

牛津英语七年级下册 unit2 教案

牛津英语 7B unit2 语法

\ 'no\ '

and

\ 'none\ '

no1. 通常只用作形容词，后面必须跟名词，意思相当于 not a 或者 not any。

2. 不能和另一个限定词（冠词、物主代词或者指示词）连用。否则应该用 none of。

. I can\ 't get there----there\ 's no bus.

2. There were no letters for this morning.

3. No teachers were there, either.

none

. 通常用作代词，后面无需加名词，意思相当于 no+名词。

2. none of...的意思是 not any of...。当其用于句首时，如果 none 指代的是可数名词，那么后面的谓语动词既可以用单

数，也可以用复数。

. There is no milk in this bottle, and there is none in that bottle, either.

2. I like none of the food.

3. None of my friends live near here.

实战演练：根据句意，选用 no 或none 填空。

1. _____ students are in the classroom and there is _____ teacher in it, either.

2. ---Are there any books on the desk?

---No, there are _____.

3. Sorry I can't stop --- I have _____ time.

4. I've read _____ of these books.

5. _____ of them came in time.

6. She had _____ idea what I meant.

7. The sign means ' _____ smoking here '.

8. I like _____ of the food. It tastes sour.

The definite article ' the '

定冠词 the 主要和名词连用，表示某个或某些特定的人或者东西。其主要用法如下表：

主要用法例词或例句

表示世界上独一无二的东西。

the sun, the earth, the moon, the sky

特指某（些）人或事物。The book on the desk is mine.

特指说话双方都知道的人或事。Open the window, please.

特指上文提到过的人或事。I have a pen. The pen is red.

用在序数词和形容词最高级前。

The first truck is carrying the fewest of all.

用在表示方位的名词前。Shanghai is in the east of China.

和某些形容词连用，代表一类人或东西。

The rich, the poor, the deaf, the blind, the dead

用在由普通名词构成的专有名词前。

The Great Wall, the Women's Hospital

用在一些习惯用语前。

In the morning/afternoon/evening, all the time, in the end,
on the right/left

实战演练：在下列句子空白处填入适当的冠词，不需要用冠词的地方划“/”。

1. There is _____ picture of _____ horse on the blackboard.

2. _____ doctor told him to take _____ medicine three times _____ day.

3. _____ Turners are living at _____ end of the Turner Street.

4. _____ old man is _____ teacher. He likes playing _____ basketball on weekends.

5. we know _____ earth moves around _____ sun and _____ sea covers a large part of _____ earth.

6. July is _____ seventh month of a year and it is _____ hottest in China.

7. She plays _____ piano well and makes a living by teaching _____ piano.

8. This morning I met a man; _____ man was walking slowly in _____ street.

9. _____ young should love and help _____ old.

10. _____ birds can fly very high in _____ sky.

牛津英语 7B Unit 2 知识点归纳

1. welcome to Sunshine Town

2. There is no dog food. = There is not any dog food.

3. How many tins of dog food can we buy with that?

4. order a pizza

5. a group of exchange students from Britain

= a group of British exchange students

6. plan some activities for the students

7. loveshopping/ enjoyeatingchinese food/ likewatching films

8. thinkofplacesfortheexchange studentstovisit

9. takethemtothesportscentre

0. wouldyouliketoliveinamoderntown?

1. Itisonly40minituesfromthecentreofBeijingbyunderground.

= Ittakes40minutestogotothecentreofBeijingfromSunshineTownbyunderground.

2. ThereislessairpollutioninSunshineTownthaninotherareasoofBeijing.

3. Look, hereissuchatallbuilding.

4. mostofusliveinplaceslikethis.

5. welikeitbecauseweareclosetoourfriends.

6. wedonothavetogofarifwewanthelpwithourhomework.

