

广东省东莞市松山湖中学 2021-2022 学年七年级上学期期末

测试英语试题

学校: _____ 姓名: _____ 班级: _____ 考号: _____

一、完形填空

The Spring Festival is coming. We will start our holiday 1 January. I am going to have 2 interesting and meaningful holiday. I'm going to spend the holiday 3 my parents and grandparents.

Here is my holiday plan. I am going to do my homework 4. Study is one of the most important things for students. So I will study hard and try my best 5 good grades. Then, I am going to visit my grandparents and help them clean the house. 6 I was young, my grandparents always took care of me. Now it is time for me to do something for them. I think they will feel 7. Next, I want to go to the Dongguan Museum with my mom. She 8 visiting different museums. There is a great exhibition(展览) that I'd like to see there. I plan to climb some mountains such as the Huangqi Mountain. We all like climbing and 9 the beautiful scenery. We will be busy but happy during Spring Festival. Finally, we will go to the theater to watch movies together. Watching movies is my 10 favourite hobby.

What a fantastic holiday I am going to have!

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. under |
| 2. A. a | B. an | C. the | D. / |
| 3. A. for | B. with | C. of | D. to |
| 4. A. one | B. the one | C. first | D. the first |
| 5. A. get | B. to get | C. getting | D. to getting |
| 6. A. If | B. So | C. And | D. When |
| 7. A. happy | B. happier | C. happily | D. happiness |
| 8. A. like | B. liked | C. likes | D. is like |
| 9. A. enjoy | B. enjoying | C. enjoys | D. to enjoy |
| 10. A. father | B. fathers | C. father's | D. fathers' |

A mouse sees a basket full of corn(玉米). He wants to eat it. So he makes 11 small hole in the basket. He squeezes in(挤进) through the 12. He eats a lot of corn. He feels 13 and is very happy.

Then, he wants to go back out through the small hole. But he can't go through the hole

because his belly(肚子) is full. He tries again, but it is no 14 .

The mouse starts 15. A rabbit is passing by. She asks, “What is happening, my friend?”

The mouse explains(解释), “I make a small hole and goes into the basket to eat the corn. But now I can’t go back out through the hole. ”

The rabbit says, “It is 16 you eat too much. 17 for a night and your belly will become smaller. ” Then, the rabbit leaves.

The mouse falls asleep in the basket. The next morning, his belly is 18 again. But he wants to eat some more corn. He forgets all about getting out 19 the basket. So he eats more corn and his belly becomes big again.

After eating, the mouse remembers that he has to go out. But now, he can not. So he thinks, “It doesn’t matter. I can go out 20.”

A cat passes by. He smells the mouse in the basket. He opens the basket and eats the mouse.

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|------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| 11. A. a | B. an | C. the | D. / |
| 12. A. basket | B. hole | C. corn | D. street |
| 13. A. sad | B. interested | C. full | D. hungry |
| 14. A. sound | B. use | C. time | D. question |
| 15. A. laughing | B. playing | C. eating | D. crying |
| 16. A. because | B. why | C. that | D. what |
| 17. A. Leave | B. Eat | C. Wait | D. Ask |
| 18. A. fat | B. small | C. round | D. big |
| 19. A. of | B. with | C. to | D. in |
| 20. A. yesterday | B. today | C. now | D. tomorrow |

二、阅读单选

You sometimes see robots around you. Maybe one helps you through a shop. Or maybe one checks your body temperature in a hospital. Or maybe one helps you order food in a restaurant. In fact robots came a long way to become what they are today. Their story started 100 years ago.

1921

Writer Karel Capek from Czech first used the word robot in his play(剧本). In the play, they are strong and do a lot of work for humans.

1960s Shakey was the first mobile robot. It was from the USA. It was big and slow. And it was hard to controlled(控制).	Mid-1980s Japan started to develop robots in mid-1980s. They were like human(人类). EO was an early one. It could walk on two legs.
1993 Remote-controlled(遥控的) robots came out. The US made a robot named Dante. It had eight legs. It could help people to explore volcanoes(探索火山).	Late 1990s to 2000s Scientists made other kinds of robots, such as toy robots and cleaning robots. And the robots could even help explore space.
Today Thanks to AI, robots are smart. They can dance, answer questions and even talk with people. Future Robots can learn from their mistakes(错误) and become smarter and better at doing different difficult things. Robots can free humans so humans can do other things.	

21. Where did the first mobile robot come from? A. China. B. Japan. C. The USA. D. England.
22. When did the eight-legs robot come out?
A. In 1921. B. In 1960s. C. In mid-1980s D. In 1993.
23. Which robot was the early one to walk on two legs?
A. Capek. B. Shakey C. EO. D. Dante.
24. Which of the following sentences is Not True about the robots?
A. It can help us through the shop.
B. It can help us check body temperature.
C. It can help us order food in a restaurant.
D. It can help us learn from mistakes.
25. You may see the passage _____.
A. in a magazine B. in an ad C. in a letter D. in a story

How do you like to travel, by plane or by train? Surely, planes are fast and easy.

