twenty) FIFA World Cup on June 12th,.

答案 twentieth 句意:在年6月12日,巴西将举行第20届世界杯足球赛。此题考查序数词。twentieth第二十。



## B组 一年全国中考题组

### 考点一 基数词和序数词

1.(黑龙江哈尔滨,5)—How do you keep fit?


—I live on \_\_\_\_\_ floor. I walk upstairs instead of taking the lift every day.

A.twelve      B.the twelve      C.the twelfth

答案 C 句意:——你怎样保持健康?——我住在第十二层。我天天走楼梯上楼,而不是乘电梯。本题考查数词使用方法。依据句意可知本空应用序数词,故本题选择C。



2.(黑龙江哈尔滨,17)Here is a survey (调查) about how the 1,000 students from No. 2 Middle School go to school on weekdays. One third of the students going to school by bike are girls. Then according to the form below, \_\_\_\_\_ boys go to school in the same way.

By bus	By bike	By car	On foot
40%		36%	9%

A.150    B.100    C.50

答案 B 句意:这里是一项关于1,000名第二中学学生工作日怎样去上学调查。三分之一骑自行车去上学学生是女孩。那么依据下面表格,100个男孩用相同方式去上学。本题考查数词使用方法。依据表格内容可知乘公交车、乘小汽车和步行人所占百分比为85%,故骑自行车上学人所占百分比为15%。参加调查学生共计1,000人,所以骑自行车人数为150人,其中女孩占三分之一,故骑自行车上学男孩有100人,故本题选择B。



3.(天津,25)Li Ming will be\_\_\_\_\_. His parents are going to have a party for his\_\_\_\_\_birth-day.

A.sixteen;sixteenth      B.sixteenth;sixteenth

C.sixteen;sixteen      D.sixteenth;sixteen

答案 A 句意:李明将要16岁了,他父母打算为他16岁生日举行一个聚会。本题考查数词使用方法。表示多少岁惯用基数词,表示第几个生日惯用序数词。故选A项。

4.(重庆,30)Meimei is going to be an older sister. Her parents are planning to have their \_\_\_\_\_ child.

A.one      B.two      C.first      D.second

答案 D 句意:梅梅将要当姐姐了。她父母正计划生第二个孩子。本题考查数词使用方法。表示次序“第二个”要用序数词。故选D。





5.(重庆,33)Helen loves reading.She has read\_\_\_\_\_books this month.

A.five    B.fifth    C.five of    D.fifth of

答案 A 句意:海伦爱读书,她这个月已经读了5本书了。考查数词。表示数量应用基数词,故选A。

6.(福建龙岩,33)—Tony,where is your new classroom?

—It's on the\_\_\_\_\_floor.

A.three    B.third    C.one third

答案 B 句意:——托尼,你新教室在哪儿?——在三楼。本题考查数词。由句意及设空处前定冠词the可知应用序数词。故答案为B项。



7.(广东,29)It's never too old to learn.Karl Marx began to learn Russian in his\_\_\_\_\_.

A.the fiftieth      B.fiftieth      C.fifty      D.fifties

答案 D 句意:活到老,学到老。卡尔·马克思在他五十多岁时候开始学俄语。本题考查数词使用方法。“in one's+逢十数字复数形式”表示“在某人……多岁时”。故D项正确。



## 考点二 分数、小数、百分数及其它使用方法

1.(湖北黄冈,27)—Dad, about \_\_\_\_\_ of our classmates wear glasses.

—Oh, that's terrible. You all should take good care of your eyes.

A.three fourth      B.third fourth

C.third fourths      D.three quarters

答案 D 句意:——父亲,我们班同学中大约有四分之三人戴眼镜。——哦,那太糟糕了。

你们都应该保护好你们眼睛。本题考查分数表示法。分数表示法口诀为“分子基数词,分母序数词;分子大于1,分母加-s”。A选项分子大于1分母没有加-s;B选项分子应该用基数词且分母应加-s;C选项分子应该用基数词。故本题选择D。

知识拓展 分数在英语中通常是借助基数词和序数词来共同表示。其中基数词表示分子,序数词表示分母。分子为1时,既可用one,也可用a。假如分子大于1,分母要用复数形式。二分之一要说a/one half。四分之一和四分之三惯用 a quarter 和 three quarters 表示。



2.(新疆乌鲁木齐,24)\_\_\_\_\_people prefer HUAWEI phones, and about\_\_\_\_\_of them are adults.

A.The number of;four-fifths

B.A number of;four-fifth

C.A number of;four-fifths

D.The number of;four-five

答案 C 句意:许多人更喜欢华为手机,他们中大约五分之四是成年人。本题考查短语辨析和数词使用方法。第一空应为“许多”,短语“a number of”意为“许多”,“the number of”意为“……数量”,故排除A和D选项。分数表示法为“分子用基数词,分母用序数词,分子超过1,分母加-s”,故选C。



3.(吉林,32)\_\_\_\_\_birds have come back because the environment here becomes better and better.

A.Thousands of

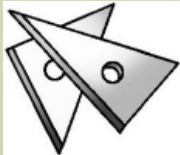
B.Thousand of

C.Thousands

答案 A 句意:成千上万鸟儿回来了,因为这儿环境变得越来越好了。本题考查数词。thousands of成千上万,故选A项。



4.(黑龙江哈尔滨,17,★)A survey (调查) about the activity *Helping the Homeless Children* was made in Lucy and Lily's class. They and their 48 classmates took an active part in this activity. According to the form below,\_\_\_\_\_students gave away school things.