7. Ifso, youarehereintherightplace.

8. chooseanyfoodyoulike/ enjoyBeijingopera

9. lotsofwesternrestaurants

20. nevermind

21. teachusEnglish/teachushowtodoit

22. airpollutionmeansthings thatmaketheairdirty

23. TherearemanynicesouvenirstobuyinSunshineTown

24. Howmany.../Howmuch...的用法区别

25. Ithinkthirtyofeachwillbeenough

26. whatelsedoyouwanttobuy?

Nothingelse.

27. no/none

28. noone/nobody/none/nothing

29. Howmanychipsarethereonthetable?Therearenone. weat
ethemall.

30. too/also/either

31. 定冠词“the”的用法（1. 独一无二；

2. 上文提及过的人或物）

32. haveareallygoodtime

33. helpusalot=giveusalotofhelp

34. That ,

sbecauseyouthinkfootballisthebestgameintheworld.

35. Don ,

tmissthegreatexhibitionsatthePalacemuseum.

36. TaihePalace - goldenthrone;

BaohePalace—worksofart;

jingrenPalace - brones;

yonghePalace - pottery;

Huangjipalace - chinesepaintings;FengxianPalace
- clocksandwatches

37. Therearelotsoffunandinterestingthingstoseeanfdo

38. Listentotheguide ,

sintroductiontothePalacemuseum.

39. makeplanstogoout

40. whattimeshallweleaveinthemorning?

weshallbethereat9a. m. toenjoyafulldaythere.

I ’ llmeetyouatschoolat8a. m. tomorrow.

41. meetfriendsattheyouthcentre

42. showsb. around...

43. growvegetablesandflowersinthegarden

44. Ittakesabout20minutestogettothenearesttown.

45. Ilikegoingintotownonmybicycle. =bybike.

46. whattypeofhousedoyoulive?

牛津初中英语 7BUnit2 教案

Unit2welcometoSunshineTown

—

教学内容

Reading(1)

二

教学目标

.

能正确听、说、读、写单词 underground、airpollution、
country、building、becloseto、until、souvenir、western、
theatre

2.

阅读上下文，找出特定细节，理解

3.

使学生能正确流利的朗读

三

教学重难点

. 根据图片猜测单词

2. 正确流利的朗读

四

教学用具

、纪念品、录音机

五

教学步骤

Step1Revision

Ask questions: ① where do you live?

② Is Houxian a modern town?

③ would you like to live in a modern town?

④ what's in the modern town?

maybe ...

Step 2 Presentation

.

Show buildings

① T: what're they? Ss: They're tall buildings.

② Read tall building

2.

Show country

① T: Look, this is a house. It's in the country.

Guess country.

② Read country

3.

Show underground

① T: what's this? Ss: 地铁

② Teach underground

③ T: Is there an underground in Houxian?

Do you go to school by underground?

4.

Teach air pollution

① T: Look at the air. It ' s dirty. It ' s not clean. It ' s has much air pollution.

② Show the word and read.

5.

Guess and teach Beijing Duck

6.

Show Chinese restaurant

① T: where is it? Ss: Restaurant.

② Teach Chinese restaurant.

③ T: Is this a Chinese restaurant? Ss: No.

T: It ' s western restaurant.

④ Teach western restaurant

7.

Show Beijing opera

① Teach Beijing opera

② T: where can we enjoy? we can enjoy in the theatre.

③ Teach theatre.

8.

Show flat

① T: would you like to live in flats? (yes/no)

②

T: This is Lucy. This is Lily. Lucy is near Lily. Lucy is close to Lily. Guess the meaning of be close to

③ Show be close to and give the winner a souvenir

④ Example: Xu Hui is close to Wu Feng.

9.

Show supermarket

①

T: when does it open/close? Ss: It opens at 8:00 am. It closes at 10:00 pm.

② T: It means the shop is open until 10:00 in the evening.

Guess the meaning of until

③ Give a souvenir to the winner and teach until

10. Show two glasses of orange juice. Look at these two glasses of orange juice. The orange juice in glass 1 is less than in glass 2.

Guess the meaning of less than.

Give a souvenir to the winner and teach less than.

Example: I have one yuan. You have five yuan. I have less money than you have.