However traveling by train has its own charms (迷人之处). The train itself can be part of the fun.

China's first panda-topic train started to run on March 28, 2021.

The train runs from Chengdu in Sichuan to Zunyi in Guizhou. It has panda pictures inside and outside. Passengers(乘客) can try a panda-shaped cake. Workers who carry panda toys will welcome them

The train also has great service(服务). People call it a "mobile star hotel". It has a dining room, a bar, a dance hall, karaoke rooms, and mahjong(麻将) rooms. People from Sichuan are known for their love of mahjong. In the dining room, passengers can order Sichuan food.

With 12 cars, the train can take 252 passengers. Two or three passengers share one room with a washroom. They can take a shower on the train. The train also has a smart service system(系统), long tables for enjoying scenery, 5G internet, and a song-ordering service

Passengers can enjoy a three-day trip on the train. After arriving, they will visit the sites in Guizhou, such as the Site of the Zunyi Conference(遵义会议). If the train does well, it might travel to other parts of the country, according to a local railway company

26. When did China's first panda-topic train start to run?

- A. On March 18, 2020
- B. On March 18, 2021
- C. On March 28, 2020
- D. On March 28, 2021

27. Where can you see panda pictures?

- A. In the train station.
- B. On the top of the train.
- C. Inside and outside the train.
- D. On the seats of the train.

28. Which of the following sentences is True according to the passage?

- A. Traveling by train is fast and easy.
- B. Only people from Sichuan love mahjong.
- C. Passengers can enjoy a two-day trip on the train.
- D. If the train does well, it might travel to other parts of the country.

29. What does the underlined word "sites" mean in this passage?

- A. playgrounds
- B. places
- C. shops
- D. rooms

30. What is the best title of the passage?

- A. The History of China's First Panda-topic Train
- B. The Differences between Planes and Trains
- C. China's First Panda-topic Train

D. A Trip to Sichuan

三、阅读匹配

配对阅读。阅读下面左栏的五段语言材料，从右栏选项中，找出与它们相对应的选项。

31 Jack is going to visit his uncle. He wants to take something to his uncle. He knows his uncle likes drinking red wine.	A. Cup Shop:There are many cups. It's a good idea to buy one and send it to your friend, classmate or teacher.
32 Mr. Green is an Englishman, but he likes drinking Chinese green tea very much.	B. Pet Shop: There are many cute pets in our shop. Come and get one. They are very easy to take care of.
33 Tom broke his teacher's cup this afternoon. He felt very sorry and he wanted to buy a new one for his teacher.	C. White wine Shop:Our store sells different kinds of white wine. If you like it. Come to our store.
34 Mary is seven years old. Her mother wants to buy a pet for her so that she can learn to take care of little animals.	D. Tea House: You can not only drink green tea but also enjoy a Chinese traditional tea show here.
35 Lucy wants to buy two tickets to a concert. But she doesn't know where to buy.	E. Shoe Shop:There will be a big discount(折扣) on January 1st. Come and get your favorite shoes. F. Ticket House: You can easily buy the tickets for concerts, matches and films on the Internet. Our website is www. tickets-on-line. com. G. Wine Shop:Drinking some red wine is good for your health. Our store sells different kinds of red wine

四、根据汉语提示填空

36. “1, 2, 3...” Can you say the _____ (数字) in English?

37. Here are three _____ (照片) of my family.

38. Two _____(手表) are in the Lost and Found box.
39. Sally, your pens are _____(到处). Put them in your pencil box.
40. The _____(草莓) don't look good.
41. We sell all our clothes at very good _____(价格).
42. Some _____(女人) are talking about the weather under the tree.
43. The Spring Festival is usually in January or _____(二月)
44. This class _____(结束) at 5:00 in the afternoon.
45. There are some _____(番茄) in the fridge. I want to make tomato soup tonight.

五、汉译英：整句

46. 他们是我的父母。

47. 这把尺子在你的外祖父母的房间里。

48. 我们不喜欢汉堡包。

49. 这双白色的袜子多少钱？

_____?

50. 谁是你的地理老师？

六、短文语境提示填空

There is a family of mice(老鼠) living in a house of a big city. They live 51 there. They can steal (偷) some food from the humans when they need to eat. But one day, the humans think that there are too many mice in their house. They decide to bring a 52 home to kill the mice.

The mice are quite afraid of this, especially (尤其是) the two baby mice in the family. Their mother is afraid, 53. But it seems that their father is not worried.