Students	Girls (clothes)	Girls (school things)	Boys (clothes)	Boys (school things)
Percentage (百分比) of the whole class	28%	20%	22%	

A.24     B.15     C.25

答案 C 句意:在露西和莉莉班里进行了关于活动“帮助无家可归孩子”调查。她们和48名同学主动参加了这项活动。依据下面表格可知,25名同学捐赠了学习用具。本题考查数词使用方法。依据题干可推知,全班有50名学生,女生有10人捐赠了学习用具。男生有15人捐赠了学习用具。总共25人。故本题答案为C项。



5.(新疆乌鲁木齐,24,★)\_\_\_\_\_Kobe's fans watched his final match and\_\_\_\_\_of them were men.

- A.Million of;three fourths      B.Three millions;third four  
C.Millions of;three fourths      D.Three million;third fours

答案 C 句意:数百万科比“粉丝”们观看了他最终比赛而且他们当中3/4人是男子。本题考查数词。million前有详细数字时用单数,没有详细数字时应用millions of表示;分数表示:分子用基数词,分母用序数词,当分子大于1时分母用复数形式,故答案为C项。



6.(黑龙江哈尔滨,3)On June 2nd this year,\_\_\_\_\_people celebrated the Dragon Boat Festival near the Songhua River.To our joy,there was little rubbish left.

A.thousands of      B.thousand      C.two thousands

答案 A 句意:今年6月2日,成千上万人在松花江附近庆贺端午节。使我们感到高兴是,几乎没有留下来垃圾。本题考查数词。thousand前有详细数字时用单数,thousands of成千上万,故答案为A项。





### 考点三 数词利用

1.(上海,55)Look! The\_\_\_\_\_lady from the left in the photo is my favourite teacher. (six)

答案 sixth 表示“第六个”用序数词。

2.(新疆乌鲁木齐,72)

afford;holes;progress;thousands of;safe

People planted\_\_\_\_\_trees in the suburb of the city, Urumqi.

答案 thousands of 句意:人们在乌鲁木齐郊区种了成千上万棵树。thousands of修饰“树”,表示数量。



3.(甘肃兰州,96)Two \_\_\_\_\_(three) of the students in our class have been to Disneyland somewhere.

答案 thirds two thirds三分之二。

4.(长春,6)Jim's aunt bought him a new model ship on his \_\_\_\_\_ (seven) birthday.

答案 seventh 句意:在吉姆七岁生日时候,他姑妈给他买了一个新船模。考查基数词变序数词。依据句意可知应填seventh。

5.(贵州遵义,81)They are organizing the \_\_\_\_\_(thirty-nine) sports meeting of their school.

答案 thirty-ninth 句意:他们正在组织他们学校第39届运动会。此题考查序数词。由句意可知填thirty-ninth。



6.(江苏镇江,39)The survey,carried out in that university,shows that three\_\_\_\_\_ (five)of the teachers wear glasses.

答案 fifths 句意:在那个大学进行调查显示五分之三老师戴眼镜。考查分数表示法。分子用基数词,分母用序数词,当分子大于1时分母用复数。

7.(贵州遵义,76)There will be a composition contest named “My Good Teacher”to celebrate the \_\_\_\_\_(30) Teachers’ Day.

答案 30th 句意:将会有一个叫“我好老师”作文竞赛来庆贺第三十个教师节。本题考查序数词使用方法。



## C组 教师专用题组

### 考点一 基数词和序数词

1.(广东,28)Please turn to page\_\_\_\_\_and take a look at the picture on it.

A.the eightieth     B.eightieth

C.eighties     D.eighty

答案 D 句意:请翻到80页看这页上那个图片。本题考查数词。turn to page+基数词,意为“翻到……页”,依据句意可知答案为D项。



2.(黑龙江哈尔滨,14)—What are you going to do this Saturday?

—I am going to the old people's home to celebrate Mrs.Green's\_\_\_\_\_birthday.

A.ninty-ninth      B.ninety-ninth      C.ninety-nineth

答案 B 句意:——这周六你打算做什么?——我要去养老院庆贺格林夫人九十九岁生日。  
本题考查数词使用方法。ninety-ninth为序数词,表示“第九十九”。故答案为B。

3.(黑龙江哈尔滨,10)It's my\_\_\_\_\_time to come to the bookstore this month because most of the books in it are my favorites.

A.forth      B.four      C.fourth

答案 C 句意:这是我这个月第四次来到这家书店了,因为它里面大部分书都是我最爱。考查序数词使用方法。由题意可知设空处需用序数词,而four序数词是直接在词尾加-th。



## 考点二 分数、小数、百分数及其它使用方法

1.(广东,35)According to a survey, four out of five women do housework at home, but only \_\_\_\_\_ of men would do it.

A.four fifth    B.four fifths    C.two fifth    D.two fifths

答案 D 句意:依据调查,五分之四女人在家做家务,但只有五分之二男人会做家务。本题考查数词使用方法。依据英语中分数表示法可知当分子大于1时,分母加-s,故排除A、C选项。结合句意可知答案为D。

审题技巧 做这类题目时,除了语法外,审题也是关键。题目中but only暗示了此处百分比应小于前面提到“五分之四”。



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