1. Teach the new words souvenir.

Step 3

Reading

.

There is a great new town called Sunshine Town. There are lots of things to do in Sunshine Town. Now, let's learn about the life in this great new town.

2.

Read paragraph 1

① Answer questions:

① Where is Sunshine Town?

② How long does it take from the center of Beijing?

③ What's the name of the country park?

④ What can you see in the country park?

② Read part 1 after tape and read together.

③ Read by themselves then ask two to read out.

3.

Read paragraph 2

① Do the exercise... and check the answer.

② Read after the tape and read together.

③ Read by themselves then ask two to read out.

4.

Read paragraph 3 and do the T/F questions.

Read after the tape and read together.

5.

Read part 4-5 and find questions in four.

Ask and answer ...

Read two parts after tape, and read together.

Step 4

Exercise

.

Go through the text and fill in the blanks.

2.

Ask someone to read and check.

Step 5

Read the text by groups, then choose some group to read.

Step 6

Homework

Read the text after class;

Finish the exercise book.

牛津版 7B Unit 2 教案

Unit 2 welcome to Sunshine Town

一、教学目标：

- 、学习如何描述自己的家乡。
- 2、复习本单元重要字词句。
- 3、复习本单元重要语法。
- 4、难点：本单元重要字词句及语法的融会贯通。

二、本单元小结：

、重点词汇：

none, order, underground, airpollution, area, country, building, such, close, far, until, so, western, local, teach, dirty, take, less, waiter, shopper, sick, hospital, ham, chip, each, loaf, either, right, thirsty, finger, hold, group, full, nearby, ride, bicycle, wonderful, sunny, bottle, instead.

2、重要词组：

tellsb. aboutsth.

suchatallbuilding

gowalking

mostofusbyunderground

becloseto

havetodo

airpollution

wantto

help with one's homework

at night

hold a party

a group of

have a good time

send an e-mail

one of the British students

works of art Chinese paintings

interesting things to see and do

make a mistake

make a plan

youth centre

ride a bicycle

play ball games

3、重要句型：

There's no dog food.

How many tins of dog food can we buy with that?

Maybe we can order a pizza.

Let's take them to the sports center.

There's less air pollution in Sunshine Town than in other areas of Beijing.

There's less air pollution in Sunshine Town than in other areas of Beijing.

most of us live in places like this.

you can shop until 10 o'clock at night.

If so, you are in the right place!

you can choose any food you like in Sunshine Town.

That is because you think football is the best game in the world!

Don't miss the great exhibitions.

would you like to go to the Palace Museum tomorrow?

what time shall we meet in the morning?

we shall be there at 9 a.m. to enjoy a full day there.

I'm going to show you around my hometown.

It takes about twenty minutes to get to the nearest town.

I'm going into town on my bicycle.

I think it is a wonderful place to live.

4、语法:

1) 熟练掌握 how much 与 how many 的区别及用法

2) 熟练掌握 no 和 none 的用法与区别

3) 进一步理解与掌握可数与不可数名词

3) 掌握冠词 a, an, the 的用法。

三、单元知识训练:

1、根据句意, 用本单元所学的词填空:

) we can go fast around the city by _____.

2) most of the students live in tall buildings _____.

3) I think Sunshine Town is a _____ place to live.

4) my home is _____ to my school. So I go to school on foot.

5) I need a bike when I am _____.

2、对话排序:

(
) 1. What time shall we meet?

(
) 2. Are you free tomorrow?

(
) 3. Sure. What about half past six?

(
) 4. I think so. Why?

(
) 5. Where shall we meet then?

(
) 6. Good idea.

(
) 7. Why not meet a little earlier?

(
) 8. Shall we go to the park?

(
) 9. Let's meet outside the park.

(
) 10. That's ok. See you then.

(
) 11. Let's make it seven o'clock.

四、课堂教学活动:

Step1: Greetings and daily report.

Step2: Dictation.

Step3: Quick reaction to review the key points of this unit.

Step4: Read and finish the dialogue on P37.

Step5: Do more exercises to consolidate the key points of the unit.