"It's all right—none of us need to worry. If that cat comes by, I'll keep him away," the father says. The family is surprised at this. 54 can their father keep a big cat away? Surely the cat will find and eat all of them.

One day, the cat really 55 them. The father mouse goes right up to the cat and shouts, “BARK! BARK!” This scares (使害怕) the cat so much that it runs away as fast as it can.

The rest of the mouse family is safe (安全的) from the cat. But how? The father says:

“Children, that’s why it’s important to learn a second language(语言)!”

七、读写综合

读写综合(含 A 和 B 两个部分)

回答问题

There are many interesting activities in our school. Now, I want to introduce(介绍) one to you. In order to celebrate(庆祝) the National Day, our grade asks us to rearrange(重新布置) our classroom.

The Red Flags

There is a big flag in the front of the classroom. There are also some small flags on the other three sides of the classroom. These flags make the classroom very beautiful. We can often see the red flags everywhere on the National Day. They show our love for our country.

The New Picture

The picture on the wall behind the classroom is a picture of Tian’anmen. You could see a poster(海报) here before today. The picture is about Beijing and I hope to go there one day. Some students in my class drew it on the art class.

The New Article Show

Each student in our class wrote an article(文章) about our country. These articles are on the north wall. We can the students’ love to China in the articles.

After rearranging our classroom, we all think it is beautiful. We love our classroom very much.

56. What do we need to do to celebrate the National Day?

57. Where is the big red flag?

58. What could we see on the wall behind the classroom before today?

59. Who wrote the articles that are on the north wall about our country?

60. What do we think of our classroom?

书面表达

61. 假如你是李华，你新交了一位来自英国的笔友 Mike。他很了解你的兴趣爱好及丰富多彩的初中校园活动，请写一封邮件给他介绍你的情况。要求：不少于 60 词。

具体内容如下：

- 1.简单介绍你自己（姓名和生日）
- 2.你的兴趣爱好（食物、运动和科目及原因）
- 3.你的学校的主要活动及日期（至少 2 项）

Dear Mike,

I am happy to tell you something about myself.

What about you? I am looking forward to your letter.

Yours,
Li Hua

参考答案:

1. A
2. B
3. B
4. C
5. B
6. D
7. A
8. C
9. B
10. C

【解析】

【分析】

春节要来了，本文介绍作者的假期计划。

1.

句意：我们在一月要开始假期。

in 在较长一段时间；on 在具体某一天；at 在某一时刻；under 在.....下面。在月份前，用介词 in。故选 A。

2.

句意：我将有一个有趣而有意义的假期。

a 一个，不定冠词，表泛指，用于以辅音音素开头的单词前；an 一个，不定冠词，表泛指，用于以元音音素开头的单词前；the 定冠词，表特指。此处表泛指，interesting 以元音音素开头，用 an 修饰。故选 B。

3.

句意：我要和我的父母和祖父母度过假期。

for 为了；with 和；of.....的；to 到。“spend 时间 with sb”表示“与某人度过时光”。故选 B。

4.

句意：我要先做作业。

one 一个；the one 特指一个；first 第一；the first 第一。根据“Here is my holiday plan.”可知

这是计划的第一步，**first** 在此处作状语。故选 C。

5.

句意：因此我会努力学习，尽我最大的努力得到好成绩。

get 得到；**to get** 不定式；**getting** 动名词或现在分词；**to getting** 其中 **to** 为介词。 **try one's best to do sth** 表示“尽最大努力做某事”。故选 B。

6.

句意：当我小时候，我的祖父母总是照顾我。

if 如果；**so** 因此；**and** 和；**when** 何时。此处是 **when** 引导的时间状语从句。故选 D。

7.

句意：我认为它们会感觉快乐。

happy 快乐的，形容词；**happier** 更快乐，形容词比较级；**happily** 快乐地，副词；**happiness** 快乐，名词。**feel** 连系动词，后接形容词作表语。故选 A。

8.

句意：她喜欢参观不同的博物馆。

like 喜欢；**liked** 过去式；**likes** 第三人称单数；**is like** 就像。此句描述事实，用一般现在时，主语是第三人称，谓语动词用动词第三人称单数形式。故选 C。

9.

句意：我们都喜欢爬山，享受美景。

enjoy 享受；**enjoying** 动名词或现在分词；**enjoys** 第三人称单数形式；**to enjoy** 不定式。**and** 连接并列的动名词。故选 B。

10.

句意：看电影是我爸爸最喜欢的爱好。

father 爸爸；**fathers** 复数；**father's** 爸爸的；**fathers'** 爸爸们的。此处表所属关系，用's 形式，爸爸是单数。故选 C。

11. A

12. B

13. C

14. B

15. D

16. A

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