五、后记:

7B Unit2 第四课时 (Vocabulary)

教学内容: 7B Unit2 welcome to Sunshine Town

Reading 复习总结和 Vocabulary

教学目的: 1. 复习 Reading 内容

2. 识别并掌握各种职业的名称
3. 了解从事不同职业的人的工作场所
4. 培养对词汇进行分类和归纳的好习惯

课型:新授课

教学方法:游戏操练

教具准备:多媒体

教学重难点:词汇的掌握, 分类和归纳

教学过程:

Step1. Revision

.

IntroducelifeinSunshineTown

2.

Introducelifeinchangzhou

Step2. Guessinggame

.

Showdifferentpicturesandaskstudentstoguesswhattheme
n/womeninthepicturesare.

2.

Guesswhatplacetheyshouldgoiftheywanttodothefollowi
ngthings.

Eg. if they want to buy food

if they want to eat a meal

if they want to study and learn

if they are sick

etc.

Step 3. Drilling

what kind of people can you see in these places?

Eg. hospital, school, restaurant, supermarket

Then finish the exercises in the textbook.

Step 4. Expanding

Learn more about the names of different jobs and the workplaces.

Farmer

farm

Driver

bus, truck

Policeman

police station

Postman

post office

Accountant

bank, company

Engineer

factory

worker

factory

Step5. Practise

work in pairs to make up a short dialogue.

A: what do you want to be when you grow up?

B: I want to be a

A: where does a ... work?

B: He/She works in a

Ask some pairs to report their dialogues.

Step6. Homework

write a short passage about your family members. you should introduce their age, job, workplace, hobbies etc.

If necessary, give an oral example.

板书设计:

vocabulary

jobs

workplaces

teacher/student

school

doctor/nurse

hospital

waiter/waitress/cook

restaurant

shopper/cashier

supermarket

farmer

farm

driver

bus/truck

policeman

police station

postman

postoffice

accountant

bank, company

engineer

factory

worker

factory

教学后记：本节课要求学生掌握有关职业和工作场所的词汇，难度并不高，所以可以在书本中列举的词汇之外进行适当的补充引申。也正因为内容比较单一，容易，所以在形式上要注意多样化，既有口头的操练，也有书面的呈现，同时还设计了游戏环节激发学生的学习兴趣。在作业设计中避免了枯燥的单词抄写和默写，而是设计成以语篇形式运用本课要掌握的词汇。

7BUnit2welcometoSunshineTown

Period2

Reading

Teachingobjectives:

. To revise and expand vocabulary about lifestyles and activities.

2. To guess general meaning from pictures, keywords and the context.

3. To identify names of places and activities.

4. To skim the context for overall meaning.

Total teaching time: 45 minutes

Teaching aids: multimedia

Teaching importance and difficulties: understand the whole context/ say something about the students' hometown

Teaching procedures:

Step 1. Revise

Ask students some questions: what do you enjoy doing?

Do you enjoy playing badminton?

Have you remembered what the teacher enjoys doing?

Step 2 Learning

T: This summer, I traveled in Beijing.

Show some pictures of Beijing

Ss: Learn the new words: pollution, building, theatre, underground, souvenir

Step 3 Practice

. Ask the students to finish Part B1 & B2

2. Fill in the blanks:

This summer holiday, our English teacher traveled in Beijing. She lived in a tall _____ in Sunshine Town. There is a lake _____ in the town. Sunshine Town is a great town. It is only 40 minutes from the center of Beijing by _____. Our teacher ate Beijing Duck in a Chinese _____ and enjoyed Beijing Opera in the local _____. What _____ more? She bought a special T-shirt as a _____ of the journey. It helps her remember the nice memory in Beijing.

Step 4 Skimming and scanning

Ask the students to skim and scan the context.

Do some true or false exercises:

. Sunshine Town is an old town in Beijing.

2. It takes 40 minutes to walk to the centre of Beijing from Sunshine Town. .

3. There is a beautiful park in Sunshine Town.